

# Horry County South Carolina

# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year July 1, 2020 - June 30, 2021

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#### ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

#### YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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INTRODUCTORY SECTION

#### HORRY COUNTY FINANCE DEPARTMENT

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#### LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL DECEMBER 21, 2021

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish at the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements, presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to this requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for Horry County, South Carolina, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of Horry County (the "County"). Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and fairness of presentation of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations and County policies, and safeguards the County's assets. It is designed to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and accurate in all material respects, and presents fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds and component units of the County.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Elliott Davis, LLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depended on auditor's judgment, including the assessment of risk of material misstatement to the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was sufficient and appropriate evidence for rendering an unmodified opinion that Horry County's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This Letter of Transmittal is designed to complement, and should be read in conjunction with MD&A. Horry County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

#### Profile of the Government

Horry County is the northeastern most county in the State of South Carolina. Encompassing 1,134 square miles, it is also the largest. The County was incorporated in 1801 with a population of 550. The county was named after Peter Horry who was a descendent of Huguenot settlers and whose family owned several large plantations in the area. He served as a member of the South Carolina General Assembly and as a Brigadier General of Militia during the American Revolution under General Francis Marion, who was known as the Swamp Fox.

Surrounded on the three sides by ocean, rivers, and swamps, Horry County developed a distinctive culture, which gave rise to its name, "The Independent Republic of Horry County". From the time of incorporation, the County stood off the edge of South Carolina, both literally and figuratively.

In 1975, the County adopted the Council-Administrator form of government. Under this type of government, each member of council is elected from a district in which he/she lives and a chairman is elected at-large. There are twelve council members in total. Each council member is elected for four-year terms, half of the members being elected every two years. Elections are held every even-numbered year in the month of November.

The Home Rule Act, passed by the General Assembly in 1976, dictates the responsibility of the Council. According to the act, County Council's function is to make policy through ordinances and resolutions and shape those policies through the budget process. The Council is also responsible for appointing the County Administrator, the Register of Deeds (ROD) and the Clerk to Council.

The Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances passed by council, for over-seeing day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the County's Assistant Administrators. The Administrator performs all necessary administrative duties, as directed by Council, and ensures efficient operation of all County functions.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, EMS and E-911 services, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, health and social services, recreational and cultural activities, economic development, industrial park development, and other general administrative support services. In addition, air transportation and terminal support are provided in an enterprise fund, with charges set to provide adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

Discretely presented component units are reported in a separate column in the Statement of Net Position and in the Statement of Activities in order to emphasize that they are legally separate from the primary government, and to differentiate their financial position and results of operations from those of the primary government. Horry County Solid Waste Authority and Shoreline Behavioral Health Services are included in this report as discretely presented component units. Solicitor's Intervention Programs is included in this report as a blended component unit.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All department heads present a departmental budget to the Finance Department, which is reviewed, and a balanced financial plan is presented to the Administrator. Once the Administrator is satisfied with the recommended budget, it is forwarded to County Council. Council must, according to state law, have three readings of the financial plan ordinance and a public hearing before it can be passed and become law. The Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted funds within a department and between departments, within the same fund. Budget transfers between funds require amendments to the original ordinance. The Administrator is authorized to approve transfers among accounts in different funds for situations when the proposed transfer amount has an established budget in one fund, but is more appropriately accounted for in another fund. These transfers do affect the total appropriation of funds to the extent of the transfer in and transfer out. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. No department shall spend or obligate funds in excess of the amount budgeted in total for each fund under any circumstance.

Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 121-

123 as part of the Basic Financial Statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the other financial information section of this report, which begins on page 164.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

On March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the ongoing Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic to be of sufficient severity and magnitude to constitute a national emergency for all states. On March 15, 2020, the Governor of South Carolina directed the closure of all public schools in the State for students and non-essential employees beginning March 16, 2020. On March 17, 2020, the Governor temporarily prohibited restaurants from providing certain food services for on-premises consumption and prohibited events at government facilities that would have more than 50 or more persons in single room or confined area. These actions at both the state and national levels resulted in economic downturn for the tourism and hospitality industries.

County employees maintained their regular work schedules, in-person at the County's facilities with only limited telecommuting staff. The County reopened its facilities, transitioning from access to the public on an appointmentonly basis to full access, in accordance with Center for Disease Control guidelines, as of May 18, 2020. Domestic travel restrictions were lifted and tourism rebounded in the summer of 2020. The approval and deployment of COVID Vaccines in late 2020 and early 2021 further invigorated consumer confidence propelling a record 2021 tourist season for the Grand Strand.

Real estate indicators from increased building permits and Register of Deeds values continued to increase during fiscal year 2021 and provided a base for the County to continue to provide our constituent services at pre-COVID-19 levels. The County also continued to develop needed infrastructure for the future. The information following in this letter and presented in the financial statements will give greater details of these accomplishments and is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

#### Local Economy

The County's thirty-three (33) miles of beaches stretching from Cherry Grove to Garden City have been developed residentially or commercially while at least 30 percent of the remainder of the County is yet to be developed. This stretch of the beach is known as the "Grand Strand." In addition to the world class beaches, more than 100 local golf courses, the Myrtle Beach Convention Center, Brookgreen Gardens, hundreds of square miles of waterways and nearby wilderness also attract visitors. The County leads the State's tourism industry with 31.5 percent of the total domestic traveler spending. Forty percent of the State's second homes are also located within the County.

The Myrtle Beach area of South Carolina continually proves that it is worthy of the moniker "The Grand Strand" year-after-year, garnering prestigious awards and designations ranging from the "World's Best Beach" by Yahoo! Travel, "Overall Value for Money Destination". The South's Best Beach Towns 2019 by Southern Living, and seventh on the "Best US Golf Destination" by USA Today's 10 Best. Whether seeking an exciting sporting event or recreational vacation, the perfect family beach, the ideal retirement location, or the best place to host a meeting, visitors to the Myrtle Beach area will find award-



winning offerings in every lifestyle category. Coastal Carolina University estimates that tourism accounts for a \$7 billion economic impact and another \$2.2 billion in labor impact. According to an Economic Impact of Travel report produced by the U.S. Travel Association), Horry County led all counties in South Carolina, in travel expenditures in 2018. Domestic travel expenditures in Horry County reached \$4.5 billion, accounting for 31.5 percent of the state total travel expenditures of \$14.4 billion; up 5.2 percent from 2017. The County leads all counties, of the State, in visitor spending, lodging rentals, employment and tax revenues resulting from travel and tourism. Beginning in March 2020, Governor McMaster began imposing a wide array of restrictions on hotels, beaches, bars and restaurants, hoping to ensure that these places did not help spread the COVID-19 infection. The restrictions resulted in fewer travelers, and fewer dollars generated by tourism dependent areas. Governor

McMaster lifted some of the restrictions in mid-May. Hotels and restaurants reported an estimated forty percent drop in sales compared to the same period a year earlier.

Based upon an estimate of annual visitors to the Myrtle Beach area conducted for the Chamber by D. K. Shifflet & Associates, Ltd., approximately 20.6 million people visited the area in 2019. Following a drop in hotel occupancy rates in 2020 due to the COVID-19 pandemic, rates have increased in 2021. The chart to the right illustrates levels before, during, and after the peak of the pandemic. 2021 occupancy rates are now in-line with or exceeding 2019 levels. The average daily lodging rate in August 2021 was \$237.32, compared to \$157.69 in August 2019 and \$133.12 in August 2020. Marketing in the shoulder season continues to emphasize growth in meetings/events and sports tourism. Per DK Shifflet (for MB Chamber), there are approximately 425 hotels and 157,000 accommodation units for rent and approximately 1,800 full service restaurants.

The Myrtle Beach area contributes a large portion of the golf revenue within the state. While the quantity is certainly impressive, the quality

is nothing short of awesome. Challenging layouts, stunning vistas and impeccably maintained fairways and greens are the hallmark of the courses that make up the world's most impressive collection of public courses. The Myrtle Beach golf community also hosts some of the game's most popular amateur tournaments, including the Myrtle Beach World Amateur Handicap Championship, a 72-hole event that attracts between 3,000 to 5,000 players from across the globe, and the Palmetto High School Golf Championship, the

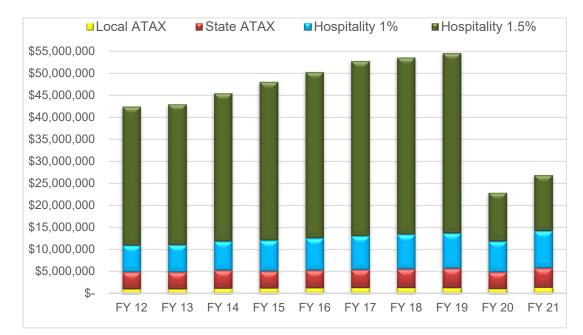
nation's largest high school golf tournament. In addition, the area serves as the host of the Hootie & the Blowfish Monday After the Masters Celebrity Pro-Am, an event that has raised more than \$3 million for charity since coming to the Grand Strand and in 2019 hosted an NCAA Division 1 golf regional tournament. In 2020, total golf rounds were down 7.8 percent, due to the COVID pandemic, to approximately 2.6 million total rounds of golf played across the Grand Strand (Rounds data reported by Myrtle Beach Area Chamber of Commerce). Golf Courses on the Grand Strand remained open during the pandemic and experienced increased round in the fall of 2020 and spring 2021.

The following graph shows that the County's revenues from the tourism industry have declined due in part to the effects of COVID-19. Also, the County was involved in litigation brought by the City of Myrtle Beach (City) in 2019 concerning the collection of the 1.5% Hospitality fee within the municipalities The County and Municipalities settled the lawsuit during fiscal year 2021 resulting in the County re-initiating county-wide collections beginning July 1, 2021, the Municipalities consenting retroactively to the Hospitality Fee Ordinances, and the Municipalities returning to the 2019 effective Hospitality and Accommodations Fee rates. The County will distribute revenues collected within each municipality based on the location of collection and the parties will work collectively to address road infrastructure needs. The Municipal Lawsuit impacted fiscal year 2020 and 2021 revenues as collections include only unincorporated businesses. The graph reports actual revenues from State and Local Accommodations Tax (ATAX) as well as Hospitality Fees for fiscal year 2012 – fiscal year 2021.

	2019	2020	2021
Jan	35.7%	27.4%	38.1%
Feb	46.0%	36.6%	50.1%
Mar	63.2%	32.3%	58.4%
Apr	71.8%	15.5%	67.1%
May	69.5%	45.5%	68.8%
Jun	81.7%	64.6%	86.0%
Jul	86.6%	54.4%	88.8%
Aug	78.5%	52.3%	84.8%
Sep	56.8%	51.7%	
Oct	55.5%	42.9%	
Nov	40.6%	30.4%	
Dec	35.9%	28.4%	
Avg	60.1%	40.2%	67.8%

Source: Myrtle Beach Area Chamber of Commerce





#### **Higher Education**

Horry County is home to several institutions of higher education including Coastal Carolina University (CCU), Horry Georgetown Technical College (HGTC), Pittsburg Institute of Aeronautics, Webster University, and Miller Mott Technical College. Coastal Carolina University is a public institution located in Conway and is fully accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS). CCU offers baccalaureate degrees in 74 major fields of study. Among CCU's 21 graduate-level programs are 26 master's degrees, two educational specialist degrees, and two Ph.D. programs: coastal and marine systems science and education. With 514 full time faculty, the University's current enrollment of 10,118 (up 1.3% from 2020) includes 51 percent South Carolina residents, 48 percent out-of-state residents and international students from 59 countries. Annual economic impact was estimated at \$1.5 million per day million for 2018. As the 2016 College World Series Champions, CCU competes in the Sun Belt Athletic Conference (NCAA Division 1). CCU graduate, Dustin Johnson won the Masters golf tournament in November 2020.

HGTC has three locations: Georgetown, Conway, and Myrtle Beach. HGTC offers more than 65 associate degrees, diplomas, and certificate programs for students who are either seeking quick entry into the workforce or desiring to transfer to a senior institution to pursue a bachelor's degree. In 2019, HGTC and CCU formed an additional partnership (Coastal Bound) to provide students with additional CCU services early in their collegiate career. HGTC is the fourth largest of the 16 South Carolina technical colleges and is one of the fastest-growing higher education institutions in the state. HGTC is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools (SACS) to award associate degrees, diplomas and certificates.

#### **Sports Tourism**

The Myrtle Beach area is showcasing its competitive spirit with the growth of its sports tourism offerings. Already a destination favorite for 20.6 million annual visitors, sports event planners are also now discovering what makes Myrtle Beach the ideal location for any sporting event. Sports tourism accounted for over \$140 million in 2019. The top five sports facilites include: Myrtle Beach Sports Center featuring eight basketball courts, 16 volleyball courts and 100,000-square-feet of configurable space for numerous indoor events; North Myrtle Beach Park and Sports Complex includes two state-of-the-art sports complexes utilizing a 160 acre tract including a 12-acre open meadow, Zipline and Tree Top adventure and a 20-acre lake; Grand Park Athletic Complex features seven large multipurpose fields and two youth fields utilizing synthetic FieldTurf, lights and are designed to accommodate a variety of sports, including baseball, softball, lacrosse, soccer and football; CCU provides 127,685 square-foot Student Recreation and Convocation Center (The HTC Center) including gymnasium seating more than 3,000 people for basketball, graduations and concert events; and The Ripken Experience, a one-of-a-kind youth baseball

complex centrally located in Myrtle Beach featuring professional fields with a popular synthetic playing surface, FieldTurf, include four regulation-sized diamonds and five youth diamonds, designed after historic ballparks from baseball history. The Myrtle Beach area saw close to a 40% decrease in participation in sports tourism related activities between April and July 2020 due to restrictions in place for the COVID-19 pandemic.

#### **Medical Services**

The healthcare industry continues as a leading segment of our commercial base with each of the major institutions, Grand Strand Regional Medical Center, Conway Medical Center, and McLeod Health (Loris and Seacoast) present in our top 10 list of principal employers.

In 2016, McLeod Health began construction on a six-building medical campus in the Carolina Forest Town Centre off International Drive near River Oaks Drive. The property includes 43 acres of land – an investment of \$4.78 million, according to McLeod. The first phase of the development is projected to be approximately \$20 million. Recent construction added a free standing Emergency Department to the existing cardiology, vascular, neurology, family medicine, general surgery and rehabilitation services on site. McLeod has asked for state approval to construct a \$56 million, 48-bed acute care hospital within this campus.

Grand Strand Health opened a new emergency room operation in the Carolina Forest community of Horry County. The 10-bed, 11,000 square foot facility will cost approximately \$10 million. Recently, two Certificates of Need were submitted for the expansion of Grand Strand Regional Medical Center (3-story inpatient bed tower) and South Strand Medical Center (full service hospital with 59 acute care beds, four operating room and expanded emergency room at a cost of \$146 million). Conway Medical Center (CMC) announced September 2020 a new facility in Carolina Forest that would transfer 50 beds to a new hospital facility to be built on International Drive, to include women's health, surgical emergency, cancer care, orthopedics, and imaging. In 2019, CMC announced a partnership with Duke Health to open a new state-of-the-art cancer center.

Tidelands Health, the largest health care provider in Georgetown County, has continued its expansion into Horry County with a new medical park at the Market Common in Myrtle Beach. The \$44 million, 65,000-square-foot building is being used for outpatient services and was completed in 2019. The medical park is one of multiple new locations planned to respond to Horry County's population growth and has created 100 new jobs in the past year. Tidelands has also asked for state approval to build the Tidelands Health Carolina Bays Hospital at the interchange of Highways 31 and 707. If approved the 36-bed , \$79 million, hospital will offer an emergency department, medical surgical and critical care four operating suites, diagnostic imaging and lab services. It is anticipating creating 140 jobs.

#### **Property Assessed Value and Reassessment**

Property tax growth continued for fiscal year 2021 (tax year 2020). Revenue for real property taxes increased due to growth in assessed value and new residential growth. Increases continue in revenue for vehicles as population is increasing at a 5.9 percent annual rate.

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<u>Tax Year</u>	<u>Real</u>	<u>Personal</u>	Total <sup>(1)</sup>
2011	1,766,946	277,772	2,044,718
2012	1,764,836	289,034	2,053,870
2013	1,780,231	304,251	2,084,482
2014	1,710,319	386,683	2,097,002
2015	1,746,474	357,046	2,103,520
2016	1,794,535	381,119	2,175,654
2017	1,854,839	376,254	2,231,093
2018	1,936,313	383,312	2,319,625
2019	2,207,046	382,619	2,589,665
2020	2,303,384	398,428	2,701,812

Horry County's Assessed Values for Real and Personal Property (in thousands)

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include Merchant's Inventory of \$10,571,700

#### **Building Permits Issued**

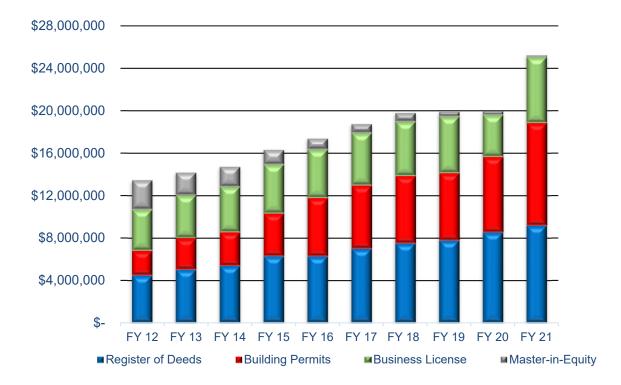
Horry County continues to see a steady an increase in permits issued and revenue received. The number of permits issued increased 3.1 percent for 2020 resulting in a 12.1 percent increase in revenues.

Fiscal Year	Permits Issued	<u>Revenue</u>
2012	7,250	2,321,424
2013	8,082	2,960,873
2014	8,997	3,159,978
2015	10,217	4,020,778
2016 <sup>1</sup>	11,149	5,490,169
2017	11,930	5,958,122
2018	12,493	6,346,257
2019	12,990	6,347,074
2020	13,396	7,116,044
2021	15,894	9,671,689

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 2016 includes a 10% rate increase

#### **Economy Sensitive Revenues**

Revenue sources that increased as the commercial and residential development continued strong growth include, building permit fees, Register of Deeds recording fees and documentary stamps, and Business Licenses. The fiscal year 2022 budget anticipates increased revenue levels from these sources from the prior year actual revenues.



#### Long-term Financial Planning

Fund balance in the General Fund at June 30, 2021 of \$96.9 million (46.7 percent of the fiscal year 2021 General Fund expenditure budget) remains within the policy guidelines set by County Council for budgetary and planning purposes. In fiscal 2021, County Council modified reserve requirements for its major operating governmental funds receiving economically sensitive revenues (General Fund, Fire Special Revenue Fund, Waste Management Recycling Special Revenue Fund, and Recreation Special Revenue Fund). This change to the fiscal policy increased the two (2) percent revenue stabilization to five (5) percent and in the three (3) component reserve including eighteen (18) percent cash flow reserve, five (5) percent revenue stabilization, and five (5) percent disaster reserve for a total reserve goal of twenty-eight (28) percent.

To address the ongoing capital needs for the growing county, County Council approved the development of a Capital Improvement Program Policy. This policy calls for the adoption of a formal five-year Capital Improvements Program (CIP) to be updated annually. The policy calls for the County to budget a pay-as-you-go funding for capital improvements an amount equal to at least three (3) percent of General Fund operating revenues. The capital improvement budget is adopted annually, encompassing appropriations for the projects scheduled for the first year of the plan, and authorizing any bond issues necessary to fund the improvements. The next nine (9) years are considered planning years and are subject to appropriation in the following years. Projects included in the CIP represent major facility construction, infrastructure renovations, and economic development projects. The CIP document is available from the County's Finance Office. On March 11, 2020, the County issued \$18.8 million of General Obligation (GO) Bonds to defray the costs of design, acquisition or construction of an Emergency Operations Center and expansion of several other properties. Also, on March 11, 2020, the County (Horry County Fire Protection District) issued \$2.1 million GO Bonds to defray the costs of design, acquisition or construction of several office several fire stations (Socastee, Goretown, Longs).

#### **Major Initiatives**

#### **Economic Development**

Our strong commitment to building and diversifying our economy is evidenced by our support and funding of the Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation (MBREDC). According to the U.S. Bureau of Labor and Statistics, the County's unemployment rate was 5.4 percent at June 30, 2021, which is a decrease from the June 2020 rate of 9.9 percent. According to the US Census, the Horry County area was the 2<sup>nd</sup> fastest growing Metro-Area in the US in 2019.

New jobs announced from relocation or expansion of jobs through MBREDC efforts exceed 2,000 from 2012 to 2021. Myrtle Beach-Conway-North Myrtle Beach ranked in the Top 20 "Prime Workforce" Cities in 2016 by Area Development Magazine. Forbes ranked Myrtle Beach, S.C. #16 for The Best Places for Business and Careers in 2015 and 2018.

Due to the pandemic, the MBREC has focused its efforts in 2020 on supporting existing businesses and providing resources to help them through COVID-19. The Myrtle Beach area workforce was touted as one of the five most productive in the country by Area Development Magazine. Horry County enjoys a talent pipeline that is trained and skilled.

The County currently operates seven (7) industrial parks (Atlantic Center, Ascot Valley, Cool Springs Business Park, Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority - Marine Park in Bucksport, Pineridge Business Center, Loris Commerce Park, and International Technology and Aeronautical Park) and is in the planning stages for an additional park, which are industry specific. Overall, community commitment exists to bring in new industry – as demonstrated by the example of Horry Electric Cooperative's contributions, through the Rural Development Act, to assist in the infrastructure development of two of these parks.

#### **Opportunity Zones**

Opportunity Zones are a new community development program established by Congress as a part of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017. They are designed to encourage long-term private investments in low-income communities.

This program provides a federal tax incentive for taxpayers who reinvest unrealized capital gains into "Opportunity Funds," which are specialized vehicles dedicated to investing in low-income areas called "Opportunity Zones."

The zones themselves are comprised of low-income community census tracts and designated by governors in every state. South Carolina designated 25 percent of qualifying census tracts as an Opportunity Zone. Qualifying Zones are based on the 2011-2015 American Community Survey. Zones are certified in the downtown redevelopment district of Myrtle Beach, downtown Conway and areas north of downtown, City of Loris and surrounding rural areas, and Town of Aynor along with Cool Springs and Gallivants Ferry.

Priorities for these sites are - promoting economic vitality in parts of the state that have not shared in the general prosperity over the past few years, funding the development of workforce and affordable housing in areas with escalating prices and inventory shortages, funding new infrastructure to support population and economic growth, investing in startup businesses who have potential for rapid increases in scale, and upgrading the capability of existing underutilized assets through capital improvement investments.

#### Airport

The Myrtle Beach International Airport (the "Airport" or "MYR"), located in the City of Myrtle Beach, one mile from the Atlantic Ocean, serves as the scheduled commercial service airport for the County and the Grand Strand region. The Airport is owned by the County and operated by its Department of Airports, an Enterprise Fund of the County. The Airport is equipped to handle aircraft of all sizes, including wide-body type aircraft.

Passenger enplanements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 were 965,681, which is a 6.0% increase from the previous fiscal year. The increase is a result of leisure air travel recovering faster from the pandemic with increased seat capacity and frequency beginning in the spring of 2021. Southwest Airlines entered the MYR market in May 2021 with 10 nonstop destinations from MYR including daily service to Atlanta, Nashville, Chicago, and Baltimore.



During fiscal year 2021, the nine airlines operating at MYR offered nonstop air service to over 50 markets.

In response to the COVID-19 Pandemic, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act was passed by Congress and signed into law on March 27, 2020. The Act provided nearly \$10 billion to eligible United States airports to prevent, prepare for, and mitigate the coronavirus impacts. The airport received \$19,400,057 in CARES Act funding for our four airports as follows: MYR - \$19,281,057; CRE - \$69,000; HYW - \$30,000; 5J9 - \$20,000.

The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriation Act (CRRSA) was passed by Congress and signed into law on December 27, 2020. The airport received \$5,097,221 in CRRSA Act funding for three airports and concessionaires as follows: MYR - \$4,751,803; CRE - \$57,162; HYW - \$13,000; and concessions relief of \$275,256.

The American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) was passed by Congress and signed into law on March 11, 2021. In fiscal year 2022 the Airport will receive ARPA grants of \$10,649,522 for MYR and \$1,101,025 for eligible concessionaires located within the terminal.

MYR has utilized the CARES Act funds to cover debt service, partial salary reimbursement and critical operations related to safety and security. The airport committed to reducing our Operations and Maintenance expenses for the last quarter of Fiscal Year 2020 and for Fiscal Year 2021. MYR obtained County Administrator approval to extend financial relief to airlines, food and beverage/news and gifts concessionaires, rental car agencies and other on-site tenants.

In June 2021, the county redeemed \$5.7 million of the non-PFC backed portion of the Series 2010A Airport Revenue bonds. The county used CARES Act funds for the cost of the redemption.

During fiscal year 2021, the Department of Airports' asset additions included passenger boarding bridge upgrades, software upgrades for the baggage handling system, a chiller system for Terminal A, renovations for airlines and concessionaires, and a new 25,000-gallon Jet A tank for General Aviation, as well as other projects and general capital machinery and equipment.

#### Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE)

Horry County is active in three successive Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE) projects. The RIDE Project was the initiation of a comprehensive solution for transportation problems, which pairs significant funding from the local level with funding provided by the State of South Carolina.

RIDE I - The County enacted an ordinance in fall 1996 that implemented a 1.5 percent Hospitality Fee (accommodations, restaurants, amusements, golf and theaters) effective January 1, 1997. The purpose of this fee is to provide the financial ability for the County to partner with the State of South Carolina to meet the infrastructure needs of the County. Infrastructure included Hwy 22 (Conway Bypass), Hwy 31 (Carolina Bays Parkway, and Hwy 544 widening. The State Infrastructure Bank has made available financial assistance, in the form of both loans and grants, to the County totaling of \$550 million as the local share of the \$1.1 billion project. The County was required to make payments from its Hospitality 1.5% Special Revenue Fund to repay the loans. On February 15, 2019 the RIDE I debt was defeased by Horry County.

RIDE II - On November 7, 2006, the voters of the County passed a one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax that went into effect May 2007, and by state law ended April 30, 2014. Infrastructure Included the Backgate Interchange, Aynor Overpass, Hwy 707 widening, Glenn's Bay Road widening and interchange, International Drive, along with 100 miles of dirt road paving and 67 miles of road resurfacing. As of June 30, 2021, the capital project sales tax fund had generated



\$476.0 million in revenue. Spending totaled \$407.2million through year-end, which results in \$68.2 million fund balance on hand for use in construction on the above projects.

RIDE III – With both the success of the RIDE II program and the large continued infrastructure need, voters approved a ballot referendum for a new one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax in November 2016. The sales tax went into effect May 1, 2017 and will be a 1% Sales Tax on all retail sales, prepared food/beverage and accommodations. Groceries (unprepared food) would be exempt from the sales tax. The sales tax would remain in effect for eight years or April 30, 2025. The eight-year projected revenues from the 1% Sales Tax is \$592 million. Infrastructure includes Hwy 501 widening, Carolina Forest Boulevard widening, Forestbrook Road widening, Conway Perimeter Road, SC Hwy 9 East Widening, Hwy 701 N widening, Palmetto Point Boulevard extension, Fred Nash Boulevard extension, Southern Evacuation Lifeline (SELL) – Environmental Studies and ROW, and SC Hwy. 31 (Carolina Bays Parkway) Extension to SC/NC State line, along with 100 miles of dirt road paving and 100 miles of road resurfacing. As of June 30, 2021, the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund had generated \$334.2 million in revenue. Spending totaled \$84 million through year-end, which results in \$250.2 million fund balance on hand for use in construction on the above projects.

#### **Capital Projects Completed and Projects under Construction**

The County continued renovations of the Santee Cooper building adjacent to County property in order to relocate some offices to the campus. In the fall of 2020, the County began construction of the Emergency Operations Center (EOC) (total estimated cost of \$26 million). The EOC will house the County's Emergency Operations group and E911. It will serve as ground zero for all County emergencies. Groundbreaking occurred in November 2020 and construction is expected to take 18-24 months. Construction of the Longs Fire/EMS Station was initiated during the year and will replace an existing volunteer station. County Council provided new staffing for this facility with its Fiscal Year 2022 Budget. Other major capital equipment purchases included: body cameras, EMS stretchers, Fire SCBA Breathing apparatus and lighting for ballfields for Parks and Recreation.

#### Funding

The County's Capital Improvement Plan focuses on on-going projects that are to be funded with bond proceeds, pay-as-you go funding, or grants. County Council also approved the addition to the Capital Improvement Plan and commitment of \$5.0 million from fiscal year 2020 General Fund excess revenues to the replacement of the Public Safety enterprise software.

The County also maintains an AA+ rating from S & P Global Ratings and Fitch as well as Aa1 rating from Moody's.

The CARES Act \$2.2 trillion economic relief package was committed to protecting the American people from the public health and economic impacts of COVID-19. The County, to date, has received \$11.1 million in reimbursements for expenditures directly related to COVID-19 from the CARES Act funding. In addition, the County has received \$3.1 million in competitive grants, \$29.6 million in formula grants for assistance to individuals, and \$24.5 million received by the Department of Airports. The County continues to track COVID-19 expenditures and its effect on County operations.

The County will receive approximately \$68.7 million from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. The County will use these funds for, among other things, responding to and mitigating the public health emergency caused by COVID-19 and the resulting economic impacts.

#### Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Horry County for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This was the thirty-forth (34) consecutive year that Horry County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Horry County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2020 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This was the thirty-second (32) consecutive year that Horry County has received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the diligent efforts of the staff of the Finance Department. I also express my gratitude to the many County employees from other departments who support the preparation of this report. Special appreciation goes to the Horry County Council; the County Administrator; and Assistant County Administrators for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a fiscally responsible and progressive manner. This year's annual comprehensive financial report is dedicated to the memory of Robbie Jordan, Finance Director for Horry County.

Respectfully submitted,

Bany Spol

Barry Spivey Chief Financial Officer

Marla Bell

Marla Bell Assistant Finance Director

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Horry County South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2020

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



Johnny Gardner Chairman



Harold Worley

District 1



Tyler Servant District 5



Bill Howard District 2



Dennis DiSabato District 3 Vice Chairman



Gary Loftus District 4



Johnny Vaught District 8



R. Mark Causey District 9



Danny Hardee District 10



2

Al Allen District 11

# **Horry County**

## **County Council**

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Orton Bellamy District 7

#### MEMBERS OF COUNTY COUNCIL

Johnny Gardner Harold G. Worley Bill Howard Dennis DiSabato Gary Loftus Tyler Servant Cam Crawford Orton Bellamy Johnny Vaught Mark Causey Danny Hardee Al Allen Chairman Member, District 1 Member, District 2 Member, District 3 and Vice Chairman Member, District 4 Member, District 5 Member, District 6 Member, District 7 Member, District 7 Member, District 8 Member, District 9 Member, District 10 Member, District 11

#### ELECTED OFFICIALS

Beth Calhoun Renee Elvis Robert Edge, Jr. Kathy G. Ward Phillip E. Thompson Jimmy Richardson Angie Jones Auditor Clerk of Court Coroner Judge of Probate Sheriff Solicitor Fifteenth Circuit Treasurer

#### APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Manuela A. Clayton Pat Hartley Tracey Elvis-Weitzel Cynthia Graham Howe Ronald Hazzard Marion D. Foxworth, III Sandy Martin Ronald Elvis, Jr. Chief Magistrate Clerk to Council Library Master in Equity Public Defender Fifteenth Circuit Register of Deeds Registration & Election Veteran's Affairs

#### ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Steve Gosnell Barry Spivey Randy Webster David Gilreath

Scott VanMoppes Arrigo Carotti Joseph Hill Joseph Tanner Lawrence Roscoe County Administrator Assistant County Administrator - Administration Assistant County Administrator - Public Safety Assistant County Administrator - Infrastructure and Regulation Director, Department of Airports County Attorney Chief of Police Chief of Fire and Rescue Assessor

As of 11/12/2021

	Public Information Kelly Moore	Version 10.07.21
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Citizens of Horry County County Council Johnny Gadne-Chairman Administrator Steve Gosnell	Administrator Dovid Gillrouth I.B.R Code Enforcement inerxy starts Engineering Addy Mortemering Addy Mortemering Addition Strands Addition Strands Commissions David Jones David David David Jones David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David David Dav	6
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Horry County Organizational Chart	the second secon	Registration & Bection SC Dept of SC Dept of

#### FINANCIAL SECTION

The Financial section includes the Independent Auditor's Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the financial statements of the governmental activities the business-type activities and the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Horry County, South Carolina. It also includes the notes to the financial statements and the related schedules for the various funds included above.

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

AND

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of County Council Horry County, South Carolina

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Horry County, South Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, the respective changes in net position and, where applicable, cash flows for the period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Solicitor's Intervention Programs (blended component unit), Shoreline Behavioral Health Services, or the Horry County Solid Waste Authority (both discretely presented component units). The Solicitor's Intervention Programs financial statements represent 0.40 percent, 0.30 percent, and 0.20 percent, respectively of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate remaining fund information. The Shoreline Behavioral Health Services' and the Horry County Solid Waste Authority's financial statements represent 100 percent of the assets, net position, and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the blended component unit and both discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the Solicitor's Intervention Programs (blended component unit) were not audited in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedules – general fund, required supplementary information for governments that use the modified approach for infrastructure assets, the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits plan, the schedule of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of the County's contributions to the South Carolina Retirement System, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedules, general improvements capital project budgetary schedule, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedules, and the general improvements capital project budgetary schedule are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedule, and the general improvements capital project budgetary schedule are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 21, 2021, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Elliott Davis, LLC

Charleston, South Carolina December 21, 2021

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and additional information furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on the pages prior to this report.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- The Statement of Net Position reflects total assets of \$2.2 billion. This represents a \$263.7 million increase from fiscal year 2020. Capital assets, net, increased \$60 million due primarily to spending for new construction, including a \$27.1 million increase in road infrastructure and a \$51.9 million increase in construction-in-progress for governmental activities. Capital assets, net, for business-type activities increased \$14.1 million in runways and taxiways.
- Total liabilities increased \$99.2 million from fiscal year 2020. During fiscal year 2021, G.O. bonds payable decreased by \$11.6 million. Net pension liability increased \$36.3 million.
- Net position of the County totaled \$1.69 billion at June 30, 2021, an increase of \$188.9 million from fiscal year 2020. Net investment in capital assets increased \$86.0 million. Restricted net position increased \$59.0 million. The County's capital project sales tax program excess of revenue over expenditures was \$67.3 million in fiscal year 2021 as construction-in-progress accelerated on several major projects in RIDE III and projects began to near completion in the RIDE II program. The General Improvement Capital Projects Fund's net change in fund balance was \$6.6 million.
- At June 30, 2021, fund balance for the General Fund was \$96.9 million or 48.4 percent of total budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers out, compared to \$80.7 million or 41.9 percent for the previous year. The fiscal year 2021 actual results reflect a \$16.2 million increase in fund balance due primarily to onetime reimbursements of disaster related expenditures, increases in economic sensitive revenues related to the continued strong growth in population and continued real estate market growth, strong rebound of hospitality tourism-related revenues and a favorable expenditure variance due to proactive cost management procedures due to the COVID-19 pandemic.
- Property tax revenue for the General Fund for fiscal year 2021 was \$116.4 million compared to \$109.7 million for fiscal year 2020 an increase of \$6.6 million due to growth in residential properties and assessed values.
- Tourism related revenues rebounded in fiscal year 2021 and are reflected in accommodations tax, local accommodations tax and hospitality fees. Revenues increased 25.7 percent to \$28.2 million.
- Certain items in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The County's financial statements focus on the County as a whole, and on major individual funds. "Funds" are self-balancing sets of accounts that account for specific financial activities that may be regulated, restricted or limited in various ways. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components - 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required and non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which present a total for the primary government.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the County's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. Net position is the difference between the County's assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, this statement includes some items that will impact cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as collections of delinquent taxes and the use of earned leave time. This statement is focused on both the gross and net cost of various functions (including governmental, business-type, and component units), which are supported by the government's general tax and other revenues. This statement presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

These two government-wide statements report the County's financial and capital resources, net position, direct expenses, program revenues and general revenues. This reporting model measures the County's overall financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities are functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities are functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the costs through user fees and charges. The County's Department of Airports is reported here.
- Discretely presented component units are separate legal entities for which the County is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Shoreline Behavioral Health Services and the Horry County Solid Waste Authority are discretely presented component units of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23 through 27 of this report.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The County uses other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate compliance with the use restrictions associated with certain taxes and grants.

All of the County's funds are grouped in the following three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental funds** are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report total financial position, the governmental fund financial statements focus only on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as presenting spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains five major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, General Improvement Capital Projects Fund, Capital Project Sales Tax Fund (RIDE II), Capital Project Sales Tax Fund (RIDE III), and American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) Special Revenue Fund, which are considered to be the major funds. Data for the other thirty (30) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. The general improvement capital projects funds adopt project length budgets. Additionally, budgetary controls are maintained for certain proprietary fund types.

**Proprietary funds** provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Enterprise Fund reports the activities of the Department of Airports.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for operations that provide goods and services to other departments or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's Internal Service Fund reports the activities of Fleet and Communications Services, which accounts for the maintenance and replacement of all county vehicles including heavy equipment and light equipment. Additionally, Communications manages the P-25 digital radio system as well as maintenance and replacement of mobile radios. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the activities of the Fleet Services Fund have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

**Fiduciary funds** are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are custodial in nature and therefore do not measure the results of operations, and consist primarily of property taxes and other revenues collected, temporarily retained and distributed by the County Treasurer to other governments or agencies.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 47 through 118 of this report.

#### **OTHER INFORMATION**

In addition to the basic financial statement notes, this report also contains certain required supplementary information. This information includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, information relating to the condition rating and actual rating and actual maintenance/preservation of the County's road infrastructure and the Department of Airport's infrastructure as well as the funding status of the County's net post-employment benefit obligations and County's contributions to the South Carolina Retirement System.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's overall financial condition and position. In the case of the County, as reflected in the primary government funds, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.69 billion at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At the end of fiscal year 2021 and 2020, the County reported the following Net Position:

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total	
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020
Current and Other Assets	\$ 820,038	\$ 629,297	\$ 130,456	\$ 116,647	\$ 950,494	\$ 745,944
Capital Assets, net	955,495	909,609	311,051	296,902	1,266,546	1,206,511
Total Assets	1,775,533	1,538,906	441,507	413,548	2,217,040	1,952,454
Deferred Outflows of Resources	59,177	38,061	3,516	2,335	62,693	40,396
Current Liabilities	162,147	85,446	12,519	11,180	174,666	96,626
Long-term Liabilities	333,078	306,996	62,814	67,773	395,892	374,769
Total Liabilities	495,225	392,442	75,333	78,952	570,558	471,395
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	5,156	6,612	4,619	2,819	9,775	9,431
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	906,300	842,463	264,891	242,725	1,171,191	1,085,188
Restricted	452,155	394,864	57,947	56,247	510,102	451,111
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,126)	(60,919)	42,233	35,140	18,107	(25,779)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,334,329	\$ 1,176,408	\$ 365,071	\$ 334,112	\$ 1,699,400	\$ 1,510,520

### Horry County's Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased 13.4 percent from \$1.18 billion to \$1.34 billion. Net investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased 9.8 percent to \$1.36 billion at year end. Net investment in capital assets and restricted net position of the County's governmental activities are restricted as to the purpose for which they can be used or are invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, and so forth). The County continues to invest in needed capital improvements and provides for a large portion of annual capital needs in addition to debt financed larger projects thereby increasing Net Position. Restricted Net Position includes the \$318 million excess Capital Project Sales Tax revenues over expenditures for RIDE II (\$68.2 million) and RIDE III (\$250.2 million). These funds are restricted to specific projects and have accumulated due to permitting delays for several major road projects. As projects are completed, the expenditures will exceed revenue in subsequent years and utilize this accumulated excess over the next several years.

Unrestricted Net Position for governmental activities reflected a \$24.1 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit is primarily the result of net pension liability of \$237.3 million and net OPEB liability of \$47.3 million. The Net Position of business-type activities increased 9.27 percent from \$334.1 million in 2020 to \$365.1 million in 2021. This increase primarily resulted from federal and state grant revenue programs.

The total fund balances for governmental funds was \$603.5 million at the end of fiscal year 2021. Capital assets are not reported in these funds because they are not financial resources, and are not available to pay for current period expenditures. Capital assets as of June 30, 2021, which are not included in this fund balance, totaled \$955.5 million. Long-term liabilities of \$333.1 million are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are also not reported in these funds.

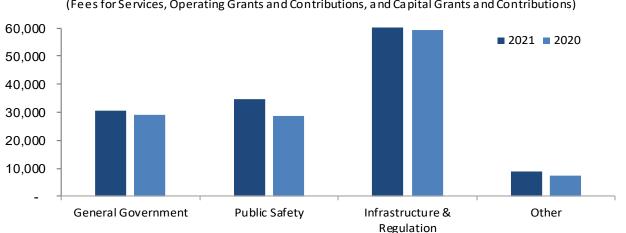
### **Governmental activities**

Governmental activities increased the County's Net Position during the year by \$157.9 million. Key elements of this increase are as shown below.

	lamounic			mouo	unue)						
G					isiness-Ty	ctivities	Total				
2021		2020		2021		2020		2021		2020	
\$	87,145	\$	78,613	\$	35,448	\$	33,882	\$	122,593	\$	112,495
	29,528		17,137		17,259		6,689		46,787		23,826
	23,000		18,557		20,003		24,005		43,003		42,562
	291,381		270,388		-		-		291,381		270,388
	34,082		32,906		854		2,516		34,936		35,422
	465,136		417,601		73,564		67,092		538,700		484,693
	45,964		46,049		-		-		45,964		46,049
	172,527		157,342		-		-		172,527		157,342
	47,520		50,510		-		-		47,520		50,510
	2,927		2,878		-		-		2,927		2,878
	16,426		16,300		-		-		16,426		16,300
	6,227		3,410		-		-		6,227		3,410
	8,689		7,538		-		-		8,689		7,538
	5,283		5,232		-		-		5,283		5,232
	1,652		1,649		-		-		1,652		1,649
	-		-		42,605		40,853		42,605		40,853
	307,215		290,908		42,605		40,853		349,820		331,761
	157,921		126,693		30,959		26,239		188,880		152,932
1	,176,408		1,049,715		334,112		307,873		1,510,520	1	,357,588
\$1	,334,329	\$	1,176,408	\$	365,071	\$	334,112	\$	1,699,400		,510,520
	\$	2021 \$ 87,145 29,528 23,000 291,381 34,082 465,136 45,964 172,527 47,520 2,927 16,426 6,227 8,689 5,283 1,652 - 307,215	2021 \$ 87,145 \$ 29,528 23,000 291,381 34,082 465,136 45,964 172,527 47,520 2,927 16,426 6,227 8,689 5,283 1,652 - 307,215 157,921 1,176,408	\$ 87,145       \$ 78,613         29,528       17,137         23,000       18,557         291,381       270,388         34,082       32,906         465,136       417,601         45,964       46,049         172,527       157,342         47,520       50,510         2,927       2,878         16,426       16,300         6,227       3,410         8,689       7,538         5,283       5,232         1,652       1,649         -       -         307,215       290,908         157,921       126,693         1,176,408       1,049,715	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $

#### Horry County's Changes in Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

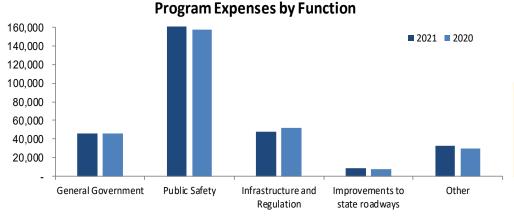
# Program Revenues and Expenses – Governmental Activities



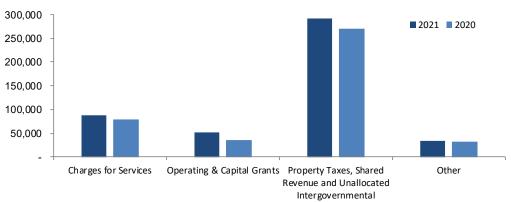
# **Program Revenues by Function**

(Fees for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions)

Program revenues in governmental activities increased \$25.3 million for fiscal year 2021. Program revenues are comprised of Fees for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions. In 2021, Operating Grants and Contributions increased \$12.4 million while Fees for Services increased \$8.5 million and Capital Grants and Contributions increased \$4.4 million.



Program expenses in governmental activities increased \$16.3 million or 5.6 percent due primarily to public safety expenditures increasing \$15.2 million due to a legal settlement of \$12.6 million. Economic Development saw an increase of \$2.8M and Infrastructure and Regulation saw a \$2.9 million decrease.

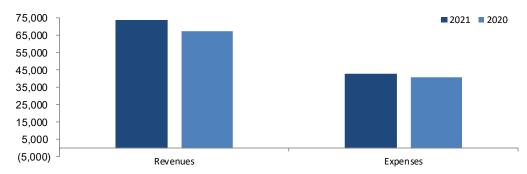


### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**

Total revenues in the governmental activities increased \$47.5 million for fiscal year 2021, which was in part due to increases in tourism related revenues as a result of a strong rebound from the negative impact of the COVID-19 pandemic in the previous year. The County saw significant increases in tourism related revenues, as well as significant increases in intergovernmental revenues related to Federal Cares Act funding.

#### **Business-type activities**

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$30.9 million, due to increase in both Operating Grants and Contributions (\$10.6 million) and Fees for Services (\$1.6 million), despite a reduction in Capital Grants and Contributions (\$4.0 million). Program expenses increased by \$1.8 million.



### Revenues and Expenses: Business-Type Activities

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financerelated legal requirements, as well as the restrictions on the use of certain revenues.

#### **Governmental funds**

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, committed and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2021, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$603.5 million, an increase of \$110.6 million from the prior year. General Fund growth of \$16.1 million, General Improvement Capital Projects Fund growth of \$6.6 million, growth of \$15.4 million in 1.5% Hospitality and \$69.0 million in RIDE III offset reductions in RIDE II of \$0.9 million resulting from completion of some major projects. Unassigned Fund Balance which is undesignated in the governmental funds of \$6.3 million is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the Fund Balance is reported as restricted and non-spendable, to indicate that it is not available for new spending, or committed because it has already been identified for a specific purpose.

(amounts expressed in thousands)										
		2021		2020	Variance					
Nonspendable										
Inventory and prepaid	\$	1,076	\$	1,032	\$	44				
Restricted										
Capital		366,173		298,586		67,587				
Debt service		6,729		21,369		(14,640)				
Other		51,737		38,857		12,880				
Committed										
Cash management reserve		36,100		31,647		4,453				
Disaster reserve		10,028		8,791		1,237				
Revenue stabilization reserve		10,027		3,516		6,511				
Debris reserve		10,000		10,000		-				
Other purposes		11,879		3,089		8,790				
Infrastructure and regulation		20,386		20,728		(342)				
Economic development		3,492		2,101		1,391				
Capital		53,669		33,932		19,737				
Public safety, culture,										
recreation and tourism		7,225		6,094		1,131				
OPEB		7,862		5,455		2,407				
Abatement/demolition		829		833		(4)				
Unassigned		6,309		6,930		(621)				
Total	\$	603,522	\$	492,960	\$	110,562				

#### Horry County's Governmental Funds Ending Fund Balance (amounts expressed in thousands)

#### **General Fund**

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year 2021, Fund Balance totaled \$96.9 million. Council committed \$88.8 million of fund balance a commitment for reserves/stabilization (\$66.2 million) and for OPEB (\$7.9 million) and \$14.7 million for other purposes. Unassigned Fund Balance is \$7.0 million in the General Fund. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both Unassigned Fund Balance and total Fund Balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned Fund Balance represents 3.6 percent of actual General Fund expenditures and transfers out. Total Fund Balance represents 48.5 percent of budgeted General Fund expenditures and transfers out.

The Fund Balance of the General Fund increased by \$16.2 million during the current fiscal year. This increase is a result of revenues over budget of \$21.2 million coupled with positive expenditure savings to budget of \$9.0 million.

# Net change in fund balance

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Planned use of fund balance	\$ (13,954)
Revenues over budget	 21,194
Expenditures under budget	8,978
Other Financing Sources (Uses) over budget	(40)
Net budget savings from the General Fund	 30,132
Net change in Fund Balance from FY 2021	\$ 16,177

The following chart shows the increases and decreases in revenue, expenditures and other financing sources (uses) for fiscal year 2021 when compared to the revenue, expenditure and other financing sources (uses) reported for fiscal year 2020.

# Comparison of FY 2021 General Fund Results to FY 2020

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Increase in Property Taxes, primarily due to growth and reassessment	\$ 6,593
Increase in Intergovernmental Revenue, primarily due to Federal Cares Act funding of \$7.8M	10,311
Increase in Fees and Fines, primarily due to increases in Hospitality and EMS fees	2,116
Increase in Register of Deeds Documentary Stamps, due to increase in instruments filed Increase in Licenses and Permits, attributed to a business license rate increase, as well as	2,620
an increase in the number of building permits issued.	4,798
Decrease in Interest on Investments, due to reduced interest rates	(1,302)
Decrease in Cost Allocations, due to decreased central service allocations to other funds	(445)
Increase in Other Revenues, increases in rents offset by decreased casino boat revenue	70
Decrease in net Other Financing Sources (Uses), primarily due to higher transfers out	3,637
Increase in Expenditures, primarily due to legal settlement	(12,895)
Net increase in General Fund results compared to FY 2020 results	15,503
Net increase in fund balance from FY 2020 General Fund results	 674
Net increase in the fund balance of the General Fund from FY 2021 results	\$ 16,177

#### American Rescue Plan Act Fund (ARPA)

The American Rescue Plan Act Fund reflects the funding source and expenditures for the County's 2021 Recovery Plan. Horry County has assigned this as a major fund in an effort to provide transparency. As of the end of the fiscal year 2021, Fund Balance totaled \$213. Revenues are recognized and recorded as spent. In fiscal year

2021, \$356 thousand was recorded as revenue to the ARPA fund with a liability balance of \$34.0 million in advanced funds.

The purpose of the ARPA funding allocation is to accelerate the County's recovery efforts from the economic and public health impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic. Funding in the amount of \$68.8 million, which the County has received half or \$34.4 million, was in legislation passed by Congress and signed into law on March 11, 2021. Horry County has developed a framework to formalize the allocation and distribution of ARPA funds. This includes responding to the COVID-19 public health emergency or its negative economic impacts, including aiding households, small businesses and nonprofits, or aid to impacted industries such as tourism, travel and hospitality. The funds will be allocated under the provision of funding government services to the extent of the reduction in revenue caused by the pandemic, as well as making necessary investments in water, sewer, or broadband infrastructure.

#### General Improvement Capital Projects Fund and the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund

The General Improvement Capital Projects Fund reflects the funding sources and the expenditures for the County's general government capital improvements, excluding those reported in the Capital Projects Sales Tax, Internal Service Funds and the Grants Fund. Primary funding sources are debt proceeds, transfers in a pay-as-you go funding, and interest earnings. During fiscal year 2021, \$18.9 million was transferred in from other funds. The fund balance of \$56.2 million at June 30, 2021 reflects resources previously funded and available to complete the capital projects currently in process.

# Horry County's General Improvement Capital Project Fund

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 49,593
Revenues	1,272
Expenditures	(13,588)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	18,944
Net change in Fund Balance	 6,628
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 56,221

The Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund (RIDE II) reports the revenue from a one cent sales tax which County businesses began collecting in May 2007, as well as the related expenditures for the road projects that were approved by referendum in November 2007. As the statutory collection period has now ended, no additional sales taxes are collected. Total receipts life to date of the program through June 30, 2021 are \$453.1 million. The program estimated total receipts and provided for notice to retail licensees within Horry County to suspend collection of the tax when total receipts reached \$425.3 million, which represented the estimated expense to fully fund the approved infrastructure, or the completion of the seven-year period allowed. Due to a delay in the remittance of receipts from the State, the seven-year approved period was reached prior to receipt of the \$425.3 million receipt cap. Additional receipts of \$27.8 million were received by the State and remitted to the County. The County has chosen a pay-as-you-go basis for expenditures and maintains in fund balance the excess of revenues over expenditures to date for the remaining projects. Expenditures for 2021 total \$0.9 million and includes construction of \$0.8 million. The funds are restricted to specific projects and have accumulated due to permitting delays for several major road projects. As projects are completed, the expenditures will exceed revenue in subsequent periods and utilize this accumulated excess over the next several years.

# Horry County's Capital Project Sales Tax Fund (RIDE II)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 69,126
Revenues	26
Expenditures	(957)
Net change in Fund Balance	 (931)
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 68,195

#### (amounts expressed in thousands)

In November 2016 voters approved a ballot referendum for new one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE III). The sales tax, effective May 1, 2017, is a 1% sales tax on all retail sales, prepared food/beverages, and accommodations. Groceries (unprepared food) are exempt from the sales tax. The sales tax will remain in effect for eight years or through April 30, 2025. The eight-year projected revenues from the 1% sales tax is \$593.5 million. Total receipts life to date of the program through June 30, 2021 are \$327.9 million. For fiscal year 2021, revenues total \$92.6 million. The County has chosen a pay-as-you-go basis for expenditures and maintains in fund balance the excess of revenues over expenditures to date for the projects. Expenditures for 2021 total \$24.4 million and includes construction of \$7.1 million on State roadways. The excess of revenues over expenditures of \$69.0 million, an increase in Sales Tax of \$12 million, and a decrease in infrastructure of \$16 million due to the substantial amount of work that was completed on projects such as the Carolina Forest Boulevard Widening and Dirt Road paving projects in FY20.

The funds are restricted to specific projects and accumulate due to anticipated timing of project design, permitting, and right-of-way acquisition.

### Horry County's Capital Project Sales Tax Fund (RIDE III)

#### (amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2020	\$ 181,213
Revenues	92,613
Expenditures	(24,410)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	785
Net change in Fund Balance	 68,988
Fund Balance, June 30, 2021	\$ 250,201

#### **Proprietary funds**

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. All proprietary funds are reported as major funds. Net Position of proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$433.2 million. The Department of Airports reflects a \$30.9 million or 9.3 percent increase in 2021 resulting from increased operating grant and fee revenues. The Internal Service Funds provide for the repair and replacement of the County's light and heavy equipment fleet (with the exception of heavy fire apparatus), operation of the County's P-25 digital radio system, and the maintenance and replacement of mobile radios. Net investment in capital assets at June 30,2021, equals \$31.4 million which includes the undepreciated cost of the covered fleet vehicles in service less debt related to capital of \$0.5 million. This reflects a \$3.8 million increase during the year including \$10.9 million of assets purchased, less \$5.1 million for annual depreciation and asset disposals. The remaining net position of \$34.5 million is restricted for future replacement of the covered equipment and \$2.2 million is unrestricted.

	(al	moi	unts expre	esse	ed in tho	usa	nds)				
	Depar of Airr				Internal Service Funds			Total			
	 of Airp	JOR	.5		Servic	еги	nas	s			
	2021		2020		2021 2020			2021		2020	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 264,891	\$	242,725	\$	31,395	\$	27,552	\$	296,286	\$	270,277
Restricted for:											
Debt Service	28,624		28,435		-		-		28,624		28,435
Capital	29,323		27,813		34,539		33,766		63,862		61,579
Unrestricted	 42,233		35,140		2,214		2,077		44,447		37,217
Total net position	\$ 365,071	\$	334,113	\$	68,148	\$	63,395	\$	433,219	\$	397,508

# Horry County's Proprietary Funds Net Position

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The final budgeted revenues were adjusted for budgetary amendments that netted to an increase of \$11.0 million from the original budget. These increases were reflected in real property taxes (\$5.7 million) for growth and reassessment, intergovernmental revenues (\$4.6 million) including federal CARES Act reimbursements and state program revenue primarily within public safety. Interest on investments revenue budget decreased \$0.9 million due to lower interest rates.

The final budgeted expenditures increased \$15.6 million. The primary reasons for these expenditure budget adjustments were: Public Safety Software of \$5.0 million, Covid-19 leave and salary adjustments of \$4.9 million, and to fund original budget requests of \$2.7 million with budgetary roll forward of unspent dedicated amounts from fiscal year 2020 of \$5.6 million, Cares Act Funding of \$3.2 million, and Program Revenues of \$1.9 million. Considering these budget amendments, General Fund actual revenues were more than the final budget by \$21.2 million and actual expenditures were less than the final budget by \$9.0 million.

The major differences between the final budget and the actual amounts for both revenue and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- Property taxes were higher than budget by \$4.4 million primarily related to real property taxes (\$3.3 million).
- Intergovernmental was higher than budget by \$6.7 million primarily related to federal grants.
- Fees and fines was higher than budget by \$1.5 million primarily related to higher than expected hospitality and EMS fees.
- Interest on investments and cost allocation each reflected declines of \$0.5 million, due to lower interest rates and central service allocations, respectively.
- Various departmental spending was reduced below budgeted amounts as a result of management controls on hiring and spending. The largest departmental savings are detailed in the table below:

#### Horry County's General Fund Budget to Actual Variance

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Unfa	vorable
	I	Final			(Fav	orable)
	В	udget	4	Actual	Va	riance
County Council	\$	1,740	\$	972	\$	(768)
County Administrator		1,470		1,187		(283)
Department Overhead		9,763		4,685		(5,078)
Human Resources		2,279		1,614		(665)
IT/GIS		6,654		6,352		(302)
Assessor		4,316		3,912		(404)
<b>Registration &amp; Election</b>		1,180		852		(327)
Legal		1,512		1,041		(471)
Maintenance		4,360		3,490		(870)
Clerk of Court		2,465		2,053		(412)
Clerk of Court-Family Court		978		265		(713)
Magistrates		3,738		3,435		(303)
Police		28,804		28,011		(793)
County Engineer		1,842		1,467		(374)
Public Works		11,543		9,857		(1,686)
Abatement/Demolition		848		19		(829)
Library		5,240		4,693		(547)
Museum		1,007		687		(320)
		Тс	otal c	of above	\$	(15,146)
Various other departmeter	nent	s (under)	) bud	lget, net		(2,697)
						(17,843)
Detention Center		31,277		40,142		8,865
Total exp	endi	tures (ur	nder	) budget	\$	(8,978)

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

#### **Capital Assets**

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$1.3 billion (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements (other than buildings), leasehold improvements, equipment, intangible assets, infrastructure, and construction-in-progress. The total increase of \$60.0 million in the County's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was a 4.9 percent change from the prior year (a 5.0 percent increase for governmental activities and a 4.8 percent increase for business-type activities).

Some of the significant capital events that occurred during the current fiscal year which increased capital assets were: spending for new construction, including a \$26.0 million increase in construction-in-progress, \$27.4 million increase in infrastructure, \$2.8 million in machinery and equipment, and \$14.1 million in Airport capital. These addition amounts are reduced by depreciation during the year of \$39.0 million and asset disposals of \$6.7 million.

	(							
		nmental vities		ss-type vities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
Land, Easements, and Imp.	\$ 31,454	\$ 32,162	\$ 48,169	\$ 49,958	\$ 79,623	\$ 82,120		
Intangible Assets	28	78	-	-	28	78		
Infrastructure	655,851	628,491	9,182	9,182	665,033	637,673		
Construction-in-Progress	99,446	73,421	32,478	6,653	131,924	80,074		
Buildings and Improvements	115,731	125,237	120,744	125,335	236,475	250,572		
Machinery and Equipment	52,985	50,220	10,439	10,779	63,424	60,999		
Runways and Taxiways			90,040	94,996	90,040	94,996		
Total	\$ 955,495	\$ 909,609	\$ 311,051	\$ 296,903	\$ 1,266,546	\$ 1,206,512		

#### Horry County's Net Capital Assets (amounts expressed in thousands)

Additional information on capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### **Modified Approach for Infrastructure**

The County has adopted the modified approach for reporting its road infrastructure. Using this approach, the County does not depreciate infrastructure assets but maintains an up-to-date inventory of road infrastructure asset conditions. The County must also document that the road infrastructure assets are being preserved at or above the condition level established.

The County's road system consists of approximately 66 percent paved roads and 34 percent unpaved roads. The condition of the road pavement is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The County implemented a pavement management system (MicroPAVER) on July 1, 2010 in an effort to better assess the paved road network within the County. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from 1 for failed pavement to 5 for a pavement in perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify roads in good or better condition (rating 4 or 5), fair condition (rating 3), and substandard condition (rating 1 or 2). It is the County's goal to maintain at least 70.0 percent of its street system at fair or better condition level. No more than 30.0 percent should be in a substandard condition. Condition assessments are determined every year. The implementation of this new evaluation system resulted in a more thorough and accurate assessment of the condition of the road infrastructure and resulted in an increase in the percentage of fair and better condition roads.

The following assessment shows that the County is in compliance with the target condition levels that have been established. The prior year is presented to show the change in measurement through this new pavement management system.

	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Arterial	92.3%	91.5%
Collector	86.5%	86.1%
Access	90.7%	87.7%
Overall system	89.8%	88.5%

The County created a long-term road improvement program that had been paving at least 16 miles of dirt roads per year from fiscal year 2004 through 2008. In fiscal year 2009, as a result of an expected revenue shortfall, this was decreased to 14.5 miles and in fiscal year 2010 it was further reduced to 9.7 miles per year. Due to continued revenue shortfalls, it was further reduced to 8.9 miles in fiscal year 2011 and 9.0 miles in fiscal year 2012 (which included 1 mile funded by the County Transportation Committee (CTC). Funding for the dirt road paving program stabilized during fiscal year 2013 to allow approximately 11 miles of paving per year (including the one mile of CTC-funded improvements). Fiscal year 2015 reflected an increase to 18.7 miles (including 9.5 miles from the capital project sales tax program and one mile of CTC-funded improvements). Fiscal year 2016 reflected an increase of 7.6 miles including 1.1 from the capital project sales tax program and one mile of CTC funded improvements. For fiscal years 2017 and forward, dirt road paving is budgeted for 3.0 miles including the one mile of CTC funded improvements. As these roads are paved, they become part of the County's pavement management system.

In November 2006, a one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE II) was passed by voter referendum and is dedicated to specific road projects, including resurfacing 67 miles of County maintained roads over a seven-year period. During fiscal year 2016, County Council increased the road maintenance fee by \$20.00 and dedicated it to the resurfacing program. In May 2017, another one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE III) was implemented and is dedicated to specific road projects, included is the paving of 100 miles of dirt roads and the resurfacing of 100 miles of County maintained roads over an 8-year period. This is the third successive sales tax program addressing road needs.

Included in the one-cent Capital Project Sales Tax (RIDE II and RIDE III) programs are various projects to improve existing state roadways. The County is managing the construction and funding the expenditures through the collections of sales tax. The cost of these roadway improvements is included in the Statement of Activities when the expense is incurred. The tables below reflect the cost incurred to date for these projects.

#### Horry County's Improvements to State Roadways (RIDE II)

(-	,							
(amounts expressed in thousands)								
	C	urrent	Ρ	roject to				
	<u> </u>	Year		Date				
Backgate interchange	\$	97	\$	107,292				
Widen 707		431		90,963				
Widen Glenns Bay		106		70,803				
Total	\$	634	\$	269,058				

### Horry County's Improvements to State Roadways (RIDE III)

	Current		Ρ	roject to
		Year		Date
SC Hwy. 9 East Widening (Loris)	\$	469	\$	1,311
US Hwy. 701 N Widening (North Conway)		1,292		2,933
Fred Nash Boulevard connection to Harrelson		741		1,828
US Hwy. 17 Bus Intersection Imp - Garden City		538		1,436
Forestbrook Road Widening		1,465		2,709
US Hwy. 701 Widening - North of Loris		707		1,769
Conway Perimeter Road Phase II		1,012		2,288
Others		849		2,199
Total	\$	7,073	\$	16,473

### (amounts expressed in thousands)

Additional information on infrastructure assets can be found in Required Supplementary Information (RSI) and Capital Projects Sales Tax Budgetary Comparison Schedules.

#### **Debt Administration**

At June 30, 2021, the County had total GO and revenue bonded debt outstanding of \$94.4 million. This is a decrease from the prior year of approximately \$23.3 million and represents the partial redemption of the 2010A revenue bonds (\$5.7 million) offset by the normal amortization of prior balances for GO and Revenue bonds. Of the total bonded debt outstanding, \$50.8 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, such as the Airport revenues pledged to repay the Revenue Bonds.

Revenue Bonds are limited obligations of the County and do not constitute general obligations, or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision. The County's bonds with outstanding balances as of June 30, 2021 are presented in the following table:

	Governmental Activities		Busine Activ	ss-type ities	Total			
	2021	2020	2021	2020	2021	2020		
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 50,838	\$ 65,279	\$ -	\$-	\$ 50,838	\$ 65,279		
Revenue Bonds			43,517	52,375	43,517	52,375		
Total	\$ 50,838	\$ 65,279	<u>\$ 43,517</u>	\$ 52,375	\$ 94,355	<u>\$ 117,654</u>		

#### Horry County's General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Outstanding (amounts expressed in thousands)

The above chart summarizes the outstanding principal balances on the debt issues, and does include unamortized premium or original discount which are included in the government-wide statement of net position.

The County maintains various reserves from which to pay future debt service. At June 30, 2021, amounts reserved for debt service totaled \$35.7 million. General Debt Fund reflected a \$5.0 million decrease and Revenue Bonds reflected a \$0.2 million increase as planned in the current year budget. The table below reflects the County's reserve amounts by category of obligation. These amounts are reflected as restricted net position and fund balance within the financial statements.

(amounts expressed in thousands)												
	Business-type <u>Governmental Activities</u> <u>Activities</u>								То	tal		
		2021		2020	20	21	20	20	1	2021		2020
General Debt	\$	6,995	\$	11,982	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,995	\$	11,982
Revenue Bonds				-	28	,624	28,	435		28,624		28,435
Total	\$	6,995	\$	11,982	\$ 28	,624	\$28,	435	\$	35,619	\$	40,417

#### Horry County's Debt Service Reserves (amounts expressed in thousands)

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following summarizes some economic factors currently affecting the County:

- As of June 2021, the unemployment rate for the County per the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (not seasonally adjusted) was 5.4 percent, compared to 11.4 percent at June 2020. The unemployment rate for the state of South Carolina as of June 2021 was 4.5 percent, compared to 8.9 percent at June 2020.
- The fiscal year 2021 County base tax millage is 53.2 mills, equivalent to a tax rate of .0536 percent of assessed value. This was the lowest county base tax rate in South Carolina.

The County continues to face the challenges of a rapidly growing population (2nd fastest growing metropolitan area in 2019 and 2020 according to US Census) as well as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic. With these and other challenges in mind, the County's fiscal year 2022 budget compared to fiscal year 2021 has been impacted as follows:

- The fiscal year 2022 budget includes an additional 288 funded positions (implemented across several years). Additional positions include 195 new Public Safety positions, 79 new Infrastructure and Regulation positions, 12 positions in the Administration and Airport Divisions and 2 new positions for the Horry County Solid Waste Authority, a component unit.
- The Fiscal Year 2022 General Fund budget of \$205,516,232 represents a budgetary increase of 16.8%. The General Fund millage rate for Fiscal Year 2022 is 44.6 mills (this is an increase of 3 mills from the Fiscal Year 2021 budget including a 0.5 shift in millage from the Debt Service fund) while the millage for the Fire Fund is increased to 21.1 mills (a 2.1 mill increase). The Waste Management fund millage was increased by 3.0 mills, to a total of 8.7 mills due to the growing population of Horry County as well as the increased demand put on the Unincorporated Waste services due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic (restaurants closed or drive-thru only, schools virtual or hybrid means students are at home and work from home jobs). Also, the County's stormwater fee was increased by \$45 per ERU (Equivalent Residential Unit).
- General Fund revenues for the Fiscal Year 2022 budget were increased \$29.5 million. As the Administrator's requested budget for Fiscal Year 2022 was prepared, staff projected that revenue would increase due to the

aforementioned 3.0 millage increase. In addition, the County projects an additional \$6.1M increase in recurring revenues, including business licenses, building permits, and property taxes, due to economic impacts related to the continued strong growth in population and continued real estate market growth.

- General Fund expenses for the Fiscal Year 2022 budget increased by \$29.5 million. Horry Council approved an employee compensation increase for all employees. The Council used a tiered approach to the increase with employees with lower salaries receiving up to 5% and employees at the top tiers of the pay scale receiving 1.67%. Also, the retirement system employer contribution for FY22 was increased by 1%.
- The Hospitality fee lawsuit between Horry County and the local municipalities concerning the collection of the 1.5% was settled in Fiscal Year 2021. The County has re-initiated county wide collections as of July 1, 2021. The County will distribute revenues collected within each municipality to that municipality. The monies anticipated to be collected in the unincorporated areas are included in the Fiscal Year 2022 budget. County Council has approved approximately \$5M of the unincorporated collections be used for recurring expenditures and capital needs. Additionally, approval was given in the amount of \$144.5 million to address County capital hospitality related projects including a SC Hwy 31 interchange, Waccamaw Drive & Atlantic Avenue improvements, Rural Civic Center, and other projects.

During fiscal year ended 2021, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund decreased from \$7.3 million to \$7.0 million and total fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$80.7 million to \$96.9 million due to favorable revenue and expenditure results in fiscal year 2021. Projections at this time indicate that at the end of fiscal year 2022, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund will remain above the 25 percent of total General Fund expenditures requirement set by the Financial Policy Ordinance.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact Marla Bell, Assistant Finance Director, 1301 Second Avenue, Conway, SC 29526.

AUDITED BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pri	mary Government	Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Shoreline Behavioral	Solid Waste Authority
Assets					
Current assets:	¢ 4.740	¢ 45.500	¢ 47.000	¢ 0.405	¢ 4005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,743	\$ 45,566	\$ 47,309	\$ 3,125	\$ 4,325
Pooled cash and investments	35,310	12,070	47,380	-	-
Investments	629,793	-	629,793	-	40,770
Receivables, net: Property taxes	4,207		4,207		
Accounts and other	6,425	- 4,961	11,386	- 220	- 2,625
Fees	7,026	4,901	7,026	220	2,025
	284	-	284	-	-
Lease receivable, current	60,799	2 7/9	63,547	- 871	- 985
Due from other governments Inventories	449	2,748 1,280	1,729	071	35
Prepaid items	3,147	255	3,402	-	55
Other assets	5,147	200	3,402	- 3	-
Restricted funds - cash and cash	-	-	-	5	-
equivalents	225		225	2,177	
Restricted funds - investments	69,703	-	69,703	2,177	-
Total current assets	819,111	66,880	885,991	6,396	48,740
	019,111	00,000	000,991	0,590	40,740
Non-current assets: Restricted assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	-	46,841	46,841	-	-
Pooled cash and investments	-	10,697	10,697	-	-
Accounts and other receivables	-	-	-	151	-
Receivables - PFC and CFC	-	1,763	1,763	-	-
Total restricted assets	-	59,301	59,301	151	-
Lease receivable	927	-	-	-	-
Capital assets:					
Land, easements, intangible assets					
and infrastructure	680,728	37,016	717,744	328	7,918
Depreciable capital assets, net	175,321	241,557	416,878	546	36,251
Construction-in-progress	99,446	32,478	131,924	7	11,071
Total capital assets, net	955,495	311,051	1,266,546	881	55,240
Service concession arrangement (SCA)		4,275	4,275		-
Total non-current assets	956,422	374,627	1,330,122	1,032	55,240
Total assets	1,775,533	441,507	2,216,113	7,428	103,980
Deferred Outflows of Resources					
Deferred charge on refunding	1,226	-	1,226	-	-
Deferred outflows - pension	50,400	2,945	53,345	1,338	2,047
	4 757	207	5,144		333
Deferred outflows - OPEB	4,757	387		1,338	333

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED -(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Prim	ary Government	Component Units		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Shoreline Behavioral	Solid Waste Authority
Liabilities					<b>i</b>
Current liabilities payable from non-restricted asse	ets:				
Accounts payable - trade	29,618	4,284	33,902	95	3,695
Accounts payable - other	144	-	144	-	-
Accrued salaries and related taxes	6,905	285	7,190	-	141
Compensated absences and leave					
- current portion	9,942	277	10,219	95	250
Unearned revenue	50,097	188	50,285	25	-
Internal balances	(1,108)	1,108	-	_	-
Due to component units, net	1,342	-	1,342	-	-
Due to other governments	3,086	51	3,137	-	-
Construction and retainage payable	2,953	2,536	5,489	-	-
Construction performance bonds	33,118	-	33,118	_	-
Other accrued liabilities	12,521	321	12,842	-	-
Accrued interest payable	455	-	455	_	_
General and special obligation bonds payable	-00		400		
- current portion	11,171		11,171		
Capital lease obligations - current portion	1,903	58	1,961	-	-
Amounts due to tenants	1,905	2,098	2,098	-	-
Total current liabilities payable from non-		2,090	2,090		
restricted assets	160 147	11 206	172 252	215	4,086
Testificieu assets	162,147	11,206	173,353	210	4,000
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:					
Accrued interest payable	-	1,313	1,313	-	-
Total current liabilities payable from		1,010	1,010		
restricted assets	_	1,313	1,313	-	_
Total current liabilities	162,147	12,519	174,666	215	4,086
	102,141	12,010	114,000		4,000
Non-current (long-term) liabilities:					
General obligation bonds payable	39,667	-	39,667	-	-
Revenue bonds payable		43,517	43,517	-	-
Compensated absences and leave	4,645	831	5,476	138	174
Net pension liability	237,303	16,427	253,730	6,525	9,647
Net OPEB liability	47,326	1,990	49,316	92	2,335
Capital lease obligations	4,137	49	4,186	-	_,000
Landfill closures costs	-	-	-	-	15,603
Landfill post closure care costs	_	_	-	-	4,816
Total non-current liabilities	333,078	62,814	395,892	6,755	32,575
		02,011	000,002	0,100	02,010
Total liabilities	495,225	75,333	570,558	6,970	36,661
Deferred Inflows of Passwess					
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Present value of payments under service			4		
concession arrangement	-	4,275	4,275	-	-
Deferred inflows - pension	987	64	1,051	49	618
Deferred inflows - OPEB	1,375	96	1,471		395
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,362	4,435	6,797	49	1,013
	- CONTINUE	D -			

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED -(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Pri	Component Units			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Shoreline Behavioral	Solid Waste Authority
Net Position					
Net investment in capital assets	906,300	264,891	1,171,191	881	55,240
Restricted for capital projects	416,651	29,323	445,974	2,177	-
Restricted for debt service	6,995	28,624	35,619	-	-
Restricted for other purposes	28,509	-	28,509	-	-
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,126)	42,233	18,107	(1,311)	13,446
Total net position	\$ 1,334,329	\$ 365,071	\$ 1,699,400	\$ 1,747	\$ 68,686

#### HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (amounts expressed in thousands)

Ex \$	45,964 172,527 47,520	-	ees for ervices	Gra	perating ants and tributions 2.799	•	al Grants and ributions
\$	172,527	\$	,	\$	2 700		
\$	172,527	\$	,	\$	2 700		
\$	172,527	\$	,	\$	2 700		
	,		10 01-		2,799	\$	250
	47 520		19,215		15,272		113
	47,520		37,791		5,124		22,637
	2,927		-		13		-
	16,426		2,409		1,930		-
	6,227		145		4,332		-
	8,689		-		-		-
	5,283		-		19		-
	1,652		-		39		-
	307,215		87,145		29,528		23,000
	42,605		35,448		17,259		20,003
\$	349,820	\$	122,593	\$	46,787	\$	43,003
\$	6,397	\$	5,521	\$	-	\$	500
	21,246		27,920		290		166
\$	27,643	\$	33,441	\$	290	\$	666
	\$	8,689 5,283 1,652 307,215 42,605 \$ 349,820 \$ 6,397 21,246	8,689         5,283         1,652         307,215         42,605         \$ 349,820         \$ 6,397         \$ 21,246         \$ 27,643	8,689       -         5,283       -         1,652       -         307,215       87,145         42,605       35,448         \$ 349,820       \$ 122,593         \$ 6,397       \$ 5,521         21,246       27,920         \$ 27,643       \$ 33,441	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$

Property taxes Capital Project Sales Tax Fee-in-lieu of taxes Intergovernmental - unrestricted Accommodations tax Local accommodations tax Hospitality fee Unrestricted investment earnings Other Special item Total general revenue

Change in net position Net position - beginning of year Net position - end of year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position								
	F	Primary Governm	ent			nent Units		
Gov	vernmental	Business -type			Shoreline	Solid Waste		
A	Activities	Activities		Totals	Behavioral	Authority		
\$	(15,330)	\$-	\$	(15,330)	\$-	\$-		
	(137,927)	-		(137,927)	-	-		
	18,032	-		18,032	-	-		
	(2,914)	-		(2,914)	-	-		
	(12,087)	-		(12,087)	-	-		
	(1,750)	-		(1,750)	-	-		
	(8,689)	-		(8,689)	-	-		
	(5,264)	-		(5,264)	-	-		
	(1,613)	-		(1,613)	-	-		
	(167,542)	-		(167,542)		-		
	-	30,105		30,105		-		
	(167,542)	30,105		(137,437)		-		
	-	-		-	(376)	) –		
	-	-		-		7,130		
	-			-	(376	) 7,130		
	174,202	-		174,202	-	-		
	97,888	-		97,888	-	-		
	5,770	-		5,770	-	-		
	13,521	-		13,521	-	-		
	5,456	-		5,456	-	-		
	1,332	-		1,332	-	-		
	21,425	-		21,425	-	-		
	1,871	552		2,423	4	206		
	3,998	302		4,300	-	137		
	20E 462	854	·	-	1,496	343		
	325,463	604		326,317	1,500	343		
	157,921	30,959		188,880	1,124	7,473		
	1,176,408	334,112		1,510,520	623	61,213		
\$	1,334,329	\$ 365,071	\$	1,699,400	\$ 1,747	\$ 68,686		

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	General Improvement Capital Projects	Capital Project Sales Tax -RIDE II
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,397,625	\$-	\$-
Pooled cash and investments	154,695,998	42,112,541	68,198,438
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes	2,424,999	-	-
Accounts and other	6,153,319	-	-
Fees	2,663,366	-	-
Lease receivable	-	-	-
Due from other funds	2,084,076	-	-
Due from other governments	6,267,434	309,672	39,403
Inventory	238,264	-	-
Prepaid items	832,684	-	-
Restricted assets	-	16,157,152	-
Total Assets	\$ 176,757,765	\$ 58,579,365	\$ 68,237,841
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 15,731,069	\$ 2,358,717	\$ 3,103
Accounts payable - other	-	-	-
Accrued salaries, wages and			
compensated absences	5,707,889	-	-
Due to other funds	-	-	-
Due to component units	356,701	-	-
Due to other governments	2,993,021	-	-
Due to taxpayers for overpayment	244,312	-	-
Funds associated with delinquent taxes	10,185,954	-	-
Unearned revenue	16,181	-	-
Construction performance bonds	33,117,593		
Other liabilities	2,091,244	-	
Total liabilities	70,443,964	2,358,717	3,103
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	6,716,918	-	39,403
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	2,736,299		00,100
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,453,217		39,403

Capital Project Sales Tax - RIDE III	Special Revenue - ARPA	Other Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$- 232,950,957	\$ - -	\$ 345,457 130,081,672	\$ 1,743,082 628,039,606
- - - -	- - - -	1,781,964 272,043 4,362,739 1,211,005 -	4,206,963 6,425,362 7,026,105 1,211,005 2,084,076
47,253,688 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	6,928,946 - 5,825 <u>19,738,501</u> \$ 164,728,152	60,799,143 238,264 838,509 69,928,000 \$ 782,540,115
\$    7,592,372 -	\$ - -	\$     7,175,478 143,954	\$ 32,860,739 143,954
8,830 - - -	- - -	1,170,860 976,488 - 93,319 -	6,887,579 976,488 356,701 3,086,340 244,312
- - 	- 34,032,134 -	- 16,048,957 -	10,185,954 50,097,272 33,117,593 2,091,244
7,601,202	34,032,134	25,609,056	140,048,176
22,402,397	-	5,625,262 1,449,885	34,783,980 4,186,184
22,402,397		7,075,147	38,970,164

### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

JONE	30, 2021		
	General Fund	General Improvement Capital Projects	Capital Project Sales Tax -RIDE II
Fund Balances			
	1,070,948		
Nonspendable	1,070,940	-	-
Restricted for capital projects	-	29,682,736	68,195,335
Restricted for public safety	-	-	-
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	-	-	-
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	-	-	-
Restricted for economic development	-	-	-
Restricted for health and social services	-	-	-
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-
Committed to capital projects	-	26,537,912	-
Committed to public safety	2,763,078	-	-
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism	130,499	-	-
Committed to infrastructure and regulation	1,448,332	-	-
Committed to reserves/stabilization	66,155,322	-	-
Committed to economic development	-	-	-
Committed to other purposes	9,637,642	-	-
Committed to OPEB	7,862,374	-	-
Committed to abatement/demolition	829,293	-	-
Unassigned (deficit)	6,963,096		
Total fund balances	96,860,584	56,220,648	68,195,335
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
and fund balances	\$ 176,757,765	\$ 58,579,365	\$ 68,237,841

Capital Project Sales Tax - RIDE III	Special Revenue - ARPA	Other Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
-	-	5,825	1,076,773
250,201,046	-	18,094,458	366,173,575
-	-	20,501,027	20,501,027
-	-	13,318,412	13,318,412
-	-	16,489,388	16,489,388
-	-	1,353,224	1,353,224
-	-	74,654	74,654
-	-	6,728,868	6,728,868
-	-	27,131,312	53,669,224
-	-	-	2,763,078
-	-	4,331,304	4,461,803
-	-	18,937,535	20,385,867
-	-	-	66,155,322
-	-	3,491,418	3,491,418
-	-	2,241,503	11,879,145
-	-	-	7,862,374
-	-	-	829,293
	213	(654,979)	6,308,330
250,201,046	213	132,043,949	603,521,775
\$ 280,204,645	\$ 34,032,347	\$ 164,728,152	\$ 782,540,115

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED -

Reconciliation to amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position:	expr	nounts ressed in usands)
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	603,522
Capital assets (exclusive of Internal Service Fund Capital Assets) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		923,515
Property and other taxes will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		4,186
Grants and fees will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		34,784
Deferred charge on refunding is not an available resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.		1,226
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.		68,148
Net pension liability, other post employment benefit obligation costs, compensated absences liability and related deferred inflows and outflows reported in the Statement of Net Position (exclusive of the Internal Service Funds) does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, they are not reported as a liability in the funds.		(244,303)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and accrued interest that are not due and payable in the current period are reported in the funds.		(56,749)
Net position end of year - governmental activities	\$	1,334,329

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Devenues	Concerned Friend	General Improvement Capital	Capital Project Sales Tax -
Revenues Bool property toyoo	General Fund \$ 96,923,736	Projects \$-	RIDE II \$-
Real property taxes	\$ 90,923,730 6,251,091	φ -	ф -
Personal property taxes Vehicle taxes	9,240,332	-	-
Fee in lieu of tax	9,240,332 3,948,428	-	-
		-	-
Intergovernmental Sales tax	24,088,345	938,116	14,930
Accommodations tax	- 229,701	-	-
Fees and fines	22,892,140	-	-
Hospitality fees	7,935,175	-	-
Local Accommodations tax	331,706	-	-
Documentary stamps	7,978,625	-	-
License and permits	16,052,043	-	-
Interest on investments	345,918	333,903	- 10,967
Cost allocation	3,697,033	555,905	10,907
Other	5,152,954	-	-
Total revenues	205,067,227	1,272,019	25,897
	203,007,227	1,272,013	25,037
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	35,552,518	1,112,364	-
Public safety	111,786,520	139,156	-
Infrastructure and regulation	18,303,357	12,402	41,140
Health and social services	1,544,802	-	-
Improvements to state and other roadways	-	-	753,460
Culture, recreation and tourism	5,379,893	134,041	-
Economic development	109,308	-	-
HGTC & Higher Education Commission	-	-	-
Debt service	-	-	-
Capital outlay	141,474	12,190,177	162,024
Total expenditures	172,817,872	13,588,140	956,624
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over			
expenditures	32,249,355	(12,316,121)	(930,727)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Sales of capital assets	24,445		
Lease financing proceeds	24,440	-	-
Transfers in	1,954,581	18,955,692	_
Transfers out	(18,051,079)	(11,980)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(16,072,053)	18,943,712	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Net change in fund balance	16,177,302	6,627,591	(930,727)
Fund balances at beginning of year	80,683,282	49,593,057	69,126,062
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 96,860,584	\$ 56,220,648	\$ 68,195,335

Capital Project Sales Tax - RIDE III	Special Revenue - ARPA	Other Non- Major	Total Governmental Funds
\$-	\$-	\$ 51,938,707	\$ 148,862,443
-	-	3,762,585	10,013,676
-	-	6,080,326	15,320,658
-	-	1,821,483	5,769,911
9,016	355,907	25,844,852	51,251,166
92,200,894	-	-	92,200,894
-	-	4,167,191	4,396,892
-	-	29,300,934	52,193,074
-	-	13,489,443	21,424,618
-	-	1,000,000	1,331,706
-	-	-	7,978,625
-	-	2,815,941	18,867,984
403,512	213	599,569	1,694,082
-	-	-	3,697,033
-	-	3,017,638	8,170,592
92,613,422	356,120	143,838,669	443,173,354
-	355,907	1,607,482	38,628,271
-	-	42,715,523	154,641,199
436,454	-	27,785,258	46,578,611
-	-	1,077,776	2,622,578
7,073,271	-	-	7,826,731
-	-	7,687,121	13,201,055
-	-	5,101,910	5,211,218
-	-	5,282,803	5,282,803
-	-	17,066,366	17,066,366
16,901,133	-	10,264,114	39,658,922
24,410,858	355,907	118,588,353	330,717,754
	·	· · ·	<u> </u>
68,202,564	213	25,250,316	112,455,600
-	-	40,837	65,282
-	-	279,558	279,558
785,250	-	20,644,877	42,340,400
-		(26,515,573)	(44,578,632)
785,250		(5,550,301)	(1,893,392)
68,987,814	213	19,700,015	110,562,208
181,213,232		112,343,934	492,959,567
\$ 250,201,046	\$ 213	\$ 132,043,949	\$ 603,521,775

### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - CONTINUED -

### Reconciliation to amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities:

	exp	mounts ressed in ousands)
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	110,562
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and asset disposals in the		40.044
current period.		19,611
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in these funds.		38,970
Revenues in these funds that were recognized in the Statement of Activities in the prior year.		(39,951)
Contributed property is not reported as revenue in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of property contributed is reported in the current period.		23,000
Some expenses for pension, other post employment benefit obligation costs, and compensated absences reported in Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in these funds.		(14,462)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal and interest consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		15,440
The net revenue (expense) and transfer of fund balance of certain activities of internal service funds reported with governmental activities.		4,751
Change in net position - Governmental Activities	\$	157,921

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Department of Airports		overnmental Activities Internal rvice Funds
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,565,923	\$ -
Pooled cash and investments		12,070,221	37,063,190
Accounts receivable, net		4,961,007	-
Fees receivable		-	95,351
Due from other governments		2,747,622	-
Inventory		1,279,984	210,308
Prepaid items		255,587	 2,308,123
Total current assets		66,880,344	 39,676,972
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		46,841,391	-
Investments		10,696,836	-
Receivables - PFC and CFC		1,763,396	 -
Total restricted assets		59,301,623	 -
Capital assets, net:			
Land, easements and infrastructure		37,015,705	-
Depreciable capital assets, net		241,556,811	31,533,471
Construction-in-progress		32,478,511	446,019
Total capital assets, net		311,051,027	31,979,490
Service concession arrangement (SCA)		4,274,639	-
Total noncurrent assets		374,627,289	31,979,490
Total assets		441,507,633	71,656,462
Deferred outflows of resources:			
Deferred Outflows-pension		2,945,475	391,441
Deferred Outflows-OPEB		386,657	37,756
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,332,132	 429,197
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	444,839,765	\$ 72,085,659

### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021 - CONTINUED -

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Department of Airports	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Liabilities		
Current liabilities payable from non-restricted assets:		
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 4,284,130	\$ 789,263
Construction accounts and retainage payable	2,536,131	-
Accrued salaries and wages	285,238	42,655
Compensated absences and leave - current portion Accrued interest payable	276,982	120,957 6,800
Other accrued liabilities	- 322,503	0,000
Unearned revenue	188,343	-
Due to other funds	1,107,588	-
Due to other governments	50,500	-
Capital leases payable-current portion	58,226	578,174
Amounts due to tenants, airlines, car rentals	2,098,346	-
Total current liabilities payable from non-restricted assets	11,207,987	1,537,849
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Accrued interest payable	1,312,622	-
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	1,312,622	-
Total current liabilities	12,520,609	1,537,849
Non-current liabilities: Revenue bonds payable Compensated absences and leave Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Capital lease payable Total non-current liabilities	43,516,961 830,944 16,426,560 1,989,790 49,032 62,813,287	40,817 1,899,904 398,799 - 2,339,520
Total liabilities	75,333,896	3,877,369
Deferred inflows of resources: Present value of payments under service concession arrangement Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	4,274,639 64,329 96,160 4,435,128	- 47,872 12,717 60,589
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	264,890,677	31,394,516
Debt service	28,623,768	-
Capital projects	29,322,915	34,538,920
	42,233,381	2,214,265
Total net position	365,070,741	68,147,701
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 444,839,765	\$ 72,085,659

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	En	ess-type Activities terprise Fund epartment of Airports	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues			
Concessions and rentals	\$	8,434,960	\$-
Fuel sales - FBO		9,371,026	-
Airline terminal rents		6,574,266	-
Baggage handling system		873,327	-
Landing fees		1,747,330	-
Leases		1,012,050	-
Other airline services		576,841	-
Other		1,232,627	-
Federal revenue - TSA LEO		, - , -	
reimbursement program		125,260	-
Security fees		253,683	-
Charges for services		, -	13,623,202
Intergovernmental		-	175,491
Fees		-	936,974
Total operating revenues		30,201,370	14,735,667
Less, signatory airline rebate and			
incentive fee waivers		(1,716,205)	-
Net operating revenues		28,485,165	14,735,667
···· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			,
Operating Expenses			
Salaries and benefits		11,555,013	1,547,179
Depreciation and amortization		14,797,784	7,531,099
Baggage handling system		895,105	-
Fuel cost of sales		5,601,871	-
Outside and professional services		1,590,461	799,501
Utilities		1,747,201	-
Maintenance and supplies		1,939,017	163,508
Indirect cost allocation		400,000	49,329
Cost allocation		-	380,691
Vehicle and equipment (non-capital)		488,021	2,637,733
Insurance		532,682	-
Memberships, travel and fuels		233,649	-
Office supplies		40,572	-
Bad debt expense		23,299	-
Disaster		-	26,907
Other			45,000
Total operating expenses		39,844,675	13,180,947
Operating income (loss)		(11,359,510)	1,554,720

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 - CONTINUED -

	Enterprise Fund Department of Airports	Activities Internal Service Funds
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Passenger Facility Charges (PFC's)	4,924,707	-
Contract Facility Charges (CFC's)	2,037,968	-
Interest revenue	551,919	177,326
Intergovernmental revenues	2,738,981	-
Gain on disposal/sale of capital assets	-	564,944
Federal grant revenue - CARES Act	14,456,656	-
Other state grant revenue	63,275	-
Other, net	(522)	242,642
Interest subsidy on recovery zone economic bonds	302,257	-
Interest expense	(2,760,742)	(26,185)
Total non-operating revenues	22,314,499	958,727
Income before capital contributions and transfers	10,954,989	2,513,447
Capital contributions, net	20,003,404	-
Transfers in	-	2,562,231
Transfers out		(324,000)
Change in net position	30,958,393	4,751,678
Net Position		
Beginning of year	334,112,348	63,396,023
End of year	\$ 365,070,741	\$ 68,147,701

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Cash Flows provided by (used for) Operating Activities	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Department of Airports	Governmental Activities Internal Service Funds
Cash received for:		
Landing fees, terminal rents, and concessions leases	\$ 16,621,572	\$ -
FBO fuel sales and airline services	8,933,601	-
Vending, FBO ramp fees, hanger fees and other	1,083,679	-
Service and miscellaneous charges	-	14,572,050
Intergovernmental	-	175,493
Cash paid for:		
Personnel costs	(10,471,367)	(1,527,099)
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment	(12,698,348)	(3,133,947)
Other supplies and miscellaneous costs		(71,907)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,469,137	10,014,590
Cash Flows from Non Capital Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Non-Capital Financing Activities Receipt of Federal CARES Act	13,914,844	
Insurance settlement	63,275	
Building demolition/tree removal	(522)	_
Other nonoperating income	(022)	10,800
Transfers in	-	2,562,231
Transfers out	-	(324,000)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	13,977,597	2,249,031
Cook Flows from Conital and Polated Financing Activities		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Receipt of Passenger and Contract Facility Charges	5,787,499	
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(28,047,647)	- (10,876,260)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	(20,047,047)	636,150
Interest paid on bonds, notes and capital lease	(2,822,690)	(32,847)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	(8,865,000)	(02,047)
Receipt of federal subsidy for "RZEDB" (Series 2010B)	302,257	-
Principal payments on capital lease obligation	(57,564)	(561,983)
Receipt of intergovernmental and private grants	2,738,981	(001,000)
Proceeds from airport improvement program, TSA and State	_,,	
grants	21,770,406	-
Miscellaneous proceeds	-	231,842
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(9,193,758)	(10,603,098)

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 - CONTINUED -

	En	ess-type Activities aterprise Fund epartment of Airports	overnmental Activities ernal Service Funds
Cash flow from Investing Activities Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities		<u> </u>	 177,326
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,804,895	1,837,849
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year (of which \$58,583,201 is restricted for Airports) Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		106,369,476	 35,225,341
(of which \$57,538,227 is restricted for Airports)	\$	115,174,371	\$ 37,063,190
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$	(11,359,510)	\$ 1,554,720
cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Bad debt recovery (Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows		14,797,784 23,299	7,531,099 -
of resources: Accounts/fees receivable, net Prepaid items Inventory Deferred outflow of resources		(2,757,555) (157,776) (155,950) -	11,874 282,911 16,428 (165,839)
(Decrease) increase in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:			(100,000)
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages Compensated absences and leave Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Deferred inflows of resources Other accrued expenses		940,832 55,790 34,585 834,924 158,347 - (51,399)	597,477 7,001 (3,616) 183,161 58,690 (59,316)
Due to other funds Unearned revenue Amounts due to tenants, airlines, car rentals Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	194,524 (6,995) <u>918,237</u> <u>3,469,137</u>	\$ - - 10,014,590

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 - CONTINUED -

	En	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Department of Airports		
Reconciliation of unrestricted and restricted cash and				
cash equivalents				
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year				
Unrestricted - cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,121,643		
Unrestricted - pooled cash and investments		39,664,632		
Total unrestricted cash		47,786,275		
Restricted - cash and cash equivalents		48,149,953		
Restricted - pooled cash and investments		10,433,248		
Total restricted cash		58,583,201		
Total cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$	106,369,476		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year				
Unrestricted - cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,565,923		
Unrestricted - pooled cash and investments		12,070,221		
Total unrestricted cash		57,636,144		
Restricted - cash and cash equivalents		46,841,391		
Restricted - pooled cash and investments		10,696,836		
Total restricted cash		57,538,227		
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	115,174,371		

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 9,310,628
Pooled cash and investments	307,192,378
Receivables, net:	
Property taxes	51,665,573
Fees	1,335,425
Total assets	369,504,004
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	122,484
Due to other governments	300,743,749
Total liabilities	300,866,233
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Uncollected property taxes	51,665,573
Uncollected fees	1,335,425
	53,000,998
Net Position Restricted for individuals, organizations,	
and other governments	15,636,773
Total net position	\$ 15,636,773

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Custodial Funds
Additions	
Taxes and fees collected for other governments	\$ 338,699,050
State funding collected for other governments	385,944,590
Interest income	366,464
Miscellaneous	4,583,473
Deposits held for others	19,752,906
Total additions	749,346,483
Deductions	
	044 424 022
Payment of taxes and fees to other governments	944,421,923
Payment of debt service on behalf of others	63,000,030
Payments to others	23,323,937
Total deductions	1,030,745,890
Change in net position	(281,399,407)
Net Position, at beginning of year, as originally reported	-
Restatement per GASB 84 Implementation	
(see note 27)	297,036,180
Net Position, at beginning of year, as restated	297,036,180
Net Position, at end of year	\$ 15,636,773

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Horry County, (the "County") a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina, was incorporated in the year 1801. Horry County is located in the northeastern coastal area of South Carolina. It is bounded on the north by the North Carolina state line, east by the Atlantic Ocean, west by Dillon and Marion Counties of South Carolina, and south by Georgetown County, South Carolina. The County seat and administrative offices are located in the City of Conway, South Carolina. The County operates under a Council-Administrator form of government and is governed by a chairman and eleven council members.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The government-wide financial statements (statement of net position and statement of activities) report information on all nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements.

The County implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and Implementation Guide No. 2019-2, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of the statement and guide is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement and guide establish criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The statement and guide also provide for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. The statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

The County implemented Implementation Guide No. 2019-1, *Implementation Guidance Update-2019*. The objective of this guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB statements.

## A. Reporting Entity

Using the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, the basic financial statements of the County present the reporting entity of the County that consists of the primary government and those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Financial accountability involves either appointments of a voting majority of the separate organization's board and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the separate organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. "Blended" component units are separate entities that are, substantially, part of the primary government's operations and are combined with financial data of the primary government. "Discretely presented" component units, on the other hand, are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to indicate that they are not as closely related to the operations of the primary government. The County has two discretely presented component units and both have a June 30 fiscal year end. The County has one blended component unit and as required by GASB Statement No. 14 and No. 61, the basic financial statements include this blended unit which has a December 31 fiscal year end.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## A. Reporting Entity

The Shoreline Behavioral Health Services (formerly known as Horry County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse) ("SBHS") was created by Horry County to coordinate and provide the statemandated substance abuse prevention, intervention, treatment, and educational programs within Horry County. The Horry County Council is responsible for the appointment of all members of SBHS's governing board and fiscal control. In the event of dissolution of the Commission, all assets and liabilities would transfer to the County and the County would assume responsibility to provide these services to the citizens. The County has determined that discrete presentation is appropriate to provide a more complete cost of services provided by the County through this entity.

The Horry County Solid Waste Authority ("HCSWA") was created by Horry County Council to develop and implement the state-mandated solid waste disposal and resource recovery/recycling system for the County. The HCSWA is governed by a board appointed by the Horry County Council. The County Administrator serves as an ex-officio member of that board. Approval of the budget, all debt issuances and the legal liability for HCSWA operations remains with the County. The County has determined that discrete presentation is appropriate to provide a more complete cost of services provided by the County through this entity.

The Solicitor's Intervention Programs ("SIP") was created and is controlled by the 15<sup>th</sup> Circuit Solicitor's Office. Horry County is appointed by South Carolina Statute as the Administrative County for the 15<sup>th</sup> Circuit Solicitor's Office comprising Horry County and Georgetown County. SIP provides services mandated by Court Administration for South Carolina solely to the 15<sup>th</sup> Circuit Solicitor's Office. SIP provides individuals who made a bad choice an opportunity to redirect their lives by offering programs mandated by state law [Pretrial Intervention Program (PTI), Alcohol Education Program (AEP), Traffic Education Program (TEP), Juvenile Diversion Program (JDP), and Juvenile Arbitration Program (DJJ)] and services available only through the 15th Judicial Circuit [Alcohol Drug Education Class, Adult CHANGE Program (Choose Healthy Attitudes and New Growth Experiences), Juvenile CHANGE Program (Choose Healthy Attitudes and New Growth Experiences)]. The Solicitor's Intervention Programs also administers restitution for the Horry County Drug Court and Victim Witness Assistance Program. During the calendar year 2015 SIP added two new programs. Community Service Dollars for Charity provides clients with the opportunity to donate dollars to charity in lieu of service hours. The EPIC Program offers defensive driving classes Educating People in Choices.

Complete financial statements for SBHS, HCSWA and SIP may be obtained at their respective administrative offices:

Shoreline Behavioral Health Services 2404 Wise Road Conway, South Carolina 29526

Horry County Solid Waste Authority Finance Department Post Office Box 1664 Conway, South Carolina 29528

Solicitor's Intervention Programs 1601 11<sup>th</sup> Avenue Conway, SC 29526

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## B. Basis of Presentation

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> - The Government-Wide financial statements consist of a statement of net position and a statement of activities and reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government as a whole. Separate columns are used to distinguish between the County's governmental, business-type activities and discretely presented component units. Governmental activities are generally those activities financed by taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are usually reported in the governmental funds.

Business-type activities are those activities which are financed in whole or in part by user fees charged to external parties for goods and services. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the County using the following format: assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources equals net position. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues and reflects the "net (expenses) revenue" of the County's individual functions before applying "general" revenues. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, and thus reducing the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. Such revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. All revenues are general revenues unless they are required to be reported as program revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, blended component unit, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with non-major funds being aggregated and displayed in a single column displayed as "other."

The County reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund, General Improvement Capital Projects, Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE II), Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE III), and American Rescue Plan Act of 2021. The County reports the Department of Airports as a major proprietary fund.

A combining schedule of "other" non-major funds is presented separately as part of other financial information. Because of the basis of accounting and reporting differences, summary reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are presented at the end of each applicable fund financial statement.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## B. Basis of Presentation

A summary of fund financial statement types follows:

## Governmental Fund Types

**General Fund -** The General Fund is a major fund and the primary operating fund of the County and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Revenue Funds** - Special revenue funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds consist of the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 fund, which is a major fund and the following non-major funds: Fire, E-911, Victim Witness Assistance, Solicitor, Public Defender, Road Maintenance & CTC, Beach Renourishment, Recreation, Waste Management Recycling, Stormwater Management, Watershed, Mt. Gilead, Socastee Recreation, Arcadian Shores, Higher Education, Horry-Georgetown Technical College (HGTC), Senior Citizen, Economic Development, , Multi-County Business Park Rollback, Tourism and Promotion, Admissions Tax, Baseball Stadium, 1.5% Hospitality Fee, Conway Library Endowment, Grants, and CDBG Grant Program.

**Capital Projects Funds** - Capital projects funds account for the financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by the proprietary funds). Capital projects funds consist of the General Improvement, Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund (RIDE II) and Capital Projects Sales Tax (RIDE III), which are major funds and the Fire Apparatus Replacement Fund, Voluntary Developer Contributions Fund and the 1.5% Hospitality Capital Projects Fund which are non-major funds. The Capital Projects Sales Tax Funds-Ride II and III account for the one cent increase in sales tax legally restricted for infrastructure improvements. The Fire Apparatus Replacement Fund accounts for providing fire apparatus equipment from taxes levied in the unincorporated areas of Horry County and the Voluntary Developer Contributions Fund accounts for the donations made by developers for specific land improvements or other designated capital uses. The 1.5% Hospitality Capital Projects Fund (formerly called RIDE I Hospitality) will use the 1.5% hospitality fee for the continued development of roads and other major capital projects within the County.

**Debt Service Funds -** Debt service funds account for the financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principal on certain general long-term debt of the County, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. The non-major debt service funds consist of the General Debt Service Fund and the RIDE Program Debt Service Fund. The RIDE Program Debt Service Fund, accounts for the funds accumulated for, and payment of principal, insured and uninsured portions, interest, and fees on intergovernmental loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank for the Horry County Road Improvement Development Efforts (RIDE) projects.

## Proprietary Fund Types

**Enterprise Funds -** Enterprise funds account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## B. Basis of Presentation

other purposes. The Department of Airports Fund, a major Enterprise Fund, accounts for revenue and expenses for the operations of the Conway-Horry County Airport (HYW), Twin City Airport (5J9), Grand Strand Airport (CRE), and Myrtle Beach Aviation (FBO) general aviation airports, as well as the Myrtle Beach International Airport (MYR).

**Internal Service Fund** - Internal Service Funds account for operations that provide goods and services to other internal departments or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's internal service funds are Fleet Services and Communications. The Fleet Service Fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of all County vehicles including heavy and light equipment. The Communications Fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of portable radios as well as operation of the countywide digital P-25 communications system.

**Fiduciary Fund Type -** Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is comprised of four fund types: three of which are only used to report activities of which assets are the subject of a legal trust or an equivalent agreement, and the fourth, custodial funds, which are not trusted agreements. The trusted fiduciary fund types are pension and other employee benefit trust funds, investment trust funds, and private-purpose trust funds. The County only reports custodial funds within the fiduciary fund type.

Custodial funds, previously known as agency funds, account for the resources received and held by the County in a fiduciary capacity for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore, are not available to support the County's own programs. Disbursements are made in accordance with the agreement or applicable legislative enactment for each particular fund.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> - For the government-wide financial statements, the accounts of the discretely presented component units SBHS and HCSWA are presented under the same basis of accounting as an enterprise fund, as described above.

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, expenses, and transfers – and assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources - are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Under GASB Statement No. 34, the government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Custodial funds, which are the only fiduciary funds of the County are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. As a general rule, revenues and expenses are recorded when transactions occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met. Additionally, the effects of interfund activities are eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for amounts due between the County's governmental activities and business-type activities. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be identified and

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

## C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

"available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, and hospitality fees. Revenues from state and federal grants are recorded when expenditures are incurred.

Entitlements and shared revenues are recognized at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Interest revenue is considered available when earned. Major revenues that are determined not to be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable include fees and fines (except hospitality fees), licenses and permits.

All proprietary funds and the discretely presented component units are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, the accrual basis of accounting is utilized, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position by distinguishing operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

## <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation and amortization expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts, signatory airline rebates or surcharges, other postemployment benefit cost, pension liability, compensated absences, and certain claims and judgment liabilities (e.g., rebatable arbitrage), among other accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

## Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments

Cash includes currency on hand, demand deposits with financial institutions and other accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits, in that, additional funds may be deposited any time and withdrawn without prior notice or penalty.

The County pools the cash of substantially all funds into an internal cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds with the exceptions of the school district portion of the Fiduciary fund which has its own cash and investment pool, the one cent capital project sales tax, and ARPA where legal restrictions prohibit the commingling of funds. Allocation of interest earned is made to each fund based on pro rata equity with the exceptions of school district, capital project sales tax and ARPA, which earn interest on its actual investments. Each individual fund's portion of the pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "pooled cash and investments."

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

The County's Department of Airports Enterprise Fund and the discretely presented component units, SBHS and HCSWA, maintain separate cash and investment accounts, generally in the form of cash in-the bank, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, cash equivalents are deposit accounts (including restricted assets other than deposits with other agencies) with an original maturity of three months or less from date of purchase, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

#### Investments

Investments are reported at fair value. Fair value is the amount reasonably expected to be received for an investment in a current sale between a willing buyer and a willing seller. Certificates of deposits and money market funds are valued at the amount held on deposit, and investment income is received and recognized at maturity date. U.S. Government Agencies Securities are valued based on published market prices and quotations from national security exchanges and securities pricing services. Investment purchases and sales are recorded as of the trade date. Dividend income is recognized on the ex-dividend date. Other investment income is recognized when earned. The State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool shares are valued at fair value which is the same as the value of the pooled shares, and investment income is received and recognized on a consistent periodic basis. Net appreciation (depreciation) is determined by calculating the change in the fair value of investments between the beginning of the year and the end of the year, less purchases of investments at cost, plus sales of investments at fair value. Investment expenses consist of external expenses directly related to the County's investment operations.

The fair value of the County and HCSWA's position in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (SCLGIP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. The SCLGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State Treasurer is responsible for oversight of the SCLGIP.

## Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated net of their allowance for uncollectible amounts. Receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals that are recognized when they become measurable and available as previously defined.

Property taxes receivable represents delinquent and unpaid real and personal property tax billings less an allowance for amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

## Due from Other Governments

Receivables from State, Federal, or other local governmental agencies are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

#### Inventories and Prepaid Items

For the primary government, inventories of supplies are valued and reported at cost using the firstin, first-out method, and inventories held for resale are reported at the lower of cost or market. Inventories are measured at the average cost method for the discretely presented component unit, HCSWA.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

Inventories in the general fund consist of tile used for subsurface drains (supplies); maintenance and cleaning items (supplies) and gift shop items at the Horry County Museum and at the L. W. Paul Living History Farm (held for resale). The cost of the inventory item is recorded as an expenditure at the time the items are consumed or sold. Inventories in the Road Maintenance/CTC Special Revenue fund are construction materials held for construction.

Inventories in the Department of Airports Enterprise Fund consist primarily of aviation gas, jet fuels, supplies, and parts held for consumption, and are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out, (FIFO) method, or market. Accordingly, the cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventory items are purchased and then expended as the supplies and parts are consumed or sold (consumption method).

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as an expenditure or expense at the time they are consumed.

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditure or expense in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense in the fund that is reimbursed.

#### Lease Receivable

Lease receivable represents a contract which conveys the right to use an asset to another entity and is accounted for at the present value of the payments that will be received from the lessee over the lease term. A deferred inflow of resources concurrent with the lease receivable is reported, and the deferred inflow is recognized as revenue over the lease term.

#### **Restricted Assets**

Restricted assets include monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements. In the enterprise fund, restricted assets are derived from certain grants, bonds, and contract ordinances.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When the Airport incurs an expense that may be paid from unrestricted or restricted funds, the Airport first uses restricted funds as allowed by legal or contractual requirements.

## Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the County as those assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County has chosen the modified approach of accounting for infrastructure under GASB Statement No. 34. Under the modified approach, infrastructure is treated as an inexhaustible capital asset, thereby eliminating the need for depreciation accounting. The County must demonstrate that they are maintaining networks or subsystems of infrastructure assets at a selected condition level to qualify to use the modified approach. All acquired capital assets are valued at actual or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets received prior to June 30, 2015 are recorded at their fair market values or appraised value on the date donated. Donated capital assets received after June 30, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Public domain (infrastructure)

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

capital assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) have been capitalized using actual and estimated historical costs of major general infrastructure assets that were acquired or significantly reconstructed, or that received significant improvements in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows: land improvements and easements (including parking lots), 20-40 years; buildings, 10-40 years; runways, taxiways and rehabilitations, 30-40 years; vehicles, machinery and equipment, 3-15 years. The County's discretely presented component units' capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of HCSWA's Subtitle D landfill is calculated based on the percent of the landfill's capacity used times its cost.

#### Intangible Assets & Amortization

Intangible assets lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Expenditures associated with an intangible asset are capitalized when placed into operation and the existing guidance for depreciating capital assets applies to amortizing intangible assets with finite lives. The amortization period and method is reviewed at least annually.

#### Capitalization of Interest

Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset being constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. With regard to assets acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense on the tax-exempt debt with interest earned on invested proceeds from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project. With regard to assets not acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the product of the average accumulated expenditures during the year for such assets and the weighted average interest rate on borrowings and is limited to the sum of interest expense on the tax-exempt debt not previously capitalized and all other interest expense. Interest is not capitalized on assets acquired or constructed with gifts and grants (contributed capital) that are restricted by the donor or grantor to acquisition of those assets to the extent that funds are available from such grants and gifts.

#### Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

GASB Statement No. 63 requires that in addition to Assets, Liabilities, and Net Position, the Statement of Net Position provides separate sections for deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources until then. GASB 75 replaces the requirements of GASB 45. GASB 75 requires local government employers to recognize the total OPEB liability and expense, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The County has multiple items which are classified as deferred outflows reported on the government-wide statement of net position. The classifications are deferred charge on refunding and various pension, and OPEB accounts.

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources until that time. The County has multiple items which are classified as deferred inflows reported on the government-wide statement of net position.

The classifications are present value of payments under service concession arrangements and various pension and OPEB accounts. Unavailable revenue is reported as deferred inflows under the modified accrual method on the governmental funds balance sheet from three revenue sources: property taxes, fees, and other.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note. 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

#### Debt Premiums and Discounts

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position, debt premiums and discounts are netted against bonds payable. On the government-wide and proprietary fund type statement of activities, unamortized debt premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method which approximates the interest method. At the government fund reporting level, debt premiums and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses, separately from the face amount of the debt issued.

#### Service Concession Arrangement

Horry County follows the accounting and financial reporting guidance from GASB Statement No. 60 for service concession arrangements (SCA). Horry County evaluates concession contracts against the criteria set forth in the standard and recognizes any service concession arrangements, associated liabilities, and unearned revenues on the Statement of Net Position. The Airport reports a deferred inflow associated with the present value of payments under the service concession arrangement that is amortized over the life of the arrangement using the straight line method.

### Compensated Absences and Leave

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements record an expense and a liability when employees earn compensated absence credits. Governmental fund financial statements record a liability for compensated absences payable at June 30 only if the liability has matured but has not yet been paid at that date (for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements).

#### Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations (including post-employment benefit obligations, compensated absences and leave, and net pension obligation) are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Long-term debt represents unmatured principal of general, special obligation and revenue bond indebtedness. Other long-term obligations represent outstanding net present value portions due on capital lease obligations, long-term contracts using actual or imputed interest rates and long-term portions of claims or judgments including rebatable arbitrage. Liabilities arising from interfund activities do not constitute general long-term liabilities.

## Net Position & Fund Balance - Flow Assumptions & Policies

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position, "net position" is comprised of the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses, and contributions of capital. Net position is classified into three components. The first component is net investment in capital assets, consisting of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction, and improvement of those assets. Debt related to unspent proceeds or other restricted cash and investments is excluded from the determinations. The second component is restricted net position, which consists of line items for which constraints are placed thereon by external parties, such as lenders, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, and enabling legislation, including the entity's self-imposed legal mandates. The final component is unrestricted net position, which consists of all other net assets not included in the above categories.

The County's financial policy (Section 2-7-05) requires the following actions for fund balance classifications as "restricted", "committed" or "assigned" in the fund financial statements:

(a) Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (i.e.: grants, creditors), constitutionally, or through enabling legislation (i.e.: legislation that creates a new revenue source and restricts its use).

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

These restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

(b) Committed - amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of County Council. Such commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (i.e., use of fund balance to fund subsequent year's budgeted expenditures). Amounts classified as "committed" will be so designated by Council Resolution, and can only be changed by the same action that initially authorized them, unless that authorizing document states otherwise.

(c) Assigned - amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes. County Council delegates the authority to classify fund balance as "assigned" to the County Administrator and his/her designee, within the Finance Department, per County's financial policy. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

With the implementation of GASB 54, other fund balance classifications could be non-spendable, which represents an amount that is legally or contractually required and cannot be spent, or unassigned, which represents amounts not included in the other fund balance categories.

The policy for the order of expenditure of funds by fund balance classification as they become available for spending is as follows: Future qualifying expenditures will first reduce the amount of fund balance classified as restricted, followed by the reduction of unrestricted fund balance starting first with "committed", then "assigned", then "unassigned" as applicable when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount.

The County's stabilization policy includes a cash management reserve, revenue stabilization reserve, and disaster reserve.

A cash management reserve is to be maintained in the general fund, the fire fund, the waste management fund, the recreation fund, and the stormwater fund. The cash management reserve is shown as a part of the restricted fund balance in the fire fund, recreation fund and stormwater fund. Since this policy is approved by county council ordinance, the council authorizes the cash management reserve which is not categorized as restricted to be classified as "committed" fund balance. The cash management reserve shall be sufficient to allow the county to avoid short-term borrowing at all times in the fiscal year. Use of the cash management reserve shall require approval by a super-majority of seventy-five (75) percent of county council through ordinance. The cash management reserve should be maintained at eighteen (18) percent of the fund's next year budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources. In the event that the cash management reserve is spent, the reserve shall be reestablished within three (3) fiscal years.

A revenue stabilization reserve is to be maintained in the general fund, the fire fund, the waste management fund, recreation fund, and the stormwater fund. The revenue stabilization reserve is shown as a part of the restricted fund balance in the fire fund, waste management fund, recreation fund and stormwater fund. Since this policy is approved by county council ordinance, the council authorizes the revenue stabilization reserve which is not categorized as restricted to be classified as "committed" fund balance. The revenue stabilization reserve can be spent in the event that actual revenues collected have a negative variance greater than two (2) percent of the budget revenue estimate. Use of the revenue stabilization reserve requires approval by council resolution, but may not be used to balance a subsequent year's budget.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

## Net Position & Fund Balance - Flow Assumptions & Policies, continued

The revenue stabilization reserve should be maintained at two (2) percent of the fund's next year budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources. In the event that the fiscal stabilization reserve is spent, the following must be followed to replenish the reserve balance:

- 1. Withdrawals up to twenty-five (25) percent of the reserve shall be restored within one (1) fiscal year;
- 2. Withdrawals of twenty-five (25) percent of the reserve up to fifty (50) percent of the reserve shall be restored within two (2) fiscal years;
- 3. Withdrawals of fifty (50) percent of the reserve up to seventy-five (75) percent of the reserve shall be restored within three (3) fiscal years;
- 4. Withdrawals of seventy-five (75) percent of the reserve up to one hundred (100) percent of the reserve shall be restored within four (4) fiscal years.

A disaster reserve is to be maintained in the general fund, the fire fund, the waste management fund, the recreation fund, and the stormwater fund. The disaster reserve is shown as a part of the restricted fund balance in the fire fund, recreation fund and stormwater fund. Since this policy is approved by county council ordinance, the council authorizes the revenue stabilization reserve which is not categorized as restricted to be classified as "committed" fund balance. The disaster reserve can be spent under extreme exigent circumstances when unexpected expenditures are required in excess of the budgeted expenditures in order to provide for the health, safety and/or welfare of the county. Use of the disaster reserve is most likely to occur in the event of a natural disaster such as a hurricane, earthquake, terrorism, pandemic, or other extraordinary event. Use of the disaster reserve requires approval by council resolution.

The disaster reserve should be maintained at five (5) percent of the fund's next year budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources. In the event that the disaster reserve is spent, the following must be followed to replenish the reserve balance:

- 1. Withdrawals up to twenty-five (25) percent of the reserve shall be restored within two (2) fiscal years;
- 2. Withdrawals of twenty-five (25) percent of the reserve up to fifty (50) percent of the reserve shall be restored within four (4) fiscal years;
- 3. Withdrawals of fifty (50) percent of the reserve up to seventy-five (75) percent of the reserve shall be restored within six (6) fiscal years;
- 4. Withdrawals of seventy-five (75) percent of the reserve up to one hundred (100) percent of the reserve shall be restored within eight (8) fiscal years.

The County's minimum fund balance policy states that all governmental funds responsible for the payment of debt service must maintain within fund balance an amount equal to at least 50% of the next year's debt service amount and this policy, approved by County Council Ordinance, authorizes this amount which is not categorized as "restricted" to be classified as "committed" fund balance.

This requirement applies to the General Debt Service Fund and Fire Fund. The Airport Enterprise Fund will maintain reserves at levels that comply with the applicable regulatory requirements such as bond covenants and requirements of various funding sources.

On April 17, 2020 County Council approved by Resolution 39-2020 to commit \$10,000,000 of unassigned General Fund balance for the purpose of designating funds as a debris reserve in order to reduce the amount of debt needed for debris expenditures occurring as a result of a disaster.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

### Non-exchange Transactions, Contributed Capital and Transfers

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange *Transactions*, deeded properties and Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of non-operating grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment have been recorded after non-operating revenue as required by GASB Statement No. 34. Grants and fees that are considered program-related are recognized as operating revenue. The Department of Airports Enterprise Fund is a recipient of certain Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grants. These capital cost-reimbursed grants have been recognized as non-operating capital contributions. The Airport receives TSA Security Operations grants which are recognized as operating revenues. The County and Airport have received grant funds from the South Carolina Department of Transportation ("SCDOT") for road improvements.

#### Passenger Facility Charges

Passenger Facility Charges ("PFC") collected pursuant to Federal FAA regulations from enplaned passengers via airlines' remittances are restricted for future construction, capitalization, and related debt services of the Airport as approved by the FAA. In 2010, the FAA approved application #10-04-C-00-MYR in the amount of \$104,020,700 to fund the Terminal Capacity Enhancement Program (TCEP). The Airport was authorized to impose a PFC of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger and to utilize PFC on construction cost in the amount of \$19,000,000 and debt service related expenditures of \$85,020,700. In August 2019, the FAA approved application #19-05-C-00-MYR in the amount of \$7,862,375 to fund the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Taxiway A and Baggage Make-up area improvements. The Airport was authorized to impose a PFC of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger and to utilize PFC on Taxiway A reconstruction in the amount of \$4,861,497 and baggage make-up improvements of \$3,000,878. In July 2020, the FAA approved application #20-06-C-00-MYR for the RPZ Land Acquisition project in the amount of \$4,912,422. The Airport was authorized to impose a PFC of \$4.50 per enplaned passenger to utilize the PFC for Land Acquisition for Runway 36 Approach Protection in the amount of \$4,912,442.

#### Contract Facility Charges

Contract Facility Charges ("CFC") collected pursuant to certain agreements on automobile rentals, are restricted for future construction projects related to automobile rental tenants.

#### Lease Accounting – Department of Airports

The revenue from terminal building space rentals and other leased sites is accounted for under the operating lease method. Base monthly rentals are computed on the square footage occupied by the tenant times the rent per square foot, which varies with each tenant. Tenant leases are normally for periods of three to five years with options to renew; however, lease terms provide for early termination by either party with a 30-day notification. Annual rent increases are primarily based on annual increases in the Consumer Price Index, where applicable.

In addition, lease revenues from air carriers are based on certain compensatory "signatory" and "nonsignatory" airline lease and use agreements which are subject to annual rate negotiations. Lease costs, if material, are deferred and amortized to expense over the life of the lease.

#### Leased Property Under Capital Lease

Leased property under capital leases is depreciated using the straight-line method over the term of the lease. Leases are deemed to be capital leases if they meet the criteria as defined in the FASB Codification.

## Property Taxes

The County assesses and levies property taxes in accordance with applicable laws of the State of South Carolina. Real property and personal property owned and used in the County, except that

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

# D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

which is exempt from taxation under the Constitution and Laws of the State, is subject to taxation. An annual ordinance establishing the millage rate associated with the levy is adopted each year as a part of the budget process.

Real property and all personal property other than vehicles are assessed for property tax purposes as of December 31 of each year. The basis for value of taxable real property within the County is taken from the records of the County Assessor. Taxes are levied by the County Auditor as of January 1, billed in October, and are due by January 15 in the year following their levy. Tax billings are considered delinquent after the due date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and interest and penalties are assessed.

New vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied by the County Auditor within 120 days of the registration date of the vehicle and payment is due upon receipt of the property tax notice. Other vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied in the month the vehicle is scheduled for license renewal with the South Carolina Department of Transportation and payment is due before the end of the month of the scheduled renewal. County property tax revenues are recognized at the time of levy for the budget period to which they apply. Delinquent and unpaid property taxes are reported as receivables, less amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

## Cost Allocation - Indirect

The County records interdepartmental cost allocations designed to redistribute general fund operating expenditures to other governmental and proprietary funds. These allocations are based upon cost allocation plans prepared in accordance with United States Office of Management and Budget requirements and include an estimate of allocable costs based upon the cost allocation plan.

#### Future Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting For Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*, the discretely presented component unit, HCSWA, recognizes expenses for landfill closure and postclosure care costs over the life of the landfill's operation in proportion to the usage of the landfill's total capacity. Federal and state regulations related to landfill closure procedures are comprehensive and require postclosure care and monitoring for a period extending thirty (30) years after closure.

#### Net Pension Liability

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 the County reports its share of the State of South Carolina's net pension liability.

#### Net OPEB liability

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions*, the County reports its total OPEB liability and expense, along with the related deferred outflows and inflows of resources.

## E. Reclassification

Certain items in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

## F. Subsequent events

In preparing these financial statements, the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 21, 2021, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

## A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual appropriated legal-based budgets are adopted by County Council for governmental fund types including the general, special revenue and debt service funds. General Improvement Capital Projects Fund and Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund (RIDE II and RIDE III) adopted project-length budgets. Budgetary comparisons to actual of the general fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information.

Capital Projects project-length budget comparisons are presented following individual fund-level schedules. Additionally, budgetary controls are maintained for certain proprietary fund types. For example, annual operating and capital budgets are prepared for the Department of Airports, Fleet Services, and Communications for fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, which were approved and adopted by County Council. However, budgetary comparisons to actual for proprietary fund types are not required to be presented in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Prior to July 1 of each year, the budget is legally enacted by the passage of an ordinance. The ordained budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The County's budget serves as an approved plan to facilitate financial control and operational evaluation. Additional budget appropriations must be approved by County Council at the fund level of expenditures. The County Administrator, Assistant County Administrators, or his/her designee are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments when deemed necessary and upon request from the department head. Total expenditures in any one of the governmental fund types may not exceed the original ordained budgeted amount for that fund without prior amendment by County Council.

Accordingly, formal budgetary integration is employed at the fund-level as a management control device during the year.

At fiscal year-end, June 30, 2021, any funds budgeted for the following purposes which have not been expended shall reflect as a commitment of fund balance in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and shall be brought forward in the fiscal year 2022 as budgeted fund balance and not represented in the approved revenue and expenditure budget amounts. This automatic re-budgeting shall not require a supplemental budget ordinance and shall be limited to the amount available above the required fund balance for the previous fiscal year: funds budgeted for Capital Improvement Projects; Road Maintenance local road improvements; Capital Project Sales Tax projects; SCOOT Annual Work Plan; County Council expense accounts and community benefit funds; Grants or donations; Stormwater capital projects, chemicals, and contract spraying; Berm Height Study and Singleton Swash Capital Project; Maintenance Life Cycle Program; ongoing in-house maintenance projects, Recreation capital improvements; capital items authorized by purchase order or contract but not received; accommodations tax funds approved by the Accommodations Tax Committee and County Council; ongoing capital projects at the baseball stadium; County paid parking program; Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation (MBREDC); Coast RTA capital funding; abandoned property demolition funding; disaster expenditures funded in a prior year; infrastructure improvements in admission tax districts; spoil basin maintenance and legal expenses related therein; expenditures related to traffic lights; Public Works drainage, asphalt, and construction; heavy equipment replacement: infrastructure improvements in the Multi-County Business Park Rollback Fund; Solicitor and Public Defender Circuit Offices; Fire Apparatus Replacement; Prisoner Canteen proceeds; Department of Social Service incentives; home detention; Museum gift shop net revenues; employee benefit funds authorized under Section 19: funds designated for insurance risk retention: amounts reserved for maintenance and capital in Internal Service Funds; amounts appropriated or reserved for maintenance and capital in Watershed Levy Districts and Arcadian Shores, Mt. Gilead, and RiverGrand Special Tax Districts; Grant Match funding; funds designated for Tax Year 2024 Reassessment; funds designated for redistricting from the 2020 Census; funds designated for onetime costs associated with new employee positions; department fuel savings can be designated for additional Fleet Replacement Program if underfunded, funds designated for Impact Fee Study; Forfeited Land Commission revenues; and Library park pass fees.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability, continued

## B. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, outstanding purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for unperformed contracts and goods and services are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation in the governmental fund types. At year-end, encumbrances are carried forward and are reported within the category of restricted fund balance if the encumbrance will be relieved by grant funds or other external restricted funds or as committed fund balance. Resources to liquidate encumbrances are existing for all governmental funds with the exception of the Community Development Block Grant Program Special Revenue Fund (CDBG). Resources to liquidate encumbrances for CDBG are measureable but not available at June 30, 2021. Details of significant encumbrances are included in Note 18 Commitments and Contingencies.

## Note 3. Deposits and Investments

## A. Deposits

State Statute authorizes the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; (2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units provided such obligations are rated as an "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Corporation or their respective successors; (3) interest bearing accounts in financial institutions to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the Federal government; (4) certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described above, held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest, provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; (5) or deposit accounts with banking institutions insured and secured in the same manner. The Statutes provide that all authorized investments shall have maturities consistent with the time or times when the invested monies will be needed in cash.

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposit in banks and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. Essentially all deposits under the control of the County Treasurer are fully insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2021, the reported amount of the County's deposits was \$140.9 million and the bank balance was \$146.8 million. The \$ 146.8 million bank balance was covered by federal depository insurance or subsequently collateralized with securities held by the counterparty's trust department, line of credit, or agent in the County's name.

## **B.** Investments

## Investment Policy

All of the County's investments are presented at fair value. Securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest income earned.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 3. Deposits and Investments, continued

#### **B.** Investments

Investment Policy, continued

At June 30, 2021, the County had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities									
	(amounts shown in thousands)									
				Three	٦	Three to				
		months				twelve	Μ	ore than		
Investment Type	Fair Value		or less		months		one year			
Certificates of Deposit	\$	3,193	\$	3,184	\$	6	\$	3		
Money Market funds		69,991		69,991		-		-		
U.S. Government Agencies Securities		542,798		418,006		81,140		43,652		
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool		411,475		411,475		-		-		
Total investments held in the County's name	\$	1,027,457	\$	902,656	\$	81,146	\$	43,655		

The County's investments measured and reported at fair value are classified according to the following hierarchy:

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk. Money market mutual funds classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor.

			Fair Value Measurements Using (amounts shown in thousands)				
	Jur	e <u>30, 2021</u>	Quoted Prices Significa in Active Other Markets for Observab Identical Assets Inputs (Level 1) (Level 2				
Investments by Fair Value Level							
Certificates of Deposits	\$	3,193	\$	3,193	\$	-	
Money Market Funds		69,991		69,991		-	
U.S. Government Agencies Securities		542,798		-		542,798	
Total Investments by Fair Value Level		615,982	\$	73,184	\$	542,798	

Investments Measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV)

State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool	411,475
Total Investments at the NAV	411,475
Total Investments held in the County's name	\$ 1,027,457

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 3. Deposits and Investments, continued

### B. Investments

The South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool") investments are invested with the South Carolina State Treasurer's Office, which established the South Carolina Pool pursuant to Section 6-6-10 of the South Carolina Code. The Pool is an investment trust fund, in which public monies in excess of current needs, which are under the custody of any county treasurer or any governing body of a political subdivision of the State, may be deposited. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools", investments are carried at fair value determined annually based upon quoted market prices for identical or similar investments. The total fair value of the Pool is apportioned to the entities with funds invested on an equal basis for each share owned, which are acquired at a cost of \$1.00. Funds may be deposited by Pool participants at any time and may be withdrawn upon 24 hours' notice. Financial statements for the Pool may be obtained by writing the Office of State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1950.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Essentially all of the primary government's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized with U.S. Government Securities. The County's policy with respect to custodial credit risk is that all of the County's investments must be insured or subsequently collateralized.

#### Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2021, the County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies Securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors. Statues also allow the State Treasurer to assist local governments in investing funds. The State Treasurer also provides oversight for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which is unrated, of which; the fair value of the County's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. The County's investment in the money market fund, repurchase agreement, and certificate of deposit are also unrated. Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County's credit risk policy to mitigate the potential for loss of principal is to purchase only high investment grade fixed-income securities. The County's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Securities and are not subject to credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's respective maturity dates are as noted above. The County does not have a policy with respect to interest rate risk.

#### Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The County does not have a policy for reducing this risk to any single issuer. As of June 30, 2021, the County had 25.4% of its investments invested with First Citizens, 40.1% with the State of S.C. Treasurer's investment pool and 27.5% with Synovus. The County does not invest in foreign securities or have transactions with foreign currency, and as a result does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 3. Deposits and Investments, continued Component Units HCSWA:

#### A. Deposits

At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the HCSWA's total cash deposits was \$4,323,147 with corresponding bank balances of \$4,410,670. Of that balance, \$250,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$4,160,670 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the HCSWA's name. At year end, petty cash on hand totaled \$1,850.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HCSWA's deposits may not be returned to it. The HCSWA's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires all deposits in excess of federal depository insurance to be collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the HCSWA's name.

#### **B.** Investments

At June 30, 2021, fair value measurements of the HCSWA's investments are as follows:

Net Asset Value			Level 1 Inputs	Total				
Repurchase Agreement	\$	-	\$30,478,579	\$30,478,579				
Local Government Investment Pool	10,291,452			10,291,452				
	\$10,29	1,452	\$30,478,579	\$40,770,031				

Fair Value Measurements Using

The HCSWA does not have a formal investment policy that (a) limits its investment choices based on investment credit ratings, (b) limits the amount it may invest in any one investment issuer or (c) limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## C. Designated Cash

In accordance with formal resolutions of the HCSWA's Board of Directors, cash, cash equivalents and investments have been designated for the following purposes at June 30, 2021 and are not considered to be available to pay for operating expenses:

Landfill Closure Costs	\$ 10,338,947
Landfill Postclosure Care Costs	11,477,918
Equipment Replacement	6,597,732
Construction	5,026,075
MRF Contingency	94,682
OPEB Obligation	2,416,143
Waste Diversion	534,070
	\$ 36,485,567

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 3. Deposits and Investments, continued

Component Units, continued SBHS:

## A. Deposits

It is the Commission's policy for deposits to be fully secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Insurance (FDIC).

Shoreline is exposed to certain custodial credit risks from the use of local financial institutions for its depository accounts. At June 30, 2021 a total of \$5,630,606 was on deposit with local institutions in the name of Shoreline. These deposits are covered by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per institution. Any deposits in excess of FDIC limits are collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in Shoreline's name. Shoreline did not recognize any losses due to default by counterparties relating to depository relationships.

#### B. Investments (amounts shown in thousands)

SBHS does not have policies with respect to credit rate risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk or foreign currency risk. At June 30, 2021, SBHS had no investments.

A reconciliation of deposits and investments to cash and cash equivalents shown on the governmentwide, fiduciary financial statements and discretely presented component units (SBHS and HCSWA) is as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
	Primary		Fiduciary Fund						Presented		
	Go	vernment	С	ustodial	Total		SBHS		H	CSWA	
Cash on hand	\$	31	\$	-	\$	31	\$	-	\$	2	
Carrying amount of deposits:											
Cash and cash equivalents		94,344		9,311		103,655		5,302		4,323	
Pooled cash		30,842		6,466		37,308		-		-	
Carrying amount of investments		726,731		300,726		1,027,457		-		40,770	
Totals	\$	851,948	\$	316,503	\$	1,168,451	\$	5,302	\$	45,095	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	47,309	\$	9,311	\$	56,620	\$	3,125	\$	4,325	
Pooled cash and investments		47,380		300,583		347,963		-		-	
Investments		629,793		6,610		636,402		-		40,770	
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		47,066		-		47,066		2,177		-	
Pooled cash & investments- restricted		10,697		-		10,697		-		-	
Restricted funds - investments		69,703		-		69,703		-		-	
Totals	\$	851,948	\$	316,503	\$	1,168,451	\$	5,302	\$	45,095	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 4. Receivables

Receivables for the primary government, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)								
		ernmental ctivities		ness-type ctivity		Totals			
Property taxes	\$	20,453	\$	-	\$	20,453			
Less, allowance for uncollectibles and									
amounts not available for current period		(16,246)		-		(16,246)			
Net property taxes		4,207		-		4,207			
Accounts and other									
Other		3,337		5,143		8,480			
EMS billings		17,038		-		17,038			
Less, allowance for uncollectibles		(13,950)		(182)		(14,132)			
Net accounts and other		6,425		4,961		11,386			
Fees									
Road fees		2,946		-		2,946			
Hospitality fees		3,859		-		3,859			
Stormwater Management fees		303		-		303			
Other fees		1,589		-		1,589			
Less Allowance for uncollectibles		(1,671)		-		(1,671)			
Net fees		7,026		-		7,026			
Total receivables, net	\$	17,658	\$	4,961	\$	22,619			

Property taxes receivable include delinquent and unpaid taxes, penalties and interest, if applicable, and is reported in the accompanying financial statements of the primary government.

Governmental activities accounts receivable include amounts owed to the County as a result of magistrates court, clerk of court fines and assessments, and billings relating to emergency medical transportation. Fees receivable include local accommodations tax, hospitality fees, road maintenance, stormwater management, fee-in-lieu of taxes and E911 fees.

Business-type Activity includes the Department of Airports current accounts receivable for airfield landing fees, leased sites, terminal building and parking, FBO sales and airport services.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 4. Receivables, continued

## Lease receivable

During September 2013, the County (lessor) and an unrelated third party (lessee) entered into a lease agreement with an option to purchase a building and land; providing the lessee is not in default under lease, performance or any fee-in-leu of tax (FILOT) agreement. On or around the same time, these parties entered into a performance and FILOT agreement to aid the lessee in the relocation of its manufacturing business to Horry County. The terms of the lease agreement are for a period of 12 years with an annual base rent of \$100 due for the first 2 years and annual base rent of \$300,000 due the third and following years. During the initial months and years of the agreement, the initial lessee was not current on lease and FILOT payment. The initial lessee was purchased and lease assigned to the new owner with County consent. The new owner satisfied the current lease and FILOT obligation at the time of purchase but subsequently disputed the FILOT billing and considered relocation due to general economic conditions. The County, therefore, accounted for this lease as an operating lease until certainty as to intent to fulfill the lease term was demonstrated by the lessee.

In August 2021, the lessee entered into a performance agreement including additional financial incentive to expand its existing operations with a commitment to retain jobs and operate the facility beyond the existing lease term. In compliance with GASB 62 lease accounting, the County's fund financial statements recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources and the Government-wide statements reflect a lease receivable and a sale of the associated assets. The present value of minimum lease payments is computed at the incremental borrowing rate of 1.5%. The table below provides a summary of the transaction reflected in the fiscal year 2021 statements:

Land	\$	79,396
Building, net of accumulated depreciation		2,333,480
		2,412,876
Economic Development expense		(922,312)
Net basis of assets sold	\$	1,490,564
Sales price of land and building	\$	1,490,564
Net basis of assets sold		(1,490,564)
Gain or loss of assets sold	\$	-
Lease receivable at beginning of year	\$	1,490,564
Principal lease payment received	Ψ	(279,559)
Lease receivable at end of year	\$	1,211,005

Future minimum lease payments to be received at June 30, 2021 for the County are summarized as follows:

Years ending June 30,	-	<u>Principal</u>	<u>lı</u>	nterest	<u>Total</u>
2022	\$	283,781	\$	16,219	\$ 300,000
2023		288,067		11,933	300,000
2024		292,418		7,582	300,000
2025		296,834		3,166	300,000
2026		49,905		95	 50,000
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,211,005	\$	38,995	\$ 1,250,000

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 4. Receivables, continued

## Component Units

## <u>SBHS:</u>

Gross receivables & due from other governments (current and non-current) at June 30, 2021 for the discretely presented component unit SBHS totaled \$3,297,626 and included amounts from client accounts receivable, returned checks and employee receivables, and were reported net of \$2,055,000 allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Amounts due from private party, if any, represents amount charged to individuals for services. SBHS has established an allowance based upon management's best estimate of the amount collectible and considers this to be a significant estimate. SBHS uses collection programs through the South Carolina Department of Revenue (SCDOR) to collect past due amounts from private parties. These programs are called 'Debt Setoff' and 'GEAR'.

1) Debt Setoff - Debt Setoff is a program whereby individual income tax refunds are intercepted and sent to creditors. The SCDOR charges an administrative fee to the debtor of \$25. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SBHS's revenue for Debt Setoff was approximately \$102,700.

2) GEAR - Gear is a program whereby the SCDOR impounds a portion of individuals recurring wages. Amounts impounded are remitted monthly to SBHS less an administrative fee of 28.5%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, SBHS's revenue from GEAR was \$55,798.

## HCSWA:

Gross receivables at June 30, 2021 for the discretely presented component unit HCSWA totaled \$2,639,631 and were reported net of \$15,000 in allowance for doubtful accounts.

## Note 5. Interfund Receivables and Payables (amounts shown in thousands)

In the government-wide statement of net position, interfund receivables and payables (internal balances) between governmental activities and business-type activities have been eliminated. In the governmental and proprietary funds financial statements, short-term interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

			Tou	-						
	CDBG Promotion Airport							Total		
Due To										
General Fund	\$	454	\$	522	\$	1,108	\$	2,084		
Total	\$	454	\$	522	\$	1,108	\$	2,084		

Amounts due between primary governments and component units were as follows:

Primary government:	Rece		Receivable		P	ayable	Net	Payable
General Fund	\$	-	\$	357	\$	357		
Waste Management Recycling Fund		-		1,080		1,080		
Communications Internal Service Fund		95		-		(95)		
	\$	95	\$	1,437	\$	1,342		
Component units:	Red	ceivable	P	ayable	Net I	Receivable		
SHBS	\$	357	\$	-	\$	357		
HCSWA		1,080		95		985		
	\$	1,437	\$	95	\$	1,342		

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 5. Interfund Receivables and Payables, continued (amounts shown in thousands)

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The following table summarizes interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Transfers from											
		Seneral Fund	Imp (	General rovement Capital ects Fund		lon-major vernmental Funds		nternal ice Fund		Total		
Transfers to												
General Fund	\$	-	\$	12	\$	1,619	\$	324	\$	1,955		
Fire		-		-		650		-		650		
Victim Witness		362		-		-		-		362		
Public Defender		1,332		-		-		-		1,332		
Solicitor		4,848		-		14		-		4,862		
Recreation		11		-		5		-		16		
Tourism & Promotion		-		-		19		-		19		
Grants		1,083		-		993	-			2,076		
CDBG		-		-		5		-		5		
Capital Projects		9,851		-		9,105		-		18,956		
Capital Project Sales Tax		-								-		
(RIDE III)		-		-		785		-		785		
1.5% Hospitality Capital												
Projects		-		-		9,960		-		9,960		
General Debt Service		-		-		1,362		-		1,362		
Internal Service		564		-		1,999		-		2,563		
Total	\$	18,051	\$	12	\$	26,516	\$	324	\$	44,903		
	-	- /	_			,,			-	,		

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from the fund with the collection authorization to the appropriate fund recording the expenditures as they become due, 3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

#### Note 6. Due From Other Governments (amounts shown in thousands)

Amounts due from other governments for the primary governments and component units on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

Governmental Activities												ness-type ctivities
					C	apital						
			Сар	Capital (Ride General O				her Non-			Depa	rtment of
	G	eneral	Ī	II & III)	Impre	Improvement		Major		Total	A	irports
Federal	\$	2,423	\$	33	\$	-	\$	3,105	\$	5,561	\$	2,748
State		3,844		47,260		310		3,807		55,221		-
Other		-		-		-		17		17		-
Total	\$	6,267	\$	47,293	\$	310	\$	6,929	\$	60,799	\$	2,748

	Discretely Presented									
	S	SWA								
State	\$	279	\$	-						
Primary Government		357		985						
Other		235		-						
Total	\$	871	\$	985						

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 7. Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
	Balance		<b>B</b> 1 //	- /	Balance						
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2020	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2021						
General Capital Assets											
Not subject to depreciation:	ф о <u>г</u> оо <del>л</del>	ф 07 <i>г</i>	ф ( <b>г</b> ас)	¢	¢ 04.057						
Land and easements	\$ 25,097	\$ 275	\$ (515)	\$-	\$ 24,857						
Intangible Assets	20	-	-	-	20						
Infrastructure	628,491	22,618	(532)	5,275	655,851						
	653,608	22,893	(1,047)	5,275	680,728						
Construction-in-progress	73,256	35,934	(14)	(10,176)	99,000						
Total capital assets not depreciated	726,864	58,826	(1,061)	(4,901)	779,728						
Subject to depreciation/amortization:											
Land improvements	12,612	85	-	144	12,841						
Buildings and improvements	242,519	-	(3,561)	369	239,327						
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	108,136	3,782	(1,402)	4,388	114,904						
Intangible Assets	532	-	-	-	532						
Totals	363,799	3,867	(4,963)	4,901	367,604						
Total general capital assets	1,090,663	62,693	(6,024)	-	1,147,332						
Less, accumulated depreciation:											
Land improvements	(5,561)	(696)	_	_	(6,257)						
Buildings and improvements	(117,611)	(7,530)	1,228	_	(123,913)						
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(86,113)	(8,366)	1,356	_	(93,123)						
Intangible assets	(474)	(50)	1,000	-	(524)						
Totals	(209,759)	(16,642)	2,583		(223,817)						
Net general capital assets	880,904	46,052	(3,441)		923,515						
Internal Convice Fund Conital Accests											
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets											
Not subject to depreciation:	405	000		(110)	110						
Construction-in-progress	165	393		(112)	446						
Total capital assets not depreciated	165	393		(112)	446						
Subject to depreciation:											
Land improvements	18	-	-	-	18						
Buildings and improvements	363	-	-	-	363						
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	41,966	6,821	(2,731)	112	46,168						
Heavy equipment	21,211	3,662	(2,468)		22,405						
Totals	63,558	10,483	(5,199)	112	68,954						
Total internal service fund capital assets	63,723	10,876	(5,199)		69,400						
Less, accumulated depreciation											
Land improvements	(5)	-	-	-	(5)						
Buildings and improvements	(34)	(12)	-	-	(46)						
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	(22,548)	(5,481)	2,660	-	(25,370)						
Heavy Equipment	(12,431)	(2,036)	2,468	-	(11,999)						
Totals	(35,018)	(7,530)	5,128	-	(37,420)						
Net internal service fund capital assets	28,705	3,346	(71)	-	31,980						
Net capital assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 909,609	\$ 49,398	\$ (3,512)	\$-	\$ 955,495						

Roadway improvements by the County using Capital Project Sales Tax for infrastructure owned and maintained by the state are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred. Total roadway improvements expensed for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$7.8 million.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
		Balance					Balance June 30, 2021				
Business-type Activities	Jur	ne 30, 2020	Α	dditions	Dee	ductions					
Not subject to depreciation:											
Land and easements	\$	27,834	\$	-	\$	-	\$	27,834			
Infrastructure		9,182		-		-		9,182			
		37,016		-		-		37,016			
Construction-in-progress		6,653		28,794		(2,969)		32,478			
Total capital assets not depreciated		43,669		28,794		(2,969)		69,494			
Subject to depreciation:											
Buildings and improvements		190,116		915		-		191,031			
Runways and taxiways		145,549		315	(1,176)			144,688			
Machinery and equipment		27,817		1,872		(19)		29,670			
Land improvements		40,797		18		-		40,815			
Totals		404,279		3,120		(1,195)		406,204			
Total Business-Type Assets		447,948		31,914		(4,164)		475,698			
Less accumulated depreciation:											
Buildings and improvements		(64,781)		(5,508)		-		(70,289)			
Runways and taxiways		(50,553)		(5,271)		1,176		(54,648)			
Machinery and equipment		(17,038)		(2,213)		19		(19,232)			
Land improvements		(18,673)		(1,805)		-		(20,478)			
Totals		(151,045)		(14,797)		1,195		(164,647)			
Net capital assets -						<u> </u>					
Business-type Activities	\$	296,903	\$	17,117	\$	(2,969)	\$	311,051			

#### Note 7. Capital Assets, continued

During the year ended June 30, 2021, depreciation expense for the Airport totaled \$14,797,784.

Capital Assets totaled \$311,051,027 and \$296,902,580 for 2021 and 2020, respectively. During fiscal year 2021, the Department of Airports' asset additions included passenger boarding bridge upgrades, software upgrades for the baggage handling system, a chiller system for Terminal A, renovations for airlines and concessionaires, and a new 25,000 gallon Jet A tank for General Aviation, as well as other projects and general capital machinery and equipment.

Capital assets of the discretely presented component units, HCSWA and SBHS at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	<u>(amounts shown in thous</u>						
Component Units	S	BHS	H	ICSWA			
Land	\$	328	\$	7,918			
Subtitle D (Class 3) landfill		-		36,526			
Buildings		1,507		12,495			
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		322		28,342			
Other improvements		-		14,528			
Construction-in-progress		7		11,071			
Totals		2,164		110,880			
Less, accumulated depreciation:							
Subtitled D (Class 3) landfill		-		(27,137)			
Buildings		(1,061)		(5,468)			
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		(222)		(17,613)			
Other improvements		-		(5,422)			
Totals		(1,283)		(55,640)			
Net capital assets - Component Units	\$	881	\$	55,240			

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 7. Capital Assets, continued

Construction-in-progress amounts included above are as follows:

88,013
8,351
2,034
562
40
99,000

Estimated total costs to complete these projects approximates \$86.6 million.

Business-type Activities: (Department of Airports)	(amounts shown in thousand						
GA Facility Development	\$	165					
MYR RAC Improvements		549					
Environmental Contingency		306					
MYR Master Plan Study		834					
CRE Grading, Erosion & Drainage		428					
MYR Taxiway A & B Rehabilitation		27,074					
HYW - Runway & Taxiway rehabilitation		30					
MYR Security system upgrade		408					
MYR Fuel Farm Infrastructure		149					
Retainage Payable		2,536					
Total	\$	32,479					

Estimated remaining costs to complete these Airport projects approximates \$77.5 million.

Myrtle Beach International Airport (MYR) continues to experience tremendous growth in aircraft operations and increases in aircraft size. The age and wearing of the existing asphalt and concrete surfaces on both taxiways and taxi-lanes have resulted in cracks, rutting, spalls and other visible distresses as the pavements are approaching or have exceeded their design life. The scope of this major capital project includes:

- Relocation of Taxiway A to a 600-foot separation from runway
- Reconstruct Taxiway B in its current location
- Install Taxiway A and Taxiway B lighting and signage system
- Install Airfield Electrical Vault
- Construct Airfield Drainage Improvements

MYR began this project in FY19, and as of June 30, 2020, the first component (Taxiway A-South) was substantially complete in May 2020. Taxiway A-North construction began January 2020 and estimated completion is winter 2021.

The FAA-mandated Airport Master Plan Study is a comprehensive study of the Airport and its surrounding environment, and discusses the short, medium, and long term plans for airport development in a report format. The last airport master planning effort was completed in 2001. Masters plans are primarily for use by members of the aviation community, especially airport sponsors, airport staff, airport consultants, FAA representatives, state aviation officials, airlines and airport tenants. The Master Plan is the airport's strategy for the future development of the airport, encompassing a 20 year forecast. Due to the Coronavirus and the substantial impact on forecasting, the Master Plan Study was placed on hold in fiscal year 2020, per the FAA and now has an estimated completion of December 2021.

At June 30, 2021, the Airport had outstanding purchase orders relating to the projects above in the amount of \$9,934,522.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 7. Capital Assets, continued

#### **Department of Airport Facilities**

Prior to March 1993, the Airport used certain airfield facilities of the United States Air Force Base - Myrtle Beach through a joint-use agreement, orginally executed in the mid 1970's, with the United States Air Force (USAF). Coincident with the excecution of the joint-use agreement, the USAF and Horry County executed the Base Lease Agreement, which leased to the County the acreage on the Air Force Base on which to operate the airport terminal. In March 1993, the base was officially closed and the joint-use agreement was terminated. At the time of closure, the USAF extended the Base Lease Agreement with the County to include the airfield facilities previously used by the Airport in accordance with the joint use-agreement.

The term of the Base Lease Agreement was extended to December 31, 2028. The agreement called for the transfer of ownership of the property in fee simple to the County from the USAF for the land and facilities at the end of the lease, but contemplated an earlier transfer based upon the USAF meeting certain criteria set forth in the agreement. The transfer of ownership was completed on June 17, 2003 and a fee simple deed to the property was recorded in the County's name in the Register of Deeds office of Horry County on that date at Deed Book 2623, page number 1491. The property transferred excludes portions of MYR property, which are still undergoing environmental remediation and cleanup efforts by the United States Government.

With respect to the runway, aprons, taxiways, drainage system, etc., associated with the USAF property conveyance, no historical or estimated values are available. Until such time that a fair market value can be established, a value of \$1.00 has been recorded representing "Land" and "Aviation Easements". Buildings and structures are being specifically identified and recorded at fair value at the date of the gift.

#### County depreciation allocation

The amount of depreciation charged to each governmental function for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows: general government (\$5,474,516); public safety (\$7,918,857); Infrastructure and regulation (\$322,716); culture and recreation (\$2,693,924) and health and social services (\$231,522). Capital assets held by the Internal Service Fund (\$7,531,099).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 8. Short and Long-Term Debt

#### A. Governmental Activities Debt

#### Short Term

On April 30, 2021, the County issued \$3,500,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2021A (the "2021A Bonds") with an interest rate of 0.67%. The proceeds of the Bond will be used to defray the costs of certain capital projects of the County identified in the County's Capital Improvement Plan for fiscal years ending June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2025. The 2021A Bonds matured on June 30, 2021.

Change in the County's short-term debt for its Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
Bonded Debt:	Bala June 3		Ad	ditions	De	eletions	Balan June 30,				
General Obligation Bonds G.O. Bonds of 2021 (Series A) dated April 30 for \$3.5M with interest at 0.67% - Capital											
Improvement Plan, matures June 2021 Total governmental bonded short-term debt	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	3,500 3,500	\$ \$	(3,500) (3,500)	\$ \$	-			

#### Long Term

Long-term debt at June 30, 2021, is comprised of general and special obligation bonds, direct payments, revenue bonds, accumulated compensated absences liability, pension, other post-employment benefits, and long-term capital leases, including financed purchases. General Obligation (G.O.) bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. G.O. bonds are direct obligations that pledge the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County. The South Carolina Constitution limits local government units borrowing power to eight percent of its assessed property values. The limitation excludes bonded indebtedness existing prior to December 1, 1997 (date of the Constitutional Amendment), certain special levies assessed on properties located in specific areas receiving special benefits, and other prescribed indebtedness approved by the voters.

Revenue bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and are secured by the pledge of specific net revenues of the County. Such revenue bonds are recorded in the Enterprise Funds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 8. Short and Long-Term Debt , continued

Change in the County's long-term debt for its Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
Bonded Debt:		lance 30, 2020		<i>amount</i> litions		tions	В	alance alance a 30, 2021		urrent	
General Obligation Bonds											
G.O. Bonds of 2010 (Series B) dated June 3 for \$12.2 million with interest at 2.5% to 4.0% - Series 2001 A&B Refunding - S.S. Complex, Libraries & Court House, matures March 2021	\$	1,575	\$	-	\$ (	1,575)	\$	-	\$	-	
G.O. Bonds of 2010 (Series B) dated June 3 for \$1.67 million with interest at 2.5% to 4.0% - Series 2001 A&B Refunding-Higher Ed, matures March 2021		215		-		(215)		-		-	
G.O. Bonds of 2011 (Series A) dated December 6 for \$6.64M with interest at 2% to 4% - Series 2004A Refunding - Fire Protection District, matures March 2024		2,015		-		(475)		1,540		510	
G.O. Bonds of 2011 (Series B) dated December 6 for \$2.1M with interest at 2% to 3% - Series 2004B Refunding - HGTC, matures March 2024		935		-		(225)		710		230	
G.O. Bonds of 2015 (Series B) dated April 30 for \$4.774 M with interest at 1.56% - Series 2007 Refunding, matures March 2022 <sup>1</sup>		1,963		-		(970)		993		993	
G.O. Bonds of 2015 (Series C) dated April 30 for \$24.7 M with interest at 1.77% - Series 2008 Refunding, matures March 2028 <sup>1</sup>		19,278		-	(	4,932)		14,346		5,023	
G.O. Bonds of 2015 (Series A) dated December 3 for \$15.41 M with interest of 1.92% - Series 2005 Refunding, matures March 2022'		5,570		-	(	2,750)		2,820		2,820	
G.O. Bonds of 2016 (Series A) dated November 15 for \$3.0M with interest of 2.19% - Fire Protection District, matures March 2031 <sup>1</sup>		2,020		-		(170)		1,850		175	
G.O. Bonds of 2016 (Series B) dated November 15 for \$6.985M with interest of 1.68% - Series 2009 B Refunding, matures March 2026 <sup>1</sup>		6,985		-		(5)		6,980		1,350	
G.O. Bonds of 2020 (Series A) dated March 11 for \$18.8M with interest at 1.19% - Emergency Operations Center, matures March 2030		18,800		-	(	2,300)		16,500		-	
G.O. Bonds of 2020 (Series B) dated March 11 for \$2.1M with interest at 1.22% - Fire Protection District, matures March 2030		2,100		-		(375)		1,725		70	
Total governmental bonded debt Unamortized premiums		61,456 3,823		-	(1	3,992) (449)		47,464 3,374		11,171 -	
Net governmental bonded debt	\$	65,279	\$	-	\$ (1	4,441)	\$	50,838	\$	11,171	

<sup>1</sup> - Denotes G.O. bonds-direct placement

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 8. Short and Long-Term Debt , continued

#### A. Governmental Activities Debt

Other general long-term obligations of the County's Governmental Activities at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)											
	_	Balance June 30, 2020		ns	De	letions	_	alance e 30, 2021		urrent ortion		
Other general long-term obligations:	_											
Capital Lease Obligations												
Fire apparatus <sup>2</sup>	\$	3,487	\$	-	\$	(775)	\$	2,712	\$	775		
Fire apparatus <sup>2</sup>		3,300		-		(550)		2,750		550		
Total capital lease obligations - general		6,787		-		(1,325)		5,462		1,325		
Capital Lease Obligations -												
Internal Service Fund												
Public safety Motorola radios		1,140		-		(562)		578		578		
Total capital lease obligations		7,927				(1,887)		6,040		1,903		
Net OPEB liability		42,084	5,24	2		-		47,326		-		
Compensated absences		13,461	8,98	80		(8,898)		13,543		8,898		
Accrued COVID-19 leave		1,778		-		(734)		1,044		1,044		
Net pension liability		202,932	34,37	'1		-		237,303		-		
Total other general long-term obligations		268,182	48,59			(11,519)		305,256		11,845		
Total net governmental activities												
long-term debt	\$	333,461	\$ 48,59	3	\$	(25,960)	\$	356,094	\$	23,016		

<sup>2</sup> Denotes financed purchases

	(amounts shown in thousands)											
	В	alance					E	Balance	С	urrent		
Governmental Activities	June 30, 2020			Additions		eletions	Jun	e 30, 2021	Portion			
General obligation bonds	\$	25,640	\$	3,500	\$	(8,665)	\$	20,475	\$	810		
General obligation bonds - direct placements		35,816		-		(8,827)		26,989		10,361		
Total	\$	61,456	\$	3,500	\$	(17,492)	\$	47,464	\$	11,171		

The County's outstanding GO bonds from direct placements related to governmental activities of \$26.99 million require the County's full faith, credit and taxing power and this debt is irrevocably pledged for the payment of the direct placements. The property taxes shall be levied and collected annually in the same manner as other county taxes are levied and collected. The County is required to set a millage rate that applies to all taxable property in the County sufficient to pay the principal and interest on the debt obligations.

The current portion of compensated absences has typically been liquidated from the general fund, other governmental funds and the Internal service funds.

The County is funding the other post employment benefit obligation on a pay-as-you-go basis from the General Fund.

The County is funding the net pension liability according to the statutory requirements and is typically liquidated from the general fund, other governmental funds and the Internal service funds.

Changes in financed purchases for the year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Balance								alance		urrent
Governmental Activities	June	30, 2020	Addi	tions	De	letions	June	30, 2021	P	ortion
Financed Purchases	\$	6,787	\$	-	\$	(1,325)	\$	5,462	\$	1,325
Total	\$	6,787	\$	-	\$	(1,325)	\$	5,462	\$	1,325

The County's outstanding financed purchases related to governmental activities of \$5.46 million contain a provision that in an event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the County is unable to make payment. The equipment must then be returned to lessor at the County's expense, and the equipment and all of the County's rights therein shall be deemed surrendered to lessor. The County has pledged fire apparatus equipment, including fire pumper trucks, fire tanker, fire ladder trucks and fire tower truck, as collateral for the financed purchases.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 8. Short and Long-Term Debt, continued

#### B. Business-type Activities (Enterprise Funds) Debt

On November 17, 2010, the \$50,870,000 Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A and \$9,720,000 Taxable Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B were issued by Horry County, South Carolina, a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina.

The Series 2010A Bonds were issued to pay a portion of the cost of construction of the TCEP at the Myrtle Beach International Airport and to fund capitalized interest on the Series 2010A Bonds, fund the debt service reserve, and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2010A Bonds, and mature in July, 2040. The remaining unamortized original issue discount for the 2010A Bond was \$138,039 at June 30, 2021.

The Series 2010B Bonds were issued to pay the cost of the Harrelson Boulevard improvements, fund the capitalized interest on the Series 2010B Bonds, fund the debt service reserve requirements, and pay cost of issuance of the Series 2010B Bonds, and mature in July 2040. The County has elected to treat the Series 2010B Bonds as "Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds" for the purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Subject to the County's compliance with certain requirements of the Code, the County expects to receive cash subsidy payments from the United States Treasury equal to 45% of the interest payable on the Series 2010B Bonds. Due to the federal government's sequestration measures, this amount was reduced by 5.7% in fiscal year 2021. Series 2010B Bond currently has interest only payments and the first principal payment will occur on July 1, 2030.

The Airport received total interest subsidies of \$302,257 for fiscal year 2021.

#### Partial Redemption of the 2010A Bonds

On June 4, 2021, the County redeemed \$5.710 million of the non-PFC backed portion of Series 2010A Airport Revenue Bonds, as detailed in the table below. Following this redemption, debt service on all Series 2010A Bonds became eligible for payment with Passenger Facility Charge (PFC) revenues. The County reimbursed itself in full for the cost of the redemption with CARES Act grants.

		Redemption	Amount
Rate	Maturity	price	called
4.00%	7/1/2022	100.00%	\$ 535,000
5.00%	7/1/2023	100.00%	\$ 555,000
4.38%	7/1/2026	100.00%	\$ 1,830,000
4.50%	7/1/2030	100.00%	\$ 1,040,000
5.00%	7/1/2030	100.00%	\$ 1,750,000

The revenue bonds are secured by the pledge of net revenues derived by MYR. The Airport received net revenues in the amount of \$11,830,667 while net debt service was \$4,040,245. The Bonds are limited obligations of the County and do not constitute the general obligation, or a pledge of the faith, credit, or taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision. The County has agreed to establish rates and charges for use of MYR services and facilities that are reasonably expected to yield net revenues equal to at least 1.25 times the aggregate debt service to become due on the revenue bonds in the forthcoming fiscal year. Net revenues are defined as revenues less maintenance and operations expenses of MYR. The revenue bond ordinance also requires that certain funds be established and certain financial conditions be maintained. The debt service coverage ratio in fiscal year 2021 satisfies the Series 2010 revenue bond covenant.

In general, failure to pay debt service, failure to meet the Rate Covenant, and failure to meet other covenants listed after notice by a required portion of bondholders and a cure period are events of default. There are no subjective acceleration clauses.

Long-term 'revenue bonded' debt of the Department of Airports Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2021, is as follows:

(amounts snown in thousands)									
Balance				De	lations	_	alance e 30, 2021		
Juli	3 30, 2020	Auui	10115	0	letions	June	50, 2021		
\$	42,800	\$	-	\$	(8,865)	\$	33,935		
	9,720		-		-		9,720		
	52,520		-		(8,865)		43,655		
	(145)		7		-		(138)		
	(1,540)		-		1,540		-		
\$	50,835	\$	7	\$	(7,325)	\$	43,517		
	_	Balance           June 30, 2020           \$ 42,800           9,720           52,520           (145)           (1,540)	Balance           June 30, 2020         Addi           \$         42,800         \$           9,720         52,520         (145)           (1,540)         (1,540)         \$	Balance         Additions           June 30, 2020         Additions           \$ 42,800         \$ -           9,720         -           52,520         -           (145)         7           (1,540)         -	Balance         Additions         Description           \$ 42,800         \$ -         \$           9,720         -         -           52,520         -         -           (145)         7         -	Balance         Additions         Deletions           \$ 42,800         \$ -         \$ (8,865)           9,720         -         -           52,520         -         (8,865)           (145)         7         -           (1,540)         -         1,540	Balance         Balance <t< td=""></t<>		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 8. Short and Long-Term Debt, continued

## C. Annual Requirements for Long-Term (Bonds and Loans) Debt

Annual principal requirements to amortize general obligation bonds, direct placements, and revenue bond at their respective present values at June 30, 2021 for the County, are summarized as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)											
	G.O Bonds -											
<u>Years Ending</u>		G.0					Direct			Airport I		nue
<u>June 30,</u>		Bor	ıds		_	Plac	emen	ts		Bo	nds	
	Pi	rincipal	In	terest	Ρ	rincipal	I	nterest	P	rincipal	Interest	
2022	\$	810	\$	775	\$	10,361	\$	485	\$	-	\$	2,625
2023		2,620		754		6,648		299		1,145		2,362
2024		2,725		641		2,351		181		1,190		2,316
2025		2,130		541		2,430		140		1,250		2,256
2026		2,220		454		2,468		96		1,305		2,202
2027-2031		9,970		725		2,731		113		7,535		10,061
2032-2036		-		-		-		-		13,815		7,419
2037-2041		-		-		-		-		17,415		3,073
Total	\$	20,475	\$	3,890	\$	26,989	\$	1,314	\$	43,655	\$	32,314

	Total							
Years Ending		Debt S	ervic	e				
<u>June 30,</u>		Require	emen	ts				
	Р	rincipal	lr	nterest				
2022	\$	11,171	\$	3,885				
2023		10,413		3,415				
2024		6,266		3,139				
2025		5,810		2,937				
2026		5,993		2,752				
2027-2031		20,236		10,899				
2032-2036		13,815		7,419				
2037-2041		17,415		3,073				
Total	\$	91,119	\$	37,518				

Future debt service requirements to amortize long-term debt outstanding as of June 30 for the Airport, are summarized as follows:

#### Years Ending

<u>June 30,</u>					F	ederal	Debt	Service
	Pr	rincipal	lr	nterest	S	ubsidy*	Requ	uirements
2022	\$	-	\$	2,625	\$	(302)	\$	2,323
2023		1,145		2,362		(302)		3,205
2024		1,190		2,316		(302)		3,204
2025		1,250		2,256		(302)		3,204
2026		1,305		2,202		(303)		3,204
2027-2031		7,535		10,061		(1,511)		16,085
2032-2036		13,815		7,419		(1,242)		19,992
2037-2041		17,415		3,073		(509)		19,979
Total	\$	43,655	\$	32,314	\$	(4,773)	\$	71,196

\*Assumes a 5.7% reduction on the 45% subsidy payment based upon federal guidance for subsidy payments made in federal fiscal year 2021 and 5.7% fiscal year 2022 and forward

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities

## A. Capital Lease Obligations

A capital lease is an agreement which specifies a transfer of benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee.

## **Governmental Activities:**

The County's financed purchases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	(amounts shown in thousands)					
		Fire		Fire		
	Арр	oaratus	Ар	pparatus		Total
2022	\$	830	\$	598	\$	1,428
2023		814		588		1,402
2024		799		579		1,378
2025		391		569		960
2026		-		560		560
Thereafter		-		-		-
Total financed purchases						
payments		2,834		2,894		5,728
Less, interest		(122)		(144)		(266)
Present value of future				<u> </u>		<u>.</u>
minimum payments		2,712		2,750		5,462
Less, current portion		(775)		(550)		(1,325)
Total non-current portion	\$	1,937	\$	2,200	\$	4,137

The County's capital leases (internal service fund obligations) have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	<u>(amour</u>	nts sho	<u>wn in thousan</u>	<u>ids)</u>
			orola Idios	-
2022		\$	595	
Total lease payments			595	
Less, interest			(17)	
Present value of future				
minimum lease payments			578	
Less, current portion			(578)	
Total non-current portion		\$	_	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities, continued

## Business-type Activities (Enterprise Funds):

During fiscal year 2013, the Airport entered into a ten-year non-cancelable lease for an additional generator for the Airport's new terminal building. This additional lease was effective April 1, 2013. The annual interest rate on the lease is 1.15% per annum. The fair market value of the generator at acquisition was \$558,650, and the net book value of the generator as of June 30, 2021 was \$102,431.

The present values of the minimum lease payments for this lease are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Total
2022	\$ 59,148
2023	49,290
Total payments	 108,438
Less, amount representing interest	 (1,180)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	107,258
Less, current portion	 (58,226)
Total non-current portion	\$ 49,032

The changes in the County's capital leases and other long-term obligations for its business-type activities for the June 30, 2021 are as follows:

	Balance 6/30/2020	Additions Deletions		Balance 6/30/2021	Current Portion
Capital leases	\$ 164,821	\$-	\$ (57,563)	\$ 107,258	\$ 58,226
Compensated absences	1,061,812	587,974	(541,860)	1,107,926	276,982
Net OPEB liability	1,565,546	424,244	-	1,989,790	-
Net Pension liability	14,468,434	1,958,126	-	16,426,560	-
Total Long Term Liability	\$ 17,260,613	\$ 2,970,344	\$ (599,423)	\$ 19,631,534	\$ 335,208

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities, continued

#### **B.** Operating Lease Agreements

## Lessor (Department of Airports)

The Airport derives a substantial portion of its revenues from charges to air carriers, aeronautical businesses and schools, and concessionaires. Substantially all of the assets classified as capital assets in the statement of net position are held by the Airport for the purpose of rental or related use. The Airport, as lessor, leases land, buildings, and terminal space to air carriers, and concessionaires on a fixed fee as well as a contingent fee basis. All leases of the Airport are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes. Most of the leases provide for an annual review and redetermination of the rental amounts. The following is a schedule of future minimum rentals receivable on non-cancelable operating leases as of June 30, 2021:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>(amounts shown in thousands)</u>
2022	\$ 8,925
2023	4,604
2024	2,528
2025	2,356
2026	1,813
2027-2031	4,601
Total	\$ 24,827

At June 30, 2021, the historical cost and net book value of certain property leased to parties external to the County reporting entity is \$132,615,546 and \$78,549,998, respectively.

#### Lessee (SBHS)

At June 30, 2021 future minimum payments under noncancelable operating leases with remaining terms in excess of one year were as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	
2022	\$ 12,150
2023	930
2024	930
2024	-
2025	-
Total	\$ 14,010

Amounto

Total lease expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 was approximately \$13,668.

#### C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

### <u>SBHS</u>

The changes in the SBHS's other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2020	A	dditions	D	eductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	du	ne within ne year
Compensated absences Total OPEB Liability	\$	184,852 101,165	\$	189,217	\$	(140,935) (8,960)	\$	233,134 92,205	\$	94,927
Net Pension Liability		5,605,339		919,335		-		6,524,674		-
Total Long-term liabilities	\$	5,891,356	\$	1,108,552	\$	(149,895)	\$	6,850,013	\$	94,927

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities, continued

#### C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

#### HCSWA at June 30, 2021

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2020	A	dditions	 Deductions		Balance ne 30, 2021	 ue within one year
Compensated absences	\$	389,643	\$	293,713	\$ (258,959)	\$	424,397	\$ 250,000
Total OPEB liability		2,025,827		308,961	-		2,334,788	-
Net pension liability		7,952,497		1,694,949	-		9,647,446	-
Landfill closure costs		16,697,065		-	(1,094,377)		15,602,688	-
Landfill postclosure care costs		5,153,219		-	(337,758)		4,815,461	 -
Total Long-term liabilities	\$	32,218,251	\$	2,297,623	\$ (1,691,094)	\$ (	32,824,780	\$ 250,000

Amounts

### Note 10. Amounts Due to Airlines (Signatory Airlines Agreements)

MYR has entered into separate, but substantially similar, Signatory Airline Contract and Use Agreements (the Signatory Airline Agreements) with 5 passenger airlines. The Signatory Airline Agreements were signed as of July 1, 2020, with Spirit Airlines, American Airlines, Delta Air Lines, Allegiant Air, and Southwest Airlines. Southwest Airlines began service in May 2021. Collectively, these carriers are called "Signatory Airlines".

The Signatory Airline Agreements cover the use of and rate-setting mechanisms for the airfield and terminal facilities at the Airport. Interim rates charged during the fiscal year are subject to a retroactive adjustment based upon actual yearend costs and activity levels (the Settlement). Any Settlement owedto the Signatory Airlines is applied to the balance owed by the airlines for rates and charges. For fiscal year 2021, MYR estimates the Settlement due to the Signatory Airlines is \$427,424. This amount is included in amounts due to tenants on the accompanying Statement of Net Position.

The Signatory Airline Agreement effective July 1, 2020 includes a revenue sharing component for Terminal Concession Revenues (Article 1.64) of fees received by the Airport from the operation of food, beverage, news, gifts, and specialty retail outlets in the Terminal Building. The share of Terminal Concession Revenues is 50% for FY2021 and FY2022, and 25% for the remaining three years of the agreement (Article 1.52). For fiscal year 2021, MYR estimates the Settlement due to the Signatory Airlines is \$577,234. This amount is included in amounts due to tenants on the accompanying Statement of Net Position.

MYR has also entered into operating agreements with airlines that serve the Airport and are not party to Signatory Airline Agreements (the Non-signatory Airlines). MYR assesses fees, rentals, and charges to the Non-Signatory Airlines at 125% of the fees, rentals, and charges charged to the Signatory Airlines. The Non-Signatory Airlines do not participate in the year-end reconciliation. As of June 30, 2021, the Non-Signatory Airlines operating at the Airport were United Airlines, Frontier Airlines, Porter Airlines, and Sun Country Airlines.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 11. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Federal and state laws and regulations require the HCSWA to place a final cover on its permitted landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the HCSWA reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as operating expenses in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. For purposes of closure and postclosure care, the Class 2 and Class 3 landfills are considered a single site. At June 30, 2021, the percentage utilization of the estimated total capacity of the landfills was 49.9%.

The closure and postclosure care liabilities at June 30, 2021 represent the cumulative amounts reported to date based on utilization of the estimated total capacity of the permitted landfill sites and totaled \$15,602,688 and \$4,815,461, respectively. The HCSWA will recognize the remaining estimated closure and postclosure care costs totaling \$15,665,224 and \$4,834,762, respectively, as the remaining estimated capacity of the permitted landfills are filled.

The landfills are expected to be closed during the year ending June 30, 2043. The estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on what it would cost today to perform all required closure and postclosure care. Actual costs ultimately incurred for closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The HCSWA is required by federal and state laws to provide financial assurance that funds will be available when needed for closure and postclosure care costs through compliance with one of several approved alternative methods. The method utilized by the SWA is the local government financial test. At June 30, 2021, the HCSWA is in compliance with federal and state financial assurance requirements.

In accordance with formal resolutions of the HCSWA's Board of Directors, \$10,338,947 and \$11,477,918 of cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2021 are designated for landfill closure and postclosure care costs, respectively. If the designated funds are inadequate or additional closure and postclosure care requirements are mandated or otherwise found to be necessary (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) these costs need to covered through additional charges to future landfill users.

## Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances

#### Net position:

Net position of the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements represents the difference of total assets and deferred outflows, less liabilities and deferred inflows. Reported amounts for net investment in capital assets are as follows at June 30, 2021:

	Governmental	Business-type	(	Compone	ent Units	
	Activities	Activities	SHBS		HCSWA	
Net investment in Capital Assets:						
Net capital assets:						
Primary Government	\$ 955,494,053	\$ 311,051,027	\$	-	\$	-
Add, deferred charge on refunding	1,226,123	-		-		-
Less, G.O. bonds, accrued interest, special						
revenue bonds and capital leases	(56,623,536)	(46,160,350)		-		-
Less, Non-debt capital related liabilites, (i.e.,						
retainage payable and accounts payable)	(9,954,193)	-		-		-
Add, unspent proceeds GO Bonds 2020A	11,526,630	-		-		-
Add, unspent proceeds GO Bonds 2020B	1,180,522	-		-		-
Add, unspent proceeds GO Bonds 2021A	3,450,000	-		-		-
Component units				380,482	55,240	,063
Total net investment in capital assets	\$ 906,299,599	\$ 264,890,677	\$ 8	380,482	\$55,240	,063

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances, continued

As required by the County's Financial Policies Ordinance, a fiscal stabilization reserve is to be maintained in the General Fund, the Fire Fund, the Recreation Fund, the Stormwater Management Fund and the Waste Management Recycling Fund. The fiscal reserves are to be maintained at an amount equal to 18% cash management reserve, 5% disaster reserve, and 5% revenue stabilization reserve (2% revenue stabilization for the Stormwater fund) of the fund's next year's budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources. This policy was approved by County Council Ordinance 68-10 on October 10, 2010 and amended by Ordinance 58-13, Ordinance 23-16 and Ordinance 95-20, therefore the fiscal reserves are classified as "committed" or "restricted" fund balance. The Financial Policy also requires all governmental funds responsible for the payment of debt service to maintain an amount in fund balance equal to at least 50% of the next year's debt service amount.

On April 17, 2020 County Council approved by Resolution 39-2020 to commit \$10,000,000 of unassigned General Fund balance for the purpose of designating funds as a debris reserve in order to reduce the amount of debt needed for debris expenditures occurring as a result of a disaster.

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2022 includes total expenditures and other uses. By reducing this total for any amount being funded by a use of fund balance and/or debt service requirement, the current required stabilization reserve for each of the above identified funds is reported below:

				18% cash				Revenue
			m	anagement	5	% disaster	5	stabilization
		FY 2022	1	reserve at	I	reserve at		reserve at
	Ор	erating budget	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ine 30, 2021
General Fund	\$	200,554,722	\$	36,099,850	\$	10,027,736	\$	10,027,736
Fire Fund		28,951,498		5,211,270		1,447,575		1,447,575
Stormwater Management		16,293,263		2,932,787		814,663		325,865
Recreation Fund		7,471,876		1,344,938		373,594		373,594
Waste Management Recycling		14,550,126		2,619,023		727,506		727,506
General Debt Service Fund		n/a		n/a		n/a		n/a
					Rela	ated restricted	Tc	otal Reserves
				FY 2022		ated restricted d balance at		otal Reserves at June 30,
	D	ebris reserve	D	FY 2022 ebt Service	fun			
General Fund	 \$	<u>ebris reserve</u> 10,000,000	 \$	-	fun	d balance at		at June 30, 2021 66,155,322
General Fund Fire Fund	-			ebt Service	fun Ju	d balance at ne 30, 2021		at June 30, 2021
•	-	10,000,000		ebt Service n/a	fun Ju	d balance at ne 30, 2021 n/a		at June 30, 2021 66,155,322
Fire Fund	-	10,000,000 n/a		ebt Service n/a 1,174,673	fun Ju	d balance at ne 30, 2021 n/a 587,337		at June 30, 2021 66,155,322 8,693,756
Fire Fund Stormwater Management Fund	-	10,000,000 n/a n/a		ebt Service n/a 1,174,673 n/a	fun Ju	d balance at ne 30, 2021 n/a 587,337 n/a		at June 30, 2021 66,155,322 8,693,756 4,073,316

At June 30, 2021 the Community Development Block Grant Funds had a deficit fund balance of \$654,610. This deficit fund balance will be repaid from future grant revenues.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances, continued

The County's governmental funds maintain various types of restricted and committed fund balances which are reported in compliance with GASB 54 - *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Restricted net position and fund balance consist of restricted financial assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. The County's restricted net position, restricted fund balance, and committed fund balance for governmental activities/funds at June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Net Position	Fund Ba	alance
	Restricted	Restricted	Committed
Restricted or Committed for Capital projects			
RIDE II Road Infrastructure	\$ 68,237,842	\$ 68,195,335	\$-
RIDE III Road Infrastructure	279,737,937	250,201,046	· _
1.5% Hospitality		-	27,131,312
Vehicle Fleet Replacement	29,825,250	-	-
Communications Equipment Replacement	4,713,670	-	-
County Road Paving Plan	12,784,832	16,132,465	-
Fire Apparatus	2,017,580	1,961,993	-
General Capital Projects	19,334,301	29,682,736	26,537,912
Total Restricted or Committed for Capital	416,651,412	366,173,574	53,669,224
Restricted or Committed for Bond Debt Service			
General Obligation	6,994,695	6,728,868	-
Total Restricted or Committed for Debt Service	6,994,695	6,728,868	
Restricted for Other Purposes			
Special Tax Districts			
Fire District	-	13,193,906	-
E911 Emergency Telephone System	3,170,153	4,072,173	-
County Road Paving Plan	-	-	18,937,535
Recreation Programs	3,667,074	5,989,487	-
Waste Management Collection System	6,433,375	5,665,814	-
Stormwater System Maintenance	3,114,341	6,584,052	-
Watersheds Maintenance	992,408	989,813	-
Mt Gilead Road Maintenance	216,616	215,466	-
Arcadian Shores	72,837	72,604	-
Senior Citizens Programs	97,276	74,654	-
Admissions Tax	406,627	406,627	-
Special Purpose Districts			
Higher Education Commission	250,874	211,192	-
Horry Georgetown Technical College	1,617,831	1,521,617	-
Funding for Non-capital Infrastructure Improvement	S		
Beach Renourishment	-	-	4,331,304
Intergovernmental Funding			
Victim Witness	-	129,249	-
Solicitor	-	1,214,441	-
Public Defender	-	1,891,258	-
Tourism & Promotion	-	523,904	-
Grants	-	,	2,241,503
			_, ,

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances, continued

····· , ····· , ·····	Net Position		Fund Ba	alance
	Restricted	Restrict	ed	Committed
Contractual Restrictions				
Voluntary Developer Contributions	1,112,336	1,11	2,336	-
Economic Development	839,054	1,35	3,224	3,491,418
B&C MCBP	1,446,096	1,44	2,676	-
Baseball Stadium Maintenance	390,258	39	0,258	-
Conway Library Endowment	4,681,954	4,68	1,954	-
Commitments by Ordinance				
Fiscal Reserves	-		-	66,155,322
Other Post Employment Benefits	-		-	7,862,374
Budget carryforwards to next year	-		-	14,808,845
Total Restricted or Committed for Other Purposes	28,509,110	51,73	6,705	117,828,300
Tatala		<b>•</b> • • • • • • •	0 4 4 7	<b>• • • • • • • • • •</b>
Totals	\$ 452,155,217	\$ 424,63	9,147	\$ 171,497,524
Unrestricted (deficit)	\$ (24,125,392)			
Total Net Position	\$ 1,334,329,424			

Restrictions for special tax districts, special purpose districts, and contractual agreements are governed by the enabling legislation or agreement between the County and a third-party. These restrictions are placed at a programmatic level and cannot be identified to a specific project or item.

#### **SBHS (Negative Net Position)**

SBHS management is aware that SBHS's financial statements for year ending June 30, 2021 reflect a negative net position of (\$1,311,320). The primary cause of the negative net position is due to the pension liability and annual expense required by accounting standard GASB 68. The expense, equal to the change in net pension liability from year to year, does not result in additional cash outlay. Shoreline is in the process of determining how to eliminate the negative net position.

#### Note 13. Capital Contributions (amounts shown in thousands)

Capital, grants and other cash contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are as follows:

	 ernmental ctivities	ness-Type ctivities	SBHS	нс	SWA
Donated capital-infrastructure	\$ 22,637	\$ 20,003	\$ -	\$	-
Donated capital-grants	363	-	500		166
Total	\$ 23,000	\$ 20,003	\$ 500	\$	166

During the fiscal year 2019, 2020 and 2021 Shoreline received a capital grant of \$650,000, \$1,228,000 and \$500,000 from the State of South Carolina, respectively. These grants are to be used towards either the expansion of the administrative and treatment building located in Conway South Carolina or the construction of a new building. During fiscal year 2020 Shoreline acquired land for this purpose costing \$190,000 plus transaction related costs of \$3,788 resulting in a restricted cash total of \$1,684,212. During fiscal year 2021 Shoreline incurred building design costs of \$6,775, recorded as construction in process, resulting in a restricted cash total of \$2,177,437. Management is in the process of finalizing the construction plans and anticipates starting construction in fiscal year 2022.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans

## A. South Carolina Retirement and Police Officers' Retirement Systems

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various Retirement Systems and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the S.C. Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' five defined benefit pension plans. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the Systems and the assets of the retirement trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eight-member board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The CAFR is publicly available through PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, SC 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the comprehensive annual financial report of the state.

## **Plan Descriptions**

The South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The South Carolina Police Officers Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established effective July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate judges and magistrates.

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

• SCRS - Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

PORS - To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice, or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

## <u>SBHS</u>

The majority of employees of SBHS are covered by a retirement plan through the SCRS. Generally, all full-time or part-time equivalent employees in a permanent position are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment unless exempted by law as provided in Section 9-1- 480 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended, or are eligible and elect to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (ORP).

### HCSWA

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Generally, all employees of the HCSWA are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS as a condition of employment. An employee with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012 is a Class Two member. An employee with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012 is a Class Three member.

### Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS - A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of one percent or five hundred dollars every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

## Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute. Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00 percent for SCRS and 9.75 percent for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percent increase in the SCRS and PORS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85 percent. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of system assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the system (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85 percent, then the board, effective on the following July 1, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85 percent. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio of less than 85 percent, then effective on the following July 1, and annually thereafter as necessary, the board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the system shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85 percent.

Required employee contribution rates <sup>1</sup> for fisca	Il year 2021 are as follows:
SCRS	
Employee Class Two	9.00% of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	9.00% of earnable compensation
PORS	
Employee Class Two	9.75% of earnable compensation
Employee Class Three	9.75% of earnable compensation
Required <u>employer</u> contribution rates <sup>1</sup> for fisca	l year 2021 are as follows:
SCRS	
Employer Class Two	15.41% of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	15.41% of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.15% of earnable compensation
PORS	
Employer Class Two	17.84% of earnable compensation
Employer Class Three	17.84% of earnable compensation
Employer Incidental Death Benefit	0.20% of earnable compensation
Employer Accidental Death Program	0.20% of earnable compensation
<sup>1</sup> Calculated on earnable compensation as defined	in Title 9 of the SC Code of Laws.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

### SBHS

Employee and employer contribution rates are currently 9.00% and 15.56%, respectively, of earnable compensation. The SBHS's contributions to the SCRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were approximately \$425,617. The contributions made by the SBHS were equal to the required contributions for the year.

## HCSWA

Employee and employer contribution rates are currently 9.00% and 15.56%, respectively, of earnable compensation. The HCSWA's contributions to the SCRS for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 were \$653,982. The contributions made by the HCSWA were equal to the required contributions for the year.

## Actuarial Assumptions and Methods

Actuarial valuations of the plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ending June 30, 2019 for first use in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

The June 30, 2019, total pension liability (TPL), net pension liability (NPL), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company (GRS) and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2019. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year end, June 30, 2020, using generally accepted actuarial principles.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2020.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return <sup>1</sup>	7.25%	7.25%
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 12.5% (varies by service) <sup>1</sup>	3.5% to 9.5%(varies by service) <sup>1</sup>
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually	lesser of 1% or \$500 annually
<sup>1</sup> Includes inflation at 2.25%.		

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2016 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using published Scale AA projected from the year 2016.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2020, TPL are as follows.

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 92%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 98%
General Employees and Members of the General Assembly	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 100%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2016 PRSC Males multiplied by 125%	2016 PRSC Females multiplied by 111%

# Net Pension Liability

The NPL is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2020, for the County's SCRS and PORS, are presented on the table on the next page.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

System	Proportional Share of Net Pension Liability
SCRS	\$ 132,367,989
PORS	121,361,340
Total	\$ 253,729,329

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements. For the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019, the County's percentage of the SCRS NPL were 0.518038% and 0.519678% respectively. For the years ending June 30, 2020 and 2019, the County's percentage of the PORS NPL were 3.659638% and 3.445180%, respectively.

## SBHS

At June 30, 2021, SBHS reported a liability of \$6,524,674 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the SCRS. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined based on the most recent actuarial valuation that was projected forward to the measurement date. SBHS's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of SBHS's long-term share of contributions to the Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating South Carolina state and local governmental employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, SBHS's SCRS proportion was 0.025511% as compared to its June 30, 2019 proportion of 0.024548%.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, SBHS recognized pension expense of \$542,543 for the SCRS.

#### **HCSWA**

At June 30, 2021, the HCSWA reported a liability of \$9,647,446 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2019. The HCSWA's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the HCSWA's long-term share of contributions to the SCRS relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2020, the HCSWA's proportion was 0.037756%, which is a decrease 0.034827% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the HCSWA recognized pension expense of \$891,593.

## Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is based upon 20-year capital market assumptions. The long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2020 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation and is summarized in the table below. For actuarial purposes, the 7.25 percent assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the TPL includes a 5.00 percent real rate of return and a 2.25 percent inflation component.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

Allocation/Exposure	Policy Target	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	51.0%	Rate of Return	Rate of Retain
Global Public Equity	35.0%	7.81%	2.73%
Private Equity	9.0%	8.91%	0.80%
Equity Options Strategies	7.0%	5.09%	0.36%
Real Assets	12.0%		0.0070
Real Estate (Private)	8.0%	5.55%	0.44%
Real Estate (REITs)	1.0%	7.78%	0.08%
Infrastructure (Private)	2.0%	4.88%	0.10%
Infrastructure (Public)	1.0%	7.05%	0.07%
Opportunistic	8.0%		
Global Tactical Asset Allocation	7.0%	3.56%	0.25%
Other Opportunistic Strategies	1.0%	4.41%	0.04%
Credit	15.0%		
High Yield Bonds/Bank Loans	4.0%	4.21%	0.17%
Emerging Markets Debt	4.0%	3.44%	0.14%
Private Debt	7.0%	5.79%	0.40%
Rate Sensitive	14.0%		
Core Fixed Income	13.0%	1.60%	0.21%
Cash and Short Duration (Net)	1.0%	0.56%	0.01%
Total Expected Return	100.0%		5.80%
Inflation for Actuarial Purposes			2.25%
Total Expected Nominal Return			8.05%

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all the projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

## Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the County's NPL calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the NPL would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1.00 percent lower (6.25 percent) or 1.00 percent higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of the Proportional Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate				
System	1.00% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount Rate (7.25%)	1.00% Increase (8.25%)	
ŚCRS	\$ 164,053,748	\$ 132,367,874	\$ 105,909,786	
PORS	\$ 160,662,002	\$ 121,361,354	\$ 89,805,461	
Total	\$ 324,715,750	\$ 253,729,228	\$ 195,715,247	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

### SBHS & HCSWA

Sensitivity of the Proportional Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate					
	1.00% Decrease Current Discount Rate 1.00% Increase				
SCRS System	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)		
SBHS	\$ 8,078,840	\$ 6,524,674	\$ 5,215,536		
HCSWA	\$ 11,956,827	\$ 9,647,446	\$ 7,719,086		

## **Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources**

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized pension expense of \$34,201,004 (SCRS portion is \$14,992,192 plus PORS portion is \$19,208,812). At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to SCRS pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 8,580,861	\$-
Differences in actual and expected retirement plan experience	1,527,350	500,537
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	9,736,766	-
Assumption Changes	162,172	-
Change in proportionate share of net pension liability	1,134,981	15,972
Total SCRS	\$ 21,142,130	\$ 516,509

At June 30, 2021, the County reported deferred outflows (inflows) of resources related to <u>PORS</u> pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 10,009,866	\$-
Differences in actual and expected retirement plan experience	2,579,178	534,205
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings	12,427,125	-
Assumption Changes	1,481,008	-
Change in proportionate share of net pension liability	5,705,667	-
Total PORS	\$ 32,202,844	\$ 534,205

For the year ended June 30, 2020, total deferred outflows of resources are \$53,344,974 and total deferred inflows of resources are \$1,050,714.

The County reported \$18,590,727 (net of PEBA credit) as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Amounts reported as deferred outflows (inflows) of resources will be recognized in pension expense in future years. The following schedule reflects the amortization of the County's proportional share of the net balance of remaining deferred outflows (inflows) of resources at June 30, 2021. Average remaining service lives of all employees provided with pensions through the pension plans at June 30, 2021 was 3.984 years for SCRS and 4.176 years for PORS and at June 30, 2020 was 4.026 years for SCRS and 4.217 years for PORS.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

Measurement Period Ending June 30	Fiscal Year Ending June 30	SCRS	PORS
2021	2022	\$ (2,821,278)	\$ (6,394,611)
2022	2023	(3,431,022)	(6,209,639)
2023	2024	(3,307,830)	(5,602,789)
2024	2025	(2,484,613)	(3,451,724)
Net Balance of Deferred 0	Dutflows / (Inflows) of		
Resources		\$(12,044,743)	\$(21,658,763)

<u>SBHS</u>

At June 30, 2021, SBHS reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred utflows of		eferred lows of
	R	Resources	Res	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	75,346	\$	24,676
Assumption Changes		8,062		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		480,123		-
Change in allocated proportion		348,918		24,923
Contributions after the measurement date		425,616		-
Total	\$	1,338,065	\$	49,599

The \$425,616 reported as a deferred outflows of resources related to SBHS's contributions subsequent to the measurement date to the SCRS, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the SCRS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>		<u>SCRS</u>
2022	\$	224,489
2023		292,052
2024		223,578
2025		122,730
Total	<u>\$</u>	862,849

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

<u>HCSWA</u>

At June 30, 2021, the SWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plan from the following sources:

	-	Deferred utflows of		Deferred nflows of
	R	esources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual pension liability experience	\$	111,319	\$	36,481
Assumption Changes		11,820		-
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan				
investments		709,650		-
Changes in proportion and differences between HCSWA				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		559,828		580,777
HCSWA contribution subsequent to the measurement date		653,982		-
Total	\$	2,046,599	\$	617,258

The \$653,982 amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension plan resulting from HCSWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>		<u>SCRS</u>
2022	\$	81,169
2023		112,020
2024		401,083
2025		181,087
Total	<u>\$</u>	775,359

# **B.** Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits

# **Plan Description**

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County's defined benefit OPEB plan, Horry County Retiree Benefit Plan (HCRBP), provides certain post-employment health care benefits as per the requirements of a local ordinance. HCRBP is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the County. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. Individuals who are retired, retirement eligible, retirement eligible past employees, and employees who are either 62 years old or have 23 years of County service as of December 31, 2012 are considered the "grandfathered group" and have the same benefits as in effect prior to December 31, 2012. Retirees of Horry County Government are eligible to receive retiree health care benefits either as a part of the "grandfathered group" or if they are not in the grandfathered group. Employees hired after June 30, 2011 will not be eligible for any County paid premium subsidies.

# **Retirement Eligibilities**

SCRS and PORS retirement eligibility requirements are described in the following tables. In addition to the requirements shown below, Class Two employees must have 5 years of earned service and Class Three employees must have 8 years of earned service.

	Class Two	Class Three
SCRS	Any age with 28 years of service; or at age 65 with at least 5 years of service	Rule of 90; or at age 65 with at least 8 years of service
PORS	Any age with 25 years of service; or at age 55 with at least 5 years of service	, ,

# Normal (unreduced) Retirement Requirements

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

Early (reduced) Retirement Requirements

	Class Two	Class Three
SCRS	Age 60 with at least 5 years of service; or at age 55 with at least 25 years of service	· ·

Class Two employees are those employees hired prior to July 1, 2012. Class Three employees are those employees hired on or after July 1, 2012.

## **Deferred Retirement Benefits**

Retirement plan vested employees who terminate employment with Horry County before they meet the eligibility requirements as stated above are generally not eligible for Horry County retiree health care benefits. The exception to this is that they are eligible for Horry County retiree health care benefits if they return to Horry County Government and retire from the SCRS or PORS as a Horry County employee. To be eligible, the employee must have been covered under the State Health Plan for the last five years of employment.

## **Premium Sharing**

The schedule for Horry County funding of retiree health insurance is as follows:

Years of Service	Grandfathered	Years of Service	Non-GF	Hired after 6/30/2011		
15-22	50%	15-29	50%	0%		
23-27	75%	30+	100%	0%		
28+	100%					

### **County Subsidy – SCRS**

#### **County Subsidy – PORS**

Years of Service	Grandfathered	Non-GF	Hired after 6/30/2011
15-20	50%	50%	0%
21-24	75%	50%	0%
25+	100%	100%	0%

The subsidy percentage for current retirees varies based on prior County policies.

For non-grandfathered employees, the following plan modifications apply:

1. The County subsidy of retiree health insurance will begin at age 62. Employees can still retire before that age if they are eligible, but the County will not pay the health insurance premiums until age 62. The retiree can stay on the County plan and pay the total premiums personally, or opt-out of the plan and obtain coverage elsewhere, then opt-back in to the plan at age 62 to receive the County funded benefit.

2. The 75% tier is eliminated. Employees are eligible for the County payment of 50% of the premiums, at 15 years of County service, and 100% coverage at 28 or 25 years of service.

3. The amount of the County subsidy will not increase by more than 3% over the amount paid by the County in the prior calendar year. Any increase in cost above 3% will be absorbed by the retiree. The maximum employer subsidy for non-grandfathered retirees was \$464.66/mo. in 2021 and \$464.66/mo. in 2021.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

4. Those employees who separate from County employment for any reason other than retirement and are then rehired after June 30, 2011 will be eligible to participate in the retiree health insurance plan upon their retirement; however, the County will not pay any portion of their retiree health insurance premiums and they will not be eligible to receive any County subsidy for the purposes of retiree health insurance.

For employees hired after June 30, 2011, the following plan modifications apply:

Employees in this category are eligible to participate in the retiree health insurance plans upon their retirement; however, the County will not pay any portion of their retiree health insurance premiums and they will not be eligible to receive any County subsidy for the purpose of retiree health insurance.

## **Duty and Non-Duty Disability Retirement Benefits**

Employees who retire under a disability retirement are eligible for retiree health care benefits based on years of service.

## **Duty and Non-Duty Death in Service Retirement Benefits**

Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health benefits. However, they are eligible for survivor insurance for one year at no cost to the surviving spouse, after that, qualifying survivor has the option of selecting other insurance or continuing coverage at surviving spouse's expense.

## Benefits for Spouses of Retired Employees

Spouses of retired employees are eligible to receive retiree health care benefits at member cost.

## Dental Coverage

Members and spouses retiring with retiree health care benefits are eligible for Horry County Government paid dental benefits. No dental subsidies are provided to Medicare eligible retirees.

## **Retiree Opt-Out**

Retirees (employees who meet the retirement criteria eligibility at the time of terminating employment) who decide to opt-out of health care plan will be eligible to opt back in. Non-grandfathered employees will receive the County subsidy at age 62 if they choose to opt back in. There is no additional stipend provided for those who opt-out of retiree health care.

## Medicare – Eligible Provisions

County paid health insurance coverage ceases when the retiree becomes Medicare eligible. This change becomes effective December 31, 2012 at which time the County will begin to contribute \$150 (2013 amount) on the first banking day of each month in to a Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement account for the retiree to purchase a Medicare supplemental insurance plan, or to use for payment of out-of-pocket qualifying medical expenses. This monthly contribution is pro-rated according to the retiree's years of service with the County (50%, 75% if grandfathered, or 100%) and will increase annually by the lower of CPI-U (the Consumer Price Index All Urban Consumers on a September over September basis) or 3% per year. This is the only change that impacts current retirees and current retiree eligible employees or past employees.

A transition provision applies to a select group of current retirees who could receive either a County paid Plan F Medicare Supplement (with a Part D Rx plan and State of SC basic dental) or apply their \$150 monthly subsidy towards the State's health plan.

In line with CPI-U changes, the original \$150/mo. subsidy for Medicare retirees increased to \$168.94 for 2021 and \$166.61 for 2020.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

## **Funding Policy**

Horry County currently pays for post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The cost of these benefits is recognized as an expenditure of the governmental, internal service, or enterprise fund in which the employee accrued the benefit as provided for in the annual budget ordinance. These benefits will cease if funds are not available for appropriation. For fiscal year 2021, the County contributed \$983,101 for existing retirees, net of the implicit rate subsidy.

## Implicit Subsidy

Horry County participates in the State of South Carolina's health plan which utilizes a "blended premium" structure. Said another way, the overall health care premiums for active employees and retirees are stated in terms of a single "blended premium". The difference between the underlying retiree claims and the blended overall health care premium is referred to as an "implicit" or "hidden" subsidy. Because the underlying claims costs for a non-Medicare retiree are on average higher than the blended premium, there is a positive implicit subsidy for the non-Medicare retirees. For fiscal year 2021, the County recognized a \$469,051 Implicit Subsidy for existing retirees.

# **Total OPEB Liability**

The County's total OPEB liability of \$49,315,864 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

## Actuarial assumptions and other inputs.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement date of June 30, 2019, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Discount Rate Inflation	Individual Entry-Age 2.45% as of June 30, 2020 2.25%
Salary Increases	3.50% to 9.50% for PORS and 3.00% to 7.00% for SCRS, including inflation.
Demographic Assumptions	Based on the experience study covering the five-year period ending June 30, 2015 as conducted for the South Carolina Retirement Systems (SCRS).
Mortality	For healthy retirees, the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Males and the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Females are used with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. The following multipliers are applied to the base tables: 100% for male SCRS members, 111% for females SCRS members, 125% for male PORS members, and 111% for female PORS members.
Health Care Trend Rates	Initial rate of 6.40% declining to an ultimate rate of 4.00% after 15 years. The County's post-65 HRA contributions are assumed to increase at 2.25% per year.
Participation Rates	Participation rates are assumed to vary based on service and Grandfathered status: 80% to 100% for Group A (Grandfathered) retirees with over 15 years at retirement; 20% to 100% for Group B (Non-Grandfathered) retirees with over 15 years at retirement; 20% for retirees hired after June 30, 2011 or with less than 15 years at retirement.
Other Information:	Notes: The discount rate changed from 3.13% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30, 2020. Additionally, the health care trend rates were updated to reflect the repeal of the excise tax on high-cost employer health plans.

## **Discount Rate**

For plans that do not have formal assets, the discount rate should equal the tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date. For the purpose of this valuation, the municipal bond rate is 2.45% (based on the daily rate closest to but not later than the measurement date of the Fidelity "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"). The discount rate was 3.13% as of the prior measurement date.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

## **Plan Assets**

There are no plan assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

# Summary of Membership Information

The following table provides a summary of the number of participants in the plan as of June 30, 2020:

Inactive Plan Members or Beneficiaries Currently Receiving Benefits Inactive Plan Members Entitled to But Not Yet Receiving Benefits Active Plan Members Total Plan Members	376 - <u>2,188</u> <u>2,564</u>
Changes in the Total OPEB Liability	
Total OPEB liability – June 30, 2020	\$ 43,649,664
Service Cost Interest on the total OPEB liability Changes of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience of the total OPEB liability Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net changes	1,320,800 1,364,883 - (49,644) 4,437,313 (1,407,152) 5,666,200
Total OPEB Liability – June 30, 2021	<u>\$ 49,315,864</u>
Covered - employee payroll	\$113,620,201

The benefit payments during the measurement period were determined as follows:

a.	Explicit benefit payments	\$	938,101	
b.	Implicit benefit payments		469,051	(explicit benefit payments * 0.500)
C.	Total Benefit payments	\$ 1	,407,152	

The 0.500 factor equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected explicit costs.

# Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using a discount rate of 2.45%, as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

		Current Discoun	nt	
1% De	ecrease	Rate Assumption	n	1% Increase
1.4	45%	2.45%		3.45%
\$ 57,1	187,877	\$ 49,315,864		\$ 42,888,654

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

### Sensitivity of Total OPEB Liability to the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Assumption

Regarding the sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following presents the plan's total OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one percent lower or one percent higher:

	Current Healthcare Cost	
1% Decrease	Trend Assumption	1% Increase
\$ 41,173,598	\$ 49,315,864	\$ 59,750,306

### **Recognition of Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources**

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are recognized in OPEB expense using a systematic and rational method over a closed period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan (active employees and inactive employees) determined as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The expected remaining service lives of all active employees in the plan was approximately 21,768 years. Additionally, the total plan membership (active employees and inactive employees) was 2,504. As a result, the average of the expected remaining service lives for purposes of recognizing the applicable deferred outflows and inflows of resources established in the current measurement period is 8.6933 years.

	Deferred Outflows of		_	eferred Iflows of
	Re	sources	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,471,093
Changes in assumptions		3,766,992		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,377,030		_
Total	\$	<u>5,144,022</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,471,093

The deferred outflow for contributions made after the measurement date of \$1,377,030 consists of \$918,020 in explicit subsidies and \$459,010 in implicit subsidies. The implicit subsidy was estimated by multiplying the explicit costs by 0.500. The 0.500 factor equals the ratio of the expected implicit subsidy to the expected explicit costs.

## Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows to be recognized in Future OPEB Expense

Year Ending June 30	Net Deferred Outflows/Inflows
2022	\$ 141,121
2023	141,121
2024	141,121
2025	141,121
2026	242,712
Thereafter	1,488,703
Total	\$ 2,295,899

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

SBHS:

# Plan Description

Prior to July 1, 2012 SBHS had agreed to provide qualified retirees all or part of the health care benefits afforded to regular employees. Effective July 1, 2012 the plan was closed to new participants and SBHS discontinued all payments toward the cost of retiree health insurance premiums for employees. The plan however is subject to amendment from time to time at the discretion of the Board of Directors. At the time of the policy change, there were two employees with more than twenty years of consecutive service with the agency who were grandfathered into the plan. As a result, the following exceptions were made for those two grandfathered staff upon retirement:

- The agency will pay 100% of the total premium for single employee/retiree coverage (health/dental). Additional dependent coverage is available but will be paid for by the retiree.
- Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the retiree will have the option to choose Medicare supplement coverage under the State Health Plan or through other private carriers. SBHS will pay premiums through a Health Retirement Account arrangement as listed below:
  - State Health Plan \$150 (will increase by the lower of the CPI-U or 3% per year)
  - Private Medicare Supplement 100% of premium for Medicare Supplement plan, applicable Part D Prescription plan, state of SC basic Dental plan and administrative fee

Retired non-grandfathered staff will have the opportunity to continue on the agency plan and pay the premiums personally or opt out and obtain coverage elsewhere.

# **Funding Policies**

The plan is not administered thru a trust, rather, SBHS administers the plan. SBHS has not separately set aside assets to fund this obligation. Rather, SBHS pays for post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis as a single-employer plan. During the year ended June 30, 2021 SBHS contributed approximately \$12,405 towards the cost of retiree health insurance coverage. SBHS has measured the liability using the alternative valuation method rather than an actuarial valuation as allowed for under GASB Statement No. 75 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension which SBHS adopted for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 for this liability. This liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 based upon the expected life expectancy of the participants, through internet research, and the expected future payments. Plan participants were born in 1962 and 1963 and have a life expectancy of age 79. A discount rate of 4.5% was used to measure the net present value of the liability along with a 3.0% rate of inflation for premium increases.

## Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the sensitivity of the SBHS OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 to changes in the discount rate, calculated using the discount rate of 5.5 percent, as well as what it would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (4.5 percent) or 1% point higher (6.5 percent) than the current rate, this is a significant estimate:

		Current	
	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
	<u>(4.50%)</u>	<u>(5.50%)</u>	<u>(6.50%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 99,337	\$ 92,205	\$ 85,860

The following table represents the components of the net OPEB liability using a June 30, 2021 measurement date:

OPEB beginning balance at June 30, 2020 Changes for the Year: Service cost	\$ 101,165 -
Interest Benefit payments	3,445 (12,405)
Net change in OPEB liability	(8,960)
OPEB ending balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 92,205

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

## HCSWA:

## Plan Description

The HCSWA's retiree health care plan provides OPEB for all permanent full-time employees of the HCSWA. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the HCSWA. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

## **Benefits Provided**

The plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Benefit provisions are established and may be amended by the HCSWA's Board of Directors.

Group 1 Employees - An employee who retires with the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS) with at least twenty years with the HCSWA may continue health and dental coverage until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible by paying twenty-five percent of the amount charged by EIP for Employer Non-Funded Benefits. The HCSWA pays the remaining seventy-five percent of the Employer Non-Funded amount. When the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, the HCSWA will begin to contribute a maximum of \$150 each month into a retiree health reimbursement arrangement account.

Group 2 Employees - An employee who retires with the SCRS with at least ten years with the HCSWA may continue health and dental coverage until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible by paying fifty percent of the amount charged by EIP for Employer Non-Funded Benefits. The HCSWA pays the remaining fifty percent of the Employer Non-Funded amount. When the retiree becomes Medicare eligible, the HCSWA will begin to contribute a maximum of \$75 each month into a retiree health reimbursement arrangement account.

Group 3 Employees - An employee who retires with the SCRS with at least five years with the HCSWA may continue health and dental coverage until the retiree becomes Medicare eligible by paying one hundred percent of the amount charged by EIP for Employer Non-Funded Benefits.

## **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive Employees Currently Receiving Benefit Payments	15
Active Employees	83
	<u>98</u>

## **Total OPEB Liability**

The HCSWA's total OPEB liability of \$2,334,788 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

# **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation Salary Increases	2.25% 3.00% to 7.00%, including inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.40% decreasing to 4.15% over 15 years
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	
Group 1 Employees	25.00%
Group 2 Employees	50.00%
Group 3 Employees	100.00%

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

### HCSWA:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.45%. The discount rate was based on fixedincome municipal bonds with twenty years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of June 30, 2020.

Mortality rates for active members were based on the gender distinct RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables with a multiplier of 95% applied to the base tables for all members. No provision is made for future improvements in active employee mortality.

Mortality rates for healthy retirees were based on the 2016 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2016. Multipliers of 100% for male members and 111 % for female members were applied to the base tables.

Mortality rates for disabled retirees were based on the gender distinct RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Tables with fully generational mortality projections based on Scale AA from the year 2014. A multiplier of 125% was applied to the base tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study covering the five year period ending June 30, 2015 as conducted for the South Carolina Retirement Systems.

## Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Changes in the total OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 2,025,827
Changes for the Year	
Service Cost	106,826
Interest	64,170
Changes of Benefit Terms	-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	11,550
Changes of Assumptions	184,580
Benefit Payments	<u>(58,165)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 2,334,788

Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.13% as of June 30, 2019 to 2.45% as of June 30, 2020.

## Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the HCSWA, as well as what the HCSWA's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.45%) or one percentage point higher (3.45%) than the current discount rate:

	1.0% Decrease	Discount Rate	1.0% Increase
	<u>(1.45%)</u>	(2.45%)	<u>(3.45%)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 2.656.199</u>	<u>\$ 2.334.788</u>	<u>\$ 2.066.109</u>

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans, continued

### HCSWA:

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the HCSWA, as well as what the HCSWA's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower (5.40% decreasing to 3.0%) or one percentage point higher (7.40% decreasing to 5.0%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Healthcare Cost Trend	
	1.0% Decrease (5.40%	Rates (6.40%	1.0% Increase (7.40%
	Decreasing to 3.0%)	Decreasing to 4.0%)	Decreasing to 5.0%)
Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 1,974.431</u>	<u>\$2,334.788</u>	<u>\$2,788.673</u>

### Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the HCSWA recognized OPEB expense of \$132.042. At June 30, 2021, the HCSWA reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	<b>Resources</b>	Resources
SWA Contributions Subsequent to the Measurement Date	\$ 72,257	\$-
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	9,946	311,566
Changes of Assumptions	250,420	83,869
	<u>\$ 332,623</u>	<u>\$ 395,435</u>

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from SWA contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. The amount reported as deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30, 2022	\$ (38,954)
2023	(38,954)
2024	(38,954)
2025	(27,073)
2026	(15,552)
Thereafter	 24,418
	\$ <u>(135,069)</u>

#### Note 15. Segment Information

The County has elected to present disaggregated information regarding all enterprise funds in the proprietary fund, Statement of Net Position, Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position, and Statement of Cash Flows.

The Department of Airports Enterprise Fund is responsible for operation, maintenance and development of the County's Airport System - including Myrtle Beach Aviation (FBO), Grand Strand Airport (CRE), Conway – Horry County Airport (HYW), and Twin City Airport (5J9) general aviation airports and Myrtle Beach International Airport (MYR). The County's discretely presented component units HCSWA and SBHS were created by the County to develop and implement a solid waste disposal and resource recovery/recycling system and to provide services to reduce the negative health, social and economic consequences resulting from the use of alcohol and other drugs, for the County, respectively. Disaggregated information of the component units is presented in the basic financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 15. Segment Information, continued

#### Major Customers and Economic Condition - Department of Airports

Airline revenues, leases, concessions, and rental car activities, generate approximately 64% of the Airport's revenues or just over \$19.4 million of the \$28.4 million total operating revenue. Signatory Airlines generate \$9.1 million in revenue after surcharges.

Rates and charges of Signatory Airlines, which serve MYR, represented 30.0% of the total operating revenues reported for MYR in fiscal 2021. Of the leading Signatory Airline carriers, Spirit Airlines represents 49.0% of the airline traffic, American Airlines 24.5%, Delta Air Lines 9.9% and Allegiant Air 7.4% and Southwest Airlines 3.1%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, there are three customers whose balance represents approximately 42.0% of the net accounts receivable balance.

## Note 16. Joint Enterprise - Baseball Stadium

The County entered into various agreements with the City of Myrtle Beach and proportionately shares in the ongoing financial interest and responsibility for a professional minor-league baseball stadium. A summary of those agreements are as follows:

Pursuant to a Ballpark Management Agreement dated September 1, 1998 (the "Management Agreement"), the City of Myrtle Beach, South Carolina and the County collectively agreed to develop, own and operate a baseball stadium facility in Myrtle Beach, South Carolina (the "Project"). The Management Agreement provides that the Project shall be jointly owned with the City having an undivided 70% ownership interest in the Project and the County having a 30% undivided ownership interest, and further provides that the net profits and losses of the joint enterprise shall be divided in proportionate shares to the City's and County's respective ownership interests.

While the stadium is under joint control by the City and County, no separate entity or organization of the baseball stadium exists as of June 30, 2021. Accordingly, the County has reported activities in the baseball stadium as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements of the baseball stadium are presently not available.

## Note 17. Intergovernmental Agreements - RIDE Projects

On February 15, 2019, the County utilized \$80.1 million from restricted funds which were placed in an irrevocable trust. The restricted funds, along with earnings, are sufficient to pay off in entirety the RIDE I Program IGA Loan #2 debt. As a result, the RIDE I Program IGA Loan #2 debt is defeased and the liability has been removed from the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position. This defeasance did not result in a refunding nor was an economic gain or loss recognized. The defeasance escrow balance at June 30, 2021 is \$23,575,264.

#### Agreements related to RIDE III

An Intergovernmental Agreement, dated March 12, 2017 has been completed with SCDOT to manage eleven (11) of the twenty (20) projects for RIDE III construction program.

## Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies

#### **Litigation**

The County is party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in governmental operations. County officials believe the legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

The County enacted a Road Maintenance Fee during fiscal year 1987 which prevailed in subsequent litigation as a valid uniform service charge in the 1992 South Carolina Supreme Court decision Brown vs. Horry County. This landmark case, along with the subsequent Campbell vs. the City of Charleston, established the four-part test for uniform service charges in South Carolina. A recent South Carolina Supreme Court Opinion in Burns vs. Greenville County indicates a departure from the prior four-part test. In an abundance of precaution, Horry County is acting to affirm our imposition and collection of the Road Maintenance Fee based on the prior ruling of validity by the Supreme Court.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

The discretely presented component unit HCSWA is also a defendant in various lawsuits. The outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable; however HCSWA's management does not believe the settlement of these matters will have a material effect on its financial condition.

The County settled a lawsuit asserting municipal consent required to collect the 1.5% Hospitality Fee within the municipalities. On September 4, 2020 the County and each participating municipality ratified a settlement agreement in principle to end the lawsuit initiated by the City of Myrtle Beach (City), for itself and a class of similarly situated plaintiffs. In October 2020, the South Carolina Circuit Court (Court) provided its order approving the settlement agreement. The settlement agreement provides for Horry County to collect the 1.5% Hospitality Fee within the municipalities and provides for distribution of the fees collected within a municipality to that municipality. The court order also distributes the balance of the \$19.0 million in municipal collections through June 30, 2019 to the municipalities after provision of class claims and administrative expense. During fiscal year 2019, an estimated expenditure of \$19.0 million was accrued in anticipation of this outcome.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the County was named as a defendant in two currently pending cases resulting in the loss of life from a drowning incident occurring in the fiscal year ended 2019. A claim loss of \$6.3 million per case was settled amongst all parties in August 2021. The total claim loss of \$12.6 million was accrued and expensed in these financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

## Federal and State Assisted Programs

In the normal course of operations, the County and Department of Airports participate and receive grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority to insure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Such audits could result in the possible liability for reimbursement or refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. However, the County's management believes that any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of such audits would not be material to the financial position of the County.

## **Commitments**

Horry County Council approved the construction of a building for an Emergency Operations Center (EOC) at an estimated cost of \$26 million. The funding is provided primarily from the following sources: \$16.0 million from 2020 (Series A) GO Bonds, \$5.0 million from the Horry County General Fund, and \$2.3 million from the E911 Fund. The EOC will house departments such as Emergency Management, E911, Communications and serve as the Headquarters for the County during disasters and emergencies. Construction started November 2020 and is expected to be completed in two years from groundbreaking. Total construction in progress actual costs through June 30, 2021 is \$6.8M.

The County has undertaken significant road construction projects to address transportation needs within the County. The construction program known as Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE II) is being implemented in phases and includes a series of interconnected highway construction and road enhancements that will improve the transportation network in the County. Concurrent with the construction to complete RIDE II, the County has initiated the initial design of multiple projects contained in the RIDE III construction program approved by voters in the November 2016 referendum.

The participating parties for the RIDE II project are the County, the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank and the South Carolina Department of Transportation. The role of the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank is to provide the necessary financing and funding for the RIDE project. The participating parties for the RIDE III project are the County and the South Carolina Department of Transportation.

Major projects in RIDE II are the Conway Bypass (Highway 22), a six-lane controlled access highway between Aynor and Conway at Highway 501 to U.S. 17 near the Myrtle Beach Mall (formerly known as the Colonial Mall); and Carolina Bays Parkway (Highway 31); a six-lane limited access highway between S.C. Highway 9 in the North and S.C. Highway 544 in the South; a four-lane bridge spanning the Intercoastal Waterway at Fantasy Harbour; and the North Myrtle Beach Connector, a four-lane road connecting S.C. Highway 90 and U.S. 17 to the Carolina Bays Parkway. Other projects resulted in improvements to S.C. Highway 544, S.C. Highway 501 and U.S. 17. In fiscal year 2007, the County received approval of a \$40 million grant from the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank Board for engineering and environmental work and right of way acquisitions for extension of

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies, continued

the Carolina Bays Parkway and the widening of S.C. 707. During fiscal year 2008, the County received notification that the State Infrastructure Bank approved a commitment to provide funding of \$85 million for the continued extension of Carolina Bays Parkway (Highway 31) to the southern portion of Horry County ending at S.C. Highway 707; there is no matching requirement on these funds. South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT), as manager of the Highway 31 Southern Extension, is negotiating a vendor contract dispute related to the liquidated damages for the late delivery of Intercoastal Waterway bridge, along with counterclaims from the vendor. As this project was permitted and contracted with the widening of SC 707, the County has potential liability for cost overruns of the joint projects. While no estimate of potential liability can be determined at this time, sufficient balances remain in the RIDE II program to cover any potential amount due.

Major projects in RIDE III are the U.S. Hwy 501 Corridor improvements - S.C. Hwy 31 to SC Hwy 544; Carolina Forest Boulevard Widening; S.C. Hwy 9 East Widening (Loris); U.S. Hwy 701 N Widening (North Conway); Fred Nash Boulevard connection to Harrelson Boulevard (Myrtle Beach); U.S. Hwy 17 Business Intersection improvements (Garden City); Forestbrook Road Widening; U.S. Hwy 501 Realignment from Broadway Street to 7<sup>th</sup> Avenue North; U.S. Hwy 701 Widening (North of Loris); Conway Perimeter Road Phase II; Southern Evacuation Lifeline (SELL) environmental studies and right-of-way; S.C. Hwy 31 (Carolina Bays Parkway) Extension to SC/NC State Line; pave 100 miles of County dirt roads; resurface 33.13 miles of City roads; and resurface 66.74 miles of County roads. An Intergovernmental Agreement has been completed with SCDOT to manage eleven (11) of the twenty (20) projects. Design contracts have been awarded for the SC 9 Widening (East of Loris), US 701 Widening (North of Conway), Dirt Road Paving (Project 2), Carolina Forest Boulevard Widening, US 501 Corridor Improvements (Postal Way and Middle Ridge Avenue Extensions), and Palmetto Pointe Boulevard Extension.

Governmental activities have a total of \$107.5 million in encumbrances at June 30, 2021. Encumbrances for the major governmental funds are as follows: \$0.59 million is encumbered in the General Fund primarily related to public works maintenance and countywide annual service and professional services contracts; \$20.7 million is encumbered in the General Capital Improvements Project Fund primarily related to construction of the new EOC/ECC building and the new Longs fire station and various capital projects; \$1.5 million is encumbered in the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund- RIDE II primarily for the repaving, resurfacing and road expansion projects funded by the one cent capital road sales tax; \$58.3 million is encumbered in the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund- RIDE III primarily for the repaying, resurfacing and road expansion projects funded by the one cent capital road sales tax. Other significant encumbrances from non-major funds at June 30, 2021 are: the Road Maintenance & CTC Fund had \$6.9 million in encumbrances primarily related to multiple road paving projects; the Economic Development Fund had \$2.9 million in encumbrances primarily for performance agreements incentives; \$9.8 million in encumbrances for the Grant Fund primarily related to ECHO rental assistance program, Ascott Valley industrial park and TIGER Grant rail project; and the CDBG Grant Program Special Revenue Fund had \$2.4 million of encumbrances. Encumbrances for the Internal Service Funds are \$3.3 million for replacement of light vehicles and heavy equipment. Encumbrances for business-type activities are \$9.9 million for various capital projects.

Prior to June 30, 2021, the discretely presented component unit HCSWA entered into contracts for the landfill gas and piggyback construction projects. The cost of the contracts totals \$15,930,372 of which \$8,702,563 had been incurred as of year-end.

## Note 19. Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and natural disasters for which commercial insurance is carried. The County and its component units carry commercial insurance to cover all losses, excluding vehicle comprehensive and collision coverage and including workers' compensation. During the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insured claims have not exceeded the County's coverage in any of the past five (5) years.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 19. Risk Management, continued

Furthermore, there is no evidence of asset impairment or other information to indicate that a loss expense and liability should be accrued at year-end.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year for the discretely presented component unit HCSWA.

### Note 20. Related Party Transactions

The HCSWA provides a collection system for the residents of the unincorporated areas of Horry County. The collection system is comprised of twenty-four manned convenience centers. The HCSWA charges the County monthly for the actual costs of operating the convenience centers plus a support services fee. Total charges to the County for the year ended June 30, 2021 were \$7,418,539. In addition, the County made capital contributions to the HCSWA in the amount of \$166,022 in order to fund the capital needs of the unincorporated collection system. The HCSWA is required to pay the County a community waste disposal fee for the right to develop and operate landfills within the borders of Horry County. The fee is equal to \$2.25 per ton of municipal solid waste and mixed construction accepted for disposal at the HCSWA's landfills. The community waste disposal fee totaled \$936,974 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 21. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

## <u>A. Explanation of differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide</u> <u>Statement of Net Position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance amounts and net position of governmental activities. The details of the reconciled amount are as follows:

Total fund balances - governmental funds

\$ 603,521,775

68,147,701

Capital assets (exclusive of Internal Service Fund Capital Assets) in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets	1,147,332,097
Less, accumulated depreciation	(223,817,533)
Net amount reported	923,514,564

Some of the property taxes and other fees will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures and are, therefore, reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements.

Property taxes, net of allowance for uncollectible	4,186,184
Grant reimbursements	4,487,373
Accommodations tax	1,077,166
Fees and fines	6,817,046
Capital project sales tax	22,402,396
Net amount reported	38,970,165

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet and communication services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.

Long-term liabilities, deferred inflows and outflows of resources, including bonds payable that are not due and payable (exclusive of Internal Service Fund liabilities) in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in these funds.

General obligation bonds	(47,464,000)
Capital leases payable	(5,462,500)
Deferred charges on refunding	1,226,123
Bond premium	(3,373,951)
Compensated absences and leave	(14,399,663)
Net OPEB liability	(43,569,883)
Net pension liability	(186,332,795)
Accrued interest	(448,112)
Net amount reported	(299,824,781)
Total net position, end of year - governmental activities	\$ 1,334,329,424

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 21. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

# B. Explanation of differences between the governmental Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and in Fund Balances and the government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balance and changes in net position governmental activities. The details of the reconciled amounts are as follows:

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds 110,562,208 \$ Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and asset disposals in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures 39.693.497 Assets disposals (3,440,949)Depreciation expense (16,641,536) Net amount reported 19,611,012 Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in these funds. Property taxes & accommodations tax (4.948)Grants reimbursements (9,446,557)Fees and fines 2,783,227 5,686,946 Capital project sales tax (981, 332)Net amount reported Contributed property is not reported as revenue in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of property contributed is reported in the current period. In the current period, these amounts are: Donation of capital assets 22,999,721 Some expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Net OPEB liability (1,268,710)Compensated absences and leave 619,550 (13, 812, 469)Net pension liability Net amount reported (14,461,629) The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal and interest consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items. Repayments of GO bond principal 13.992.000 Repayments of capital leases 1,325,000 Change in accrued interest expense & amortization of bond premiums 123,144 Net amount reported 15,440,144 The net revenue (expense) and transfer of fund balance of certain activities of internal service funds reported with governmental activities. (Expenses for pension liability,

Service funds reported with governmental activities. (Expenses for pension liability, OPEB liability, and compensated absences for the internal service funds are not reported above)

Change in net position-governmental activities

 4,751,678
\$ 157,921,802

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 22. Tax Abatements

Horry County provides tax abatement incentives through three programs to encourage economic development, attract new businesses, and retain existing businesses – Fee in Lieu of Tax, Special Source Revenue Credits, and Multi-County Business Parks:

- A Fee in Lieu of Tax (FILOT) is authorized under South Carolina Code Title 12, Chapter 44, Title 4, Chapter 29, or Title 4, Chapter 12. The FILOT is used to encourage investment and provides a reduction of property tax when a business invests a minimum of \$2,500,000 within a 5-6 year investment period (beginning with date property is placed in service, ending five years after the last day of the property tax year in which the property is initially placed in service). The reduction in property taxes is accomplished by a reduction of assessed value, reduction in millage rate and elimination of (or reduction in) number of times millage rates are changed. In addition, an agreement may allow the possible use of net present value method over term of FILOT to equalize payments. Repayment of incentive is required by state law if taxpayer fails to meet statutory minimum investment requirement. Other recapture provisions may be negotiated (such as a pro rata clawback for failure to meet and/or maintain jobs/investment).
- A Special Source Revenue Credit (SSRC) is authorized under South Carolina Code Sections 4-29-68, 4- 1-170, and 12-44-70. The SSRC is used to encourage investment and provides a credit against property taxes in the form of a percentage reduction or a dollar amount reduction. County manually applies SSRC to reduce applicable property tax bill. To receive the credit, a business must incur costs of designing, acquiring, constructing, improving, or expanding improved or unimproved real estate or personal property used in the operation of a manufacturing or commercial enterprise, infrastructure servicing the project, or certain aircraft.
- A Multi-County Business Park (MCBP) is authorized under Article VIII, Section 13(d) of the Constitution of South Carolina, as amended and South Carolina Title 4, Chapter 1. A MCBP is used to promote the economic welfare of their citizens by inducing businesses to invest in the Counties through the offer of benefits available under South Carolina law pursuant to multi-county businesse park arrangements. The designation as a MCBP provides that all real and personal property located in the Park shall be exempt from all ad valorem taxation. This is typically used in the creation of a FILOT or SSRC, but also has the additional benefit of exemption of property from the rollback taxes when the property was previously taxed as agricultural property. When agricultural real property is applied to a use other than agricultural, it is subject to additional taxes, referred to as rollback taxes. The amount of the rollback taxes is equal to the sum of the differences, if any, between the taxes paid or payable on the basis of the fair market value for agricultural purposes and the taxes that would have been paid or payable if the real property had been valued, assessed, and taxed as other real property in the taxing district (except the value of standing timber is excluded), for the current tax year (the year of change in use) and each of the immediately preceding five tax years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the County abated property tax revenues of \$219,761 under agreements entered into by the County. The table below summarizes the tax abatements by program:

<b>T N</b> ( ) <b>D</b>	<u>Abatement</u>
Tax Abatement Program	
Fee in lieu of tax (FILOT)	\$ 196,274
Special Source Revenue Credit (SSRC)	23,487
	\$ 219,761

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# Note 22. Tax Abatements, continued

The County is not subject to any tax abatement agreements entered by other governmental entities. The County has chosen to disclose information about some of its tax abatement agreements individually. It established a quantitative threshold of 10 percent of the total dollar amount of taxes abated during the year.

- A FILOT agreement with a medical facility located in the unincorporated area of Horry County. This agreement was completed in 2018. The abatement amounted to \$78,320.
- A FILOT agreement with manufacturer for relocation of their existing facility located in unincorporated area of Horry County. This agreement was completed in 2013. The abatement amounted to \$42,675.
- A FILOT agreement with a manufacturer for expansion of their existing facility located in the Atlantic Center Industrial Park. This agreement was completed in 2009. The abatement amounted to \$25,925.
- A FILOT agreement with a forest product manufacturer for expansion of their existing facility located in unincorporated area of Horry County. This agreement was completed in 2003. The abatement amounted to \$19,957.

The County may provide a Performance Agreement in addition to tax abatement incentives or serve as a pass-through recipient of grants from other governmental entities to incent entities to locate or expand operations and jobs within the County. The amount of incentive will vary based on the size of capital investment and/or number of jobs created. No Performance Agreement or grant payments were made to entities receiving tax abatement incentives in fiscal year 2021.

# Note 23. Service Concession Arrangement

In August 2016, Horry County and its agent, Horry County Department of Airports, entered into a contract with Republic Parking System, Inc. to provide a paid parking concession for passengers of the Myrtle Beach International Airport for a term of 60 months. Per the agreement, Republic Parking System, Inc. is to provide parking services to airport customers, using airport-owned parking lots and airport-owned parking revenue-management equipment. In January 2020, Horry County Department of Airports extended the Republic Parking contract for 24 months, ending July 2023. Due to the pandemic and low parking volumes, it would be difficult to undertake a successful Request for Proposal (RFP) process. Due to the nature of this agreement, whereas Republic Parking System, Inc. is the operator and Horry County Department of Airports is the transferor, it has been classified as a Service Concession Arrangement defined in GASB Statement No. 60. The parking lots and the parking revenue-management equipment have been classified as a capital asset of the Horry County Department of Airports. The present value of the guaranteed minimum lease payments for the term of the agreement are classified as an asset of the Horry County Department of Airports, with an offsetting deferred inflow, which will be systematically amortized each year as the minimum annual guaranteed revenue and any auxiliary commissions revenue are recorded.

During fiscal year 2021 parking concessions revenues recorded were \$2,632,555. Revenue of \$2,087,990 recognized in fiscal year 2021 represents amortization of the service concession agreement during the fiscal year. Commissions received on operating results in excess of the minimum annual guarantee were \$1,557,555 for fiscal year 2021. Agreement terms do not specify guarantees or commitments required of Horry County Department of Airports. Accordingly, no liabilities have been recorded in conjunction with this contractual arrangement for either year presented.

For each year presented in this report, the Statement of Net Position reflects the net present value of the service concession arrangement within assets and also within liabilities.

2024

	2021
Opening Service Concession Arrangement and Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 6,362,629
Less: amortization of discounted minimum annual payments	(2,087,990)
Service Concession Arrangement and Deferred inflow of	
resources at June 30,	\$ 4,274,639

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Note 24. Subsequent event

Management has evaluated all events and transactions occurring subsequent to the balance sheet date of June 30, 2021, for items that should potentially be recognized or disclosed in these consolidated financial statements. The evaluation was conducted through December 15, 2021, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, and except as noted below, there were no subsequent events that required disclosure in these financial statements.

On October 21, 2021, the County issued two general obligation bonds:

- Series 2021B with par value amount of \$25 million, interest rate of 1.24% and for the purpose to finance the future construction of the Central Coast Complex, a new county administrative building that will house multiple county departments.
- Series 2021C with par value amount of \$3.63 million, interest rate of 1.48% and for the purpose to finance the future construction of multiple fire, EMS and other public safety facilities.

On September 23, 2021, the County issued a lease purchase agreement with a par value of \$4.3 million, interest rate of 1.16% and for the purpose of acquiring firefighting apparatus. Currently these funds are held in escrow by a third-party bank and the anticipated delivery date of the apparatus is later in 2022.

During fiscal year 2021, the County and Municipalities settled the 1.5% Hospitality fee lawsuit and beginning July 1, 2021, the county re-initiated county-wide collections. The Municipalities consented retroactively to the Hospitality Fee Ordinances. The County will distribute revenues collected within each municipality based on the location of collection, and the parties will work collectively to address road infrastructure needs.

On October 11, 2021, the County began collecting impact fees which will provide a new source of anticipated annual revenue of \$5 million in the first partial year. These funds will be utilized for capital projects for Public Safety, Parks and Recreation, and Waste Management. The County will report this revenue and related expenditures in a new capital projects fund during fiscal year 2022.

On September 9, 2021, the County issued \$27,255,000 in fixed rate Airport Revenue Refunding Bonds, The County completed the refunding to reduce its total debt service payments over a period of 19 years by \$12,023,431 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$9,910,463.

Beginning July 1, 2021, the County will escrow the road maintenance fee revenues, estimated at \$17.0 million annually. Normal revenue distributions to municipalities are being held and Road Fund construction personnel and related expenditure as well as contractual payments to Coast RTA will be temporarily transferred to the General Fund pending clarification of the Burns vs. Greenville County ruling from 2021. (See Note 18 under Litigation for further ruling details.) The County along with numerous other counties in the state are advocating legislative action to clarify the uniform service charge parameters as interpreted by the South Carolina Supreme Court in the Burns vs. Greenville County which differs from the Brown vs. Horry County South Carolina Supreme Court case in 1992 that ruled the Horry County Road Maintenance Fee was a valid uniform service charge. The County has been named as a defendant in a lawsuit seeking the recovery of road maintenance fees paid.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 25. Payroll Protection Program Reported as Debt

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 the component unit SBHS received \$741,300 under the Federal Government Payroll Protection Program. An additional loan was received during fiscal year 2021 in the amount of \$755,037. Amounts received were recorded as a Debt as required by GASB Technical Bulletin No. 2020-1. For the year ended June 30, 2021 both loans were forgiven by the US Small Business Administration and the forgiven debt has been recorded within these financial statements as a special item in the statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net assets in the amount of \$1,496,337.

## Note 26. Uncertainties

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the coronavirus outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern" and on March 11, 2020, declared it to be a pandemic. A State of Emergency order was enacted on March 13, 2020 by the President of the United States. On March 15, 2020, the Governor of South Carolina directed the closure of all public schools and on March 17, 2020, the Governor temporarily prohibited restaurants from providing certain food services for on-premises consumption. Hotels in the incorporated areas experienced a significant drop in occupancy due to a Stay-At-Home order enacted on April 6, 2020 and restrictions on overnight stays. The Stay-at-Home order was lifted in May 2020. In response to the novel coronavirus and resulting disease known as COVID-19 ("COVID-19") and in accordance with social-distancing recommendations from state and local governmental authorities, the County closed its facilities to the public on March 18, 2020. Notwithstanding the complete closure of its facilities to the public, the County was able to maintain essential services without interruption and transitioned employees to facilitate the delivery of County services to the public by phone, drive-up window accesses, scheduled appointments, contactless curbside pickup and drop-off, and through the County's website.

County employees maintained their regular work schedules, in-person at the County's facilities with only limited telecommuting staff. Additionally, the County has reopened its facilities, transitioning from access to the public on an appointment-only basis to full access, in accordance with Center for Disease Control guidelines, as of May 18, 2020. Cost control measures including holding nonessential spending and a hiring freeze on non-Public Safety positions were implemented and not lifted until spring 2021.

The County will receive approximately \$69 million from the American Rescue Plan Act of 2021 (\$34.3 million received in fiscal year 2021). The County will use these funds for, among other things, responding to and mitigating the public health emergency caused by COVID-19 and the resulting economic impacts. Additionally, the County has been provided CARES Act funding from various Agencies and State passthroughs totaling \$79.9 million including \$36.2 million for the Department of Airports, \$28.6 million for direct beneficiary assistance through Housing and Urban Development Community Development Block Grants/Emergency Solution Grants/Home Grants and Department of Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance, and \$15.1 million in direct reimbursements including \$4.7 million for fiscal year 2020 expenses.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 27. Restatements

### Change in Accounting Principle

As previously mentioned, the County implemented GASB 84, Fiduciary Activities in the fiscal year 2021. The County was required to reevaluate the accounting treatment of fiduciary activities. It was determined that one previously reported Agency Fund follows the governmental fund definition and is now reported in the General Fund. All other previously reported Agency Funds are considered Fiduciary in nature and are reported under GASB 84 as custodial funds. The following restatement to beginning net position in the Custodial Funds is necessary in order to properly report the custodial funds as of July 1, 2020.

	Custodial Funds
Fiduciary net position, as previously reported	\$-
Recognition of the beginning net position of the previously reported Agency Funds now reported as Custodial Funds	297,036,180
Fiduciary net position, as restated	\$297,036,180

# Note 28. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB has issued the following pronouncements and implementation guides that may affect future financial position, results of operations, cash flows, or financial presentation of the County upon implementation. The County is currently in the process of evaluating the impacts of adopting these on the financial statements.

During May 2020, the GASB issued GASB Statement 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance*. The objective of this Statement is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. That objective is accomplished by postponing the effective dates of certain provisions in Statements and Implementation Guides that first become effective or are scheduled to become effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018, and later. Effective dates were postponed by one year for most pronouncements, including Statement No. 83 and No. 84 and Statement No. 89 through No. 93. Effective dates were postponed by 18 months for Statement No. 87, Leases and Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*.

GASB Statement 87 - In June 2018, the GASB issued Statement 87, "*Leases*", which provides guidance for lease contracts for nonfinancial assets—including vehicles, heavy equipment, and buildings—but excludes non-exchange transactions, including donated assets, and leases of intangible assets (such as patents and software licenses). Under the new standard, a lessee entity is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. A lessor entity is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. A lessor will continue to report the leased asset in its financial statements. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 89, "Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period." The objectives of this Statement are (1) to enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2021.

Statement No. 91, "Conduit Debt Obligations." The primary objectives of this Statement are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## Note 28. New Accounting Pronouncements, continued

with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends December 31, 2022.

Statement 92, "*Omnibus 2020*." The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Statement 93, "*Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates.*" Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR)— most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate. The requirement in paragraph 11b will take effect for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. The requirements in paragraphs 13 and 14 will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Statement No. 94, "*Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*." The primary objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by addressing issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements (PPPs). As used in this Statement, a PPP is an arrangement in which a government (the transferor) contracts with an operator (a governmental or nongovernmental entity) to provide public services by conveying control of the right to operate or use a nonfinancial asset, such as infrastructure or other capital asset (the underlying PPP asset), for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. Some PPPs meet the definition of a service concession arrangement (SCA), which the Board defines in this Statement as a PPP in which (1) the operator collects and is compensated by fees from third parties; (2) the transferor determines or has the ability to modify or approve which services the operator is required to provide, to whom the operator is required to provide the services, and the prices or rates that can be charged for the services; and (3) the transferor is entitled to significant residual interest in the service utility of the underlying PPP asset at the end of the arrangement.

This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements (APAs). As defined in this Statement, an APA is an arrangement in which a government compensates an operator for services that may include designing, constructing, financing, maintaining, or operating an underlying nonfinancial asset for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.

Statement No. 96, "*Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*." This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87 "Leases", as amended. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2023.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### Note 28. New Accounting Pronouncements, continued

Statement No. 97, "Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32." The primary objectives of this Statement are to (1) increase consistency and comparability related to the reporting of fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; (2) mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The requirements of this Statement will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, "*Leases*." The requirements of this Implementation Guide will take effect for financial statements starting with the fiscal year that ends June 30, 2022.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT'S THAT USE A BASIS OF ACCOUNTING THAT DIFFERS FROM GAAP

## **Basis of Budgeting**

The policy established by the County with respect to the Budget is substantially the same as GAAP, with one exception. The County's budget basis accounting differs from GAAP in accounting for capital lease financing transactions. For budgetary basis accounting, these transactions are not recorded as other financing sources when funded and expenditures when the equipment is acquired, as required by GAAP.

However, there is no difference in fund balance because of this, thus the County considers its budget to approximate GAAP basis.

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

## GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for for the year ended June 30, 2020)

2021							
		lget Final	Actual	Variance	Actual		
Revenues	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Actual		
Real property taxes	\$ 87,950,153	\$ 93,634,587	\$ 96,923,736	\$ 3,289,149	\$ 92,383,794		
Personal property taxes	5,875,119	5,875,119	6,251,091	375,972	5,403,598		
Vehicle taxes	8,475,230	8,475,230	9,240,332	765,102	8,518,486		
Fee in lieu of taxes	3,906,000	3,906,000	3,948,428	42,428	3,465,031		
Intergovernmental	12,950,019	17,575,970	24,318,046	6,742,076	14,006,573		
Fees and fines	29,942,302	29,614,871	31,159,021	1,544,150	29,043,353		
Documentary stamps	5,437,163	5,437,163	7,978,625	2,541,462	5,358,858		
License and permits	9,782,161	9,782,161	16,052,043	6,269,882	11,254,408		
Interest on investments	1,801,333	871,137	345,918	(525,219)	1,645,457		
Cost allocation	4,219,450	4,219,450	3,697,033	(522,417)	4,142,879		
Other	2,559,057	4,481,462	5,152,954	671,492	5,082,115		
Total revenues	172,897,987	183,873,150	205,067,227	21,194,077	180,304,552		
	,,	,,,		, - ,-	,,		
Expenditures							
General Government:							
County Council	1,217,987	1,740,243	972,296	767,947	1,154,055		
County Administrator	1,594,545	1,470,103	1,187,042	283,061	1,168,952		
Finance	1,990,442	2,068,629	1,837,486	231,143	1,905,736		
Human Resources	2,006,849	2,278,541	1,613,636	664,905	1,537,010		
Procurement	718,380	754,660	764,400	(9,740)	1,067,773		
IT/GIS	6,384,914	6,653,638	6,351,566	302,072	6,060,341		
Assessor	4,209,533	4,315,971	3,912,323	403,648	4,160,138		
Assessor Appeals Board	16,156	16,375	3,509	12,866	3,567		
Treasurer	2,447,533	2,664,804	2,646,996	17,808	2,481,224		
Business License	715,528	749,959	750,265	(306)	700,278		
Auditor	1,924,791	1,865,446	1,679,050	186,396	1,838,397		
Registrar of Deeds	1,437,616	1,470,245	1,433,995	36,250	1,322,400		
Registration and Election	884,786	1,179,710	852,272	327,438	937,215		
Public Information	443,231	502,756	391,187	111,569	374,384		
Department Overhead	7,079,594	9,763,147	4,685,258	5,077,889	4,879,862		
Probate Judge	1,235,300	1,286,296	1,182,632	103,664	1,149,616		
Master in Equity	527,900	576,489	495,350	81,139	514,264		
Legal	936,615	1,512,269	1,041,262	471,007	1,175,418		
Grants Administration	375,905	182,076	273,367	(91,291)	191,786		
Delegation	98,992	101,271	67,387	33,884	77,458		
Maintenance	5,557,028	4,360,425	3,490,296	870,129	4,120,198		
Total	41,803,625	45,513,053	35,631,575	9,881,478	36,820,072		
Less, capital outlay	(25,409)	(100,878)	(79,057)	(21,821)	(29,702)		
Net general government	41,778,216	45,412,175	35,552,518	9,859,657	36,790,370		

- CONTINUED -

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED -

	2021							
	Bud	get						
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Actual			
Public Safety:								
Public Safety Division	1,110,805	1,220,947	1,169,031	51,916	1,257,112			
Clerk of Court	2,323,481	2,464,922	2,053,102	411,820	2,089,445			
Clerk of Court - DSS	699,753	723,047	705,043	18,004	664,102			
Clerk of Court - Family Court:	274,728	977,529	264,504	713,025	291,663			
Magistrates	3,589,001	3,737,670	3,434,755	302,915	3,479,315			
Communications	1,313,350	1,313,350	1,297,719	15,631	1,172,922			
Sheriff	8,149,484	8,856,299	8,628,965	227,334	8,227,101			
Police	26,738,275	28,803,718	28,010,540	793,178	26,994,617			
Emergency Management	562,143	532,877	381,965	150,912	426,503			
Emergency 911	3,615,361	3,854,786	3,651,108	203,678	3,412,395			
Coroner	1,200,540	1,423,290	1,226,271	197,019	1,236,708			
Detention Center	28,388,462	31,276,966	40,141,884	(8,864,918)	28,286,811			
Emergency Medical Services	18,966,338	19,601,982	19,482,378	119,604	19,191,591			
Animal Care Center	1,341,752	1,566,899	1,304,514	262,385	1,320,297			
Parking Program	124,000	330,384	97,158	233,226	150,458			
Total	98,397,473	106,684,666	111,848,937	(5,164,271)	98,201,040			
Less, capital outlay	(177,500)	(62,448)	(62,417)	(31)	(192,343)			
Net public safety	98,219,973	106,622,218	111,786,520	(5,164,302)	98,008,697			
Infrastructure and Regulation:								
Infrastructure and Regulation Division	484,806	493,991	494,674	(683)	458,107			
County Engineer	1,612,044	1,841,541	1,467,226	374,315	1,403,890			
Public Works	9,918,062	11,543,267	9,857,112	1,686,155	9,290,898			
Code Enforcement	3,892,706	4,063,071	3,890,797	172,274	3,546,495			
Planning	2,284,667	2,395,160	2,193,049	202,111	2,231,171			
Railroad	-	80,777	79,424	1,353	64,809			
Environmental Services	329,367	335,829	302,360	33,469	294,694			
Abatement/Demolition	-	848,008	18,715	829,293	78,875			
Total	18,521,652	21,601,644	18,303,357	3,298,287	17,368,939			
Less, capital outlay	(43,000)	(54,394)	-	(54,394)	-			
Net infrastructure and regulation	18,478,652	21,547,250	18,303,357	3,243,893	17,368,939			
-								

- CONTINUED -

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES GENERAL FUND - CONTINUED -

	2021									
		dget								
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Actual					
Expenditures (continued)										
Health and Social Services:										
Medically Indigent Assistance										
Program	909,293	871,005	847,480	23,525	849,017					
Health Department	140,000	152,739	119,241	33,498	145,450					
Department of Social Services	102,504	123,111	107,686	15,425	132,857					
Veteran Affairs	481,155	493,267	470,395	22,872	457,416					
Total health and social services	1,632,952	1,640,122	1,544,802	95,320	1,584,740					
Culture, Recreation, and Tourism	:									
Library	4,947,763	5,239,730	4,692,767	546,963	4,894,269					
Museum	840,597	1,007,130	687,126	320,004	763,324					
Total culture, recreation and		.,,								
tourism	5,788,360	6,246,860	5,379,893	866,967	5,657,593					
Contributions to Associate										
Contributions to Agencies:	99,308	109,308	109,308		289,171					
Other Agencies	99,300	109,300	109,300	-	209,171					
Capital outlay	245,909	217,720	141,474	76,246	222,045					
Total expenditures	166,243,370	181,795,653	172,817,872	8,977,781	159,921,555					
Excess of revenues over										
expenditures	6,654,617	2,077,497	32,249,355	30,171,858	20,382,997					
Other Financial Sources (Uses)										
Sale of capital assets	50,000	50,000	24,445	(25,555)	14,053					
Transfers in	467,404	1,969,346	1,954,581	(14,765)	608,765					
Transfers out	(9,703,329)	(18,051,079)	(18,051,079)	-	(20,332,150)					
Total other financing sources										
(uses)	(9,185,925)	(16,031,733)	(16,072,053)	(40,320)	(19,709,332)					
Net change in fund balance	(2,531,308)	(13,954,236)	16,177,302	30,131,538	673,665					
Fund balance at beginning of year	80,683,282	80,683,282	80,683,282	-	80,009,617					
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 78,151,974	\$ 66,729,046	\$ 96,860,584	\$ 30,131,538	\$ 80,683,282					
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#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENTS THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

#### FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2021

#### A. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Horry County's Road Infrastructure

Horry County's road system consists of approximately 66% paved roads and 34% unpaved roads. The condition of the road pavement is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. Horry County implemented a Pavement Management System (MicroPAVER) on July 1, 2010 in an effort to better assess the paved road network in the County. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale called a Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to rate road condition and the PCI is correlated to the 1-5 condition ranking. Each road is ranked from 1 for failed pavement to 5 for a pavement in perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify roads in good or better condition (rating 4 or 5), fair condition (rating 3), and substandard condition (rating 1 or 2). It is the County's goal to maintain at least 70 percent of its paved road system at fair or better condition level. No more than 30 percent should be in a substandard condition. Condition assessments are completed every year.

The County created a long-term road improvement program that had been paving 3 miles of dirt roads per year (which included 1 mile funded by the County Transportation Committee (CTC) and resurfacing 30 miles of paved road per year. As the County dirt roads are paved, they become part of the County's paved road network and are added to the MicroPaver pavement management system.

The actual maintenance of the unpaved roads involves scraping each road every three weeks depending on the weather. At this time, management believes it is impossible to conduct a meaningful condition assessment for dirt roads because road conditions can change daily depending on traffic, weather, soils, and the County's maintenance schedule.

The costs of maintaining unpaved roads accounts for an estimated 75% of the Public Works Department annual operating budget.

Several factors that have occurred over the past several years that has affected the County's paved road network are as follows:

1) Since the end of FY 2004, the County's paved roadway network has more than doubled. Approximately 393 paved miles at the end of FY 2004 compared to 998 paved miles at the end of FY 2021.

2) The current economic conditions prompted County Council's increase of the Road Fee in fiscal year 2016 to \$50 annually from \$30 to provide a recurring revenue source to address the growing road maintenance needs.

3) In May 2017, a one-cent sales tax was implemented and is dedicated to specific road projects, included is the paving of 100 miles of dirt roads and the resurfacing of 100 miles of County maintained roads over a 8 year period. This is the second successive sales tax program addressing road needs.

4) As stated above, Horry County implemented a MicroPAVER Pavement Management System on July 1, 2010. Each paved road has been inspected and ranked based on it's condition using the PCI (Pavement Condition Index). This program is much more accurate when determining the networks condition because each paved road is visited at least once every three years and rated. Maintenance costs needed at June 30, 2021 to improve all roads with a rating of 1 or 2 to a rating of 3 or better are \$7.9 million.

The following tables depict the condition and maintenance costs of the County's road infrastructure:

#### Percentage of Miles in Fair or Better Condition

	-	Condition	
	2021	2020	2019
Arterial	92.3%	91.5%	90.6%
Collector	86.5%	86.1%	86.0%
Access	90.7%	87.7%	87.7%
Overall system	89.8%	88.5%	87.6%

# Percentage of Miles in Substandard

		Condition	
	2021	2020	2019
Arterial	7.7%	8.5%	9.4%
Collector	13.5%	13.9%	14.0%
Access	9.3%	12.3%	12.3%
Overall System	10.2%	11.5%	12.4%

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENTS THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

#### FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2021

#### - CONTINUED -

#### A. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Horry County's Road infrastructure

	Comparison of Needed-To-Actual Maintenance/Preservation											
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017							
Arterial:												
Needed	\$ 526,500	\$ 558,000	\$ 396,800	\$ 505,600	\$ 507,212							
Actual	193,288	325,445	263,748	257,828	180,797							
Collector:												
Needed	2,326,500	2,301,750	1,620,800	1,288,000	1,641,182							
Actual	854,101	1,342,460	1,077,326	656,583	585,004							
Access:												
Needed	18,585,000	23,748,750	16,345,600	14,374,400	15,271,788							
Actual	6,822,895	13,851,086	10,864,724	7,329,820	5,443,673							
Overall System:												
Needed	21,438,000	26,608,500	18,363,200	16,168,000	17,420,182							
Actual	7,870,284	15,518,991	12,205,798	8,244,231	6,209,474							
Difference	\$ 13,567,716	\$ 11,089,509	\$ 6,157,402	\$ 7,923,769	\$11,210,708							

\* See Note 4 on previous page.

#### B. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Department of Airport's Infrastructure

#### Infrastructure Assets

Certain elements of the Myrtle Beach International Airport's (the Airport) runway, aprons, taxiways, drainage systems, etc. which comprise the "Infrastructure Assets" were obtained in conjunction with the USAF property conveyance described in detail in Note. 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

#### Condition Rating and Actial Maintenance/Preservation of Airport Infrastructures

Condition assessments for environmental systems are made regularly and in accordance with the Airport's annual storm water maintenance plan, which is subject to annual audit by the Department of Health and Environmental Control ("DHEC"). There were no unfavorable DHEC audits during the fiscal periods covered in this annual report.

The Airport developed a Pavement Management and Maintenance Study (PMMS) in 2000, 2010, and again in 2018. The basis for the condition measurement of airfield systems using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) are distresses found in the pavement surfaces. The Airport has a PMMS completed periodically (5-10 years) as required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). In addition, the Airport has had FAA Part 139 inspections annually, all of which were passed successfully.

The PCI scale used to assess and report conditions ranges from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for a pavement in new or excellent condition. Generally, ratings 71 and above require only routine preventative maintenance. Pavement ratings of 41-70 typically require major rehabilitation. Pavements with PCI values of below 40 require major reconstruction.

As of January 2018, the average inspected Pavement Condition Index (PCI) for all airfield pavements at the Airport was found to be 73, illustrating the fact that the overall pavement at MYR has improved. Runway 18-36 was found to have an average inspected PCI of 99, while the Taxiways had an average inspected PCI of 71, and Aprons had an average inspected PCI of 67. The 2018 average inspected PCI value has increased over 2010 PCI values due to numerous airfield pavement rehabilitation projects.

The Airport's policy has been to comply with all FAA requirements and has placed condition assessment reliance on additional FAA requirements in evaluating the condition of the Infrastructure assets and in ensuring the safety of the passengers of the airport.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENTS THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

#### FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2021

#### - CONTINUED -

#### B. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Department of Airport's Infrastructure

Because of safety requirements, all Airport infrastructure is constantly maintained. FAA 14 CFR Part 139 requires the following activities: (3) daily assessments of the airfield, which include but are not limited to inspection of the runway and taxiways pavement for wear or repair needs, painting/striping, signage, etc. An inspection log is maintained, resulting in a traceable history of maintenance items addressed. The Airport undergoes a rigorous Part 139 audit annually. Management of the Airport believes it is not cost effective to obtain a complete condition assessment every three years and believes that the FAA requirements, together with the additional Airport and state regulatory inspection policies, are sufficient to assess the condition of the Airport infrastructure.

The most recent complete condition assessment of the Airport's infrastructure assets is as follows (year of assessment shown in):

Infrastructure Asset:	Area Weighted PCI Value
Airfield & runway subsystem and roads for: Myrtle Beach International (MYR) (2018)	73
Airfield & runway subsystem and roads for: Myrtle Beach International (MYR) (2010)	65
Airfield & runway subsystem and roads for: Myrtle Beach International (MYR) (2000)	76

The following table represents the estimated and actual maintenance costs of the Airport's pavement infrastructure. In fiscal year 2015, the runway at the Airport and approximately 1,700 linear feet of Taxiway "A" were replaced. The runway and the new section of Taxiway "A" have a PCI of 100. Included in the runway project is a maintenance plan for the new pavement infrastructure. In fiscal year 2018, the Airport had a comprehensive Pavement Maintenance & Management study for all operated airports, including MYR, CRE, HYW and 5J9.

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Estimated Cost of Maintenance	Actual Cost of Maintenance
2021	\$ 212,500	\$ 148,566
2020	201,000	595,230
2019	194,500	236,960
2018	158,500	210,081
2017	97,000	149,700
2016	69,000	125,296
2015	54,000	62,688
2014	75,000	107,525
2013	44,860	60,937
2012	60,400	96,900
2011	44,000	54,600
2010	50,000	43,500
2009	54,000	56,700

Since 2009, the following pavement improvements to increase the capacity of the taxiways and ramps have taken place. While these projects have increased the capacity of the airfield system, they will also have a positive impact by increasing the weighted PCI for MYR:

• **MYR South Ramp Expansion (\$3.6M)** - This project expanded the MYR commercial ramp size by nearly 50% in order to accommodate additional aircraft and the new terminal.

• **MYR "B-2" (\$2.8M)** – This project included the construction of a new taxiway in order to allow general aviation and charter aircraft faster access to and from the runway.

#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENTS THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

#### FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2021

- CONTINUED -

#### B. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Department of Airport's Infrastructure

• **MYR Ramp Rehabilitation (\$2.8M)** - This project removed all remaining asphalt pavement on the Commercial Ramp at MYR and replaced it with 12 inches of P-501 Concrete over 5 inches of Cement Treated Base.

• MYR Expansion of Taxiway "A" (\$5.0M) – In order to expand the existing ramp for the proposed new terminal, taxiway "A" was expanded.

• **MYR Runway Rehabilitation (Budget \$20.5M)** – During fiscal year 2015 the construction work for complete rehabilitation of the MYR runway was completed. Additionally, 1,700 linear feet of taxiway "A" was replaced as part of this project. The full length was milled and replaced with variable depth asphalt. The runway rehabilitation meets the most current FAA design criteria.

• General Aviation Ramp Rehabilitation (\$3.8M) – The General Aviation (GA) ramp encompasses all aircraft parking aprons associated with the FBO and GA tenants. The vast majority of the apron is over forty (40) years old and was the primary aircraft parking apron for the United States Air Force (USAF). The PMMS identified future capital requirements based on the functional and structural conditions of the airfield pavement at MYR. Maintenance performed crack repairs and joint sealing over the years. A major rehabilitation and/or reconstruction of the entire GA ramp is recommended.

• MYR is experiencing tremendous growth in aircraft operations and increases in aircraft size from airline and military operators. The growth is bringing heavier aircraft more frequently to MYR, resulting in an increase in pavement deterioration beyond its original design strength when constructed. The Airport needs to rehabilitate its airfield taxiway pavement and lighting infrastructure before the pavement condition exceeds safety limits. A multiphased approach to reduce stakeholder operational impacts will be used to deliver the project.

• Phase I of the project includes Taxiway A – South (\$35.3M), which was substantially complete in May 2020.

• Phase II of the project includes Taxiway A – North (\$24.5M), construction began in January 2020 and is estimated to be completed winter 2021.

• Future phases for Taxiway B, will be designed and bid in 2022.

#### SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM For Plan Year Ended June 30,

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Primary Government	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
SCRS								
County's proportion of the net pension liability	0.5180%	0.5197%	0.5121%	0.5001%	0.5171%	0.5004%	0.4974%	0.4974%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability County's covered payroll	\$ 132,368 \$  57,795	\$ 118,664 \$  54,861	\$ 114,745 \$  53,070	\$ 112,590 \$   50,464	\$ 110,460 \$   50,092	\$   94,899 \$   46,896	\$85,636 \$46,170	\$ 89,217 \$ 43,201
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	φ 57,735	φ 04,001	φ 55,070	ψ 50,404	ψ 50,092	φ 40,050	φ 40,170	ψ 40,201
of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	229.03%	216.30%	216.21%	223.11%	220.51%	202.36%	185.48%	206.52%
percentage of the total pension liability	50.70%	54.40%	54.10%	53.33%	52.91%	57.00%	59.90%	NA
Primary Government PORS								
County's proportion of the net pension liability	3.6596%	3.4450%	3.2710%	3.3487%	3.4903%	3.3468%	3.3383%	3.3383%
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 121,361	\$ 98,737	\$ 92,674	\$ 91,740	\$ 88,530	\$ 72,943	\$ 63,910	\$ 69,202
County's covered payroll County's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage	\$ 55,284	\$ 49,987	\$ 45,267	\$ 45,046	\$ 44,471	\$ 41,487	\$ 40,290	\$ 36,939
of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	219.52%	197.53%	204.73%	203.66%	199.07%	175.82%	158.62%	187.34%
percentage of the total pension liability	58.80%	62.70%	61.73%	60.94%	60.44%	64.60%	67.50%	NA
Component Units								
Shoreline Behavioral Health Services SBHS's proportion of the net								
pension liability	0.0255%	0.0245%	0.0234%	0.0234%	0.0211%	0.0189%	0.1378%	0.1378%
SBHS's proportionate share	¢ 0.505	ф <u>гоо</u> г	ф <u>г</u> 404	ф <u>гого</u>	¢ 4.500	¢ 0.500	<b>*</b> 0.070	¢ 0.470
of the net pension liability SBHS's covered payroll	\$ 6,525 \$ 2,731	\$    5,605 \$    2,846	\$    5,131 \$    2,592	\$    5,258 \$    2,373	\$    4,502 \$    2,358	\$    3,599 \$    2,041	\$    2,373 \$    1,779	\$   2,472 \$   1,251
SBHS's proportionate share of the net	+ _,	+ _,	+ _,	+ _,	+ _,	<b>, , , , , , , , , ,</b>	÷ .,	• •,=•
pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	238.92%	196.94%	197.96%	221.58%	190.92%	176.34%	133.39%	197.60%
percentage of the total pension liability	50.70%	54.40%	54.10%	53.33%	52.91%	57.00%	59.90%	56.4%
Horry County Solid Waste Authority								
HCSWA's proportion of the net pension liability HCSWA's proportionate share	0.0378%	0.0348%	0.0402%	0.0388%	0.0418%	0.0406%	0.0426%	0.0426%
of the net pension liability	\$ 9,647	\$ 7,952	\$ 8,998	\$ 8,748	\$ 8,938	\$ 7,693	\$ 7,332	\$ 7,638
HCSWA's covered payroll HCSWA's proportionate share of the net	\$ 4,212	\$ 4,069	\$ 4,161	\$ 3,923	\$ 4,052	\$ 3,804	\$ 3,866	\$ 3,854
pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	229.03%	195.43%	216.25%	222.99%	220.58%	202.23%	189.65%	198.18%
percentage of the total pension liability	50.71%	54.40%	54.10%	53.33%	52.91%	57.00%	59.90%	56.39%

Note for above schedules:

The following inflation rates were used: 2014 through 2017 - 2.75% and 2018 through 2021 - 2.25%.

The following discount rates were used: 2014 through 2017 - 7.50% and 2018 through 2021 - 7.25%.

Information is obtained from South Carolina Retirement System Annual Report. The pension schedules are intended to show information for ten years. These additional years' information will be reported as it becomes available.

#### SCHEDULE OF COUNTY CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM For fiscal year ended June 30, (amounts expressed in thousands)

Primary Government	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
SCRS Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,581	\$ 8,482	\$7,477	\$7,196	\$5,831	\$5,540	\$5,112	\$4,819	\$4,527	\$ 3,977
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,581	8,482	7,477	7,196	5,831	5,540	5,112	4,819	4,527	3,977
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
County's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	58,430	57,795	54,861	53,070	50,464	50,092	46,896	46,170	43,201	39,929
covered payroll	14.69%	14.68%	13.63%	13.56%	11.55%	11.06%	10.90%	10.44%	10.48%	9.96%
PORS										
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 10,010	\$ 9,626	\$8,160	\$7,352	\$6,415	\$6,110	\$ 5,563	\$5,019	\$4,418	\$4,210
contractually required contribution	10,010	9,626	8,160	7,352	6,415	6,110	5,563	5,019	4,418	4,210
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
County's covered payroll	57,387	55,284	49,987	45,267	45,046	44,470	41,487	40,290	36,939	35,440
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.44%	17.41%	16.32%	16.24%	14.24%	13.74%	13.41%	12.46%	11.96%	11.88%
Component Units Shoreline Behavioral Health Services	_									
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	421	439	374	318	269	223	191	131	117	124
contractually required contribution	421	439	374	318	269	223	191	131	117	124
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shoreline's covered payroll	2,731	2,846	2,592	2,373	2,358	2,041	1,779	1,251	1,120	1,316
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.41%	15.41%	14.41%	13.41%	11.41%	10.93%	10.74%	10.47%	10.45%	9.42%
Horry County Solid Waste Authority										
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	654	655	593	564	453	448	415	410	409	363
contractually required contribution	654	655	593	564	453	448	415	410	409	363
Contribution deficiency (excess)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Solid Waste Authority's										
covered payroll	4,203	4,212	4,069	4,161	3,923	4,052	3,804	3,866	3,854	3,807
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.56%	15.55%	14.57%	13.55%	11.55%	11.06%	10.91%	10.61%	10.61%	9.54%

#### Notes to Above Schedules:

Information is obtained from South Carolina Retirement System Annual Report.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

#### Last 10 Fiscal Years

Primary Government				
	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,320,800	\$ 1,210,513	\$ 1,274,075	\$ 1,464,093
Interest	1,364,883	1,509,670	1,452,251	1,271,263
Changes in benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience	- (49,644)	- (2,070,047)	- 253,350	-
Changes of assumptions	4,437,313	2,773,423	(341,030)	(3,808,954)
Benefit payments	 (1,407,152)	 (1,744,447)	 (1,649,244)	 (1,499,250)
Net change in total OPEB liability	5,666,200	1,679,112	989,402	(2,572,848)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 43,649,664	 41,970,552	 40,981,150	 43,553,998
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 49,315,864	\$ 43,649,664	\$ 41,970,552	\$ 40,981,150
Covered - employee payroll	\$ 113,630,201	\$ 105,583,242	\$ 96,224,491	\$ 86,927,292
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	43.40%	41.34%	43.62%	47.14%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions reflect changes in the discount rate each period. The following discount rate were used: 2017 - 2.92%; 2018 - 3.56%; 2019 - 3.62%; 2020 - 3.13, and 2021 - 2.45%.

The schedules are intended to show information for ten years. These additional years' information will be reported as it becomes available.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

#### SBHS

	_	2021	2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms	\$	- 3,445 -	\$ - (7,175) -	\$ - 4,940 -	\$ - 389 -
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments Net change in total OPEB liability		- - (12,405) (8,960)	 - - (12,045) (19,220)	 - - (12,072) (7,132)	 - (11,622) (11,233)
Total OPEB liability - beginning (2018 as restated) Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	101,165 92,205	\$ 120,385 101,165	\$ 127,517 120,385	\$ 138,750 127,517
Covered- employee payroll Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	\$	- N/A	\$ - N/A	\$ - N/A	\$ - N/A

#### Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. The additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

The plan liability was measured using the alternative method rather than an actuarial valuation.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan.

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE COUNTY'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

Last 10 Fiscal Years

**HCSWA** 

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 106,826	\$ 100,322	\$ 104,433	\$ 116,448
Interest	64,170	80,525	75,760	63,387
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	11,550	(424,612)	(8,214)	-
Changes of assumptions	184,580	126,664	(15,043)	(161,647)
Benefit payments	(58,165)	(62,706)	(54,362)	(55,411)
Net change in total OPEB liability	 308,961	 (179,807)	 102,574	 (37,223)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	2,025,827	2,205,634	2,103,060	2,140,283
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 2,334,788	\$ 2,025,827	\$ 2,205,634	\$ 2,103,060
Covered- employee payroll	\$ 3,691,914	\$ 3,886,796	\$ 3,788,268	\$ 3,406,157
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered - employee payroll	63.24%	52.12%	58.22%	61.74%

#### Notes to Schedule:

Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period. The following discount rate were used: 2017 - 2.92%; 2018 - 3.56%; 2019 - 3.62%; 2020 - 3.13, and 2021 - 2.45%.

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria of GASB codification P52.101 to pay related benefits for the OPEB plan. This schedule is intended to present information for ten years. The additional years' information will be presented as it becomes available.

OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION

# COMBINING NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Non-Major Capital Improvement Funds	Non-Major General Debt Service Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 345,457	\$-	\$-	\$ 345,457
Pooled cash and investments	95,379,244	28,056,107	6,646,320	130,081,671
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes	1,376,525	67,012	338,427	1,781,964
Accounts and other	272,043	-	-	272,043
Fees	2,214,682	2,138,109	9,948	4,362,739
Lease receivable	1,211,005	-	-	1,211,005
Due from other governments	6,928,946	-	-	6,928,946
Prepaid items	5,825	-	-	5,825
Restricted assets	19,738,502	-	-	19,738,502
Total Assets	\$ 127,472,229	\$ 30,261,228	\$ 6,994,695	\$ 164,728,152
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 7,175,478	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,175,478
Accounts payable - other	143,954	· _	-	143,954
Accrued salaries and wages	1,170,860	-	-	1,170,860
Due to other funds	976,488	-	-	976,488
Due to other governments	93,319	-	-	93,319
Unearned revenue	16,048,957	-	-	16,048,957
Total liabilities	25,609,056	-	-	25,609,056
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	5,625,262	-	-	5,625,262
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	1,128,471	55,587	265,827	1,449,885
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,753,733	55,587	265,827	7,075,147
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	5,825	-	-	5,825
Restricted for capital projects	16,132,465	1,961,993	-	18,094,458
Restricted for public safety	20,501,027	-	-	20,501,027
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	13,318,412	-	-	13,318,412
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	15,377,052	1,112,336	-	16,489,388
Restricted for economic development	1,353,224	-	-	1,353,224
Restricted for health and social services	74,654	-	-	74,654
Restricted for debt service	-	-	6,728,868	6,728,868
Committed to other capital projects	-	27,131,312	-,,	27,131,312
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism	4,331,304		-	4,331,304
Committed to infrastructure and regulation	18,937,535	_	-	18,937,535
Committed to economic development	3,491,418	_ _	-	3,491,418
Committed to other purposes	2,241,503	_ _	-	2,241,503
Unassigned (deficit)	(654,979)	_ _	-	(654,979)
Total fund balances	95,109,440	30,205,641	6,728,868	132,043,949
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$ 127,472,229	\$ 30,261,228	\$ 6,994,695	\$ 164,728,152

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

RevenuesReal property taxes\$ 39,290,493\$ 1,802,088\$ 10,846,126\$ 51,938,707Personal property taxes2,911,848142,686708,0513,762,585Vehicle taxes4,793,583241,8011,044,9426,080,326Fee in lieu of tax1,734,6799,97176,8331,821,483Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941Interest on investments427,48296,70975,378599,569		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Non-Major Capital Improvement Funds	Non-Major General Debt Service Fund	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
Personal property taxes2,911,848142,686708,0513,762,585Vehicle taxes4,793,583241,8011,044,9426,080,326Fee in lieu of tax1,734,6799,97176,8331,821,483Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,941-2,815,941	Revenues				
Personal property taxes2,911,848142,686708,0513,762,585Vehicle taxes4,793,583241,8011,044,9426,080,326Fee in lieu of tax1,734,6799,97176,8331,821,483Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,941-2,815,941	Real property taxes	\$ 39.290.493	\$ 1.802.088	\$ 10.846.126	\$ 51.938.707
Vehicle taxes4,793,583241,8011,044,9426,080,326Fee in lieu of tax1,734,6799,97176,8331,821,483Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941					
Fee in lieu of tax1,734,6799,97176,8331,821,483Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941		, ,	,	,	
Intergovernmental25,797,999-46,85325,844,852Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941	Fee in lieu of tax				
Accomodations tax4,167,1914,167,191Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941	Intergovernmental		-		
Fees and fines29,300,93429,300,934Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941	0		-	-	
Hospitality fees625,50012,863,943-13,489,443Local accommodations tax1,000,0001,000,000Licenses and permits2,815,9412,815,941	Fees and fines		-	-	
Local accommodations tax         1,000,000         -         -         1,000,000           Licenses and permits         2,815,941         -         2,815,941			12,863,943	-	
		1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
Interest on investments 427,482 96,709 75,378 599,569	Licenses and permits	2,815,941	-	-	2,815,941
	•		96,709	75,378	
Other2,385,724359,564272,3503,017,638	Other		359,564	272,350	3,017,638
Total revenues 115,251,374 15,516,762 13,070,533 143,838,669	Total revenues		15,516,762	13,070,533	143,838,669
Expenditures	Expenditures				
Current:	Current:				
General government 1,607,482 1,607,482	General government	1,607,482	-	-	1,607,482
Public safety 42,682,376 33,147 - 42,715,523			33,147	-	42,715,523
Infrastructure and regulation 27,785,258 27,785,258		27,785,258	-	-	27,785,258
Health and social services 1,077,776 1,077,776	Health and social services	1,077,776	-	-	1,077,776
Culture, recreation and tourism 7,687,121 - 7,687,121			-	-	
Economic development 5,101,910 5,101,910			-	-	
HGTC and Higher Education Commission 5,282,803 5,282,803	HGTC and Higher Education Commission	5,282,803	-	-	
Debt service - 1,453,181 15,613,185 17,066,366		-		15,613,185	
Capital outlay 8,073,125 2,190,989 - 10,264,114					
Total expenditures         99,297,851         3,677,317         15,613,185         118,588,353	Total expenditures	99,297,851	3,677,317	15,613,185	118,588,353
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures 15,953,523 11,839,445 (2,542,652) 25,250,316	(under) expenditures	15,953,523	11,839,445	(2,542,652)	25,250,316
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Other Einanging Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets 40,837 40,837	<b>-</b> , ,	10 027			10 027
Lease financing proceeds 279,558 279,558			-	-	
Transfers in 9,322,539 9,959,849 1,362,489 20,644,877			0.050.940	1 262 490	
Transfers out $(5,577,432)$ $(7,478,292)$ $(13,459,849)$ $(26,515,573)$					
Total other financing sources (uses) $4,065,502$ $2,481,557$ $(12,097,360)$ $(5,550,301)$					
		·			
Net change in fund balance         20,019,025         14,321,002         (14,640,012)         19,700,015	Net change in fund balance	20,019,025	14,321,002	(14,640,012)	19,700,015
Fund balances at beginning of year         75,090,415         15,884,639         21,368,880         112,343,934					
Fund balances at end of year         \$ 95,109,440         \$ 30,205,641         \$ 6,728,868         \$ 132,043,949	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 95,109,440	\$ 30,205,641	\$ 6,728,868	\$ 132,043,949

INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund is the major operating fund of the County's governmental activities and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds. Revenue is collected from 41.6 mills levied on property tax on real and personal property along with general revenues from fees and fines, licenses and permits, miscellaneous, and intergovernmental funding.

## GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# As of June 30, 2021

# (with comparative amounts as of June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Assets	<b>A ( 007 007</b>	<b>A A A A A A A A A A</b>
Cash and cash equivalants	\$ 1,397,625	\$ 1,893,732
Pooled cash and investments	154,695,998	96,191,936
Receivables, net: Property taxes and other taxes	2,424,999	2,814,464
Accounts and other	6,153,319	4,404,702
Fees	2,663,366	1,887,064
Due from other funds	2,084,076	1,381,061
Due from other governments	6,267,434	10,917,509
Inventory	238,264	353,656
Prepaid items	832,684	672,938
Total Assets	\$ 176,757,765	\$ 120,517,062
Liabilities		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 15,731,069	\$ 3,410,275
Accrued salaries and wages	5,707,889	5,219,622
Due to other governments	2,993,021	2,093,419
Due to component unit	356,701	228,339
Due to taxpayers for overpayment	244,312	244,312
Funds associated with delinquent taxes	10,185,954	10,476,873
Unearned revenue	16,181	-
Construction performance bonds	33,117,593	2,983,306
Other accrued liabilities	2,091,244	2,111,327
Total Liabilities	70,443,964	26,767,473
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenues - fees and other	6,716,918	10,360,344
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	2,736,299	2,705,962
Total deferred inflows of resources	9,453,217	13,066,306
Fund balances		
Nonspendable	1,070,948	1,026,594
Committed to public safety	2,763,078	2,312,862
Committed to culture, recreation & tourism	130,499	110,410
Committed to infrastructure & regulation	1,448,332	1,877,586
Committed to capital	-	5,000,000
Committed to reserves/stabilization	66,155,322	53,954,198
Committed to other purposes	9,637,642	2,778,776
Committed to OPEB	7,862,374	5,455,498
Committed to abatement/demolition	829,293	832,487
Unassigned	6,963,096	7,334,871
Total fund balances	96,860,584	80,683,282
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		
and fund balances	\$ 176,757,765	\$ 120,517,061

## GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

# FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the period ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
	Final			
	Budget	Actual	 Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Property taxes:				
Real property taxes	\$ 93,634,587	\$ 96,923,736	\$ 3,289,149	\$ 92,383,794
Personal property taxes	5,875,119	6,251,091	375,972	5,403,598
Vehicle taxes	8,475,230	9,240,332	765,102	8,518,486
Fee in lieu of tax	3,906,000	3,948,428	42,428	3,465,031
Total property taxes	111,890,936	116,363,587	4,472,651	109,770,909
Intergovernmental:				0.47.000
Federal grants	4,440,039	10,375,776	5,935,737	947,638
Inventory tax	306,286	357,148	50,862	285,317
State salary supplements	7,875	7,875	-	7,875
Board of registration & elections	364,500	488,287	123,787	111,508
Veteran affairs	6,708	6,843	135	6,843
State shared	11,528,765	11,871,058	342,293	11,721,990
State - library	538,582	538,582	-	538,582
Accommodations tax	237,503	229,701	(7,802)	209,466
Other - state	145,712	442,776	 297,064	177,354
Total intergovernmental	17,575,970	24,318,046	 6,742,076	14,006,573
Fees and Fines:				
Planning fees	222,000	377,972	155,972	307,369
EMS	9,703,000	10,033,047	330,047	9,639,041
RMC fees	3,062,200	3,802,645	740,445	3,159,111
Clerk of Court fees and fines	604,060	575,187	(28,873)	618,865
Library	92,354	58,393	(33,961)	65,244
Sheriff fines	45,000	42,958	(2,042)	46,210
Family court fees	461,000	399,014	(61,986)	393,420
Probate court fees	631,200	621,356	(9,844)	645,312
Magistrates' fees and fines	1,473,440	1,655,710	182,270	1,765,594
Master in Equity fees	650,000	182,023	(467,977)	370,783
CATV fees	4,321,500	4,485,355	163,855	4,382,873
Beach franchise fees	52,000	52,776	776	36,606
Hospitality fees	7,517,816	7,935,175	417,359	6,507,040
Local accommodations tax	281,158	331,706	50,548	427,589
Other	498,143	605,704	107,561	678,296
Total fees and fines	29,614,871	31,159,021	1,544,150	29,043,353
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

		2021		2020
<b>Revenue (continued)</b> <u>RMC Documentary Stamps</u> :	Final Budget 5,437,163	Actual	Variance	Actual 5,358,858
<u>Licenses and Permits</u> : Business licenses Building inspection permits Other permits Marriage licenses	3,401,724 6,100,437 70,000 210,000	6,195,557 9,671,689 57,410 127,387	2,793,833 3,571,252 (12,590) (82,613)	3,944,866 7,116,044 76,525 116,973
Total licenses and permits	9,782,161	16,052,043	6,269,882	11,254,408
Interest on investments:	871,137	345,918	(525,219)	1,645,457
Cost allocation:	4,219,450	3,697,033	(522,417)	4,142,879
<u>Other</u> : Casino Boat Rent Other Total other Total revenue	850,000 173,872 3,457,590 4,481,462 183,873,150	413,110 299,335 4,440,509 5,152,954 205,067,227	(436,890) 125,463 982,919 671,492 21,194,077	539,068 247,567 4,295,480 5,082,115 180,304,552
Expenditures Current: General Government: County Council: Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and material Business and transportation Capital outlay Disaster Total	596,117 236,129 626,420 271,577 10,000 - 1,740,243	595,675 197,786 127,535 47,349 - 3,951 972,296	442 38,343 498,885 224,228 10,000 (3,951) 767,947	588,007 235,762 262,243 66,923 - 1,120 1,154,055
County Administrator: Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and material Business and transportation Other Disaster Programs Total	607,106 612,231 19,212 16,427 65,127 - 150,000 1,470,103	573,315 585,161 8,227 3,875 - 16,464 - 1,187,042	33,791 27,070 10,985 12,552 65,127 (16,464) 150,000 283,061	470,633 618,144 9,104 6,986 - 64,085 - 1,168,952

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - General Governmen		Actual	variance	Actual
Finance:	(continued)			
Personnel costs	1,860,969	1,724,329	136,640	1,807,858
Contractual services	84,253	41,971	42,282	59,908
Supplies and material	28,430	19,620	8,810	14,019
Business and transportation	16,950	16,293	657	19,383
Other	78,027	-	78,027	-
Disaster	-	35,273	(35,273)	4,568
Total	2,068,629	1,837,486	231,143	1,905,736
	i	i	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · ·
Human Resources/Risk Manager	ment:			
Personnel costs	682,631	431,996	250,635	518,216
Contractual services	1,116,076	945,433	170,643	854,324
Supplies and material	56,533	43,763	12,770	33,329
Business and transportation	211,400	82,594	128,806	59,509
Capital outlay	23,595	23,595	-	-
Programs	188,306	62,779	125,527	67,383
Disaster	-	23,476	(23,476)	4,249
Total	2,278,541	1,613,636	664,905	1,537,010
Dressurgenet				
Procurement: Personnel costs	652 245	E72 20E	80.040	460.090
Contractual services	653,345	573,305	80,040	460,089
Supplies and material	61,837 22,982	53,514 2,946	8,323 20,036	53,760 28,380
Business and transportation	4,021	2,948 3,480	20,038	13,316
Capital outlay	4,021	3,400	541	1,545
Disaster	-	- 127,235	- (127,235)	507,763
Other	- 12,475	3,920	8,555	2,920
Total	754,660	764,400	(9,740)	1,067,773
10tal	104,000	704,400	(0,740)	1,007,770
IT/GIS:				
Personnel costs	3,752,299	3,603,951	148,348	3,539,295
Contractual services	2,302,909	2,297,231	5,678	1,839,282
Supplies and material	387,749	274,268	113,481	387,890
Business and transportation	18,296	17,226	1,070	98,962
Capital outlay	36,769	32,590	4,179	20,151
Disaster	-	126,300	(126,300)	169,761
Other	155,616		155,616	5,000
Total	6,653,638	6,351,566	302,072	6,060,341

			2020	
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - General Governmen	t (continued)			
Assessor:				
Personnel costs	3,791,750	3,684,742	107,008	3,672,620
Contractual services	224,474	42,387	182,087	225,857
Supplies and material	82,563	40,885	41,678	152,680
Business and transportation	50,410	40,570	9,840	50,485
Disaster	-	63,869	(63,869)	25,284
Other	166,774	39,870	126,904	33,212
Total	4,315,971	3,912,323	403,648	4,160,138
Assessor Appeals Board:				
Personnel costs	15,375	3,509	11,866	3,015
Supplies and material	1,000	-	1,000	552
Total	16,375	3,509	12,866	3,567
<b>T</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		
Treasurer: Personnel costs	0.004.050	0.050.400	C2 072	0.000.405
Contractual services	2,321,259	2,258,186	63,073	2,088,105
Supplies and material	69,273 249,707	67,913 249,466	1,360 241	58,136 211,646
Business and transportation	9,160	249,400 9,160	241	10,990
Disaster	9,100	51,824	- (51,824)	22,576
Other	- 15,405	10,447	4,958	89,771
Total	2,664,804	2,646,996	17,808	2,481,224
Iotai	2,004,004	2,040,990	17,000	2,401,224
Business License:				
Personnel costs	670,153	659,265	10,888	649,431
Contractual services	38,746	34,929	3,817	27,769
Supplies and material	26,924	24,885	2,039	16,788
Business and transportation	11,035	8,269	2,766	6,027
Disaster	-	19,818	(19,818)	-
Other	3,101	3,099	2	263
Total	749,959	750,265	(306)	700,278
Auditor:	,	, ,		,
Personnel costs	1,623,493	1,488,579	134,914	1,672,293
Contractual services	61,949	41,266	20,683	42,665
Supplies and material	143,984	102,868		42,005 87,706
Business and transportation	21,020	6.526	41,116 14,494	11,513
Disaster	21,020	6,526 24,811	(24,811)	7,220
Other	- 15,000	15,000	(24,011)	17,000
Total	1,865,446	1,679,050	186,396	1,838,397
IUIdi	1,003,440	1,079,030	100,350	1,030,397

			2020	
	Final			
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - General Government	(continued)			
Registrar of Deeds:	4 4 9 9 4 9 9	4 404 575	44.000	4 050 040
Personnel costs	1,166,403	1,124,575	41,828	1,059,948
Contractual services	173,212	166,394	6,818	137,853
Supplies and material	113,926	108,108	5,818	111,286
Business and transportation	1,700	535	1,165	4,879
Capital outlay	15,004	15,004	-	-
Disaster	-	19,379	(19,379)	8,434
Total	1,470,245	1,433,995	36,250	1,322,400
Registration and Election:				
Personnel costs	857,421	590,828	266,593	653,145
Contractual services	162,864	89,824	73,040	50,479
Supplies and material	131,785	60,227	71,558	196,743
Business and transportation	21,640	5,865	15,775	16,910
Disaster	-	99,528	(99,528)	13,938
Other	6,000	6,000	-	6,000
Total	1,179,710	852,272	327,438	937,215
Public Information:				
Personnel costs	402,161	360,737	41,424	276,425
Contractual services	8,723	6,366	2,357	7,083
Supplies and material	70,622	8,662	61,960	13,236
Business and transportation	7,250	5,451	1,799	9,053
Other	14,000	-	14,000	-
Disaster	-	9,971	(9,971)	68,587
Total	502,756	391,187	111,569	374,384
Department Overhead:	,	,	,,	,
Personnel costs	3,211,993	853,285	2,358,708	800,441
Contractual services	2,018,900	1,785,663	233,237	1,509,078
Supplies and material	2,068,277	1,933,818	134,459	1,414,158
Programs	2,463,977	-	2,463,977	-
Disaster	_,,	112,492	(112,492)	248,040
Other	-	-	(,)	908,145
Total	9,763,147	4,685,258	5,077,889	4,879,862
	-,,	, ,	-,- ,	,,
Probate Judge:				
Personnel costs	1,223,462	1,108,780	114,682	1,100,949
Contractual services	11,260	3,321	7,939	6,368
Supplies and material	44,983	42,862	2,121	34,172
Business and transportation	6,591	1,576	5,015	4,657
Disaster	-	26,093	(26,093)	3,470
Total	1,286,296	1,182,632	103,664	1,149,616
•			· · ·	

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - General Governmen	t (continued)			
Master-in-Equity:				(=0.00)
Personnel costs	524,707	462,115	62,592	472,681
Contractual services	40,700	15,263	25,437	32,433
Supplies and material	8,282	5,577	2,705	4,453
Business and transportation	2,800	598	2,202	1,083
Disaster		11,797	(11,797)	3,614
Total	576,489	495,350	81,139	514,264
Legal:				
Personnel costs	524,874	498,456	26,418	493,817
Contractual services	973,892	521,618	452,274	642,989
Supplies and material	8,203	6,213	1,990	7,840
Business and transportation	5,300	4,523	777	4,916
Disaster	-	10,452	(10,452)	25,856
Total	1,512,269	1,041,262	471,007	1,175,418
Grants Administration:				
Personnel costs	172,134	172,134	_	183,239
Contractual services	3,032	2,531	501	2,774
Supplies and material	5,557	2,334	3,223	2,753
Business and transportation	1,353	2,004 81	1,272	2,936
Disaster	-	96,287	(96,287)	2,000
Total	182,076	273,367	(91,291)	191,786
Delegation				
Delegation: Personnel costs	99,199	65,012	34,187	76,114
Contractual services	464	307	157	75
Supplies and material	1,179	980	199	480
Business and transportation	329	-	329	-
Capital outlay	100	-	100	-
Disaster	-	1,088	(1,088)	789
Total	101,271	67,387	33,884	77,458
Maintenance:				
Personnel costs	2,951,715	2,599,202	352,513	3,015,854
Contractual services	518,148	436,256	81,892	426,602
Supplies and material	497,436	144,556	352,880	161,487
Business and transportation	146,063	87,478	58,585	90,720
Capital outlay	15,409	7,868	7,541	8,006
Disaster	-	135,926	(135,926)	205,433
Other	231,654	79,010	152,644	212,096
Total	4,360,425	3,490,296	870,129	4,120,198
				, ,

		2021		2020
_	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures				
<u>Public Safety</u> :				
Public Safety Division:				
Personnel costs	419,047	417,882	1,165	248,569
Contractual services	640,373	634,997	5,376	573,409
Supplies and material	49,557	6,986	42,571	8,264
Business and transportation	9,200	1,328	7,872	1,428
Disaster	-	5,068	(5,068)	4,320
Other	102,770	102,770	-	421,122
Total	1,220,947	1,169,031	51,916	1,257,112
Clerk of Court:				
Personnel costs	1,976,983	1,838,366	138,617	1,862,712
Contractual services	255,239	89,270	165,969	125,026
Supplies and material	145,028	86,761	58,267	81,744
Business and transportation	6,200	3,075	3,125	2,559
, Disaster	<i>.</i> -	34,924	(34,924)	15,788
Other	81,472	706	80,766	1,616
Total	2,464,922	2,053,102	411,820	2,089,445
Personnel costs	682,977	677,122	5,855	646,049
Contractual services	7,405	1.475	5,930	1,657
Supplies and material	30,165	13,652	16,513	10,069
Business and transportation	2,500	-	2,500	1,085
Disaster	_,000	12,794	(12,794)	5,242
Total	723,047	705,043	18,004	664,102
Clerk of Court - Family Court:	,,	<u> </u>	· · · · ·	<u> </u>
Personnel costs	271,641	249,176	22,465	272,679
Contractual services	1,880	1,610	270	1,112
Supplies and material	6,934	6,934	2/0	7,222
Business and transportation	566		566	45
Disaster	-	4,886	(4,886)	3,657
Other	696,508	1,898	694,610	6,948
Total	977,529	264,504	713,025	291,663
		,~~		201,000

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Public Safety (contin	ued)			
Magistrates: Personnel costs	2 204 247	2 406 927	404 440	2 200 000
Contractual services	3,301,247 239,321	3,196,837 79,568	104,410 159,753	3,200,009 111,498
Supplies and material	146,867	90,853	56,014	102,305
Business and transportation	50,210	17,582	32,628	48,186
Disaster	50,210	49,890	(49,890)	17,317
Other	25		(43,030)	-
Total	3,737,670	3,434,755	302,915	3,479,315
1 otal	3,737,070	3,434,733	502,515	3,473,515
Communications:				
Supplies and material	136,469	120,838	15,631	-
Other	1,176,881	1,176,881	-	1,172,922
Total	1,313,350	1,297,719	15,631	1,172,922
Sheriff:				
Personnel costs	7,390,755	7,204,443	186,312	6,868,101
Contractual services	134,761	131,469	3,292	138,690
Supplies and material	147,588	139,240	8,348	145,173
Business and transportation	335,698	303,016	32,682	357,125
Capital outlay	-	-	-	4,234
Other	641,573	568,838	72,735	571,000
Disaster	-	251,248	(251,248)	116,107
Programs	205,924	30,711	175,213	26,671
Total	8,856,299	8,628,965	227,334	8,227,101
Police:				
Personnel costs	21,758,119	21,140,050	618,069	20,808,289
Contractual services	1,248,353	1,235,766	12,587	907,454
Supplies and material	1,243,163	863,227	379,936	734,062
Business and transportation	1,696,588	1,672,237	24,351	1,475,960
Capital outlay	23,250	23,250	-	8,399
Other	2,568,295	2,468,105	100,190	2,562,627
Disaster	-	451,616	(451,616)	361,409
Programs	265,950	156,289	109,661	136,417
Total	28,803,718	28,010,540	793,178	26,994,617

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Public Safety (contin	ued)			
Emergency Management:				
Personnel costs	420,556	321,644	98,912	353,356
Contractual services	39,037	37,501	1,536	42,377
Supplies and material	33,044	6,435	26,609	9,465
Business and transportation	18,793	4,285	14,508	8,473
Other	21,447	4,582	16,865	8,082
Disaster	-	7,518	(7,518)	4,750
Total	532,877	381,965	150,912	426,503
Emergency 911 Communications				
Personnel costs	3,705,298	3,424,874	280,424	3,184,932
Contractual services	12,141	9,441	2,700	9,441
Supplies and material	14,592	4.584	10,008	12,897
Business and transportation	10,200	204	9,996	272
Other	112,555		112,555	
Disaster	-	212,005	(212,005)	204,853
Total	3,854,786	3,651,108	203,678	3,412,395
Coroner:				
Personnel costs	806,235	677,976	128,259	654,467
Contractual services	493,995	454,362	39,633	514,251
Supplies and material	56,235	37,137	19,098	23,130
Business and transportation	41,825	20,809	21,016	16,613
Other	25,000	25,000	21,010	25,000
Disaster	23,000	10,987	(10,987)	3,247
Total	1,423,290	1,226,271	197,019	1,236,708
	i			
Detention Center:				~~~~~
Personnel costs	22,045,464	19,151,940	2,893,524	20,623,531
Contractual services	4,630,149	4,210,882	419,267	4,067,275
Supplies and material	2,205,494	1,826,451	379,043	2,086,204
Business and transportation	237,226	183,625	53,601	231,031
Capital outlay	-	-	-	42,393
Other	1,518,528	13,200,738	(11,682,210)	663,384
Disaster	-	1,321,406	(1,321,406)	280,133
Programs	640,105	246,842	393,263	292,860
Total	31,276,966	40,141,884	(8,864,918)	28,286,811

		2021		2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Public Safety (contine	ued)			
Emergency Medical Services:				
Personnel costs	15,927,570	14,686,496	1,241,074	14,774,896
Contractual services	1,013,338	936,317	77,021	946,101
Supplies and material	1,140,043	1,111,709	28,334	933,365
Business and transportation	666,116	598,676	67,440	625,670
Capital outlay	30,287	30,256	31	137,317
Other	753,829	667,749	86,080	668,854
Disaster	-	1,433,926	(1,433,926)	1,085,368
Programs	70,799	17,249	53,550	20,020
Total	19,601,982	19,482,378	119,604	19,191,591
Animal Care Center:				
Personnel costs	1,096,922	933,325	163,597	1,012,530
Contractual services	66,662	66,028	634	82,613
Supplies and material	295,585	248,755	46,830	182,219
Business and transportation	20,124	20,380	(256)	20,974
Capital outlay	8,911	8,911	(_00)	
Other	78,695	10,140	68,555	10,000
Disaster	-	16,975	(16,975)	11,961
Total	1,566,899	1,304,514	262,385	1,320,297
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · ·
Parking Program:				
Contractual services	88,455	83,256	5,199	54,602
Supplies and material	17,091	13,902	3,189	95,856
Programs	224,838	-	224,838	-
Total	330,384	97,158	233,226	150,458
Total public safety	106,684,666	111,848,937	(5,164,271)	98,201,040
Infrastructure & Regulation				
Assistant County Administrator:				
Personnel costs	298,266	294,674	3,592	243,382
Contractual services	190,133	189,798	335	186,582
Supplies and material	4,758	4,581	177	3,983
Business and transportation	834	567	267	200
Disaster	-	5,054	(5,054)	23,960
Total	493,991	494,674	(683)	458,107

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Infrastructure & Regu	ulation (continued)			
County Engineer:				
Personnel costs	1,267,119	1,150,798	116,321	1,107,838
Contractual services	439,925	220,131	219,794	216,882
Supplies and material	19,929	16,766	3,163	10,348
Business and transportation	36,207	27,186	9,021	29,687
Other	78,361	30,000	48,361	33,000
Disaster	<u> </u>	22,345	(22,345)	6,135
Total	1,841,541	1,467,226	374,315	1,403,890
Public Works:				
Personnel costs	5,573,624	5,095,915	477,709	5,253,375
Contractual services	404,592	378,709	25,883	321,505
Supplies and material	2,568,239	1,579,991	988,248	865,249
Business and transportation	1,375,490	1,302,027	73,463	1,271,304
Capital outlay	11,394	-	11,394	-
Other	1,609,928	1,324,356	285,572	1,344,356
Disaster	-	176,114	(176,114)	235,109
Total	11,543,267	9,857,112	1,686,155	9,290,898
Code Enforcement:				
Personnel costs	3,700,127	3,530,617	169,510	3,239,938
Contractual services	63,309	63,368	(59)	63,241
Supplies and material	45,399	39,181	6,218	41,345
Business and transportation	143,112	121,903	21,209	101,205
Capital outlay	43,000	121,000	43,000	-
Disaster	-0,000	67,604	(67,604)	7,642
Other	68,124	68,124	-	93,124
Total	4,063,071	3,890,797	172,274	3,546,495
Planning:				
Personnel costs	2,208,279	2,028,760	179,519	1,950,200
Contractual services	105,541	59,142	46,399	201,316
Supplies and material	37,119	27,089	10,030	30,877
Business and transportation	18,696	18,497	199	13,979
Disaster	-	34,036	(34,036)	6,774
Other	25,525	25,525	- (04,000)	28,025
Total	2,395,160	2,193,049	202,111	2,231,171
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	·	

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Infrastructure & Regu	lation (continued)			
Railroad:	~~		(	
Supplies and material	80,777	79,424	1,353	64,809
Total	80,777	79,424	1,353	64,809
Environmental Services:				
Personnel costs	287,964	267,124	20,840	271,481
Contractual services	8,143	1,487	6,656	4,732
Supplies and material	20,885	19,818	1,067	5,891
Business and transportation	9,115	7,910	1,205	5,389
, Disaster	· -	1,480	(1,480)	2,660
Other	9,722	4,541	<b>`</b> 5,181	4,541
Total	335,829	302,360	33,469	294,694
Abatement/Demolition:				
Contractual services	848,008	18,715	829,293	78,875
Total	848,008	18,715	829,293	78,875
Total infrastructure & regulation	21,601,644	18,303,357	3,298,287	17,368,939
Health and Social Services:				
Medically Indigent Assistance Pro	aram:			
Personnel costs	33,915	10,729	23,186	21,431
Contractual services	485	387	23,100	387
Supplies and material	750	509	241	371
Other	835,855	835,855	241	826,828
Total	871,005	847,480	23,525	849,017
		<u> </u>		<u>,</u>
Health Department:				
Contractual services	148,422	117,009	31,413	119,228
Supplies and material	4,317	2,232	2,085	26,222
Total	152,739	119,241	33,498	145,450
Department of Social Services:	400 405	00 400	44 005	
Contractual services	109,105	98,100	11,005	105,667
Supplies and material	5,722	1,302	4,420	18,906
Other	8,284	8,284		8,284
Total	123,111	107,686	15,425	132,857

	2021			2020
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures - Health and Social Se			Vullando	, lotadi
Veteran Affairs:	, ,			
Personnel costs	470,110	452,027	18,083	442,001
Contractual services	3,443	3,442	1	2,544
Supplies and material	8,665	5,241	3,424	4,244
Business and transportation	11,049	3,555	7,494	4,264
Disaster	-	6,130	(6,130)	4,363
Total	493,267	470,395	22,872	457,416
Total health and social services	1,640,122	1,544,802	95,320	1,584,740
Culture, Recreation and Tourism: Library:			,	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
Personnel costs	3,270,059	2,757,035	513,024	2,780,616
Contractual services	641,138	590,132	51,006	594,552
Supplies and material	1,167,989	1,058,450	109,539	1,101,283
Business and transportation	24,556	17,309	7,247	32,244
Disaster	-	231,539	(231,539)	342,127
Other	122,721	36,293	86,428	40,293
Programs	13,267	2,009	11,258	3,154
Total	5,239,730	4,692,767	546,963	4,894,269
Museum:				
Personnel costs	494,040	372,992	121,048	456,944
Contractual services	257,684	204,097	53,587	215,729
Supplies and material	99,486	82,754	16,732	54,488
Business and transportation	17,291	3,575	13,716	14,349
Disaster	-	7,370	(7,370)	4,054
Other	138,629	16,338	122,291	17,760
Total	1,007,130	687,126	320,004	763,324
Total culture, recreation and tourism	6,246,860	5,379,893	866,967	5,657,593
Economic Development:				
Other	109,308	109,308	-	289,171
Total other agencies	109,308	109,308	-	289,171
Total expenditures	181,795,653	172,817,872	8,977,781	159,921,555
Excess of revenue over expenditures	2,077,497	32,249,355	30,171,858	20,382,997
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of assets	50,000	24,445	(25,555)	14,053
Transfers in	1,969,346	1,954,581	(14,765)	608,765
Transfer out	(18,051,079)	(18,051,079)	-	(20,332,150)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(16,031,733)	(16,072,053)	(40,320)	(19,709,332)
Net change in fund balance	(13,954,236)	16,177,302	30,131,538	673,665
Fund balance at beginning of year	80,683,282	80,683,282	<u> </u>	80,009,617
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 66,729,046	\$ 96,860,584	\$ 30,131,538	\$ 80,683,282

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used accounts for specific revenue received which are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes (other than capital projects). The County currently has established the following special revenue funds:

**American Rescue Plan Act of 2021** - accounts for revenue earmarked for additional relief to address the continued impact of COVID-19.

**Fire** – accounts for operations of thirty-three (33) stations throughout unincorporated areas of Horry County. Revenue is collected from 19.0 mills levied on property tax on the unincorporated area of the County.

**E-911** – accounts for revenue and expenditures of funds for landline and wireless telephones. These funds are totally restricted for use in the 911 system.

**Victim Witness Assistance** – accounts for collection of assessments and surcharges imposed by the courts and are earmarked by State law for the provision of victim advocate services.

**Solicitor** – accounts for revenue derived from the State, Horry County, Georgetown County, client fines and fees from intervention programs and seized monies from the Drug Enforcement Unit.

**Public Defender** – accounts for revenue derived from the State, Horry County, and Georgetown County.

**Road Maintenance & CTC** – accounts for revenue derived from a \$50 fee on registered vehicles, intergovernmental revenue, and operating transfers-in earmarked for the maintenance and/or improvements of the County's road system and public works operation.

**Beach Renourishment** – accounts for beach nourishment and re-nourishment projects on the unincorporated beaches of the County and is funded from Accommodations Tax.

**Recreation** – accounts for revenue collected from 1.6 mills levied on property taxes and expenditures associated with the County's recreation programs.

**Waste Management Recycling** – accounts for solid waste collection and recycling programs of Horry County. Revenue is collected from 5.7 mills levied on property tax on the unincorporated areas of the County.

**Stormwater Management** – accounts for revenue derived from a utility fee paid on the unincorporated areas of the County and expenditures associated with the County's stormwater management and mosquito control programs.

**Watershed** – accounts for revenue collected from property taxes for maintenance of the following watersheds: Cartwheel – 3.0 mills, Crab Tree – 2.9 mills, Todd Swamp – 2.8 mills, Simpson Creek – 2.6 mills, Buck Creek – 3.0 mills, and Gapway – 2.8 mills.

**Mt. Gilead** – accounts for revenue collected from 30.0 mills levied on property taxes for road improvements in the Mt. Gilead Community.

## SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

## - CONTINUED -

**Socastee Recreation** – in prior years, accounted for revenue collected from taxes earmarked for recreation facilities in the Socastee Community. FY2020 was the final reporting year for the Socastee Recreation Fund.

**Arcadian Shores** – accounts for revenue collected from 30.9 mills levied on property taxes associated with the Arcadian Shores Special Tax District. These funds are designated for infrastructure improvements.

**Higher Education** – accounts for revenue collected from 0.7 mills levied on real and personal property for debt payment requirements of the Higher Education Commission and for the purpose of providing tuition assistance for students.

**Horry-Georgetown Tech** – accounts for revenue collected from 1.7 mills levied on real and personal property for debt payment requirements of Horry-Georgetown Technical Education Center and for the purpose of providing maintenance on the grounds & buildings owned by the County.

**Senior Citizen** – accounts for revenue collected from 0.4 mills levied on property taxes earmarked for senior citizen programs.

**Economic Development** – accounts for revenue and expenditures for the operation, economic development and property management of the Atlantic Center, Hwy. 701 (Pineridge Business Center) and the Hwy. 319 (Cool Spring) industrial parks.

**Multi-County Business Park Rollback** – accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the Multi-County Business Park rollback for infrastructure.

**Tourism and Promotion** – accounts for the revenue derived from a state-wide 2% levied room tax earmarked for the promotion of tourism in South Carolina.

Admissions Tax – accounts for revenue derived from Admissions Tax District established in the Fantasy Harbour area. Revenues are earmarked by state law for infrastructure improvements in that area.

**Baseball Stadium** – accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the County's undivided 30% ownership in the baseball stadium project.

**Conway Library Endowment Fund** – accounts for contributions designated to Horry County Library's Conway branch.

**Grants** – accounts for revenue earmarked for all grants.

**CDBG Grant Program** – accounts for revenue and expenditures of Housing Urban Development entitlement program. These funds are totally restricted for use only on HUD approved programs.

#### AMERCIAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021 BALANCE SHEET MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

#### June 30, 2021

	2021
Assets	
Restricted assets	\$ 34,032,347
Total assets	\$ 34,032,347
Liabilities	
Unearned revenue	\$ 34,032,134
Total liabilities	34,032,134
Fund Balance	
Unassigned	 213
Total fund balance	213
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 34,032,347

Note: Initial reporting year for American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

# AMERCIAN RESCUE PLAN ACT OF 2021 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

#### MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	2021				
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$	355,907			
Interest		213			
Total revenues		356,120			
Expenditures Current:					
General government		355,907			
Total expenditures		355,907			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures		213			
Fund balance at beginning of year					
Fund balance at end of year	\$	213			

Note: Initial reporting year for American Rescue Plan Act of 2021.

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

#### June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Funds									
	Fire	E-911	Victim Witness Assistance	Solicitor	Public Defender	Road Maintenance & CTC				
Assets	•	•	<b>^</b>	<b>•</b> • • • • • = = =	<u>^</u>	<b>•</b> • • • • • •				
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled cash and investments	\$- 14,040,601	\$ -	\$- 108,954	\$ 344,557 892,645	\$- 1,899,780	\$   100 36.838.651				
Receivables, net:	14,040,601	3,625,004	106,954	092,045	1,099,700	30,030,031				
Property taxes	795,897	-	_		_	-				
Accounts and other		48,564	38,684	182,517	-	-				
Fees	647	-	-		-	1,424,128				
Lease receivable	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Due from other governments	21,860	449,378	-	26,982	61,243	-				
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Restricted assets	-		-	224,912	-	855,800				
Total assets	\$ 14,859,005	\$ 4,122,946	\$ 147,638	\$ 1,671,613	\$ 1,961,023	\$ 39,118,679				
Liabilities										
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 514,243	\$ 35,542	\$ 733	\$ 30,470	\$ 2,956	\$ 1,750,921				
Accounts payable - other	-	-	-	143,954	-	-				
Accrued salaries and wages	471,002	15,231	17,656	268,481	66,809	17,830				
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Due to other governments	-	-	-	11,778	-	-				
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	-	855,800				
Other liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total liabilities	985,245	50,773	18,389	454,683	69,765	2,624,551				
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	21,860	-	-	2,489	-	1,424,128				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	657,994	-	-	-	-	-				
Total deferred inflows of resources	679,854	-	-	2,489	-	1,424,128				
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-	-	-	16,132,465				
Restricted for public safety	13,193,906	4,072,173	129,249	1,214,441	1,891,258	-				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Restricted for economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Restricted for health and social services	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Committed to infrastructure and regulation	-	-	-	-	-	18,937,535				
Committed to economic development	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Committed to other purposes	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Unassigned (deficits)	-	-	-	-	-	-				
Total fund balances / (deficits)	13,193,906	4,072,173	129,249	1,214,441	1,891,258	35,070,000				
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources										
and fund balance / (deficits)	\$ 14,859,005	\$ 4,122,946	\$ 147,638	\$ 1,671,613	\$ 1,961,023	\$ 39,118,679				

	Non-Major Funds											
Beach Renourishment		F	Recreation		Waste anagement Recycling		Stormwater anagement	W	/atershed	Mt Gilead		
\$	- 4,133,081	\$	800 6,147,092	\$	- 6,699,490	\$	- 6,772,131	\$	- 989,044	\$	- 216,517	
	-		114,326		259,460		-		3,364		1,150	
	- 240,000		400 3,387		- 199		- 154,296		-			
			- 192,384 5,455		- 552,605 -		- 24,578 -				• • •	
\$	- 4,373,081	\$	- 6,463,844	\$	- 7,511,754	\$	- 6,951,005	\$	- 992,408	\$	217,667	
\$	41,777	\$	97,937	\$	1,078,379	\$	170,721	\$	-	\$	1,051	
	-		- 65,406		-		- 75,577		-			
	-		- 1,242		-		-		-			
	-		22,328		-		-		-			
	41,777		- 186,913		1,078,379		- 246,298		-		1,051	
	-		192,384		552,605		120,655		-			
	-		89,605		214,956		-		2,595		1,150	
			281,989		767,561		120,655		2,595		1,150	
	-		5,455		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		5,989,487		-		-		-			
	-		-		5,665,814		6,584,052		989,813		215,466	
	-		-		-		-		-			
	4,331,304		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-		-		-			
	4,331,304		5,994,942		5,665,814		6,584,052		989,813		215,466	
\$	4,373,081	\$	6,463,844	\$	7,511,754	\$	6,951,005	\$	992,408	\$	217,667	

#### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Funds											
		rcadian Shores		Higher ducation	G	Horry eorgetown Tech	Senior Citizen		Economic Development		Multi-County Business Park Rollback	
Assets	¢		\$		¢		¢		¢		¢	
Cash and cash equivalents Pooled cash and investments	\$	- 74,859	Þ	- 198,923	\$	- 1,491,765	\$	- 439,987	\$	- 4,673,682	\$	- 1,442,676
Receivables, net:		,		,		.,,		,		.,		.,,
Property taxes		607		50,470		122,468		28,783		-		-
Accounts and other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Fees Lease receivable		-		1,481		3,598		846		382,680 1,211,005		3,420
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		1,211,005		-
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted assets		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total assets	\$	75,466	\$	250,874	\$	1,617,831	\$	469,616	\$	6,267,367	\$ ´	1,446,096
Liabilities												
Accounts payable - trade	\$	2,629	\$	-	\$	-	\$	372,340	\$	116,524	\$	-
Accounts payable - other	,	-	•	-	·	-		-		-	•	-
Accrued salaries and wages		-		-		-		-		9,916		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue Other liabilities		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total liabilities		2,629		-		-		372,340		126,440		
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		_		-		_		-		1,296,285		_
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		233		39,682		96,214		22,622		-		3,420
Total deferred inflows of resources		233		39,682		96,214		22,622		1,296,285		3,420
Fund Balances												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted for public safety		-		-				-		-		-
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		-		211,192		1,521,617		-		-		-
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Restricted for economic development		72,604		-		-		-		- 1,353,224		1,442,676
Restricted for health and social services						-		- 74,654		1,000,224		-
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed to infrastructure and regulation		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed to economic development		-		-		-		-		3,491,418		-
Committed to other purposes		-		-		-		-		-		-
Unassigned (deficits)		72.604		211.192		- 1,521,617		- 74.654		4.844.642		- 1,442,676
Total fund balances / (deficits) Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and		12,004		211,192		1,321,017		74,004		4,044,042		1,442,070
fund balance / (deficits)	\$	75,466	\$	250,874	\$	1,617,831	\$	469,616	\$	6,267,367	\$ ´	1,446,096

Non-Major Funds													
	ourism &	Ad	dmissions Tax		Baseball Stadium	E	Conway Library Endowment Gi		Grants		CDBG Grant Program		Total Non-Major Funds
\$	-	\$	- 406,627	\$	- 368,580	\$	۔ 229,298	\$	۔ 3,689,857	\$	-	\$	345,457 95,379,244
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,376,525
	1,878		-		-		-		-		-		272,043
	-		-		-		-		-		-		2,214,682
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,211,005
2	2,821,555		-		-		-		1,971,442		806,919		6,928,946
	-		-		-		-		-		370		5,825
¢ (	-	¢	-	¢	101,977 470,557	¢	4,452,656 4,681,954	¢	14,103,157 19,764,456	¢	- 807,289	¢	19,738,502 127,472,229
\$ 2	2,823,433	\$	406,627	\$	470,557	\$	4,001,904	\$	19,704,430	\$	007,209	\$	121,412,229
¢	644 527	¢		\$		\$		\$	1 744 707	¢	E72 011	\$	7 475 470
\$	641,537	\$	-	φ	-	φ	-	Ф	1,744,707	\$	573,011	Ф	7,175,478
	- 58,377		-		-		-		- 93,363		- 11,212		143,954 1,170,860
	522,195		-		-		-		93,303		454,293		976,488
	522,195		-		- 80,299		-		-		454,295		970,400
	-		-		00,299		-		- 15,170,829		-		16,048,957
													10,040,957
	1,222,109		-		80,299	·	-		17,008,899		1,038,516		25,609,056
	1,077,420		-		-		-		514,054		423,382		5,625,262
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,128,471
	1,077,420		-		-		-		514,054		423,382		6,753,733
	-		-		-		-		-		370		5,825
	-		-		-		-		-		-		16,132,465
			-				-		-		-		20,501,027
	523,904				390,258		4,681,954		-		-		13,318,412
	-		406,627		-		-		-		-		15,377,052
	-		-		-		-		-		-		1,353,224
	-		-		-		-		-		-		74,654
	-		-		-		-		-		-		4,331,304
	-		-		-		-		-		-		18,937,535
	-		-		-		-		-		-		3,491,418
	-		-		-		-		2,241,503		-		2,241,503
	- 523,904		406,627		- 390,258		4,681,954		2,241,503		(654,979) (654,609)		<u>(654,979</u> 95,109,440
	525,904		400,027		<u> </u>		4,001,904		2,241,303		(004,009)		90,109,440
\$ 2	2,823,433	\$	406,627	\$	470,557	\$	4,681,954	\$	19,764,456	\$	807,289	\$	127,472,229

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

						Non-Majo	r Funds				
		Fire		E-911		Victim Witness ssistance	Solicitor		Public efender	Ma	Road aintenance & CTC
Revenues											
Real property taxes	\$	21,398,691	\$	-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-
Personal property taxes	Ŧ	1,700,592	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	-	-	Ŷ	-	Ŧ	-
Vehicle taxes		2,870,362		-		-	-		-		-
Fee in lieu of tax		116,770		-		-	-		-		-
Intergovernmental		1,829,884		1,810,330		10,645	2,199,875		1,330,492		630,209
Accommodations tax		-		-		-	-		-		-
Fees and fines		_		608,436		443,278	1,881,896		126,100		17,813,445
Hospitality fees						440,270	1,001,000		120,100		
Local accommodations tax				_			_		_		_
Licenses and permits				_			_		_		_
Interest		44,378		- 13,879		1,023	23,884		- 10,958		- 144,288
Other				13,079		1,832	14,376		10,950		144,200
		49,841 28,010,518		2,432,645		456,778	4,120,031		- 1,467,550		- 18,587,942
Total revenues		20,010,510		2,432,045		430,778	4,120,031		1,407,550		10,007,942
Expenditures											
Current:											
General government											
Public safety		- 23,036,331		- 1,558,079		- 736.625	- 8,532,310		- 2,581,622		-
Health and social services		23,030,331		1,556,079		730,025	0,552,510	4	2,301,022		-
		-		-		-	-		-		-
Infrastructure and regulation		-		-		-	-		-		7,535,000
Culture, recreation and tourism		-		-		-	-		-		-
Economic development		-		-		-	-		-		-
HGTC and Higher Education Commission		-		-		-	-		-		-
Capital outlay		155,319		-		-	-		-		6,498,373
Total expenditures		23,191,650		1,558,079		736,625	8,532,310	2	2,581,622		14,033,373
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				074 500		(070 0 47)	(4.440.070)	,			
over expenditures		4,818,868		874,566		(279,847)	(4,412,279)	(	1,114,072)		4,554,569
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		F 007									
Sale of assets		5,097		-		-	-		-		-
Lease financing proceeds		-		-		-	-		-		-
Transfers in		650,702		-		362,095	4,862,077		1,331,872		-
Transfers out		(2,139,102)		(250,000)		-	(9,144)		-		(790,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,483,303)		(250,000)		362,095	4,852,933	·	1,331,872		(790,000)
Net change in fund balance		3,335,565		624,566		82,248	440,654		217,800		3,764,569
Fund balances (deficits), at beginning of											
vear		9,858,341		3,447,607		47,001	773,787		1,673,458		31,305,431
Fund balances (deficits), at end of		5,000,011				,			.,		2.,000,.01
year	\$	13,193,906	\$	4,072,173	\$	129,249	\$ 1,214,441	\$	1,891,258	\$	35,070,000
			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	, -	. ,	<u> </u>			

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

					Non-Major Fu	inds				
Beach Renourishment			Recreation		Waste anagement Recycling	Stormwater Management	Watershed	Mt Gilead		
\$		\$	3,691,820	\$	7,381,634	\$-	\$ 121,030	\$	162,251	
Ψ	-	Ψ	241,579	Ψ	545,776	Ψ	404	Ψ	1,468	
	-		353,172		946,841	-	-		-	
	-		26,161		39,478	-	6		-	
	-		270,203		1,824,085	2,435,131	-		-	
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		-	8,427,779	-		-	
	-		158,000		-	-	-		-	
	1,000,000		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		1,736,539		1,079,402	-			-	
	17,152		20,778		23,175	19,698	4,117		841	
	- 1,017,152		639,612 7,137,864		- 11,840,391	- 10,882,608	- 125,557		253 164,813	
	1,017,132		7,137,004		11,040,091	10,002,000	120,007		104,013	
	_		_		_	_	_			
	-		-		-		-			
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		-		9,557,931	6,881,334	24,344		200,795	
	52,780		4,924,106		-	-	_ ,,			
	-		-		-	-	-			
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		9,855		213,812	193,453				
	52,780		4,933,961		9,771,743	7,074,787	24,344		200,795	
	964,372		2,203,903		2,068,648	3,807,821	101,213		(35,982	
	-		-		-	-	-			
	-		-		-	-	-		-	
	-		16,333		-	-	-		-	
	(304,240) (304,240)		(1,181,953) (1,165,620)			(306,259) (306,259)				
	(004,240)		(1,100,020)			(000,200)				
	660,132		1,038,283		2,068,648	3,501,562	101,213		(35,982	
	3,671,172		4,956,659		3,597,166	3,082,490	888,600		251,448	
\$	4,331,304	\$	5,994,942	\$	5,665,814	\$ 6,584,052	\$ 989,813	\$	215,466	

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

			No	n-Major Fund	ls					
	Arcadian Shores	Higher Education	Ģ	Horry Georgetown Tech	Senior Citizen		Economic Development			lulti-County siness Park Rollback
Revenues										
Real property taxes	\$ 65,470	\$ 1,615,227	\$	3,923,092	\$	922,918	\$	8,360	\$	-
Personal property taxes	517	105,300		256,085		60,127		-		-
Vehicle taxes	-	156,050		378,316		88,842		-		-
Fee in lieu of tax	-	11,442		27,790		6,538		1,257,897		248,597
Intergovernmental	-	6,680		16,890		460		6,777		-
Accommodations tax	-	-		-		-		-		-
Fees and fines	-	-		-		-		-		-
Hospitality fees	-	-		-		-		-		-
Local accommodations tax	-	-		-		-		-		-
Licenses and permits	-	-		-		-		-		-
Interest	308	1,885		7,732		970		38,993		5,585
Other	 500			-		-		70,643		-
Total revenues	 66,795	1,896,584		4,609,905		1,079,855		1,382,670		254,182
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	-	-		-		-		-		-
Public safety	-	-		-		-		-		-
Health and social services	-	-		-		1,077,776		-		-
Infrastructure and regulation	64,604	-		-		-		-		-
Culture, recreation and tourism	-	-		-		-		-		-
Economic development	-	-		-		-		781,574		-
HGTC and Higher Education Commission	-	1,582,803		3,700,000		-		-		-
Capital outlay	-	-		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures	 64,604	1,582,803		3,700,000		1,077,776		781,574		-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures	2,191	313,781		909,905		2,079		601,096		254,182
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Sale of assets	-	-		-		-		35,740		-
Lease financing proceeds	-	-		-		-		279,558		-
Transfers in	-	-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out	 -	(223,600)		(253,352)		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -	(223,600)		(253,352)		-		315,298		
Net change in fund balance	2,191	90,181		656,553		2,079		916,394		254,182
Fund balances (deficits), at beginning of										
year	 70,413	121,011		865,064		72,575		3,928,248		1,188,494
Fund balances (deficits), at end of year	\$ 72,604	\$ 211,192	\$	1,521,617	\$	74,654	\$	4,844,642	\$	1,442,676
	 				-				-	

		Ν	lon-N	lajor Funds							_				
Tourism & Promotion		Admissions Tax						Baseball Stadium		Conway Library Endowment		Grants	CDBG Grant Program		Total Non-Major Funds
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 39,290,493				
-		-		-		-		-		-	2,911,848				
-		-		-		-		-		-	4,793,583				
-		-		-		-		-		-	1,734,679				
386,625		-		-		-		9,006,369		4,033,344	25,797,999				
4,167,191		-		-		-		-		-	4,167,191				
-		-		-		-		-		-	29,300,934				
270,000		-		197,500		-		-		-	625,500				
-		-		-		-		-		-	1,000,000				
-		-		-		-		-		-	2,815,941				
245		1,813		1,717		24,112		19,945		6	427,482				
 <u>39,631</u> 4,863,692		- 1,813		<u>984</u> 200,201		230,151 254,263		1,337,901 10,364,215		4,033,350	2,385,724 115,251,374				
-		-		-		-		1,607,482		-	1,607,482				
1,881,169		-		-		-		4,356,240		-	42,682,376				
-		-		-		-		-		-	1,077,776				
-		-		-		-		3,521,250		-	27,785,258				
2,625,730		-		81,505		-		3,000		-	7,687,121				
-		-		-		-		32,898		4,287,438	5,101,910				
-		-		-		-		-		-	5,282,803				
 14,553		-		-		-		987,760		-	8,073,125				
 4,521,452		-		81,505				10,508,630		4,287,438	99,297,851				
 342,240		1,813		118,696		254,263		(144,415)		(254,088)	15,953,523				
-		-		-		-		-		-	40,837				
-		-		-		-		-		-	279,558				
18,606		-		-		-		2,076,104		4,750	9,322,539				
 (31,779)		-		-		(88,003)		-		-	(5,577,432)				
 (13,173)		-		-		(88,003)		2,076,104		4,750	4,065,502				
329,067		1,813		118,696		166,260		1,931,689		(249,338)	20,019,025				
194,837		404,814		271,562		4,515,694		309,814		(405,271)	75,090,415				
\$ 523,904	\$	406,627	\$	390,258	\$	4,681,954	\$	2,241,503	\$	(654,609)	\$ 95,109,440				

#### FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	 2021		2020
Assets			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 14,040,601	\$	10,258,361
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes	795,897		824,170
Accounts and other	-		3,882
Fees	647		293
Due from other governments	21,860		643,674
Total assets	\$ 14,859,005	\$	11,730,380
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 514,243	\$	136,434
Accrued salaries and wages	471,002	,	426,058
Total liabilities	 985,245		562,492
	 , -		,-
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	21,860		648,745
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	657,994		660,802
Total deferred inflows of resources	 679,854		1,309,547
	 		, , -
Fund Balances			
Restricted for public safety	13,193,906		9,858,341
Total fund balance	 13,193,906		9,858,341
	 _,,		-,,
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 14,859,005	\$	11,730,380
	 , ,		, , -

#### FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 20,562,474	\$ 21,398,691	\$ 836,217	\$ 20,180,166
Personal property taxes	1,520,716	1,700,592	179,876	1,447,208
Vehicle taxes	2,499,647	2,870,362	370,715	2,565,054
Fee in lieu of tax	116,000	116,770	770	41,658
Intergovernmental	454,080	1,829,884	1,375,804	2,202,317
Interest	50,000	44,378	(5,622)	121,306
Other	97,470	49,841	(47,629)	41,991
Total revenues	25,300,387	28,010,518	2,710,131	26,599,700
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety:				
Personnel costs	17,369,369	16,809,116	560,253	16,775,854
Contractual services	1,357,862	1,354,611	3,251	1,233,062
Supplies and materials	1,461,375	1,283,252	178,123	1,144,632
Business and transportation	1,196,330	1,152,868	43,462	943,051
Capital outlay	174,582	155,319	19,263	115,467
Programs	694,365	-	694,365	-
Indirect cost allocation	1,251,523	1,077,332	174,191	1,389,040
Other	727,047	364,313	362,734	371,313
Disaster	-	994,839	(994,839)	689,721
Total expenditures	24,232,453	23,191,650	1,040,803	22,662,140
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	1,067,934	4,818,868	3,750,934	3,937,560
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of assets	-	5,097	5,097	4,718
Transfers in	650,702	650,702	-	-
Transfers out	(2,151,705)	(2,139,102)	12,603	(2,231,372)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,501,003)	(1,483,303)	17,700	(2,226,654)
Net change in fund balance	(433,069)	3,335,565	3,768,634	1,710,906
Fund balance at beginning of year	9,858,341	9,858,341	-	8,147,435
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 9,425,272	\$ 13,193,906	\$ 3,768,634	\$ 9,858,341

#### E-911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	3,625,004	\$	3,065,314
Receivables, net:				
Accounts and other		48,564		28,635
Due from other governments		449,378		482,125
Total assets	\$	4,122,946	\$	3,576,074
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	35,542	\$	13,852
Accrued salaries and wages	•	15,231	Ŧ	14,681
Total liabilities		50,773		28,533
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		-		99,934
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		99,934
Fund Balances				
Restricted for public safety		4,072,173		3,447,607
Total fund balance		4,072,173		3,447,607
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	4,122,946	\$	3,576,074

#### E-911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

χ		2020		
	Dudaat	2021	Verience	
Devenues	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Fees and fines Interest	\$   1,898,878 705,000 15,000	\$   1,810,330 608,436 13,879	\$ (88,548) (96,564) (1,121)	\$ 1,452,059 647,542 57,947
Total revenues	2,618,878	2,432,645	(186,233)	2,157,548
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Public safety:				
Personnel costs	753,153	751,691	1,462	813,930
Contractual services	1,442,375	725,192	717,183	778,883
Supplies and materials	83,913	32,482	51,431	49,569
Business and transportation	74,060	29,178	44,882	91,004
Programs	10,377	-	10,377	-
Other	5,000	5,000	-	5,000
Disaster	-	14,536	(14,536)	60,038
Total expenditures	2,368,878	1,558,079	810,799	1,798,424
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	250,000	874,566	624,566	359,124
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(250,000)	(250,000)	-	(2,250,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-	(2,250,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	624,566	624,566	(1,890,876)
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,447,607	3,447,607		5,338,483
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,447,607	\$ 4,072,173	\$ 624,566	\$ 3,447,607

#### VICTIM WITNESS ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	2021		2020
Assets			
Pooled cash and investments	\$	108,954	\$ 37,402
Receivables, net:			
Accounts and other		38,684	29,048
Due from other governments		-	 3,612
Total assets	\$	147,638	\$ 70,062
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$	733	\$ 4,091
Accrued salaries and wages		17,656	15,358
Total liabilities		18,389	19,449
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		-	3,612
Total deferred inflows of resources		-	 3,612
Fund Balances			
Restricted for public safety		129,249	47,001
Total fund balance		129,249	 47,001
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	147,638	\$ 70,062

#### VICTIM WITNESS ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	2021			2020				
		Budget		Actual	v	ariance		Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Fees & fines Interest Other	\$	3,612 363,440 - 1,832	\$	10,645 443,278 1,023 1,832	\$	7,033 79,838 1,023 -	\$	- 356,173 5,191 1,926
Total revenues		368,884		456,778		87,894		363,290
Expenditures Current: Public safety Detention:		070 700		007 000		44.005		074 040
Personnel costs Contractual services		278,708 4,152		267,083 1,010		11,625 3,142		271,218 851
Supplies and materials		4,152		8,465		3,142 4,811		9,826
Business and transportation		4,000		2,987		1,013		6,703
Disaster		-		4,913		(4,913)		-
Other		6,443		559		5,884		80
Total Detention		306,579		285,017		21,562		288,678
Solicitor - Georgetown: Personnel costs Contractual services Disaster Business and transportation Total Solicitor - Georgetown		75,149 496 - 153 75,798		74,804 - 659 <u>153</u> 75,616		345 496 (659) - 182		83,176 - 1,122 2,308 86,606
Solicitor: Personnel costs		319,710		317,199		2,511		323,517
Contractual services		57,064		42,858		14,206		41,623
Supplies and materials		6,645		5,644		1,001		2,396
Business and transportation		1,733		1,510		223		3,566
Disaster Total Solicitor		-		8,781		(8,781)		2,354
		385,152		375,992 736,625		9,160		373,456
Total expenditures		767,529		730,025		30,904		740,740
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(398,645)		(279,847)		118,798		(385,450)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		362,095		362,095		-		344,899
Total other financing sources (uses)		362,095		362,095		-		344,899
Net change in fund balance		(36,550)		82,248		118,798		(40,551)
Fund balance at beginning of year	<u> </u>	47,001	_	47,001	_	-		87,552
Fund balance at end of year	\$	10,451	\$	129,249	\$	118,798	\$	47,001

#### SOLICITOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	2021			2020
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	344,557	\$	257,341
Pooled cash and investments		892,645		432,889
Receivables, net:		·		
Accounts and other		182,517		269,893
Due from other governments		26.982		156,499
Restricted assets		224.912		284.395
Total assets	\$	1,671,613	\$	1,401,017
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	30,470	\$	77,949
Accounts payable - other	¥	143,954	Ψ	155,400
Accrued salaries and wages		268,481		360,557
Due to other governments		11,778		11,778
Total liabilities		454.683		605,684
Total habilities		404,000		005,084
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		2,489		21,546
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,489		21,546
Fund Balances				
Restricted for public safety		1,214,441		773,787
Total fund balance		1,214,441		773,787
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	1,671,613	\$	1,401,017

#### SOLICITOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Budget         Actual         Variance         Actual           Intergovernmental         \$ 2,482,207         \$ 2,199,675         \$ (282,332)         \$ 2,179,660           Fees and fines         1,948,430         1,881,896         (66,534)         2.071,245           Interest         -         23,884         23,884         80,032           Other         14,376         14,376         -         -           Total revenues         4,445,013         4,120,031         (324,982)         4,330,937           Expenditures         Public safety:         Victim Witness:         -         -         -           Public safety:         Victim Witness:         60,168         37,475         22,693         82,406           Contractual services         75         75         -         22,763           Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         400         10isaster           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Personnel costs		2021			2020
Intergovernmental         \$ 2,482,207         \$ 2,199,875         \$ (282,332)         \$ 2,179,660           Fees and fines         1,948,430         1,881,886         (66,534)         2,071,245           Interest         23,884         23,884         80,032         0.032           Other         14,376         14,376         -         -           Total revenues         4,445,013         4,120,031         (324,982)         4,330,937           Expenditures         Public safety:         Victim Witness:         -         22,693         82,406           Contractual services         75         75         -         22,763         Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         4000         Disaster         4000           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         -         -         4000         23,893         11         -           Business and transportation         8,386         8,313         83         3,685         0.499         1,730,535           Contractual services         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         <		Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures         Public safety:           Victim Witness:         Personnel costs         60,168         37,475         22,693         82,406           Contractual services         75         75         -         22,763           Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         400           Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329	Intergovernmental Fees and fines Interest	1,948,430	1,881,896 23,884	(66,534)	2,071,245
Public safety:         Victim Witness:           Personnel costs         60,168         37,475         22,693         82,406           Contractual services         75         75         -         22,763           Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         400           Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           S	Total revenues	4,445,013	4,120,031	(324,982)	4,330,937
Contractual services         75         75         -         22,763           Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         400           Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         -         -         -         400           Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         -         29,155         8,777         82,740      S	Public safety:				
Supplies and materials         117         21         96         1,246           Business and transportation         -         -         400           Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         -         29,155         4,837         83,06         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677<	Personnel costs		37,475	22,693	82,406
Business and transportation         -         -         400           Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Personnel costs         1,138,017         1,089,711         48,306         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677		-		-	
Disaster         (8,386)         9,049         (17,435)         8,610           Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         -         29,155         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677         25,508         1,169         29,583           Business and transportation         10,070         -         13,205         0ther         2,833         2,833         -         2,833           Disaster         -         18,183         (18,183)	• •	117	21	96	,
Total Victim Witness         51,974         46,620         5,354         115,425           State Appropriations:         Personnel costs         1,910,775         1,369,184         541,591         1,730,535           Contractual services         41,500         39,544         1,956         82,580           Supplies and materials         850         839         11         -           Business and transportation         8,396         8,313         83         3,685           Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Personnel costs         1,138,017         1,089,711         48,306         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677         25,508         1,169         29,583           Business and transportation         10,070         10,070         13,205           Other         2,833 <td>•</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td></td>	•	-	-	-	
State Appropriations:       1,910,775       1,369,184       541,591       1,730,535         Contractual services       41,500       39,544       1,956       82,580         Supplies and materials       850       839       11       -         Business and transportation       8,396       8,313       83       3,685         Other       276,795       80,973       195,822       103,692         Disaster       -       29,155       (29,155)       4,837         Total State Appropriations       2,238,316       1,528,008       710,308       1,925,329         Solicitor Georgetown:       -       29,155       8,777       82,740         Supplies and materials       26,677       25,508       1,169       29,583         Business and transportation       10,070       10,070       -       13,205         Other       2,833       2,833       -       2,833       -         Business and transportation       10,070       10,070       -       13,205         Other       2,833       2,833       -       2,833       2,833         Business and transportation       10,070       10,070       -       13,205         Other       2,833					
Personnel costs       1,910,775       1,369,184       541,591       1,730,535         Contractual services       41,500       39,544       1,956       82,580         Supplies and materials       850       839       11       -         Business and transportation       8,396       8,313       83       3,685         Other       276,795       80,973       195,822       103,692         Disaster       -       29,155       (29,155)       4,837         Total State Appropriations       2,238,316       1,528,008       710,308       1,925,329         Solicitor Georgetown:       -       29,155       8,777       82,740         Personnel costs       1,138,017       1,089,711       48,306       1,069,481         Contractual services       51,829       43,052       8,777       82,740         Supplies and materials       26,677       25,508       1,169       29,583         Business and transportation       10,070       10,070       13,205       0ther       2,833       2,833       2,833       2,833         Disaster       -       18,183       (18,183)       4,350       4,350	Total Victim Witness	51,974	46,620	5,354	115,425
Other         276,795         80,973         195,822         103,692           Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         Personnel costs         1,138,017         1,089,711         48,306         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677         25,508         1,169         29,583           Business and transportation         10,070         10,070         13,205         0ther         2,833         2,833         -         2,833           Disaster         -         18,183         (18,183)         4,350         4,350	Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials	41,500 850	39,544 839	1,956 11	82,580
Disaster         -         29,155         (29,155)         4,837           Total State Appropriations         2,238,316         1,528,008         710,308         1,925,329           Solicitor Georgetown:         Personnel costs         1,138,017         1,089,711         48,306         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677         25,508         1,169         29,583           Business and transportation         10,070         10,070         13,205         0ther         2,833         2,833         2,833         2,833         2,833         2,833         4,350	•	•			
Total State Appropriations2,238,3161,528,008710,3081,925,329Solicitor Georgetown: Personnel costs1,138,0171,089,71148,3061,069,481Contractual services51,82943,0528,77782,740Supplies and materials26,67725,5081,16929,583Business and transportation10,07010,070-13,205Other2,8332,833-2,833Disaster-18,183(18,183)4,350		276,795	•	•	
Solicitor Georgetown:       1,138,017       1,089,711       48,306       1,069,481         Contractual services       51,829       43,052       8,777       82,740         Supplies and materials       26,677       25,508       1,169       29,583         Business and transportation       10,070       10,070       13,205         Other       2,833       2,833       -       2,833         Disaster       -       18,183       (18,183)       4,350		-			·
Personnel costs         1,138,017         1,089,711         48,306         1,069,481           Contractual services         51,829         43,052         8,777         82,740           Supplies and materials         26,677         25,508         1,169         29,583           Business and transportation         10,070         -         13,205           Other         2,833         2,833         -         2,833           Disaster         -         18,183         (18,183)         4,350	I otal State Appropriations	2,238,316	1,528,008	/10,308	1,925,329
Total Solicitor Georgetown         1,229,426         1,189,357         40,069         1,202,192	Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials Business and transportation Other Disaster	51,829 26,677 10,070 2,833	43,052 25,508 10,070 2,833 18,183	8,777 1,169 - - (18,183)	82,740 29,583 13,205 2,833 4,350
	Total Solicitor Georgetown	1,229,426	1,189,357	40,069	1,202,192

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

CONTINUED

#### SOLICITOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Public safety:				
Solicitor Horry County:				
Personnel costs	3,653,732	3,617,419	36,313	3,722,455
Contractual services	360,234	344,725	15,509	378,300
Supplies and materials	143,091	128,601	14,490	118,129
Business and transportation	57,107	56,529	578	41,292
Other	98,803	12,060	86,743	12,060
Disaster	(1,075)	68,021	(69,096)	12,157
Total Solicitor Horry County	4,311,892	4,227,355	84,537	4,284,393
Pre-Trial Intervention:				
Personnel costs	709,327	422,966	286,361	602,491
Contractual services	5,472	2,549	2,923	4,580
Supplies and materials	4,251	4,251	-	1,242
Business and transportation	608	294,879	(294,271)	287,257
, Disaster	-	4,068	(4,068)	5,213
Other	8,650	5,640	3,010	60,014
Total Pre-Trial Intervention	728,308	734,353	(6,045)	960,797
Drug Enforcement Unit:				
Personnel costs	265,874	264,655	1,219	262,709
Contractual services	63,609	62,102	1,507	58,767
Supplies and materials	43,265	38,093	5,172	61,246
Business and transportation	8,710	8,710	-, -	8,347
Other	28,927	19,646	9,281	19,646
Disaster	-	4,510	(4,510)	-
Total Drug Enforcement Unit	410,385	397,716	12,669	410,715
Drug Court:				
Personnel costs	317,394	305,448	11,946	350,506
Contractual services	24,870	13,460	11,410	45,896
Supplies and materials	55,170	31,732	23,438	42,632
Business and transportation	24,474	5,715	18,759	12,011
Other	53,010	4,605	48,405	4,605
Disaster	•	4,995	(4,995)	-
Total Drug Court	474,918	365,955	108,963	455,650
Worthless Check:				
Personnel costs	73,127	32,881	40,246	88,031
Contractual services	39	37	2	8,009
Total Worthless Check	73,166	32,918	40,248	96,040
		,		,- ••

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

CONTINUED

#### SOLICITOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Public safety:				
Georgetown Drug Enforcement Units:				
Personnel costs	92,745	9,939	82,806	93,788
Contractual services	89	89	-	4,900
Supplies and materials	-	-	-	1,440
Disaster	-	-	-	702
Total GT DEU	92,834	10,028	82,806	100,830
Total public safety expenditures	9,611,219	8,532,310	1,078,909	9,551,371
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(5,166,206)	(4,412,279)	753,927	(5,220,434)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	4,862,077	4,862,077	-	4,770,296
Transfers out	(9,144)	(9,144)	-	(9,744)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,852,933	4,852,933	-	4,760,552
Net change in fund balance	(313,273)	440,654	753,927	(459,882)
Fund balance at beginning of year	773,787	773,787	-	1,233,669
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 460,514	\$ 1,214,441	\$ 753,927	\$ 773,787

#### PUBLIC DEFENDER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,899,780	\$ 1,695,799	
Due from other governments		61,243	41,789	
Total assets	\$	1,961,023	\$ 1,737,588	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	2,956	\$ 1,731	
Accrued salaries and wages		66,809	62,399	
Total liabilities		69,765	 64,130	
Fund Balances				
Restricted for public safety		1,891,258	 1,673,458	
Total fund balance		1,891,258	 1,673,458	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	1,961,023	\$ 1,737,588	

#### PUBLIC DEFENDER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Fees and fines	\$  1,260,021 126,100	\$   1,330,492 126,100	\$ 70,471	\$ 1,234,492 126,100
Interest		10,958	10,958	48,944
Total revenues	1,386,121	1,467,550	81,429	1,409,536
Expenditures Current: Public safety: Horry County:				
Personnel costs	2,065,865	1,970,895	94,970	1,892,731
Contractual services	141,225	126,420	14,805	166,307
Supplies and materials	64,600	58,759	5,841	58,373
Business and transportation	65,700	32,212	33,488	36,506
Programs	1,506,198	-	1,506,198	-
Other	2,500	2,500	-	2,500
Disaster Total Horry County operations	3,846,088	<u>35,476</u> 2,226,262	<u>(35,476)</u> 1,619,826	2,156,417
Georgetown: Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials Business and transportation Programs Disaster Total Georgetown County operations Total expenditures	296,732 84,000 8,800 6,900 148,931 - - 545,363 4,391,451	266,293 77,323 2,617 4,363 - 4,764 355,360 2,581,622	30,439 6,677 6,183 2,537 148,931 (4,764) 190,003 1,809,829	303,941 64,179 18,230 7,460 - 155 393,965 2,550,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(3,005,330)	(1,114,072)	1,891,258	(1,140,846)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	4 004 070	4 004 070		4 060 000
	1,331,872	1,331,872		1,268,800
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,331,872	1,331,872		1,268,800
Net change in fund balance	(1,673,458)	217,800	1,891,258	127,954
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,673,458	1,673,458	-	1,545,504
Fund balance at end of year	\$-	\$ 1,891,258	\$ 1,891,258	\$ 1,673,458

#### ROAD MAINTENANCE & CTC SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100	\$ 100
Pooled cash and investments	36,838,651	33,501,438
Receivables, net:		
Fees	1,424,128	1,761,177
Due from other governments	-	110,565
Restricted assets	855,800	-
Total assets	\$ 39,118,679	\$ 35,373,280
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 1,750,921	\$ 2,148,349
Accrued salaries and wages	17,830	24,795
Unearned revenue	855,800	-
Total liabilities	 2,624,551	 2,173,144
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	1,424,128	1,894,705
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,424,128	 1,894,705
Fund Balances		
		40.454.000
Restricted for capital projects	16,132,515	12,454,828
Committed to infrastructure and regulation	 18,937,485	 18,850,603
Total fund balance	 35,070,000	 31,305,431
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 39,118,679	\$ 35,373,280

### ROAD MAINTENANCE & CTC SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

、 ·		2021	. ,	2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 2,461,407	\$ 630,209	\$ (1,831,198)	\$ 1,361,447
Fees	15,832,625	17,813,445	1,980,820	16,375,492
Interest	187,500	144,288	(43,212)	751,988
Other	855,800	-	(855,800)	30,225
Total revenues	19,337,332	18,587,942	(749,390)	18,519,152
Expenditures				
Current:				
Engineer:				
Construction Contracts	2,458,525	434,934	2,023,591	381,216
Capital outlay - infrastructure	23,171,426	4,968,459	18,202,967	13,163,417
Indirect cost allocation	552,480	552,480	-	528,142
Total Engineer	26,182,431	5,955,873	20,226,558	14,072,775
Onerstiener				
Operations: Personnel costs	750 556	677,617	94 020	750 562
Contractual services	759,556 16,304	11,338	81,939 4,966	759,562 11,930
Supplies and materials	29,206	25,154	4,966 4,052	8,819
Business and transportation	98,724	25,154 56,743	4,052	29,159
Capital outlay - infrastructure	12,000,477	1,094,980	10,905,497	1,256,610
Indirect cost allocation	12,000,477	124,731	10,000,407	91,616
Other	785,056	625,615	159,441	735,617
Disaster	-	8,632	(8,632)	7,446
Distribution to municipalities	2,749,657	3,146,009	(396,352)	2,914,236
Contributions to agencies	2,079,626	2,306,681	(227,055)	2,121,191
Total operations	18,643,337	8,077,500	10,565,837	7,936,186
Total expenditures	44,825,768	14,033,373	30,792,395	22,008,961
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(25,488,436)	4,554,569	30,043,005	(3,489,809)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(790,000)	(790,000)	-	(42,111)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(790,000)	(790,000)	-	(42,111)
Net change in fund balance	(26,278,436)	3,764,569	30,043,005	(3,531,920)
Fund balance at beginning of year	31,305,431	31,305,431	. , -	34,837,351
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 5,026,995	\$ 35,070,000	\$ 30,043,005	\$ 31,305,431
i and bulance at the of year	Ψ 0,020,000	<i>\(\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</i>	Ψ 00,0 <del>1</del> 0,000	φ 01,000,τ01

#### BEACH RENOURISHMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	_	2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$ 4,133,081	\$	3,666,983
Fees Total assets	\$ 240,000 4,373,081	\$	41,608 3,708,591
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Total liabilities	\$ 41,777 41,777	\$	37,419 37,419
<b>Fund Balances</b> Committed to culture, recreation and tourism Total fund balance	 4,331,304 4,331,304		3,671,172 3,671,172
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 4,373,081	\$	3,708,591

#### BEACH RENOURISHMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		-		
		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Local accommodations tax Interest	\$     760,000 10,000	\$   1,000,000 17,152	<b>\$ 240,000</b> 7,152	\$ 303,267 80,241
Total revenues	770,000	1,017,152	247,152	383,508
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Contractual services	913,908	52,280	861,628	119,197
Business and transportation	500	500	-	500
Capital outlay	1,339,536	-	1,339,536	-
Total expenditures	2,253,944	52,780	2,201,164	119,697
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(1,483,944)	964,372	2,448,316	263,811
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(304,240)	(304,240)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(304,240)	(304,240)		
Net change in fund balance	(1,788,184)	660,132	2,448,316	263,811
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,671,172	3,671,172		3,407,361
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,882,988	\$ 4,331,304	\$ 2,448,316	\$ 3,671,172

#### RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

	2021			2020
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	800	\$	800
Pooled cash and investments		6,147,092		5,049,632
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		114,326		123,826
Accounts and other		400		2,046
Fees		3,387		24,985
Due from other governments		192,384		244,054
Prepaid items		5,455		5,195
Total assets	\$	6,463,844	\$	5,450,538
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	97,937	\$	85,286
Accrued salaries and wages	•	65,406	Ŧ	42,519
Unearned revenue		22,328		26,400
Due to other governments		1,242		1,242
Total liabilities		186,913		155,447
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		192,384		244,049
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		89,605		94,383
Total deferred inflows of resources		281,989		338,432
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable		5,455		5,195
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		5,989,487		4,951,464
Total fund balance		5,994,942		4,956,659
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	6,463,844	\$	5,450,538

#### RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Actual Variance	
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 3,580,201	\$ 3,691,820	\$ 111,619	\$ 3,523,927
Personal property taxes	226,663	241,579	14,916	208,447
Vehicle taxes	331,897	353,172	21,275	332,269
Fee in lieu of tax	28,210	26,161	(2,049)	14,589
Intergovernmental	154,516	270,203	115,687	164,230
Hospitality fees	158,000	158,000	-	174,821
Licenses and permits	1,736,539	1,736,539	-	2,469,086
Interest	9,000	20,778	11,778	63,576
Other	498,393	639,612	141,219	547,273
Total revenues	6,723,419	7,137,864	414,445	7,498,218
Expenditures				
Current:				
Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Personnel costs	2,343,755	1,920,402	423,353	2,005,842
Contractual services	701,248	684,645	16,603	572,514
Supplies and materials	757,436	744,608	12,828	403,800
Business and transportation	155,768	155,768	-	138,974
Capital outlay	9,855	9,855	-	61,254
Indirect cost allocation	525,000	512,525	12,475	634,341
Other	587,392	362,933	224,459	339,752
Disaster	-	58,205	(58,205)	272,775
Contributions to agencies	200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Distribution to municipalities	46,000	46,000	-	16,000
Contingency	305,018	-	305,018	-
Programs Athletics	267,585 170,602	164,824	102,761	171,225
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>74,196</u> 4,933,961	96,406	<u> </u>
Total expenditures	6,069,659	4,933,961	1,135,698	4,905,755
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	653,760	2,203,903	1,550,143	2,592,463
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of assets	-	-	-	805
Transfers in	16,333	16,333	-	123,956
Transfers out	(1,181,953)	(1,181,953)	-	(885,309)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,165,620)	(1,165,620)	-	(760,548)
Net change in fund balance	(511,860)	1,038,283	1,550,143	1,831,915
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,956,659	4,956,659		3,124,744
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,444,799	\$ 5,994,942	\$ 1,550,143	\$ 4,956,659

#### WASTE MANAGEMENT RECYCLING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

	2021		2020
Assets			
Pooled cash and investments	\$	6,699,490	\$ 4,464,879
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes		259,460	268,294
Fees		199	90
Due from other governments		552,605	2,174,372
Total assets	\$	7,511,754	\$ 6,907,635
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$	1,078,379	\$ 920,999
Total liabilities		1,078,379	 920,999
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		552,605	2,174,372
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		214,956	215,098
Total deferred inflows of resources		767,561	 2,389,470
Fund Balances			
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		5,665,814	3,597,166
Total fund balance		5,665,814	 3,597,166
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	7,511,754	\$ 6,907,635

### WASTE MANAGEMENT RECYCLING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 7,044,574	\$ 7,381,634	\$ 337,060	\$ 6,983,278
Personal property taxes	484,000	545,776	61,776	464,678
Vehicle taxes	832,000	946,841	114,841	860,602
Fee in lieu of tax	42,000	39,478	(2,522)	14,041
Intergovernmental	573,081	1,824,085	1,251,004	3,441,153
Licenses and permits	1,079,402	1,079,402	-	1,534,738
Interest	8,750	23,175	14,425	73,137
Total revenues	10,063,807	11,840,391	1,776,584	13,371,627
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Contractual services Capital outlay Indirect cost allocation Disaster	10,727,370 1,173,600 15,000 -	9,261,546 213,812 5,190 291,195	1,465,824 959,788 9,810 (291,195)	9,076,123 - 11,178 573,081
Total expenditures	11,915,970	9,771,743	2,144,227	9,660,382
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,852,163)	2,068,648	3,920,811	3,711,245
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	-	-	-	(1,571,236)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-	-	(1,571,236)
Net change in fund balance	(1,852,163)	2,068,648	3,920,811	2,140,009
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,597,166	3,597,166		1,457,157
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,745,003	\$ 5,665,814	\$ 3,920,811	\$ 3,597,166

#### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	2021		2020
Assets			
Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	6,772,131	\$ 4,316,293
Fees		154,296	195,583
Due from other governments		24,578	 1,324,958
Total assets	\$	6,951,005	\$ 5,836,834
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$	170,721	\$ 1,327,474
Accrued salaries and wages		75,577	 57,337
Total liabilities		246,298	 1,384,811
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		120,655	 1,369,533
Total deferred inflows of resources		120,655	 1,369,533
Fund Balances			
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		6,584,052	 3,082,490
Total fund balance		6,584,052	 3,082,490
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	6,951,005	\$ 5,836,834

### STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Fees and fines Interest	\$608,620 7,900,754 4,500	\$ 2,435,131 8,427,779 19,698	\$ 1,826,511 527,025 15,198	\$ 2,640,217 8,074,989 63,611
Total revenues	8,513,874	10,882,608	2,368,734	10,778,817
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials Business and transportation Non-capital infrastructure Construction contracts Capital outlay Contingency	3,046,354 1,376,987 526,653 296,325 933,228 1,272,360 11,394 206,870	2,715,634 1,170,806 497,009 295,515 182,059 760,604 11,394	330,720 206,181 29,644 810 751,169 511,756 - 206,870	2,708,478 1,391,650 494,186 291,115 - 695,993 6,458
Indirect cost allocation Other Disaster	350,000 721,437 606,025	343,841 700,750 397,175	6,159 20,687 208,850	332,596 804,820 2,786,508
Total expenditures	9,347,633	7,074,787	2,272,846	9,511,804
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(833,759)	3,807,821	4,641,580	1,267,013
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses) Net change in fund balance	- (306,259) (306,259) (1,140,018)	(306,259)	- - - 4,641,580	561,160 (765,654) (204,494) 1,062,519
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	3,082,490 \$1,942,472	3,082,490 \$6,584,052	- \$ 4,641,580	2,019,971 \$ 3,082,490

#### WATERSHED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	 2021	 2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$ 989,044	\$ 895,511
Property taxes Total assets	\$ 3,364 992,408	\$ 3,401 898,912
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Total liabilities	\$ <u> </u>	\$ 8,337 8,337
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,595 2,595	 1,975 1,975
Fund Balances Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance	 989,813 989,813	 888,600 888,600
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 992,408	\$ 898,912

### WATERSHED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	2021					2020		
		Budget	udget Actual		Variance			Actual
Revenues	¢	400.007	¢	404 000	¢	47.000	۴	440.040
Real property taxes Personal property taxes	\$	103,637	\$	121,030 404	\$	17,393 404	\$	116,613 577
Fee in lieu of tax		-		-04		-04		-
Interest		-		4,117		4,117		18,139
Total revenues		103,637		125,557		21,920		135,329
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:								
Contractual services		77,933		20,828		57,105		51,516
Indirect cost allocation		27,972		3,516		24,456		3,404
Total expenditures		105,905		24,344		81,561		54,920
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,268)		101,213		103,481		80,409
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-		-		-		567,828
Transfers out		-		-		-		(561,160)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-		6,668
Net change in fund balance		(2,268)		101,213		103,481		87,077
Fund balance at beginning of year		888,600		888,600		-		801,523
Fund balance at end of year	\$	886,332	\$	989,813	\$	103,481	\$	888,600

#### MT. GILEAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

# June 30, 2021

	 2021	 2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$ 216,517	\$ 250,074
Property taxes Total assets	\$ 1,150 217,667	\$ 2,483 252,557
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Total liabilities	\$ <u>1,051</u> 1,051	\$ 1,069 1,069
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,150 1,150	 40 40
Fund Balances Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance	 215,466 215,466	 251,448 251,448
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 217,667	\$ 252,557

#### MT. GILEAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	2021					 2020	
		Budget		Actual	Variance		 Actual
Revenues							
Real property taxes	\$	126,186	\$	162,251	\$	36,065	\$ 160,320
Personal property taxes		423		1,468		1,045	3,443
Interest		-		841		841	4,100
Other	_	-		253		253	 -
Total revenues		126,609		164,813		38,204	167,863
Expenditures							
Current:							
Infrastructure and regulation:							
Personnel costs		4,405		4,405		-	3,670
Contractual services		15,605		12,832		2,773	11,508
Supplies and materials		259,008		179,662		79,346	37,535
Indirect cost allocation		4,264		3,896		368	3,921
Total expenditures		283,282		200,795		82,487	56,634
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(156,673)		(35,982)		120,691	 111,229
Net change in fund balance		(156,673)		(35,982)		120,691	111,229
Fund balance at beginning of year		251,448		251,448		-	 140,219
Fund balance at end of year	\$	94,775	\$	215,466	\$	120,691	\$ 251,448

#### SOCASTEE RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

	202	21	202	20
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	-	\$	-
Property taxes Restricted assets		-		-
Total assets	\$	-	\$	-
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages	\$	-	\$	-
Total liabilities		-		-
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue-fees and other Unavailable revenue-property taxes		-		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-
Fund Balances Restricted for public safety		_		
Total fund balance		-		-
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	-	\$	-

Note: FY2020 was final reporting year for fund.

#### SOCASTEE RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out			-	(113,357)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-	(113,357)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	(113,357)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year		<u>-</u> \$	<u>-</u> \$ -	<u>113,357</u> \$-

Note: FY2020 was final reporting year for fund.

#### ARCADIAN SHORES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	74,859	\$	71,591
Property taxes		607		720
Total assets	\$	75,466	\$	72,311
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	2,629	\$	1,178
Total liabilities		2,629		1,178
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		233		720
Total deferred inflows of resources		233		720
Fund Balances				
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		72,604		70,413
Total fund balance		72,604		70,413
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	75,466	\$	72,311

#### ARCADIAN SHORES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

			2021			 2020
	B	Budget	Actual	Va	riance	 Actual
Revenues Real property taxes Personal property taxes Interest	\$	62,586 - -	\$ 65,470 517 308	\$	2,884 517 308	\$ 61,534 165 1,054
Other Total revenues		- 62,586	 500 66,795		<u>500</u> 4,209	 500 63,253
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials Programs Indirect cost allocation Other Total expenditures		4,405 2,000 58,567 20,892 4,264 - - 90,128	 4,405 249 58,098 - 1,852 - - - - -		- 1,751 469 20,892 2,412 - 25,524	 3,670 2,926 15,733 - 1,870 1,333 25,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(27,542)	2,191		29,733	37,721
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	70,413 42,871	\$ 70,413 72,604	\$	- 29,733	\$ 32,692 70,413

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

#### HIGHER EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	198,923	\$	106,574
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		50,470		54,644
Fees		1,481		2,783
Due from other governments		-		2
Total assets	\$	250,874	\$	164,003
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue-fees and other Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	39,682	\$	1,166 41,826
Total deferred inflows of resources		39,682		42,992
Fund Balances				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		211,192		121,011
Total fund balance		211,192		121,011
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	250,874	\$	164,003

#### HIGHER EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

				2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 1,525,474	\$ 1,615,227	\$ 89,753	\$ 1,539,084
Personal property taxes	93,316	105,300	11,984	91,018
Vehicle taxes	137,623	156,050	18,427	141,540
Fee in lieu of tax	9,543	11,442	1,899	6,303
Intergovernmental	-	6,680	6,680	5,498
Interest	-	1,885	1,885	5,469
Total revenues	1,765,956	1,896,584	130,628	1,788,912
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Higher Education Commission	1,542,356	1,582,803	(40,447)	1,532,204
Total expenditures	1,542,356	1,582,803	(40,447)	1,532,204
Excess of revenues over expenditures	223,600	313,781	90,181	256,708
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(223,600)	(223,600)		(222,400)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(223,600)	(223,600)	-	(222,400)
Net change in fund balance	-	90,181	90,181	34,308
Fund balance at beginning of year	121,011	121,011		86,703
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 121,011	\$ 211,192	\$ 90,181	\$ 121,011

#### HORRY-GEORGETOWN TECH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021		2020	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,491,765	\$	829,866
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		122,468		132,588
Fees		3,598		3,927
Due from other governments		-		3,005
Total assets	\$	1,617,831	\$	969,386
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	\$	-	\$	3,000
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		96,214		101,322
Total deferred inflows of resources		96,214		104,322
Fund Balances				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		1,521,617		865,064
Total fund balance		1,521,617		865,064
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	1,617,831	\$	969,386

#### HORRY-GEORGETOWN TECH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

Budget         Actual         Variance         Actual           Real property taxes         \$ 3,797,921         \$ 3,923,092         \$ 125,171         \$ 3,742,516           Personal property taxes         239,890         256,085         16,195         221,472           Vehicle taxes         352,615         378,316         25,701         354,313           Fee in lieu of tax         29,876         27,790         (2,086)         15,487           Intergovernmental         -         16,890         14,084           Interest         -         7,732         3,6934           Total revenues         4,420,302         4,609,905         189,603         4,384,806           Expenditures         -         7,732         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000           Excess of revenues         -         253,650         909,905         656,255         684,806           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Other sinancing sources (uses)         -         656,553         656,553         441,956           Fund balance at beg			2021		2020
Real property taxes       \$ 3,797,921       \$ 3,923,092       \$ 125,171       \$ 3,742,516         Personal property taxes       239,890       256,085       16,195       221,472         Vehicle taxes       352,615       378,316       25,701       354,313         Fee in lieu of tax       29,876       27,790       (2,086)       15,487         Intergovernmental       -       16,890       14,084         Interest       -       7,732       7,732       36,934         Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       -       7,732       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       -       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       641,956       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       - <th></th> <th>Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th>Variance</th> <th>Actual</th>		Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Personal property taxes         239,890         256,085         16,195         221,472           Vehicle taxes         352,615         378,316         25,701         354,313           Fee in lieu of tax         29,876         27,790         (2,086)         15,487           Intergovernmental         -         16,890         16,890         14,084           Interest         -         7,732         7,732         36,934           Total revenues         4,420,302         4,609,905         189,603         4,384,806           Expenditures         -         7,732         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000           Current:         Horry-Georgetown Tech         4,166,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000           Hotry-Georgetown Tech         4,166,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000           Excess of revenues         0ver expenditures         253,650         909,905         656,255         684,806           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Net change in fund balance         -         656,55	Revenues				
Vehicle taxes       352,615       378,316       25,701       354,313         Fee in lieu of tax       29,876       27,790       (2,086)       15,487         Intergovernmental       -       16,890       16,890       14,084         Interest       -       7,732       7,732       36,934         Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       -       7,732       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Current:       Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       0ver expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       644,1956       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108	Real property taxes				
Fee in lieu of tax       29,876       27,790       (2,086)       15,487         Intergovernmental       -       16,890       16,890       14,084         Interest       -       7,732       7,732       36,934         Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       -       7,732       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Current:       Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       0ver expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       656,553       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108		239,890	•		,
Intergovernmental       -       16,890       16,890       14,084         Interest       -       7,732       7,732       36,934         Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       -       7,732       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total revenues       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       656,553       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108		352,615	•	•	
Interest       -       7,732       7,732       36,934         Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Current:       Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         over expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       656,553       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       -       423,108		29,876	•	,	,
Total revenues       4,420,302       4,609,905       189,603       4,384,806         Expenditures       Current:       Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         over expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       6441,956       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108	-	-	•		
Expenditures         Current:         Horry-Georgetown Tech         Total expenditures         4,166,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000         466,652         3,700,000         Excess of revenues         over expenditures         253,650       909,905         656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers out       (253,650)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)         (253,650)       (253,352)         298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064         865,064       -         423,108		-			
Current:       Horry-Georgetown Tech       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Total expenditures       4,166,652       3,700,000       466,652       3,700,000         Excess of revenues       0ver expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1	Total revenues	4,420,302	4,609,905	189,603	4,384,806
over expenditures       253,650       909,905       656,255       684,806         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       656,553       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108	Current: Horry-Georgetown Tech		· · · · ·		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Total other financing sources (uses)         (253,650)         (253,352)         298         (242,850)           Net change in fund balance         -         656,553         656,553         441,956           Fund balance at beginning of year         865,064         865,064         -         423,108	Excess of revenues				
Transfers out(253,650)(253,352)298(242,850)Total other financing sources (uses)(253,650)(253,352)298(242,850)Net change in fund balance-656,553656,553441,956Fund balance at beginning of year865,064865,064-423,108	over expenditures	253,650	909,905	656,255	684,806
Total other financing sources (uses)       (253,650)       (253,352)       298       (242,850)         Net change in fund balance       -       656,553       656,553       441,956         Fund balance at beginning of year       865,064       865,064       -       423,108	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Net change in fund balance         -         656,553         656,553         441,956           Fund balance at beginning of year         865,064         865,064         -         423,108	Transfers out	(253,650)	(253,352)	298	(242,850)
Fund balance at beginning of year         865,064         865,064         -         423,108	Total other financing sources (uses)	(253,650)	(253,352)	298	(242,850)
	Net change in fund balance	-	656,553	656,553	441,956
Fund balance at end of year         \$ 865,064         \$ 1,521,617         \$ 656,553         \$ 865,064	Fund balance at beginning of year	865,064	865,064		423,108
	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 865,064	\$ 1,521,617	\$ 656,553	\$ 865,064

#### SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

### June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	439,987	\$	377,066
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		28,783		31,165
Fees		846		925
Total assets	\$	469,616	\$	409,156
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	372,340	\$	312,738
Total liabilities		372,340		312,738
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		22,622		23,843
Total deferred inflows of resources		22,622		23,843
Fund Balances				
Restricted for health and social services		74,654		72,575
Total fund balance		74,654		72,575
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	469,616	\$	409,156

#### SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 871,632	\$ 922,918	\$ 51,286	\$ 879,419
Personal property taxes	53,283	60,127	6,844	51,972
Vehicle taxes	78,365	88,842	10,477	80,584
Fee in lieu of tax	6,680	6,538	(142)	3,601
Intergovernmental	-	460	460	475
Interest	150	970	820	3,682
Total revenues	1,010,110	1,079,855	69,745	1,019,733
Expenditures				
Current:				
Health and social services:				
Indirect cost allocation	9,000	13,928	(4,928)	7,636
Contributions to agencies	1,001,110	1,063,848	(62,738)	1,004,247
Total expenditures	1,010,110	1,077,776	(67,666)	1,011,883
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures		2,079	2,079	7,850
Fund balance at beginning of year	72,575	72,575	-	64,725
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 72,575	\$ 74,654	\$ 2,079	\$ 72,575

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

	2021		2020	
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	4,673,682	\$	4,067,398
Fees Lease receivable		382,680 1,211,005		-
Due from other governments	_	-		855
Total assets	\$	6,267,367	\$	4,068,253
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages	\$	116,524 9,916	\$	130,472 8,678
Total liabilities		126,440		139,150
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other Unavailable revenue-property taxes		1,296,285		855
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,296,285		855
Fund Balances				
Restricted for economic development		1,353,224		1,827,631
Committed to economic development Total fund balance		3,491,418		2,100,617
		4,844,642		3,928,248
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	6,267,367	\$	4,068,253

#### ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes Fee in lieu of tax	\$- 799,920	\$ 8,360 4 257 807	\$ 8,360	\$ -
Intergovernmental	799,920 855	1,257,897 6,777	457,977 5,922	1,101,340
Fees - Rents	369,182	70,643	(298,539)	370,682
Interest	8,750	38,993	30,243	75,371
Total revenues	1,178,707	1,382,670	203,963	1,547,393
Expenditures				
Current:				
Economic development:				
Personnel costs	349,607	343,675	5,932	336,861
Contractual services	3,314,115	372,224	2,941,891	420,662
Supplies and materials	97,092	625	96,467	806
Other	(10,630)	-	(10,630)	-
Indirect cost allocation	70,000	59,120	10,880	80,763
Disaster	-	5,930	(5,930)	846
Total expenditures	3,820,184	781,574	3,038,610	839,938
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,641,477)	601,096	3,242,573	707,455
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of assets	-	35,740	35,740	-
Lease financing proceeds	-	279,558	279,558	-
Transfers in	-	-	-	42,111
Transfers out	-	-	-	(15,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	315,298	315,298	27,111
Net change in fund balance	(2,641,477)	916,394	3,557,871	734,566
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,928,248	3,928,248		3,193,682
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,286,771	\$ 4,844,642	\$ 3,557,871	\$ 3,928,248

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

#### MULTI-COUNTY BUSINESS PARK ROLLBACK SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2021

	2021		2020		
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	1,442,676	\$	1,188,494	
Fees Total assets	\$	3,420 1,446,096	\$	9,467 1,197,961	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue-fees and other Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	3,420 3,420	\$	9,467 9,467	
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance		1,442,676 1,442,676		1,188,494 1,188,494	
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	1,446,096	\$	1,197,961	

#### MULTI-COUNTY BUSINESS PARK ROLLBACK SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Fee in lieu of tax Interest Total revenues	\$ - - -	\$ 248,597 5,585 254,182	\$ 248,597 5,585 254,182	\$ 632,986 11,791 644,777
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Contractual services	241,400	-	241,400	-
Total expenditures	241,400	-	241,400	
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(241,400)	254,182	495,582	644,777
Net change in fund balance	(241,400)	254,182	495,582	644,777
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	1,188,494 \$ 947,094	1,188,494 \$1,442,676	\$ 495,582	543,717 \$1,188,494

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

#### TOURISM & PROMOTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021			2020
Assets				
Receivables, net:				
Accounts and other	\$	1,878	\$	21,756
Fees		-		28,740
Due from other governments		2,821,555		1,063,597
Total assets	\$	2,823,433	\$	1,114,093
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	641,537	\$	436,776
Accrued salaries and wages		58,377		52,218
Due to other funds		522,195		140,343
Total liabilities		1,222,109		629,337
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		1,077,420		289,919
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,077,420		289,919
Fund Balances				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		523,904		194,837
Total fund balance		523,904		194,837
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	2,823,433	\$	1,114,093

#### TOURISM & PROMOTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

Accommodations tax         4,315,425         4,167,191         (148,234)         3,595,633           Hospitality fees         442,348         270,000         (172,348)         236,000           Local accommodations tax         -         -         -         300,000           Interest         -         245         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,849           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         -         -         20,623         34,914         178         34,277           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123         -         36,632         -         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,683         07,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673         22,860         221,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         1,712,677         334,244 <th></th> <th></th> <th>2021</th> <th></th> <th>2020</th>			2021		2020
Revenues         277,837         \$ 386,625         \$ 108,788         \$ 85,323           Accommodations tax         4,315,425         4,167,191         (148,234)         3,595,633           Hospitality fees         442,348         270,000         (172,348)         236,000           Local accommodations tax         -         -         300,000           Interest         -         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,843           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,022           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         Personnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,511           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,277           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Other         97,474         97,474         -20,623         2,800         212,800           Other         97,474         7,474         -103,561,223         36,612         1,614,466         1,712,673           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,612		Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Accommodations tax         4,315,425         4,167,191         (148,234)         3,595,633           Hospitality fees         442,348         270,000         (172,348)         236,000           Local accommodations tax         -         -         -         300,000           Interest         -         245         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,849           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         -         -         20,623         34,914         178         34,277           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123         -         36,632         -         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,683         07,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673         22,860         221,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         212,800         1,712,677         334,244 <td>Revenues</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Revenues				
Hospitality fees         442,348         270,000         (172,348)         236,000           Local accommodations tax         -         -         -         300,000           Interest         -         245         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,843           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         -         -         300,000         49,843           Current:         Public safety:         -         -         -         4,269,023           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,133         1,093,517           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,273           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,640           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,687           Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,633           Disaster         -         22,680         (22,580)	Intergovernmental	\$ 277,837	\$ 386,625	\$ 108,788	\$ 85,323
Local accommodations tax         -         -         300,000           Interest         -         245         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,844           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         300,000         49,844         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         300,000         49,844         -         -         -         -         -         -         245         245         2,200           Current:         Personnel costs         1,583,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,517         -         -         105,644         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	Accommodations tax	4,315,425	4,167,191	(148,234)	3,595,637
Interest Other         -         245         245         2,200           Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,844           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Personnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,517           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,277           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         1,4553         -         36,687           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,334           Supplies and materials         668,71         63,085         3,786         34,244      B	Hospitality fees			(172,348)	236,008
Other         20,623         39,631         19,008         49,843           Total revenues         5,056,233         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Expenditures         Current:         Public safety:         4,863,692         (192,541)         4,269,023           Porsonnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,517           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,273           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         - 36,683         014er         173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,800         212,800         121,807           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,333           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,111           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,243           Business and transportation         176,799	Local accommodations tax	-	-	-	300,000
Total revenues       5,056,233       4,863,692       (192,541)       4,269,023         Expenditures       Current:       Public safety:       4,863,692       (192,541)       4,269,023         Personnel costs       1,588,629       1,583,496       5,133       1,093,517         Contractual services       35,092       34,914       178       34,276         Supplies and materials       44,894       44,791       103       56,123         Business and transportation       98,634       97,914       720       105,640         Capital outlay       14,553       -       36,687       016,687         Other       97,474       97,474       -       173,633         Disaster       -       22,580       (22,580)       212,807         Culture, recreation and tourism:       Personnel costs       905,424       808,330       97,094       707,338         Contractual services       108,363       99,339       9,024       95,111       Supplies and materials       66,871       63,085       3,786       34,245         Business and transportation       176,799       176,799       -       144,965       1,853       166,177       0ther       1,522,948       1,431,684       91,264       1,365	Interest	-	245	245	2,206
Expenditures Current:         Public safety:           Personnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,517           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,277           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,122           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         1,553         36,687           Other         97,474         97,474         7173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         212,800           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,333           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,244           Business and transportation         176,799         -         144,965           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster <t< td=""><td>Other</td><td>20,623</td><td>39,631</td><td>19,008</td><td>49,849</td></t<>	Other	20,623	39,631	19,008	49,849
Current:         Public safety:           Personnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,517           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,274           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,644           Capital outlay         14,553         1,4553         36,687           Other         97,474         97,474         - 173,663           Disaster         -         22,580         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,333           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,245           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         144,963           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster         - </td <td>Total revenues</td> <td>5,056,233</td> <td>4,863,692</td> <td>(192,541)</td> <td>4,269,023</td>	Total revenues	5,056,233	4,863,692	(192,541)	4,269,023
Public safety:       1,588,629       1,583,496       5,133       1,093,511         Contractual services       35,092       34,914       178       34,273         Supplies and materials       44,894       44,791       103       56,123         Business and transportation       98,634       97,914       720       105,644         Capital outlay       14,553       14,553       -       36,683         Other       97,474       97,474       -       173,633         Disaster       -       22,580       (22,580)       212,807         Total public safety       1,879,276       1,895,722       (16,446)       1,712,673         Culture, recreation and tourism:       -       22,580       212,807         Personnel costs       905,424       808,330       97,094       707,333         Contractual services       108,363       9,339       9,024       95,110         Supplies and materials       66,871       63,085       3,786       34,244         Business and transportation       176,799       -       144,963       114,963         Other       47,478       45,825       1,653       166,174         Disaster       -       668       (668)	Expenditures				
Personnel costs         1,588,629         1,583,496         5,133         1,093,513           Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,274           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,640           Capital outlay         14,553         -         36,686           Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,338           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,249           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         144,969           Programs         648,351         -         648,351 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Contractual services         35,092         34,914         178         34,274           Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,122           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,640           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,687           Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         -         22,580         222,807         212,807           Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,334           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,243           Business and transportation         176,799         -         144,963           Programs         648,351         -         648,351         -           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,1	Public safety:				
Supplies and materials         44,894         44,791         103         56,123           Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,640           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,683           Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,683           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,334           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,244           Business and transportation         176,799         -         144,963           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total expenditures         5,355,510				5,133	1,093,517
Business and transportation         98,634         97,914         720         105,640           Capital outlay         14,553         14,553         -         36,687           Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,807           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,336           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,111           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,245           Business and transportation         176,799         -         144,963           Programs         648,351         -         648,351           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,176           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452		•	•		34,278
Capital outlay       14,553       14,553       -       36,68         Other       97,474       97,474       -       173,633         Disaster       -       22,580       (22,580)       212,807         Total public safety       1,879,276       1,895,722       (16,446)       1,712,673         Culture, recreation and tourism:       Personnel costs       905,424       808,330       97,094       707,336         Contractual services       108,363       99,339       9,024       95,110         Supplies and materials       66,871       63,085       3,786       34,243         Business and transportation       176,799       176,799       144,963         Programs       648,351       -       648,351       048       31,663       166,174         Disaster       -       668       (668)       11,865,207       166,174       1,365,207         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditure		•	44,791	103	56,123
Other         97,474         97,474         -         173,633           Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,803           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,338           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,248           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         -         144,968           Programs         648,351         -         648,351         -           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,176           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,456           Other Fin	•	98,634	97,914	720	105,640
Disaster         -         22,580         (22,580)         212,800           Total public safety         1,879,276         1,895,722         (16,446)         1,712,673           Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,338           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,248           Business and transportation         176,799         -         144,968           Programs         648,351         -         648,351           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,176           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,456           Other Financi		•	•	-	36,681
Total public safety       1,879,276       1,895,722       (16,446)       1,712,673         Culture, recreation and tourism:       Personnel costs       905,424       808,330       97,094       707,338         Contractual services       108,363       99,339       9,024       95,110         Supplies and materials       66,871       63,085       3,786       34,243         Business and transportation       176,799       176,799       -       144,963         Programs       648,351       -       648,351       -       648,351         Other       47,478       45,825       1,653       166,174         Disaster       -       668       (668)       11,855,207         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,455         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       -       18,606       18,606       -       -         Transfers in       18,606       18,606       -       -       (211,403)	Other	97,474	97,474	-	173,633
Culture, recreation and tourism:         Personnel costs       905,424       808,330       97,094       707,336         Contractual services       108,363       99,339       9,024       95,110         Supplies and materials       66,871       63,085       3,786       34,243         Business and transportation       176,799       176,799       144,963         Programs       648,351       -       648,351         Other       47,478       45,825       1,653       166,174         Disaster       -       668       (668)       11,855         Contributions to other agencies       1,522,948       1,431,684       91,264       1,365,207         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,456         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       -       18,606       18,606       -         Transfers in       18,606       18,606       -       (211,403)	Disaster	-			212,801
Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,336           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,245           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         -         144,965           Programs         648,351         -         648,351         -           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,456           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         -         18,606         -         -           Transfers in         18,606         18,606         -         -         (211,405	Total public safety	1,879,276	1,895,722	(16,446)	1,712,673
Personnel costs         905,424         808,330         97,094         707,336           Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,245           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         -         144,965           Programs         648,351         -         648,351         -           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,855           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,456           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         -         18,606         -         -           Transfers in         18,606         18,606         -         -         (211,405	Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Contractual services         108,363         99,339         9,024         95,110           Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,245           Business and transportation         176,799         144,965         -         144,965           Programs         648,351         -         648,351         -         144,965           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175         166,175           Disaster         -         6668         (668)         11,855         1,653         166,175           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,456           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         18,606         18,606         -         (211,405           Transfers in         18,606         18,606         -         (211,405         -		905.424	808.330	97.094	707.338
Supplies and materials         66,871         63,085         3,786         34,249           Business and transportation         176,799         176,799         144,969           Programs         648,351         -         648,351           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,179           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,853           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         0ver expenditures         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,459           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         -         18,606         18,606         -         (211,402)		•		•	
Business and transportation       176,799       176,799       -       144,968         Programs       648,351       -       648,351       -       648,351         Other       47,478       45,825       1,653       166,175         Disaster       -       668       (668)       11,855         Contributions to other agencies       1,522,948       1,431,684       91,264       1,365,207         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues       over expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       Transfers in       18,606       18,606       -       (211,402)		•	•	•	
Programs         648,351         -         648,351           Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,174           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,853           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,207           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,897           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         over expenditures         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,459           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers in         18,606         18,606         -         (211,403)		•	•	-,	
Other         47,478         45,825         1,653         166,175           Disaster         -         668         (668)         11,853           Contributions to other agencies         1,522,948         1,431,684         91,264         1,365,203           Total culture, recreation and tourism         3,476,234         2,625,730         850,504         2,524,893           Total expenditures         5,355,510         4,521,452         834,058         4,237,564           Excess (deficiency) of revenues         0ver expenditures         (299,277)         342,240         641,517         31,459           Other Financing Sources (Uses)         Transfers in         18,606         18,606         -         (211,403)	•		-	648.351	-
Disaster       -       668       (668)       11,853         Contributions to other agencies       1,522,948       1,431,684       91,264       1,365,203         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,893         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues       0ver expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       18,606       18,606       -       (211,403)			45.825	•	166,175
Contributions to other agencies       1,522,948       1,431,684       91,264       1,365,207         Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues       over expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       18,606       18,606       -       -       -       (211,402		-	•	•	11,853
Total culture, recreation and tourism       3,476,234       2,625,730       850,504       2,524,897         Total expenditures       5,355,510       4,521,452       834,058       4,237,564         Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       Transfers in Transfers out       18,606       18,606       - (211,402	Contributions to other agencies	1,522,948	1,431,684	• •	1,365,201
Excess (deficiency) of revenues       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         over expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       Transfers in       18,606       18,606       -         Transfers out       (31,779)       (31,779)       -       (211,402)	-			850,504	2,524,891
over expenditures       (299,277)       342,240       641,517       31,459         Other Financing Sources (Uses)       Transfers in       18,606       -       -         Transfers out       (31,779)       (31,779)       -       (211,403)	Total expenditures	5,355,510	4,521,452	834,058	4,237,564
Other Financing Sources (Uses)         18,606         18,606         -           Transfers in         (31,779)         -         (211,403)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
Transfers in     18,606     18,606     -       Transfers out     (31,779)     (31,779)     -     (211,402)	over expenditures	(299,277)	342,240	641,517	31,459
Transfers out         (31,779)         -         (211,403)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
	Transfers in	18,606	18,606	-	-
	Transfers out	(31,779)	(31,779)	-	(211,403)
Total other financing sources (uses)         (13,173)         -         (211,403)	Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,173)	(13,173)	-	(211,403)
Net change in fund balance         (312,450)         329,067         641,517         (179,944)	Net change in fund balance	(312,450)	329,067	641,517	(179,944)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			374,781
Fund balance at end of year         \$ (117,613)         \$ 523,904         \$ 641,517         \$ 194,833	Fund balance at end of year	\$ (117,613)	\$ 523,904	\$ 641,517	\$ 194,837

#### ADMISSIONS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

		2021	2020		
Assets Pooled cash and investments Total assets	\$ \$	406,627 406,627	\$ \$	404,814 404,814	
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance	\$ _\$	406,627 406,627	\$	404,814 404,814	

#### ADMISSIONS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021					2020								
		Budget	Actual		Actual		Actual		Actual		Variance			Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Interest Total revenues	\$		\$	1,813 1,813	\$	1,813 1,813	\$	8,592 8,592						
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Other Total expenditures		<u>380,510</u> 380,510				<u>380,510</u> 380,510		<u> </u>						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(380,510)		1,813		382,323		8,592						
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	404,814 24,304	\$	404,814 406,627	\$	- 382,323	\$	396,222 404,814						

#### BASEBALL STADIUM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

## June 30, 2021

	 2021	2020			
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$ 368,580	\$	257,012		
Fees	-		26,611		
Restricted assets	 101,977	_	101,977		
Total assets	\$ 470,557	\$	385,600		
Liabilities Due to other governments Total liabilities	\$ 80,299 80,299	\$	114,038 114,038		
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism Total fund balance	 390,258 390,258		271,562 271,562		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 470,557	\$	385,600		

#### BASEBALL STADIUM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

<b>\</b> 1			-		, /	
			2021			 2020
	l	Budget	 Actual	V	ariance	 Actual
Revenues						
Hospitality fees	\$	197,500	\$ 197,500	\$	-	\$ 218,526
Interest		-	1,717		1,717	6,641
Other		25,900	 984		(24,916)	7,128
Total revenues		223,400	 200,201		(23,199)	 232,295
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture, recreation and tourism:						
Contractual services		46,322	46,322		-	42,575
Supplies and materials		61,000	34,416		26,584	61,505
Capital outlay		240,556	-		240,556	16,730
Contingency		2,811	-		2,811	-
Other		767	 767		-	2,301
Total expenditures		351,456	81,505		269,951	123,111
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		(128,056)	 118,696		246,752	 109,184
Net change in fund balance		(128,056)	118,696		246,752	109,184
Fund balance at beginning of year		271,562	 271,562		-	 162,378
Fund balance at end of year	\$	143,506	\$ 390,258	\$	246,752	\$ 271,562

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

#### CONWAY LIBRARY ENDOWMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

		2021	2020			
Assets Pooled cash and investments Restricted assets	\$	229,298 4,452,656	\$	- 4,515,694		
Total assets	\$	4,681,954	\$	4,515,694		
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism Total fund balance	\$ \$	4,681,954 4,681,954	\$	4,515,694 4,515,694		

#### CONWAY LIBRARY ENDOWMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021	
(with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2	2020)

	2021					 2020	
	Bu	dget		Actual	Variance		 Actual
Revenues							
Donations	\$	-	\$	230,151	\$	230,151	\$ -
Interest		-		24,112		24,112	 78,616
Total revenues		-		254,263		254,263	 78,616
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers out	(1,8	860,000)		(88,003)	(	1,771,997)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,8	860,000)		(88,003)	(	1,771,997)	-
Net change in fund balance	(1,8	860,000)		166,260	(	(1,517,734)	78,616
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,5	515,694		4,515,694	_	-	 4,437,078
Fund balance at end of year	\$2,0	655,694	\$	4,681,954	\$ (	1,517,734)	\$ 4,515,694

#### GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

### June 30, 2021

	2021	2020
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,689,857	\$ 778,521
Due from other governments	1,971,442	2,582,595
Restricted assets	 14,103,157	 -
Total assets	\$ 19,764,456	\$ 3,361,116
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 1,744,707	\$ 735,588
Accrued salaries and wages	93,363	71,760
Unearned revenue	15,170,829	-
Other liabilities	 -	 557,811
Total liabilities	 17,008,899	 1,365,159
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue-fees and other	 514,054	 1,686,143
Total deferred inflows of resources	 514,054	 1,686,143
Fund Balances		
Committed to other purposes	2,241,503	309,814
Total fund balance	 2,241,503	 309,814
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 19,764,456	\$ 3,361,116

#### GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 29,359,971	\$ 9,006,369	\$ (20,353,602)	\$ 6,344,149
Interest	-	19,945	19,945	18,242
Other	1,140,092	1,337,901	197,809	1,835,237
Total revenues	30,500,063	10,364,215	(20,135,848)	8,197,628
Expenditures				
General government:				
Personnel costs	86,692	7,881	78,811	1,644
Contractual services	214,434	38,535	175,899	186,651
Supplies and materials	139,104	181,798	(42,694)	-
Construction contracts	2,824,220	862,682	1,961,538	-
Disaster	-	15,135	(15,135)	2,718
Other	697,000	501,451	195,549	589
Total general government	3,961,450	1,607,482	2,353,968	191,602
Public safety:				
Personnel costs	7,713,017	3,223,852	4,489,165	1,824,984
Supplies and materials	1,142,824	740,719	402,105	112,510
Business and transportation	71,882	1,000	70,882	20,394
Capital outlay Other	2,257,699 625,710	816,696 390,669	1,441,003 235,041	220,266 459,428
Total public safety	11,811,132	5,172,936	6,638,196	2,637,582
		0,112,000	0,000,100	2,007,002
Infrastructure and regulation: Contractual services	C 4E0 777	2 475 054	0 676 906	6 050 700
Capital outlay	6,152,777 131,736	3,475,951	2,676,826	6,253,792 113,962
Other	18,718	90,665 45,299	41,071 (26,581)	108,009
Total Infrastructure and regulation	6,303,231	3,611,915	2,691,316	6,475,763
C C				
Economic development Personnel costs	321,248	2,603	318,645	_
Contractual services	10,387,009	30,295	10,356,714	-
Total economic development	10,708,257	32,898	10,675,359	
Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Supplies and materials	1,000	1,000	-	_
Business and transportation	-	-	-	2,950
Capital outlay	80,399	80,399	-	436,246
Other	2,000	2,000	-	12,699
Total culture, recreation and tourism	83,399	83,399		451,895
Total expenditures	32,867,469	10,508,630	22,358,839	9,756,842
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(2,367,406)	(144,415)	2,222,991	(1,559,214)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	2,000,368	2,076,104	(75,736)	887,602
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,000,368	2,076,104	(75,736)	887,602
Net change in fund balance	(367,038)	1,931,689	2,147,255	(671,612)
Fund balance at beginning of year	309,814	309,814	-	981,426
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (57,224)	\$ 2,241,503	\$ 2,147,255	\$ 309,814
-	<u>`</u>			

#### CDBG GRANT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021

		2021	 2020
Assets Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	806,919 370	\$ 190,231 -
Total assets	\$	807,289	\$ 190,231
Liabilities			
Accounts payable - trade	\$	573,011	\$ 99,633
Accrued salaries and wages	-	11,212	10,291
Due to other funds		454,293	327,654
Total liabilities		1,038,516	437,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-fees and other		423,382	157,924
Total deferred inflows of resources		423,382	 157,924
Fund Balance (Deficit)			
Nonspendable		370	-
Unassigned		(654,979)	(405,271)
Total fund balance (deficit)		(654,609)	 (405,271)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance			
(deficit)	\$	807,289	\$ 190,231

#### CDBG GRANT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2020)

		2020		
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 13,050,917 	\$   4,033,344 6	\$ (9,017,573) <u>6</u>	\$  2,056,473 
Total revenues	13,050,917	4,033,350	(9,017,567)	2,056,473
Expenditures Current: Economic development:				
Personnel costs	879,996	395,626	484,370	322,939
Contractual services	202,690	71,799	130,891	162,412
Supplies and materials	25,610	9,279	16,331	5,208
Business and transportation	20,090	3,860	16,230	8,792
Programs	2,932,174	-	2,932,174	-
Indirect cost allocation	8,500	8,500	-	38,000
Disaster	-	1,882	(1,882)	2,876
Contributions to agencies	8,986,607	3,796,492	5,190,115	1,663,260
Total expenditures	13,055,667	4,287,438	8,768,229	2,203,487
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(4,750)	(254,088)	(249,338)	(147,014)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	4 750	4 750		
Transfers in	4,750	4,750		
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,750	4,750	<u> </u>	-
Net change in fund balance	-	(249,338)	(249,338)	(147,014)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	(405,271) \$ (405,271)	(405,271) \$ (654,609)	- \$ (249,338)	(258,257) \$ (405,271)

## CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The primary sources of money in this fund are the proceeds from general obligation bond issues, State and Local Option Sales Tax, Federal and State grants and interest earnings.

**General Improvement** – accounts for financial resources and contribution of major capital facilities and equipment of the County.

**Capital Project Sales Tax (RIDE II)** – accounts for the one cent sales tax increase that is to be used to upgrade specific roads over a seven year period beginning May 1, 2007.

**Capital Project Sales Tax (RIDE III)** – accounts for the one cent sales tax increase that is to be used to upgrade specific roads over a seven year period beginning May 1, 2017.

**Fire Apparatus Replacement** – accounts for property tax revenue collected from 1.6 mills levied only against areas of the County that are provided with fire protection in the unincorporated areas of the County. The purpose is for providing fire apparatus replacement (pumpers, air trucks, aerials, brush trucks, tankers and heavy rescue).

**Voluntary Developer Contributions** – accounts for the monies donated by the developers to help offset the impact to the community because of increased housing and development in certain areas of the County. These contributions have designated uses as stated in the agreements. These designated uses can range from park developments/improvements, road improvements or support for fire protection in the developed area.

**1.5% Hospitality** – accounts for the 1.5% hospitality fee for the continued development of roads and other major capital projects within the County.

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## June 30, 2021

General Improvement Capital Projects Sales         Capital Projects Sales         Total Projects Sales           Assets         Pooled cash and investments         \$ 42,112,541         \$ 68,198,438         \$ 232,950,957         \$ 343,261,936           Due from other governments         309,672         \$ 39,403         47,253,688         47,602,763           Restricted assets         16,157,152         -         -         16,157,152           Total assets         \$ 58,579,365         \$ 68,237,841         \$ 280,204,645         \$ 407,021,851           Liabilities         -         -         8,830         8,830           Accounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         7,601,202         9,963,022           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Unavailable revenue-fees and other         -         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         -         -         39,403         250,201,046         348,079,117           Total fund balance         -         -         -         26,537,912         -         -		Major Funds							
Capital Projects         Tax - Ride II         Tax - Ride III         Funds           Assets         Pooled cash and investments Due from other governments         \$ 42,112,541 309,672         \$ 68,198,438 309,672         \$ 232,950,957         \$ 343,261,936           Restricted assets         16,157,152         -         -         -         -         16,157,152           Total assets         \$ 58,579,365         \$ 68,237,841         \$ 280,204,645         \$ 407,021,851           Liabilities         Liabilities         -         -         -         8,830         8,830           Accounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accrued salaries and wages         -         -         -         8,830         8,830           Total liabilities         2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Unavailable revenue-fees and other         -         -         -         8,830         8,830           Total deferred inflows of Resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Unavailable revenue-fees and other         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         39,403			General	Capital		Capital		Total	
Assets         2         2         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3         3 <td></td> <td>lr</td> <td>nprovement</td> <td>Projects Sales</td> <td>Pr</td> <td colspan="2">Projects Sales</td> <td>Major</td>		lr	nprovement	Projects Sales	Pr	Projects Sales		Major	
Pooled cash and investments Due from other governments         \$ 42,112,541 309,672         \$ 68,198,438 39,403         \$ 232,950,957         \$ 343,261,936           Restricted assets         16,157,152         -         -         16,157,152           Total assets         \$ 58,579,365         \$ 68,237,841         \$ 280,204,645         \$ 407,021,851           Liabilities Liabilities         X ccounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accound salaries and wages         -         -         8,830         8,830         8,830           Total liabilities         2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accound salaries and wages         -         -         8,830         8,830           Total liabilities         2,358,717         3,103         7,601,202         9,963,022           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Unavailable revenue-fees and other         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046		Са	pital Projects	Tax - Ride II	Т	ax - Ride III		Funds	
Due from other governments         309,672         39,403         47,253,688         47,602,763           Restricted assets         16,157,152         -         -         16,157,152           Total assets         \$ 58,579,365         \$ 68,237,841         \$ 280,204,645         \$ 407,021,851           Liabilities         Liabilities         S 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,601,202         9,963,022           Deferred Inflows of Resources         2,358,717         3,103         7,601,202         9,963,022           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Restricted for capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029 <tr< td=""><td>Assets</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr<>	Assets								
Restricted assets       16,157,152       -       -       16,157,152         Total assets       \$ 58,579,365       \$ 68,237,841       \$ 280,204,645       \$ 407,021,851         Liabilities       Liabilities       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accounts payable-trade       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,601,202       \$ 9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Cotal fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       -       26,537,912       -       -         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029	Pooled cash and investments	\$	42,112,541	\$ 68,198,438	\$	232,950,957	\$3	43,261,936	
Total assets       \$ 58,579,365       \$ 68,237,841       \$ 280,204,645       \$ 407,021,851         Liabilities       Liabilities       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accounts payable-trade       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accrued salaries and wages       -       -       8,830       8,830         Total liabilities       2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       2       2       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Cotal fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029	Due from other governments		309,672	39,403		47,253,688		47,602,763	
Liabilities           Liabilities           Accounts payable-trade         \$ 2,358,717         \$ 3,103         \$ 7,592,372         \$ 9,954,192           Accrued salaries and wages         -         -         8,830         8,830           Total liabilities         2,358,717         3,103         7,601,202         9,963,022           Deferred Inflows of Resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Committed to other capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         26,537,912         -         -         26,537,912           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows         -         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029	Restricted assets		16,157,152			-		16,157,152	
Liabilities         Accounts payable-trade       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accrued salaries and wages       -       -       8,830       8,830         Total liabilities       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Conmitted to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029	Total assets	\$	58,579,365	\$ 68,237,841	\$	280,204,645	\$4	07,021,851	
Liabilities         Accounts payable-trade       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accrued salaries and wages       -       -       8,830       8,830         Total liabilities       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029									
Accounts payable-trade       \$ 2,358,717       \$ 3,103       \$ 7,592,372       \$ 9,954,192         Accrued salaries and wages       -       -       8,830       8,830         Total liabilities       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       2,358,717       3,103       22,402,397       22,441,800         Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Committed to other capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Conduct to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029									
Accrued salaries and wages       -       -       8,830       8,830         Total liabilities       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Restricted for capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029	Liabilities								
Total liabilities       2,358,717       3,103       7,601,202       9,963,022         Deferred Inflows of Resources	Accounts payable-trade	\$	2,358,717	\$ 3,103	\$	7,592,372	\$	9,954,192	
Deferred Inflows of Resources           Unavailable revenue-fees and other         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Total deferred inflows of resources         -         39,403         22,402,397         22,441,800           Fund Balances         -         39,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         26,537,912         -         -         26,537,912           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows         -         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029	Accrued salaries and wages		-			8,830		8,830	
Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Restricted for capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       -       26,537,912       -	Total liabilities		2,358,717	3,103		7,601,202		9,963,022	
Unavailable revenue-fees and other       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Restricted for capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       -       26,537,912       -									
Total deferred inflows of resources       -       39,403       22,402,397       22,441,800         Fund Balances       Restricted for capital projects       29,682,736       68,195,335       250,201,046       348,079,117         Committed to other capital projects       26,537,912       -       -       26,537,912         Total fund balance       56,220,648       68,195,335       250,201,046       374,617,029         Total liabilities, deferred inflows       -       -       26,537,912       -       -									
Fund Balances         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         26,537,912         -         -         26,537,912           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows         -         -         -         26,537,912			-						
Restricted for capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         26,537,912         -         -         26,537,912           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows         -         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029	Total deferred inflows of resources		-	39,403		22,402,397		22,441,800	
Restricted for capital projects         29,682,736         68,195,335         250,201,046         348,079,117           Committed to other capital projects         26,537,912         -         -         26,537,912           Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows         -         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029	Fund Palanasa								
Committed to other capital projects26,537,912-26,537,912Total fund balance56,220,64868,195,335250,201,046374,617,029Total liabilities, deferred inflows			20 692 726	60 105 225		250 201 046	0	40 070 447	
Total fund balance         56,220,648         68,195,335         250,201,046         374,617,029           Total liabilities, deferred inflows                         374,617,029                374,617,029                                                                                   <				00,195,555		250,201,040			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				69 105 225		-	_		
			50,220,648	08,195,335		250,201,046	3	074,017,029	
of resources and fund balance \$ 58,579,365 \$ 68,237,841 \$ 280,204,645 \$ 407,021,851									
$\psi = 00,000 = \psi =$	of resources and fund balance	\$	58,579,365	\$ 68,237,841	\$	280,204,645	\$4	07,021,851	

#### MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	Major Funds						
	General	Capital	Capital	Total			
	Improvement	Projects Sales	Projects Sales	Major			
	Capital Projects	Tax - Ride II	Tax - Ride III	Funds			
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$ 938,116	\$ 14,930	\$ 9,016	\$ 962,062			
Sales tax	-	-	92,200,894	92,200,894			
Interest	333,903	10,967	403,512	748,382			
Total revenues	1,272,019	25,897	92,613,422	93,911,338			
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	1,112,364	-	-	1,112,364			
Public safety	139,156	-	-	139,156			
Infrastructure and regulation	12,402	41,140	436,454	489,996			
Improvements to state and other roadways	-	753,460	7,073,271	7,826,731			
Culture, recreation and tourism	134,041	-	-	134,041			
Capital outlay	12,190,177	162,024	16,901,133	29,253,334			
Total expenditures	13,588,140	956,624	24,410,858	38,955,622			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	(12,316,121)	(930,727)	68,202,564	54,955,716			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	18,955,692	-	785,250	19,740,942			
Transfers out	(11,980)	-	-	(11,980)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,943,712	-	785,250	19,728,962			
Net change in fund balance	6,627,591	(930,727)	68,987,814	74,684,678			
Fund balance at beginning of year	49,593,057	69,126,062	181,213,232	299,932,351			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 56,220,648	\$ 68,195,335	\$ 250,201,046	\$ 374,617,029			

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

## June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Funds							
			Voluntary				Total	
	Fir	e Apparatus	[	Developer	1.5%			Non-Major
	R	eplacement	Co	ontributions	Hospitality			Funds
Assets								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,950,512	\$	1,112,336	\$	24,993,259	\$	28,056,107
Receivables, net:								
Property taxes		67,012		-		-		67,012
Fees		56		-		2,138,053		2,138,109
Total assets	\$	2,017,580	\$	1,112,336	\$	27,131,312	\$	30,261,228
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	55,587	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,587
Total deferred inflows of resources		55,587		-		-		55,587
Fund Balances								
Restricted for capital projects		1,961,993		-		-		1,961,993
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		-		1,112,336		-		1,112,336
Committed to other capital projects		-		-		27,131,312		27,131,312
Total fund balance		1,961,993		1,112,336		27,131,312		30,205,641
Total deferred inflows of resources and					_		_	
fund balance	\$	2,017,580	\$	1,112,336	\$	27,131,312	\$	30,261,228

#### NON-MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Funds						
			V	oluntary			Total
	Fir	e Apparatus	Developer		1.5%		Non-Major
	R	eplacement	Cor	ntributions	Hospitality		Funds
Revenues							
Real property taxes	\$	1,802,088	\$	-	\$-	\$	1,802,088
Personal property taxes		142,686		-	-		142,686
Vehicle taxes		241,801		-	-		241,801
Fee in lieu of tax		9,971		-	-		9,971
Hospitality Fee		-		-	12,863,943		12,863,943
Interest		15,732		3,965	77,012		96,709
Other		-		359,564	-		359,564
Total revenues		2,212,278		363,529	12,940,955		15,516,762
Expenditures							
Current:							
Public safety		33,147		-	-		33,147
Capital lease payments		1,453,181		-	-		1,453,181
Capital outlay		2,190,989		-	-		2,190,989
Total expenditures		3,677,317		-			3,677,317
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(1,465,039)		363,529	12,940,955		11,839,445
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		-		-	9,959,849		9,959,849
Transfers out		-		(5,236)	(7,473,056)		(7,478,292)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(5,236)	2,486,793		2,481,557
Net change in fund balance		(1,465,039)		358,293	15,427,748		14,321,002
Fund balance at beginning of year		3,427,032		754,043	11,703,564		15,884,639
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,961,993	\$ 1	,112,336	\$ 27,131,312	\$	30,205,641

#### GENERAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Due from other governments Restricted assets Total assets	\$ 42,112,541 309,672 16,157,152 58,579,365	\$ 49,799,342 30,695 - 49,830,037
Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Total liabilities	\$ 2,358,717 2,358,717	\$ 236,980 236,980
Fund Balances Restricted for capital projects Committed to other capital projects Total fund balance	 29,682,736 26,537,912 56,220,648	 32,364,548 17,228,509 49,593,057
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 58,579,365	\$ 49,830,037

#### GENERAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020		
	Actual	Actual		
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 938,116	\$ 2,223,190		
Interest	333,903	679,747		
Total revenues	1,272,019	2,902,937		
Expenditures				
General government:				
Contractual services	42,265	842,588		
Supplies and materials	1,070,100	603,342		
Capital outlay	2,576,807	2,470,266		
Total general government	3,689,172	3,916,196		
Public safety:				
Contractual services	35,394	50,616		
Supplies and materials	103,762	108,181		
Capital outlay	9,185,214	2,459,443		
Total public safety	9,324,370	2,618,240		
Infrastructure and regulation:				
Contractual services	12,402	11,846		
Capital outlay	-	2,000		
Total infrastructure and regulation	12,402	13,846		
Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Supplies and materials	37,146	12,629		
Capital outlay	428,155	1,827,524		
Other	96,895			
Total culture, recreation and tourism	562,196	1,840,153		
Total expenditures	13,588,140	8,388,435		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	(12,316,121)	(5,485,498)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt	-	20,900,000		
Transfers in	18,955,692	18,841,058		
Transfers out	(11,980)	(514,179)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,943,712	39,226,879		
Net change in fund balance	6,627,591	33,741,381		
Fund balance at beginning of year	49,593,057	15,851,676		
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 56,220,648	\$ 49,593,057		

#### CAPITAL PROJECT SALES TAX FUND - RIDE II BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Due from other governments Total assets	\$	68,198,438 39,403 68,237,841	\$	69,205,786 39,403 69,245,189
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	00,210,100
Liabilities Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Total liabilities	\$	3,103 3,103	\$	64,795 64,795
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue-fees and other Total deferred inflows of resources		<u>39,403</u> 39,403		54,332 54,332
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for capital projects Total fund balance		68,195,335 68,195,335		69,126,062 69,126,062
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	68,237,841	\$	69,245,189

#### CAPITAL PROJECT SALES TAX FUND - RIDE II SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	 2021	2020		
	Actual		Actual	
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental Investment earnings Total revenues	\$ 14,930 10,967 25,897	\$	51,317 1,481,476 1,532,793	
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:				
Personnel costs	31,172		30,710	
Capital outlay	33,162		148,112	
Capital outlay - infrastructure	128,862		68,226	
Indirect cost allocation	 9,968		193,012	
Total infrastructure and regulation	203,164		440,060	
Improvements to state and other roadways Construction contracts - State Construction contracts - Other	 633,743 119,717		2,318,742	
Total Improvements to state and other roadways	 753,460		2,318,742	
Total expenditures	 956,624		2,758,802	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	 (930,727)		(1,226,009)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-		37,948	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		37,948	
Net change in fund balance	 (930,727)		(1,188,061)	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$ 69,126,062 68,195,335	\$	70,314,123 69,126,062	

#### CAPITAL PROJECT SALES TAX FUND - RIDE III BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020		
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 232,950,957	\$	171,096,893	
Due from other governments	47,253,688		31,488,393	
Total assets	\$ 280,204,645	\$	202,585,286	
Liabilities Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 7,592,372	\$	4,649,271	
Accrued salaries and wages	 8,830		7,331	
Total liabilities	7,601,202		4,656,602	
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue - fees and other Total deferred inflows of resources	 22,402,397 22,402,397		16,715,452 16,715,452	
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for capital projects Total fund balance Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$ 250,201,046 250,201,046 280,204,645	\$	181,213,232 181,213,232 202,585,286	

#### CAPITAL PROJECT SALES TAX FUND - RIDE III SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

# For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
	Actual	Actual
<b>Revenues</b> Intergovernmental - federal Sales tax Investment earnings Total revenues	\$	\$ 80,074,913 2,029,387 82,104,300
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Infrastructure and regulation:		
Personnel costs Contractual services Supplies and materials	327,774 1,627 4,381	327,794 1,677 7,599
Business and transportation Capital outlay - infrastructure Construction contracts - State	14 16,901,133 7,073,271	170 32,798,223 5,219,638
Indirect cost allocation Disaster Contributions to agencies	90,105 9,016 3,537	94,660 808 1,688,342
Total expenditures	24,410,858	40,138,911
Excess of revenues over expenditures	68,202,564	41,965,389
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	785,250	
Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(37,948) (37,948)
Net change in fund balance	68,987,814	41,927,441
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	<u>181,213,232</u> \$ 250,201,046	<u>139,285,791</u> \$ 181,213,232
-	<u>·</u>	

#### FIRE APPARATUS REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021		2020		
Assets					
Pooled cash and investments	\$	1,950,512	\$	3,413,378	
Receivables, net:					
Property taxes		67,012		69,398	
Fees		56		26	
Total assets	\$	2,017,580	\$	3,482,802	
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	55,587	\$	55,770	
	Ψ		Ψ	· · · · · ·	
Total deferred inflows of resources		55,587		55,770	
Fund Balances					
Restricted for capital projects		1,961,993		3,427,032	
Total fund balance		1,961,993		3,427,032	
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	2,017,580	\$	3,482,802	

#### FIRE APPARATUS REPLACEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
	Annual			
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 1,742,531	\$ 1,802,088	\$ 59,557	\$ 1,700,829
Personal property taxes	128,200	142,686	14,486	121,505
Vehicle taxes	214,300	241,801	27,501	220,525
Fee in lieu of tax	10,700	9,971	(729)	3,601
Interest	12,500	15,732	3,232	71,480
Total revenues	2,108,231	2,212,278	104,047	2,117,940
<b>Expenditures</b> Current: Public safety:				
Capital outlay	3,120,933	2,190,989	929,944	46,225
Contingency	61,925	-	61,925	-
Indirect cost allocation	33,147	33,147	-	32,000
Capital lease - principal	1,325,000	1,325,000	-	1,325,000
Capital lease - interest	153,476	128,181	25,295	153,476
Total expenditures	4,694,481	3,677,317	1,017,164	1,556,701
Net change in fund balance	(2,586,250)	(1,465,039)	1,121,211	561,239
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,427,032	3,427,032	-	2,865,793
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 840,782	\$ 1,961,993	\$ 1,121,211	\$ 3,427,032

#### VOLUNTARY DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

		2021	2020		
Assets Pooled cash and investments Total assets	\$ \$	1,112,336 1,112,336	\$ \$	754,043 754,043	
<b>Fund Balances</b> Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance	\$	- 1,112,336 1,112,336	\$	4,395 749,648 754,043	

#### VOLUNTARY DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021			2020		
	Actual			Actual		
Revenues						
Interest	\$	3,965	\$	14,207		
Other		359,564		161,095		
Total revenues		363,529		175,302		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers out		(5,236)		-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		(5,236)		-		
Net change in fund balance		358,293		175,302		
Fund balance at beginning of year		754,043		578,741		
Fund balance at end of year	\$	1,112,336	\$	754,043		

#### 1.5% HOSPITALITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	24,993,259	\$	10,413,770
Fees		2,138,053		1,289,794
Total assets	\$	27,131,312	\$	11,703,564
<b>Fund Balance</b> Committed to other capital projects Total fund balance	\$ \$	27,131,312 27,131,312	\$	11,703,564 11,703,564

#### 1.5% HOSPITALITY CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021					2020
	Budget	_	Actual V		Variance	Actual
Revenues						
Hospitality fee	\$ 14,340,400	\$	12,863,943	\$	(1,476,457)	\$ 11,249,889
Interest	430,115		77,012		(353,103)	566,174
Total revenues	14,770,515		12,940,955		(1,829,560)	11,816,063
Expenditures						
Current:						
Culture, recreation and tourism:	~~~~~~~~~				~~~~~~~~~	
Contingency	23,202,762		-		23,202,762	
Total expenditures	23,202,762		-		23,202,762	-
Excess of revenues						
over expenditures	(8,432,247)		12,940,955		(25,032,322)	11,816,063
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-		9,959,849		9,959,849	-
Transfers out	(7,487,821)		(7,473,056)		(14,765)	(112,499)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(7,487,821)		2,486,793		9,945,084	(112,499)
Net change in fund balance	(15,920,068)		15,427,748		(15,087,238)	11,703,564
Fund balance at beginning of year	11,703,564		11,703,564		-	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (4,216,504)	\$	27,131,312	\$	(15,087,238)	\$ 11,703,564

## DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for, and payment of, all general long-term debt principal, interest and fees, exclusive of those relating to the proprietary funds. The County currently has established the following debt service funds:

**General Debt** – accounts for revenue collected from 4.7 mills levied on real and personal property and the funds accumulated for, and payment of, all general obligation long-term debt principal, interest and fees other than those accounted for in other funds.

**RIDE Program** – accounts for the funds accumulated for, and payment of principal, insured and uninsured portions, interest, and fees on intergovernmental loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank for the Horry County Road Improvement Development Efforts (RIDE) projects. Legal defeasance on February 15, 2019. With the settlement of the municipality lawsuit (see Note 18), all excess funds have been transferred to the 1.5% Hospitality Capital Projects Fund.

### COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

### June 30, 2021

	Non-Major Funds					
	General Debt		RIDE Program Debt		١	Total Ion-Major Funds
Assets						
Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	6,646,320	\$	-	\$	6,646,320
Property taxes		338,427		-		338,427
Fees		9,948		-		9,948
Total assets	\$	6,994,695	\$	-	\$	6,994,695
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total deferred inflows of resources		265,827 265,827		<u>-</u>		265,827 265,827
Fund Balances						
Restricted for debt service		6,728,868		-		6,728,868
Total fund balances		6,728,868		-		6,728,868
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	¢	6 004 605	¢		¢	6 004 605
Dalalices	Þ	6,994,695	\$	-	Þ	6,994,695

# COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

### For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	Non-Majo					
			RIDE		Total	
	General Program			Non-Major		
	 Debt		Debt		Funds	
Revenues						
Real property taxes	\$ 10,846,126	\$	-	\$	10,846,126	
Personal property taxes	708,051		-		708,051	
Vehicle taxes	1,044,942		-		1,044,942	
Fee in lieu of tax	76,833		-		76,833	
Intergovernmental	46,853		-		46,853	
Interest	62,545		12,833		75,378	
Other	 -		272,350		272,350	
Total revenues	 12,785,350		285,183		13,070,533	
Expenditures Current:						
Debt Service:						
Principal	13,992,000		-		13,992,000	
Interest	1,619,581		-		1,619,581	
Agents fees	 1,604		-		1,604	
Total expenditures	 15,613,185		-		15,613,185	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 (2,827,835)		285,183		(2,542,652)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	1,362,489		-		1,362,489	
Transfers out	(3,500,000)		(9,959,849)		(13,459,849)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,137,511)		(9,959,849)		(12,097,360)	
Net change in fund balance	 (4,965,346)		(9,674,666)		(14,640,012)	
			( · · · )			
Fund balances, at beginning of year	 11,694,214		9,674,666		21,368,880	
Fund balances, at end of year	\$ 6,728,868	\$	-	\$	6,728,868	

#### GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND - NON MAJOR FUND BALANCE SHEETS

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021		2020		
Assets Pooled cash and investments	\$	6,646,320	\$	11,596,869	
Receivables, net: Property taxes		338,427		366,396	
Fees Due from other governments		9,948 		10,858 8,347	
Total assets	\$	6,994,695	\$	11,982,470	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue-fees and other Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$	- 265,827	\$	8,333 279,923	
Total deferred inflows of resources		265,827		288,256	
Fund Balance		C 700 0C0		11 604 014	
Restricted for debt service Total fund balance		6,728,868 6,728,868		11,694,214 11,694,214	
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	\$	6,994,695	\$	11,982,470	

#### GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND - NON MAJOR FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

## For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
	Budget	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 10,710,355	\$ 10,846,126	\$ 135,771	\$ 10,347,922
Personal property taxes	676,832	708,051	31,219	612,385
Vehicle taxes	995,791	1,044,942	49,151	981,865
Fee in lieu of tax	59,179	76,833	17,654	42,857
Intergovernmental	35,026	46,853	11,827	39,111
Interest	60,000	62,545	2,545	259,960
Total revenues	12,537,183	12,785,350	248,167	12,284,100
Expenditures Current: Debt Service:				
Principal	17,492,000	13,992,000	3,500,000	11,660,000
Interest	1,620,855	1,619,581	1,274	1,050,675
Agents fees	4,402	1,604	2,798	1,410
Total expenditures	19,117,257	15,613,185	3,504,072	12,712,085
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(6,580,074)	(2,827,835)	3,752,239	(427,985)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Issuance of debt premium	-	-	-	3,081,312
Transfers in	1,375,390	1,362,489	(12,901)	1,218,840
Transfers out	-	(3,500,000)	(3,500,000)	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,375,390	(2,137,511)	(3,512,901)	4,300,152
Net change in fund balance	(5,204,684)	(4,965,346)	239,338	3,872,167
Fund balance at beginning of year	11,694,214	11,694,214		7,822,047
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 6,489,530	\$ 6,728,868	\$ 239,338	\$ 11,694,214

#### RIDE PROGRAM DEBT SERVICE FUND - NON MAJOR FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021		2020
Assets		_	
Pooled cash and investments	\$	·\$	28,697,015
Total assets	\$	. \$	28,697,015
Liabilities			
Due to other governments	\$.	. \$	19,022,349
Total liabilities		<u> </u>	19,022,349
Fund Balance			
Restricted for debt service		•	9,674,666
Total fund balance			9,674,666
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	. \$	28,697,015

Note: Final reporting year for RIDE Program Debt.

#### RIDE PROGRAM DEBT SERVICE FUND - NON MAJOR FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

		2021				2020		
		Budget		Actual		Variance		Actual
Revenues								
Interest	\$	-	\$	12,833	\$	12,833	\$	-
Other		-		272,350		272,350		-
Total revenues		-		285,183		285,183		-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out	_	-		(9,959,849)	\$	(9,959,849)		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(9,959,849)		(9,959,849)		-
Net change in fund balance		-		(9,674,666)		(9,674,666)		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		9,674,666		9,674,666		-		9,674,666
Fund balance at end of year	\$	9,674,666	\$	-	\$	(9,674,666)	\$	9,674,666

Note: Final reporting year for RIDE Program Debt.

## PROPRIETARY (ENTERPRISE) FUND

Proprietary (enterprise) funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. In a proprietary fund the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

**Department of Airports** – accounts for revenue and expenses for the operations of the Conway, Loris, Grand Strand general aviation airports, and the Myrtle Beach International Airport.

## DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

## JUNE 30, 2021

(with comparative amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 45,565,923	\$	8,121,643	
Pooled cash and investments	12,070,221		39,664,632	
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$183,342				
in 2021 and \$178,682 in 2020)	4,961,007		2,226,750	
Due from other governments	2,747,622		3,972,812	
Inventory	1,279,984		1,124,034	
Prepaid items	255,587		97,812	
Total current assets	 66,880,344		55,207,683	
	 		· · ·	
Restricted assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	46,841,391		48,149,953	
Pooled cash and investments	10,696,836		10,433,248	
Receivables - PFC and CFC	1,763,396		588,220	
Total restricted assets	59,301,623		59,171,421	
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land, easements and infrastructure	37,015,705		37,015,705	
Depreciable buildings, runways, taxiways,				
aprons, machinery and equipment,				
and land improvements, net	241,556,811		253,234,125	
Construction-in-progress	32,478,511		6,652,750	
Total capital assets, net	311,051,027		296,902,580	
Service concession arrangement (SCA)	4,274,639		2,266,456	
Total non-current assets	315,325,666		299,169,036	
Total assets	441,507,633		413,548,140	
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows-pension	2,945,475		2,203,894	
Deferred outflows-OPEB	 386,657		131,323	
Total deferred outflows of resources	 3,332,132		2,335,217	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 444,839,765	\$	415,883,357	

## DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

Liabilities Current liabilities payable from non-restricted assets: Accounts payable \$ 4,284,130 \$ 3,343	000
	000
Accounts payable \$ 4.284.130 \$ 3.343	
Construction accounts and retainage payable <b>2,536,131</b> 1,637	
	,430
·	,902
	,338
	,064
	,500
	,564
Amounts due to tenants, airlines and car rentals 2,098,346 1,180	,109
Total current liabilities payable from non-restricted assets <b>11,207,987</b> 8,257	,752
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:	
Revenue bonds payable - current portion - 1,540	,000,
Accrued interest payable 1,312,622 1,381	,472
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets <b>1,312,622</b> 2,921	,472
Total current liabilities         12,520,609         11,179	,224
Non-current liabilities:	
Revenue bonds payable, net <b>43,516,961</b> 50,835	.059
	,359
Net other post-employment benefits obligations (NOO) <b>1,989,790</b> 1,565	·
Net pension liability <b>16,426,560</b> 14,468	
	,258
Total non-current liabilities 62,813,287 67,772	,656
Total liabilities: <b>75,333,896</b> 78,951	,880
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - present value of payments under	
service concession arrangement <b>4,274,639</b> 2,266	456
•	,950
	.723
Total deferred inflows of resources4,435,1282,819	,
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets <b>264,890,677</b> 242,725	154
Restricted for:	,104
Debt service 28,623,768 28,434	526
Capital projects <b>29,322,915</b> 27,812	·
Unrestricted <b>42,233,381</b> 35,140	
Total net position         365,070,741         334,112	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position <b>\$ 444,839,765 \$</b> 415,883	,357

## DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Operating Revenues		
Concessions and rentals	\$ 8,434,960	\$ 8,994,760
Fuel sales - FBO	9,371,026	8,069,124
Airline terminal rents	6,574,266	6,228,611
Baggage handling system	873,327	726,807
Landing fees	1,747,330	1,683,291
Leases	1,012,050	933,535
Other airline services	576,841	552,643
Other	1,232,627	818,643
Federal revenue- TSA LEO reimbursement program	125,260	127,778
Security fees	 253,683	269,033
Total operating revenues	30,201,370	28,404,225
Less, signatory airline rebate and incentive fee waivers	(1,716,205)	(633,765)
Net operating revenues	28,485,165	27,770,460
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	11,555,013	11,735,924
Depreciation and amortization	14,797,784	12,965,930
Baggage handling system	895,105	890,010
Fuel cost of sales	5,601,871	5,053,860
Outside and professional services	1,590,461	1,510,271
Utilities	1,747,201	1,713,327
Maintenance and supplies	1,939,017	2,448,486
Indirect cost allocation	400,000	400,000
Vehicle and equipment (non-capital) expense	488,021	543,461
Insurance	532,682	493,380
Memberships, travel, fuels and lubricants	233,649	293,466
Office supplies	40,572	30,836
Bad debt expense	 23,299	1,496
Total operating expenses	 39,844,675	38,080,447
Operating loss	 (11,359,510)	(10,309,987)

## DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2021	2020
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Passenger Facility Charges (PFC)	4,924,707	3,667,572
Contract Facility Charges (CFC)	2,037,968	2,443,974
Investment income, net	551,919	1,789,735
Intergovernmental revenues - City of Myrtle Beach	2,738,981	2,407,805
Gain on disposal/sale of assets	-	29,679
Federal grant revenue - CARES Act	14,456,656	4,218,575
Other state grant revenue	63,275	63,275
Other, net	(522)	394,765
Interest subsidy on recovery zone economic bonds	302,257	301,616
Interest expense	(2,760,742)	(2,772,031)
Net non-operating revenues	22,314,499	12,544,965
Income before capital contributions	10,954,989	2,234,978
Capital Contributions		
Federal grant revenue - capital projects	20,002,462	23,694,615
State grant revenue - capital projects	942	310,217
Net capital contributions	20,003,404	24,004,832
Increase in net position	30,958,393	26,239,810
Net Position		
Beginning of year	334,112,348	307,872,538
End of year	\$ 365,070,741	\$ 334,112,348

### DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities		
Cash received for:		
Landing fees, terminal rents, and concessions leases	\$ 16,621,572	\$ 18,096,481
FBO fuel sales and airline services	8,933,601	8,787,130
Vending, FBO ramp fees, hanger fees and other	1,083,679	851,465
Cash paid for:		
Personnel costs	(10,471,367)	(10,614,350)
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment	(12,698,348)	(15,802,991)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,469,137	1,317,735
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Receipt of Federal CARES Act	13,914,844	4,218,575
Settlement - insurance	63,275	501,384
Building demolition and tree removal	(522)	(43,344)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	13,977,597	4,676,615
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Receipt of Passenger and Contract Facility Charges	5,787,499	6,926,515
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(28,047,647)	(50,432,362)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		29,679
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(2,822,690)	(2,794,729)
Principal payments on bonds and notes	(8,865,000)	(1,480,000)
Receipt of federal subsidy for "RZEDB" (Series 2010B)	302,257	301,616
Principal payments on capital lease obligation	(57,564)	(56,908)
Receipt of intergovernmental and private grants	2,738,981	2,407,805
Proceeds from Airport Improvement Program, TSA and State grants	21,770,406	24,467,040
Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	(9,193,758)	(20,631,344)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment sales	-	10,000,000
Interest on investments	551,919	1,793,615
Net cash provided by investing activities	551,919	11,793,615
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	8,804,895	(2,843,379)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year		
Unrestricted	47,786,275	49,262,187
Restricted	58,583,201	59,950,668
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	106,369,476	109,212,855
Unrestricted	57,636,144	47,786,275
Restricted	57,538,227	58,583,201
	\$ 115,174,371	\$ 106,369,476
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## DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		2021		2020		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided by operating activities						
Operating loss	\$	(11,359,510)	\$	(10,309,987)		
Adjustments to reconciliation of operating loss to net cash						
provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization		14,797,784		12,965,930		
Bad debt expense		23,299		1,496		
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows						
of resources:						
Accounts receivable, net		(2,757,555)		353,972		
Prepaid items		(157,776)		(6,859)		
Inventory		(155,950)		142,351		
(Decrease) increase in liabilities and deferrred inflows						
of resources:						
Accounts payable		940,832		(2,601,117)		
Accrued salaries, wages and compensated absences		90,375		135,907		
Net OBEP liability		158,347		124,942		
Net pension liability		834,924		860,725		
Other accrued liabilities		(51,399)		18,601		
Due to Horry County - General Fund		194,524		21,130		
Unearned revenue		(6,995)		(517,018)		
Amounts due to tenants, airlines and car rentals		918,237		127,662		
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,469,137	\$	1,317,735		
Reconciliation of unrestricted and restricted cash and						
cash equivalents						
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year						
Unrestricted - cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,121,643	\$	24,437,808		
Unrestricted - pooled cash and investments		39,664,632	•	24,824,379		
Total unrestricted cash		47,786,275		49,262,187		
Restricted - cash and cash equivalents		48,149,953		16,823,511		
Restricted - pooled cash and investments		10,433,248		43,127,157		
Total restricted cash		58,583,201		59,950,668		
Total cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	\$	106,369,476	\$	109,212,855		
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	•		•			
Unrestricted - cash and cash equivalents	\$	45,565,923	\$	8,121,643		
Unrestricted - pooled cash and investments		12,070,221		39,664,632		
Total unrestricted cash		57,636,144		47,786,275		
Restricted - cash and cash equivalents		46,841,391		48,149,953		
Restricted - pooled cash and investments		10,696,836		10,433,248		
Total restricted cash	- <del>•</del>	57,538,227	¢	58,583,201		
Total cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<b></b>	115,174,371	\$	106,369,476		

## INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the government and to other units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

**Fleet Service** – accounts for the maintenance and replacement of County vehicles including heavy and light equipment.

**Communications** – accounts for the maintenance and replacement of County communications equipment.

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### June 30, 2021

	Fleet Service	Communications	Total
Assets Current assets:			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 34,726,850	\$ 2,336,340	\$ 37,063,190
Fees receivable	-	95,351	95,351
Inventory	210,308	-	210,308
Prepaid items	-	2,308,123	2,308,123
Total current assets	34,937,158	4,739,814	39,676,972
Non-current assets:			
Capital assets:			
Land improvements	17,750	-	17,750
Buildings and improvements	362,735	-	362,735
Machinery and equipment	52,549,997	16,023,757	68,573,754
Construction-in-progress	446,019	-	446,019
Less, accumulated depreciation	(30,217,237)	(7,203,531)	(37,420,768)
Net capital assets Total assets	<u>23,159,264</u> 58,096,422	<u>8,820,226</u> 13,560,040	<u>31,979,490</u> 71,656,462
	30,090,422	13,300,040	71,000,402
Deferred outflows of resources	044.674	76 767	201 111
Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB	314,674 29,202	76,767 8,554	391,441 37,756
Total deferred outflows of resources	343,876	85,321	429,197
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 58,440,298	\$ 13,645,361	\$ 72,085,659
	ψ 00,++0,200	φ 10,0+0,001	ψ 12,000,000
Liabilities			
Current liabilities:	¢ 701020	¢ 4.405	¢ 700.060
Accounts payable Accrued salaries and wages	\$	\$	\$ 789,263 42,655
Compensated absences and leave - current portion	101,941	19,016	120,957
Accrued interest payable	-	6,800	6,800
Capital lease payable - current portion	-	578,174	578,174
Total current liabilities	923,282	614,567	1,537,849
	,		
Non-current liabilities:	20 504	14 040	40.047
Compensated absences and leave	26,504	14,313	40,817
Net pension liability Total OPEB liability	1,862,466 375,324	37,438 23,475	1,899,904 398,799
Total non-current liabilities	2,264,294	75,226	2,339,520
	2,204,204	10,220	2,000,020
Total Liabilities	3,187,576	689,793	3,877,369
Deferred inflows of resources			
Deferred inflows - pension	42,963	4,909	47,872
Deferred inflows - OPEB	10,980	1,737	12,717
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,943	6,646	60,589
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	23,159,264	8,235,252	31,394,516
Restricted for capital	29,825,250	4,713,670	34,538,920
Unrestricted	2,214,265		2,214,265
Total net position	55,198,779	12,948,922	68,147,701
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 58,440,298	\$ 13,645,361	\$ 72,085,659

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Fleet Service	Communications	Total
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 11,667,696	\$ 1,955,506	\$ 13,623,202
Fees	-	936,974	936,974
Intergovernmental	52,021	123,472	175,493
Total operating revenues	11,719,717	3,015,952	14,735,669
Operating Expenses			
Personnel costs	1,339,444	207,735	1,547,179
Contractual services	43,999	755,503	799,502
Supplies and materials	95,517	67,991	163,508
Business and transportation	2,633,174	4,560	2,637,734
Cost allocation	380,616	75	380,691
Indirect cost allocation	21,244	28,085	49,329
Depreciation	5,725,017	1,806,082	7,531,099
Other	40,000	5,000	45,000
Disaster	23,454	3,453	26,907
Total operating expenses	10,302,465	2,878,484	13,180,949
Operating income (loss)	1,417,252	137,468	1,554,720
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	564,944	-	564,944
Other	231,842	10,800	242,642
Interest revenue	165,471	11,855	177,326
Interest expense	-	(26,185)	(26,185)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	962,257	(3,530)	958,727
Income before transfers	2,379,509	133,938	2,513,447
Transfers in	2,562,231	-	2,562,231
Transfers out	-	(324,000)	(324,000)
Change in net position	4,941,740	(190,062)	4,751,678
Net position, beginning of year	50,257,039	13,138,984	63,396,023
Net position, end of year	\$ 55,198,779	\$ 12,948,922	\$ 68,147,701

#### INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	F	leet Service	Cor	nmunications		Total
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities						
Cash received for:						
Services	\$	11,690,406	\$	1,955,506	\$	13,645,912
Fees and other		-		926,138		926,138
Intergovernmental		52,021		123,472		175,493
Cash paid for:						
Personnel costs		(1,329,281)		(197,818)		(1,527,099)
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment		(2,455,713)		(678,234)		(3,133,947)
Other supplies and miscellaneous costs		(63,454)		(8,453)		(71,907)
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,893,979		2,120,611		10,014,590
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities						
Transfers in		2,562,231		-		2,562,231
Transfers out		-		(324,000)		(324,000)
Other non-operating income		-		10,800		10,800
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital and related						
financing activities		2,562,231		(313,200)		2,249,031
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Purchase of capital assets		(9,634,302)		(1,241,958)		(10,876,260)
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		636,150		-		636,150
Principal paid on capital debt		-		(561,983)		(561,983)
Interest paid on capital debt		-		(32,847)		(32,847)
Miscellaneous proceeds		231,842		-		231,842
Net cash used for capital and other related financing activities		(8,766,310)		(1,836,788)		(10,603,098)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest income		165,471		11,855		177,326
Net cash provided by investing activities		165,471		11,855		177,326
Net change in pooled cash and investments		1,855,371		(17,522)		1,837,849
Pooled cash and investments, beginning of year	¢	32,871,479	¢	2,353,862	¢	35,225,341
Pooled cash and investments, end of year	\$	34,726,850	\$	2,336,340	\$	37,063,190
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash						
provided by (used for) operating activities						
Operating income	\$	1,417,252	\$	137,468	\$	1,554,720
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net						
cash provided by (used for) operating activities:				4 000 000		7 504 000
Depreciation		5,725,017		1,806,082		7,531,099
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflows of resources:		00 740		(40.000)		44.074
Accounts/fees receivable		22,710		(10,836)		11,874
Prepaid items		-		282,911		282,911
Inventory		16,428		-		16,428
Deferred outflows of resources		(134,032)		(31,807)		(165,839)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		700 400		(10,1,000)		50 <b>7</b> (77
Accounts payable		702,409		(104,932)		597,477
Accrued salaries and wages		5,488		1,513		7,001
Compensated absences and leave		(5,246)		1,630		(3,616)
Net pension liability		149,496		33,665		183,161
Total OPEB liability		50,148		8,542		58,690
Deferred inflows of resources	<b>*</b>	(55,691)	<u>_</u>	(3,625)	<u> </u>	(59,316)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,893,979	\$	2,120,611	\$	10,014,590

#### FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020		
Assets				
Current assets:				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 34,726,850	\$ 32,871,479		
Accounts receivable	-	22,710		
Due from other governments	-	18,360		
Inventory Total current assets	210,308	226,736		
Total current assets	34,937,158	33,139,285		
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets:				
Land improvements	17,750	17,750		
Buildings and improvements	362,735	362,735		
Machinery and equipment	52,549,997	48,396,189		
Construction-in-progress Less, accumulated depreciation	446,019 (30,217,237)	164,617 (29,620,106)		
Net capital assets	23,159,264	19,321,185		
Total assets	58,096,422	52,460,470		
		02,100,110		
Deferred outflows of resources				
Deferred outflows - pension	314,674	208,727		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	29,202	1,117		
Total deferred outflows of resources	343,876	209,844		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 58,440,298	\$ 52,670,314		
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 784,838	\$ 82,429		
Accrued salaries and wages	36,503	31,015		
Compensated absences and leave - current portion	101,941	110,223		
Unearned revenue		18,360		
Total current liabilities	923,282	242,027		
Non-current liabilities:				
Compensated absences and leave	26,504	23,468		
Net pension liability	1,862,466	1,712,970		
Total OPEB liability	375,324	325,176		
Total non-current liabilities	2,264,294	2,061,614		
Total Liabilities	3,187,576	2,303,641		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Deferred inflows - pension	42,963	96,011		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	10,980	13,623		
Total deferred inflows of resources	53,943	109,634		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	23,159,264	19,321,185		
Restricted for capital	29,825,250	28,859,087		
Unrestricted	2,214,265	2,076,767		
Total net position	55,198,779	50,257,039		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 58,440,298	\$ 52,670,314		

## FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020	
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 11,667,696	\$ 13,143,933	
Intergovernmental	52,021	1,089,720	
Total operating revenues	11,719,717	14,233,653	
Operating Expenses			
Personnel costs	1,339,444	1,268,786	
Contractual services	43,999	42,070	
Supplies and materials	95,517	62,459	
Business and transportation	2,633,174	2,566,722	
Cost allocation	380,616	358,997	
Indirect cost allocation	21,244	26,233	
Depreciation	5,725,017	5,043,590	
Other	40,000	40,000	
Disaster	23,454	23,342	
Total Operating Expenses	10,302,465	9,432,199	
Operating income	1,417,252	4,801,454	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Gain on disposal of assets	564,944	186,559	
Other	231,842	80,122	
Interest revenue	165,471	731,924	
Net non-operating revenues	962,257	998,605	
Income before transfers	2,379,509	5,800,059	
Transfers in	2,562,231	1,018,704	
Change in net position	4,941,740	6,818,763	
Net position, beginning of year	50,257,039	43,438,276	
Net position, end of year	\$ 55,198,779	\$ 50,257,039	

#### FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

## FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities         \$ 11,690,406         \$ 13,121,223           Cash received for:         Services         \$ 11,690,406         \$ 13,121,223           Intergovernmental         S2,021         278,271           Cash paid for:         Personnel costs         (1,329,281)         (1,321,003)           Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment         (2,455,713)         (2,239,750)           Net cash provided by operating activities         7,893,979         9,798,741           Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities         7,893,979         9,798,741           Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Purchase of capital assets         (9,634,302)         (8,330,842)           Proceeds from disposition of capital assets         231,842         80,122           Net cash provided by investing activities         165,471         731,924           Net cash noroided cash and investments         1,855,371         3,640,100           Pooled cash and investments, end of year         3,24,726,860         3,2871,479           Pooled cash and investments, end of year         5,725,017         5,043,590 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th>2021</th><th></th><th>2020</th></t<>			2021		2020
Services\$11,690,406\$13,121,223Intergovernmental52,021278,271Cash paid for:Personnel costs(1,329,281)(1,321,003)Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment(2,455,713)(2,239,750)Other supplies and miscellaneous costs(63,454)(40,000)Net cash provided by operating activities7,893,9799,798,741Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Transfers in2,562,2311,018,704Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Purchase of capital assets636,150341,451Miscellaneous proceeds(8,30,842)80,122Net cash used for capital assets(8,634,00)(7,909,269)Cash flows from investing activities(8,766,310)(7,909,269)Interest income165,471731,924Net cash provided by investing activities1,855,3713,640,100Pooled cash and investments, beginning of year3,2,871,4793,28,71,479Pooled cash and investments, end of year5,725,0175,043,590Porcease) decrease in assets and deferred outflow of resources1,3,36014,396Deferred outflow of resources1(3,403)14,396Compensated absences and leave(5,246)25,363Deferred outflow of resources702,409(42,114)Accruet salaries and wages5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave(5,546)25,363 <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></t<>					
Intergovermental52,021278,271Cash paid for: Personnel costs(1,329,281)(1,321,003)Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment(2,455,713)(2,239,750)Other supplies and miscellaneous costs(63,454)(40,000)Net cash provided by operating activities7,893,9799,798,741Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities2,662,2311,018,704Proceeds from disposition of capital assets(9,634,302)(8,330,842)Proceeds from disposition of capital assets(9,634,302)(8,330,842)Proceeds from disposition of capital assets(9,634,302)(7,909,269)Cash flows from investing activities(1,56,271)(7,909,269)Cash flows from investing activities(165,471)731,924Net cash provided by investing activities165,471731,924Net cash provided by investing activities1,285,3713,640,100Pooled cash and investments, end of year\$ 3,2,871,479\$ 3,2,871,479Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by used for) by operating activities\$ 1,417,252\$ 4,801,454Adjustments to reconcile operating activities5,725,0175,043,590Operating income\$ 1,417,252\$ 4,801,454Adjustments to reconcile operating activities16,428(38,880)Deferred outflows of resources14,360(14,262Accounts payablerade702,409(42,114)		¢	44 000 400	۴	40 404 000
Cash paid for: Personnel costs(1,329,281) (2,239,750)(1,321,003) (2,2455,713)Maintenace, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment Other supplies and miscellaneous costs(63,454) (40,000)(40,000)Net cash provided by operating activities7,893,9799,798,741Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Transfers in Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Cash flows from capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Purchase of capital assets(9,634,302)(8,330,842)Proceeds from disposition of capital assets(8,766,310)(7,909,269)Cash flows from investing activities(1,524,711)731,924Net cash provided by investing activities165,471731,924Net change in pooled cash and investments1,855,37113,640,100Pooled cash and investments, end of year2,271,479\$Pooled cash and investments, end of year\$3,2,871,479Pooled cash and investments, end of year\$3,2,871,479Provided by questing activities55,725,0175,043,590(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflow of resources16,428(38,880)Deferred outflows of resources16,428(38,880)Due from other governments16,428(38,880)Deferred outflows of resources5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave5,488		Þ		\$	
Personnel costs         (1.322,021)         (1.321,003)           Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment         (2.455,713)         (2.239,750)           Other supplies and miscellaneous costs         (63,454)         (40,000)           Net cash provided by operating activities         7,893,979         9,798,741           Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Purchase of capital assets         (9,634,302)         (8,330,842)           Proceeds from disposition of capital assets         321,842         80,122           Net cash used for capital and other related financing activities         (6,766,310)         (7,909,269)           Cash flows from investing activities         165,471         731,924           Net cash provided by investing activities         1,855,371         3,640,100           Pooled cash and investments, heginning of year         32,871,479         29,231,379           Pooled cash and investments, end of year         \$34,726,850         \$32,871,479           Operating income         \$1,417,252         \$4,801,454           Adjust	-		52,021		270,271
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment(2,455,713)(2,239,750)Other supplies and miscellaneous costs(83,454)(40,000)Net cash provided by operating activities7,893,9799,786,741Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Transfers in2,562,2311,018,704Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Cash flows from capital and related financing activities2,562,2311,018,704Purchase of capital assets(9,634,302)(8,330,842)Proceeds from disposition of capital assets231,84280,122Net cash used for capital and other related financing activities(8,766,310)(7,909,269)Cash flows from investing activities165,471731,924Net cash provided by investing activities1,855,3713,640,100Pooled cash and investments, end of year2,2871,4792,9,231,379Pooled cash and investments, end of year5,725,0175,043,590Operating income5,725,0175,043,590(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflow of resources22,710(17,589)New from other governments18,36024,488(2,632Depreciation5,48812,6322,632Comuts payabletrade5,48812,632Comuts receivable - trade164,226(38,880)14,936Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:702,409(42,114)Accrued salaries and wage	•		(1.329.281)		(1 321 003)
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Transfers in Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Cash flows from capital and related financing activities         2,562,231         1,018,704           Purchase of capital assets         (9,634,302)         (8,330,842)           Proceeds from disposition of capital assets         (36,150)         341,451           Miscellaneous proceeds         231,842         80,122           Net cash used for capital and other related financing activities         (8,766,310)         (7,909,269)           Cash flows from investing activities         165,471         731,924           Net cash provided by investing activities         165,471         731,924           Net cash provided by investing activities         1,855,371         3,640,00           Pooled cash and investments         1,855,371         3,640,100           Pooled cash and investments, beginning of year         29,231,379         29,231,379           Pooled cash and investments, end of year         \$ 34,726,850         \$ 32,871,479           Operating income         \$ 1,417,252         \$ 4,801,454           Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:         22,710         (17,589)           Deferred outflows of resources         (13,402)         14,396         (16,428         (38,	Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities				
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Inventory16,428(38,880)Due from other governments18,36014,396Deferred outflows of resources(134,032)14,396Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:702,409(42,114)Accounts payable5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave(5,246)25,363Unearned revenue(18,360)149,496(40,596)Net pension liability149,496(40,596)Total OPEB liability50,14812,270Deferred inflows of resources(55,691)28,215			22.710		(17.589)
Due from other governments18,360Deferred outflows of resources(134,032)14,396Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:702,409(42,114)Accounts payable702,409(42,114)Accrued salaries and wages5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave(5,246)25,363Unearned revenue(18,360)149,496Net pension liability149,496(40,596)Total OPEB liability50,14812,270Deferred inflows of resources(55,691)28,215					· · /
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:702,409(42,114)Accounts payable5,48812,632Compensated absences and leave(5,246)25,363Unearned revenue(18,360)149,496(40,596)Net pension liability149,496(40,596)Total OPEB liability50,14812,270Deferred inflows of resources(55,691)28,215	Due from other governments		18,360		. ,
Accounts payable       702,409       (42,114)         Accrued salaries and wages       5,488       12,632         Compensated absences and leave       (5,246)       25,363         Unearned revenue       (18,360)         Net pension liability       149,496       (40,596)         Total OPEB liability       50,148       12,270         Deferred inflows of resources       (55,691)       28,215			(134,032)		14,396
Accrued salaries and wages       5,488       12,632         Compensated absences and leave       (5,246)       25,363         Unearned revenue       (18,360)         Net pension liability       149,496       (40,596)         Total OPEB liability       50,148       12,270         Deferred inflows of resources       (55,691)       28,215					
Compensated absences and leave         (5,246)         25,363           Unearned revenue         (18,360)         (40,596)           Net pension liability         149,496         (40,596)           Total OPEB liability         50,148         12,270           Deferred inflows of resources         (55,691)         28,215					· · /
Unearned revenue         (18,360)           Net pension liability         149,496         (40,596)           Total OPEB liability         50,148         12,270           Deferred inflows of resources         (55,691)         28,215					
Net pension liability         149,496         (40,596)           Total OPEB liability         50,148         12,270           Deferred inflows of resources         (55,691)         28,215					25,363
Total OPEB liability         50,148         12,270           Deferred inflows of resources         (55,691)         28,215					(40 596)
Deferred inflows of resources         (55,691)         28,215					· · · /
	,		•		
		\$		\$	

#### COMMUNICATIONS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

#### June 30, 2021 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020
Assets		
Current assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,336,34	<b>0</b> \$ 2,353,862
Fees receivable	\$	. , ,
Prepaid items	2,308,12	
Total current assets	4,739,81	
Non-current assets: Capital assets:		
Machinery and equipment	16,023,75	
Less, accumulated depreciation	(7,203,53	
Net capital assets	8,820,22	
Total assets	13,560,04	<b>1</b> 4,413,761
Deferred outflows of resources		
Deferred outflows - pension	76,76	<b>7</b> 49,999
Deferred outflows - OPEB	8,55	
Total deferred outflows of resources	85,32	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 13,645,36	<b>51</b> \$ 14,467,275
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable-trade Accrued salaries and wages Compensated absences and leave - current portion Accrued interest payable Capital lease payable - current portion Total current liabilities Non-current liabilities Compensated absences and leave Net pension liability	\$ 4,42 6,15 19,0 6,80 <u>578,17</u> 614,50 14,3 37,43	32       4,639         6       20,555         90       13,462         37       709,996         3       11,144         88       3,773
Total OPEB liability Capital lease payable	23,47	<b>'5</b> 14,933 - 578,174
Total non-current liabilities	75,22	
Total Liabilities	689,79	<b>3</b> 1,318,020
<b>Deferred inflows of resources</b> Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB Total deferred inflows of resources	4,90 	1,941
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for capital Total net position	8,235,24 4,713,67 12,948,92	4,908,254           13,138,984
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 13,645,36	<b>1</b> \$ 14,467,275

#### COMMUNICATIONS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

	2021	2020	
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$ 1,955,506	\$ 1,806,799	
Fees	936,974	885,803	
Intergovernmental	123,472	16,966	
Total operating revenues	3,015,952	2,709,568	
Operating Expenses			
Personnel costs	207,735	205,133	
Contractual services	755,503	789,595	
Supplies and materials	67,991	45,334	
Business and transportation	4,560	7,287	
Cost allocation	75	5,104	
Indirect cost allocation	28,085	29,564	
Depreciation	1,806,082	1,570,708	
Other	5,000	5,000	
Disaster	3,453	492	
Total operating expenses	2,878,484	2,658,217	
Operating income	137,468	51,351	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	(10,036)	
Other	10,800	10,800	
Interest revenue	11,855	56,571	
Interest expense	(26,185)	(42,214)	
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	(3,530)	15,121	
Income before transfers	133,938	66,472	
Transfers in	-	172,004	
Transfers out	(324,000)	(345,599)	
Change in net position	(190,062)	(107,123)	
Net position, beginning of year	13,138,984	13,246,107	
Net position, end of year	\$ 12,948,922	\$ 13,138,984	

#### COMMUNICATIONS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

(with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2020)

		2021		2020
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities				
Cash received for: Services	\$	1,955,506	\$	1,806,799
Fees and Other	φ	926,138	φ	886,227
Intergovernmental		123,472		16,966
Cash paid for:				
Personnel costs		(197,818)		(197,701)
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment		(678,234)		(491,079)
Other supplies and miscellaneous costs		(8,453)		(5,492)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		2,120,611		2,015,720
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities				
Transfers in		-		172,004
Transfers out		(324,000)		(345,599)
Other non-operating income		10,800		10,800
Net cash used for non-capital and related				
financing activities		(313,200)		(162,795)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities				
Purchase of capital assets		(1,241,958)		(718,633)
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		-		6,636
Principal paid on capital debt		(561,983)		(546,246)
Interest paid on capital debt		(32,847)		(48,585)
Net cash used for capital and other related financing activities		(1,836,788)		(1,306,828)
Cash flows from investing activities				
Interest income		11,855		56,571
Net cash provided by investing activities		11,855		56,571
Net change in pooled cash and investments		(17,522)		602,668
Pooled cash and investments, beginning of year		2,353,862		1,751,194
Pooled cash and investments, end of year	\$	2,336,340	\$	2,353,862
Personalistion of operating income to not each				
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income	\$	137,468	\$	51,351
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net	•	- ,	,	- ,
cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		1,806,082		1,570,708
(Increase) decrease in assets and deferred outflow of resources		<i></i>		
Fees receivable		(10,836)		424
Prepaid items Deferred outflow of resources		282,911 (31,807)		282,990 (5,373)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities and deferred inflow of resources		(31,007)		(3,373)
Accounts payable		(104,932)		102,815
Accrued salaries and wages		1,513		1,459
Compensated absences and leave		1,630		3,991
Total pension liability		33,665		849
Net OPEB liability		8,542		4,562
Deferred Inflow of resources		(3,625)		1,944
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	2,120,611	\$	2,015,720

#### FIDUCIARY (CUSTODIAL) FUNDS

Fiduciary (custodial) funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for other taxing units or other entities. Custodial funds do not measure the results of operations. Interest earned on custodial fund investments is credited and received by the General Fund unless an agreement provides otherwise.

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### June 30, 2021

	City of Conway	City of Myrtle Beach	Town of Loris	City of North Myrtle Beach	Town of Surfside Beach
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$-
Pooled cash and investments	96,865	253,947	20,331	169,337	23,274
Receivables, net:	4 700 000	0 074 700	070 000	4 005 004	407.044
Property taxes	1,793,339	6,074,793	370,069	1,925,064	427,614
Fees		53,435		11,160	11,472
Total assets	1,890,204	6,382,175	390,400	2,105,561	462,360
Liabilities					
Accounts payable - trade	-	-	-	-	-
Due to other governments	96,865	253,947	20,331	169,337	23,274
Total liabilities	96,865	253,947	20,331	169,337	23,274
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Uncollected property taxes	1,793,339	6,074,793	370,069	1,925,064	427,614
Uncollected fees	1,700,000	53,435		11,160	11,472
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,793,339	6,128,228	370,069	1,936,224	439,086
	1,700,000	0,120,220	010,000	1,000,221	100,000
Net Position					
Restricted for individuals, organizations					
and other governments	-	-	-	-	-
-					
Net Position	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
Net Position	<u>р</u> -	<u>р</u> -	φ -	φ -	φ -

Town of Atlantic Beach	Town of Aynor	Town of Briarcliff Acres	Horry County School District/ Operations / Debt	Murrells Inlet- Garden City Fire District	Fireman's Fund	Police Asset Forfeiture Fund		
\$- 3,819	\$ - 4,832	\$- 2,387	\$- 299,828,856	\$- 160,513	\$    41,014 -	\$ 374,773 -		
37,796	58,842	28,151 3,048	40,736,987 937,478	212,918	-	-		
41,615	63,674	33,586	341,503,321	373,431	41,014	374,773		
-	-	-	-	122,484	-	-		
3,819	4,832	2,387	299,828,856	38,029	-	302,072		
3,819	4,832	2,387	299,828,856	160,513	-	302,072		
37,796	58,842	28,151	40,736,987	212,918	-	-		
-		3,048	937,478	,	-	-		
37,796	58,842	31,199	41,674,465	212,918	-	-		
					41,014	72,701		
\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	\$-	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 41,014	\$ 72,701		

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### June 30, 2021

	Sheriff Seizure		ronmental ervices	_ibrary dowment	Inmate Trust		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net: Property taxes Fees	\$	49,143 - -	\$ 46,711 - -	\$ 45,193 14,610 -	\$	130,304 - - -	
Total assets		49,143	 46,711	 59,803		130,304	
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Due to other governments Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources		- - -	 - - -	 - - -			
Uncollected-property taxes Uncollected-fees Total deferred inflows of resources		- - -	 - - -	 - - -		- - -	
<b>Net Position</b> Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments		49,143	 46,711	 59,803		130,304	
Net Position	\$	49,143	\$ 46,711	\$ 59,803	\$	130,304	

Soli	citor DEU	icitor DEU Asset orfeiture	&C MCBP- frastructure	agistrates & erk of Court	 Total
\$	81,400 -	\$ 215,014 -	\$ 3,119,791 18,358	\$ 5,207,285 6,595,249	\$ 9,310,628 307,192,378
	-	 -	 - 318,832	 -	 51,665,573 1,335,425
	81,400	 215,014	 3,456,981	 11,802,534	 369,504,004
	- - -	 - - -	 - - -	 - - -	 122,484 300,743,749 300,866,233
	-	-	-	-	51,665,573
	-	 -	 318,832 318,832	 -	 1,335,425 53,000,998
	81,400	 215,014	 3,138,149	 11,802,534	 15,636,773
\$	81,400	\$ 215,014	\$ 3,138,149	\$ 11,802,534	\$ 15,636,773

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	City of Conway	City of Myrtle Beach	Town of Loris	City of North Myrtle Beach	Town of Surfside Beach
Additions					
Taxes and fees collected for other governments State funding collected for other	\$ 7,396,196	\$ 43,711,738	\$ 1,187,284	\$ 21,763,798	\$ 3,834,988
governments Interest income Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-	-
Deposits held for others					-
	7,396,196	43,711,738	1,187,284	21,763,798	3,834,988
Deductions					
Payment of taxes and fees to other governments	7,511,264	44,250,211	1,210,211	21,951,671	3,915,144
Payment of debt service on behalf of others Payments to others	-	-	-		-
Total Deductions	7,511,264	44,250,211	1,210,211	21,951,671	3,915,144
Change in net position	(115,068)	(538,473)	(22,927)	(187,873)	(80,156)
Net Position, at beginning of year, as originally reported	-	-	-	-	-
Restatement per GASB 84 Implementation (see note 27)	115,068	538,473	22,927	187,873	80,156
Net Position, at beginning of year, as restated	115,068	538,473	22,927	187,873	80,156
Net Position, at end of year	\$-	\$-	\$-	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Town of ntic Beach	Town of Aynor	Town of Ircliff Acres	Horry County School District/ Operations / Debt		Murrells Inlet- Garden City Fire District		Fireman's Fund		Police Asset Forfeiture Fund	
\$ 267,321	\$ 278,393	\$ 318,962	\$	256,362,446	\$	3,577,740	\$	-	\$	-
	_	_		385,944,590		_		_		_
_	-			355,723		_		_		_
-	-	-		57,128		-		876,599		83,387
-	-	-		-		-		-		-
 267,321	278,393	 318,962		642,719,887	-	3,577,740		876,599		83,387
278,291	286,496 -	323,273		860,177,181 63,000,030		3,605,959 -		901,500 -		10,686 -
-				-		-		-		
 278,291	286,496	 323,273		923,177,211		3,605,959		901,500		10,686
 (10,970)	(8,103)	 (4,311)		(280,457,324)		(28,219)		(24,901)		72,701
-	-	-		-		-		-		-
 10,970	8,103	 4,311		280,457,324		28,219		65,915		
 10,970	8,103	 4,311		280,457,324		28,219		65,915		-
\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,014	\$	72,701
					-		-			

#### COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

#### For the Year ended June 30, 2021

	Sheriff Seizure	Environmental Services	Library Endowment	Inmate Trust	
Additions					
Taxes and fees collected for other governments State funding collected for other	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	
governments	-	-	-	-	
Interest income	-	-	21	-	
Miscellaneous	41,576	50	2,084	-	
Deposits held for others	- 41,576	- 50	- 2,105	1,812,207	
	41,576	50	2,105	1,812,207	
Deductions					
Payment of taxes and fees to other governments	36	-	-	-	
Payment of debt service on behalf of others	-	-	-	-	
Payments to others			61	1,795,603	
Total Deductions	36		61	1,795,603	
Change in net position	41,540	50	2,044	16,604	
Net Position, at beginning of year, as originally reported	-	-	-	-	
Restatement per GASB 84 Implementation (see note 27)	7,603	46,661	57,759	113,700	
Net Position, at beginning of year, as restated	7,603	46,661	57,759	113,700	
Net Position, at end of year	\$ 49,143	\$ 46,711	\$ 59,803	\$ 130,304	

Solicitor DEU	Solicitor DEU Asset Forfeiture	B&C MCBP- Infrastructure	Magistrates & Clerk of Court	Total			
\$-	\$-	\$ 184	\$-	\$ 338,699,050			
_	_	_	_	385,944,590			
_		174	10,546	366,464			
-	-	3,522,649		4,583,473			
34,149	77,222	-	17,829,328	19,752,906			
34,149	77,222	3,523,007	17,839,874	749,346,483			
-	-	-	-	944,421,923			
-	-	-	-	63,000,030			
19,935	3,253	3,481,977	18,023,108	23,323,937			
19,935	3,253	3,481,977	18,023,108	1,030,745,890			
14,214	73,969	41,030	(183,234)	(281,399,407)			
-	-	-	-	-			
67,186	141,045	3,097,119	11,985,768	297,036,180			
67,186	141,045	3,097,119	11,985,768	297,036,180			
\$ 81,400	\$ 215,014	\$ 3,138,149	\$ 11,802,534	\$ 15,636,773			

#### CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS

These schedules present only the capital asset balances (which include land, buildings, betterments, and equipment owned by the County) related to governmental-type funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in proprietary-type funds (enterprise and internal service funds) and excluded from these amounts. Infrastructure capital assets represent actual costs of construction and/or estimated values of deeded properties by developers.

### SCHEDULES OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY SOURCE

#### June 30, 2021 (With comparative amounts for June 30, 2020)

Governmental funds - capital assets	2021	2020
Land and easements	\$ 24,856,711	\$ 25,097,033
Land improvements	12,841,165	12,612,303
Buildings and improvements	239,326,653	242,518,823
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	114,903,837	108,135,929
Intangible Assets	552,070	552,070
Infrastructure	655,850,668	628,490,239
Construction-in-progress	99,000,993	73,256,868
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,147,332,097	\$ 1,090,663,265
Investment in governmental funds		
capital assets by source		
General Obligations Bonds	\$ 185,894,589	\$ 185,713,571
General Fund Revenue	186,176,691	187,428,997
Special Revenue Fund Revenue	63,549,109	59,971,443
Certificates of Participation	10,050,303	10,050,303
Capital Projects Fund	701,661,405	647,498,951
Total investment in governmental funds capital assets	\$ 1,147,332,097	\$ 1,090,663,265

### SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

#### June 30, 2021

	Land	Im	Land provements		uildings and nprovements		Machinery quipment & Vehicles		itangible Assets	Infrastructure	Constru in Progr			Totals
Function and Activity:														
General government	\$14,121,019	\$	2,335,498	\$	77,113,417	\$	38,243,099	\$	552,070	\$-	\$	-	\$	132,365,103
Public safety	2,820,004		144,057		104,010,964		69,377,728		-	-		-		176,352,753
Infrastructure	1,055,331		1,474,314		3,628,448		3,040,402		-	655,850,668		-		665,049,163
Health and social services	90,000		-		8,516,304		20,910		-	-		-		8,627,214
Cultural and recreation	6,770,357		8,887,296		46,057,520		4,221,698		-	-		-		65,936,871
Construction-in-progress			-		-		-		-	-	99,00	0,993		99,000,993
Total governmental funds	<b>0</b> 00000000000000000000000000000000000	•	10 044 405	•	000 000 050	•	111 000 007	•	550.070		<b>*</b> • • • • •		•	4 4 47 000 007
capital assets	\$24,856,711	\$	12,841,165	\$	239,326,653	\$	114,903,837	\$	552,070	\$ 655,850,668	\$ 99,00	0,993	\$	1,147,332,097

#### SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Balances June 30, 2020			Additions	 Deletions/ Transfers	Balances June 30, 2021		
Functions and Activity:								
General government	\$	133,754,822	\$	816,753	\$ (2,206,472)	\$	132,365,103	
Public Safety		171,554,805		3,070,049	1,727,899		176,352,753	
Infrastructure & Regulation		637,624,024		22,668,624	4,756,515		665,049,163	
Health and Social Services		8,627,214		-	-		8,627,214	
Cultural and Recreation		65,845,532		204,027	(112,688)		65,936,871	
Construction-in-progress		73,256,868		35,933,766	(10,189,641)		99,000,993	
Total governmental funds		· · ·					· · ·	
capital assets	\$ 1,090,663,265		\$	62,693,219	\$ (6,024,387)	\$	1,147,332,097	
Class:								
Land and easements	\$	25,097,033	\$	274,945	\$ (515,267)	\$	24,856,711	
Land improvements		12,612,303		85,196	143,666		12,841,165	
Buildings and improvements		242,518,823		-	(3,192,170)		239,326,653	
Machinery, equipment and vehicles		108,135,929		3,781,711	2,986,197		114,903,837	
Intangible Assets		552,070		-	-		552,070	
Infrastructure		628,490,239		22,617,600	4,742,829		655,850,668	
Construction-in-progress		73,256,868		35,933,767	(10,189,642)		99,000,993	
Total governmental funds					 · · · ·			
capital assets	\$ ´	1,090,663,265	\$	62,693,219	\$ (6,024,387)	\$	1,147,332,097	

VICTIM'S RIGHTS

#### SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021 (with comparison for the year ended June 30, 2020)

County Funds Collected		Clerk of Court	1	Magistrate	Pre	obate	Т	otal 2021	т	otal 2020
Court Fines and Assessments:										
Fines collected	\$	1,859,609	\$	2,757,597	\$4	9,160	\$	4,666,366	\$	4,723,347
Assessments collected		100,044	•	572,931		-	,	672,975	,	636,475
Surcharges collected		173,935		628,849		-		802,784		707,982
Total collected	_	2,133,588		3,959,377	4	9,160		6,142,125		6,067,804
Fines remitted to State Treasurer		1,418,055		1,095,610	4	9,160		2,562,825		2,463,748
Assessments remitted to State Treasurer		64,680		414,716		-		479,396		455,678
Surcharges remitted to State Treasurer		37,216		569,733		-		606,949		590,598
Total remitted		1,519,951		2,080,059	4	9,160		3,649,170		3,510,024
Total Court Fines and Assessments Retained:	\$	613,637	\$	1,879,318	\$	-	\$	2,492,955	\$	2,557,780
Surcharges and Assessments retained for victim services										
Assessments retained	\$	35,364	\$	137,639	\$	-	\$	173,003	\$	164,348
Surcharges collected and retained		136,719		59,116		-		195,835		117,384
Total Surcharges and Assessments retained										
for victim services	\$	172,083	\$	196,755	\$	-	\$	368,838	\$	281,732
Victim Witness Assistance Special Revenue Fund	<u>- Fun</u>	ds Collecte	<u>d</u>					otal 2021	_	otal 2020
Carryforward from Previous Year - Beginning Balance Victim Service Revenue							\$	47,001	\$	87,552
Victim Service Assessments Retained by County Tr								173,003		164,348
Victim Service Surcharges Retained by County Trea	surer							195,835		117,384
Interest Earned								1,023		5,191
Intergovernmental - Federal - Cares Act								10,645		-
General Funds Transferred to Victim Service Fund Contribution Received from Victim Service Contract	5:							362,095		344,899
(1) Town of Atlantic Beach								1,832		1,926
(2) Georgetown County								74,440		74,440
Total Funds Allocated to Victim Service Fund (A)								818,873		708,188
Expenditures for Victim Service Program:										
Personnel Costs								659,088		677,909
Operating Expenditures								77,537		70,830
Total Expenditures from Victim Service Fund/Prog	ram (	В)						736,625		748,739
Total Victim Service Funds Retained by County Treasu	urer ( <i>i</i>	А-В)						82,248		(40,551)
Carryforward Funds - End of Year							\$	129,249	\$	47,001

## HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES CAPITAL PROJECTS SALES TAX - RIDE II FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

<u>Projects</u>	Project Title	Original Project <u>Budget</u>	Current Project <u>Budget</u>	Project <u>Actual</u>	Variance
Project #1	Pave 20 miles - DR	\$ 19,600,000	\$ 11,365,330	\$ 11,365,330	\$-
Project #2	Resurface 12 miles	945,000	839,422	839,422	-
Project #3	Backgate Interchange	49,500,000	123,370,000	<sup>1</sup> 107,292,129	16,077,871
Project #4	Widen 707	132,250,000	103,410,000	90,962,830	12,447,170
Project #5	Pave 25 miles - DR	25,750,000	22,750,988	10,536,367	12,214,621
Project #6	Resurface 12 miles	990,000	1,095,578	1,095,578	-
Project #7	Aynor Overpass	46,000,000	16,193,458	16,192,579	879
Project #8	Resurface 12 miles	1,035,000	1,500,300	1,473,826	26,474
Project #9	Widen Glenns Bay	76,000,000	76,034,044	70,803,050	5,230,994
Project #10	Resurface 12 miles	1,080,000	1,637,224	1,211,332	425,892
Project #11	Pave 25 miles - DR	27,750,000	27,503,530	14,186,615	13,316,915
Project #12	Resurface 12 miles	1,125,000	1,677,880	1,667,768	10,112
Project #13	International Dr	6,500,000	27,000,000	26,715,451	284,549
Project #14	Resurface 7 miles	682,500	1,022,120	1,022,120	-
Project #15	Pave 30 miles - DR	36,100,000	29,576,281	21,250,665	8,325,616
Total		\$ 425,307,500	\$ 444,976,155	\$ 376,615,062	\$ 68,361,093

<sup>1</sup> Includes SCDOT Funding of \$15,000,000 for Project #3.

DR = Dirt Road

Note: From inception through June 30, 2021.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

CAPITAL PROJECTS SALES TAX - RIDE III

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Projects	Project Title	Original Project <u>Budget</u>	Current Project <u>Budget</u>	Project <u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Project #1	Hwy 501 & Hwy 31	\$ 50,000,000	\$ 57,000,000	\$ 3,586,754	\$ 53,413,246
Project #2	Pave 25 miles of dirt roads	14,715,398	20,653,872	20,653,869	3
Project #3	Carolina Forest Boulevard Widening	54,700,000	56,056,006	31,579,936	24,476,070
Project #4	Palmetto Pointe Blvd. Ext to SC Hwy 544	7,500,000	7,500,000	3,964,638	3,535,362
Project #5	SC Hwy. 9 East Widening (Loris)	21,700,000	21,700,000	1,311,292	20,388,708
Project #6	Resurface 33.13 miles of City roads	5,000,000	5,000,000	4,519,478	480,522
Project #7	US Hwy. 701 N Widening (North Conway)	65,100,000	65,100,000	2,932,776	62,167,224
Project #8	Fred Nash Boulevard connection to Harrelson	19,300,000	19,300,000	1,827,721	17,472,279
Project #9	US Hwy. 17 Bus Intersection Imp - Garden City	19,800,000	19,800,000	1,435,582	18,364,418
Project #10	Forestbrook Road Widening	89,100,000	89,252,994	2,708,772	86,544,222
Project #11	Pave 25 miles of dirt roads	14,793,289	14,793,289	1,154,258	13,639,031
Project #12	Resurface 33 miles of County roads	5,000,000	5,026,200	1,125,395	3,900,805
Project #13	Hwy 501 Realignment	13,900,000	13,900,000	622,886	13,277,114
Project #14	US Hwy. 701 Widening - North of Loris	7,500,000	7,500,000	1,768,739	5,731,261
Project #15	Conway Perimeter Road Phase II	18,400,000	18,400,000	2,287,702	16,112,298
Project #16	Pave 25 miles of dirt roads	14,697,424	14,301,234	108,387	14,192,847
Project #17	Resurface 33.87 miles County roads	5,000,000	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
Project #18	Southern Evacuation Lifeline (SELL) -	25,000,000	25,000,000	258,503	24,741,497
Project #19	SC Hwy 31 (Carolina Bays Parkway) Ext	125,000,000	118,000,000	732,471	117,267,529
Project #20	Pave 25 miles of dirt roads	 15,793,889	 10,225,405	 	 10,225,405
Total		\$ 592,000,000	\$ 593,509,000	\$ 82,579,159	\$ 510,929,841

DR = Dirt Road

Note: From inception through June 30, 2021.

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES GENERAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(With comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2019)

		202	21		2020
	Bud	lget			
	Original	Final	Actual	Variance	Actual
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 935,000	\$ 1,540,750	\$ 938,116	\$ (602,634)	\$ 2,223,190
Interest	-	100,000	333,904	233,904	679,747
Total revenues	935,000	1,640,750	1,272,020	(368,730)	2,902,937
Expenditures					
Capital outlay: Contractual services		239,982	90,061	149,921	905,051
Supplies and materials	-	1,211,687	1,211,008	679	724,151
Capital outlay	7,500,250	68,062,414	12,190,177	55,872,237	6,759,233
Contingency	-	2,293,310	-	2,293,310	0,700,200
Programs	-	140,571	96,895	43,676	-
Other	-	1,554	-	1,554	-
Total expenditures	7,500,250	71,949,518	13,588,141	58,361,377	8,388,435
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(6,565,250)	(70,308,768)	(12,316,121)	57,992,647	(5,485,498)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Issuance of bonded debt	-	3,500,000	-	(3,500,000)	20,900,000
Transfers in	4,965,250	17,227,690	18,955,692	1,728,002	18,841,058
Transfers out	-	(11,980)	(11,980)	-	(514,178)
Total other financing sources (uses)	4,965,250	20,715,710	18,943,712	(1,771,998)	39,226,880
Net change in fund balance	(1,600,000)	(49,593,058)	6,627,591	56,220,649	33,741,382
Fund balance at beginning of year	49,593,058	49,593,058	49,593,058		15,851,676
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 47,993,058	\$-	\$ 56,220,649	\$ 56,220,649	\$ 49,593,058

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Horry County's annual comprehensive financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

#### Contents

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the annual comprehensive financial reports for the relevant year.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	2021	\$ 906,300 452,155 (24,126) \$1,334,329	\$ 264,891 57,947 42,233	\$365.071 \$1,171,191 510,102 18,107 \$1,699,400
	<u>2020</u>	\$ 842,463 394,864 (60,919) \$1,176,408	725 247 140	\$334,112 \$1,085,188 451,111 (25,779) \$1,510,520
	<u>2019</u>	\$ 792,528 324,942 (67,755) \$1,049,715	\$ 205,209 58,439 44,225	\$307,873 \$ 997,737 383,381 (23,530) \$1,357,588
	<u>2018</u>	\$ 743,701 257,151 (69,231) \$931,621	\$ 187,510 52,277 42,690	\$282.477 \$931,211 309,428 \$1,214,098
	<u>2017</u> as restated	\$ 675,266 244,117 (110,124) \$809,259	\$ 186,599 43,965 42,107	\$272,671 \$ 861,865 288,082 (68,017) \$1,081,930
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	<u>2016</u>	\$ 641,192 276,761 (162,063) \$755,890	\$ 188,866 39,132 37,298	\$265,296 \$ 830,058 315,893 (124,765) \$1,021,186
Fiscal Year E	<u>2015</u>	\$619,432 311,619 (215,437) \$715,614	\$193,870 \$6,532 33,043	\$263,445 \$813,302 348,151 (182,394) \$979,059
For the	<u>2014</u> as restated	\$ 609,438 353,422 (116,907) \$845,953	\$ 171,153 33,430 47,059	\$251,642 \$ 780,591 386,852 \$1,097,595
	<u>2013</u> as restated	\$ 592,217 345,339 (162,562) \$774,994	\$ 168,610 32,929 43,095	\$244,634 \$760,827 378,268 (119,467) \$1,019,628
	2012	\$ 576,387 348,119 (240,372) \$684,134	\$ 138,123 45,038 42,948	\$226,109 \$714,510 393,157 (197,424) \$910,243
		Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total governmental activities net position	Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	I otal business-type activities net position Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total primary government net position

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

47,520 2,927 16,426 72,710 212,383 6,227 8,689 3,700 42,605 27,585 17,259 1,583 1,652 19,215 2,409 29,528 23,000 35,448 172,527 37,791 145 307,215 42,605 349,820 139,673 20,003 45,964 2021 ഗ 157,342 50,510 33,882 6,690 2,878 16,300 3,410 40,853 18,668 64,576 178,883 7,538 3,700 1,532 1.649 40,853 46,049 22,647 33,833 3,094 17,137 18,557 24,005 290,908 371 114,307 331,761 2020 ഗ 142,931 52,037 2,727 42,500 40,596 39,648 183,515 42,855 4,174 26,590 3,700 1,532 1.649 20,508 19,463 30,532 1.128 10,203 43,406 2,416 15,832 61,654 379 40.596 320,696 361,292 121,861 2019 ഗ 37,123 3,273 14,706 4,134 27,208 4,059 5,413 38,147 38,147 18,467 18,038 27,396 12,891 18,956 96,253 2,366 3,728 143,054 1,447 305,724 40,707 101 404 38,814 131,400 46,801 267,577 2018 ഗ 39,278 2,562 20,807 3,873 33,826 17,546 26,243 29,216 96,106 2,168 40,355 38,544 125,577 36,039 3,400 1,133 6,869 3,428 3,996 136,461 389 34,191 33,826 311,908 19,177 107 278,082 2017 ഗ 11,445 2,169 32,640 2,548 2,307 32,980 3,200 1,249 8,067 32,065 7,709 33,200 112,592 14,388 17,508 16,499 25,784 115 332 30,337 694 36,108 117,869 32,065 79,392 251,356 283,421 2016 ഗ 30,247 2,738 3,465 33,078 3,423 2,606 10,060 31,962 17,360 13,849 17,860 10,450 63,008 30,215 2,163 53,033 31,962 116,041 33,225 13,331 276,979 117 3,231 20,655 112,844 14 245,017 2015 ഗ 27,780 2,852 12,046 3,786 3,500 1,236 9,757 12,506 12,579 5,355 3,015 52,857 2,102 6,415 36,808 89,665 as restated 30,284 19,180 95 35,355 108,655 31,821 127 28,291 30.284 236,788 267,072 2014 ഗ as restated 27,786 2,753 11,376 2,882 25,118 3,485 22,482 4,899 56,050 24,433 2,424 33,488 99,823 1,150 10,485 20,979 12,811 12,261 4,864 14,565 97,472 218,346 22,482 240,828 79 88 69 41,422 2013 ഗ 1,200 9,652 43,510 51,273 94,783 2,659 3,555 19,834 2,368 6,726 12,949 28,236 10,523 15,722 3,347 234,270 12,595 16,787 12,634 93 4,720 2 25,841 33,091 214,436 19,834 106,45′ 2012 ഗ Total primary government program revenues Fotal governmental activities expenses Total business-type activities expenses Total governmental activities program Total business-type activies program Total primary government expenses Operating grants and contributions Operating grants and contributions Culture, recreation and tourism Improvements to state roadways Capital grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Culture, recreation and tourism Higher Education Commission Infrastructure and regulation Health and social services Infrastructure and regulation Health and social services Economic Development Horry-Georgetown Tech Economic development General government Governmental activities: Business-type activities: Business-type activities: Governmental activies: Charges for services: Charges for services: General government Program Revenues Public safety Public safety Airport Expenses revenues Interest revenues Airport

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	2021	1) (167 542)		8) (137,437)			0 179,972	3 1,871	1 143,620	4 325,463				854	326,317	3 157.921		2 \$ 188,880
	2020	(176 601	23,723	(152,878)			167,130	9,153	127,011	303,294	Ĩ	07/	1,790	2,516	305,810	126.693	26,239	\$ 152,932
	<u>2019</u>	(198 835)	21,058	(177,777)			157,762	11,464	150,660	319,886		1,904	2,374	4,338	324,224	121.051	25,396	\$ 146,447
	<u>2018</u>	(171 324)	8,654	(162,670)			148,293	5,251	152,418	305,962		344	1,157	1,501	307,463	134.638	10,155	\$ 144,793
	<u>2017</u>	(181.976)	6,529	(175,447)			145,777	2,615	86,953	235,345		181	665	846	236,191	53.369	7,375	\$ 60,744
June 30,	<u>2016</u>	(171.964)	1,135	(170,829)			140,530	1,995	69,715	212,240		324	392	716	212,956	40.276	1,851	\$ 42,127
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<u>2015</u>	(182 009)	21,071	(160,938)			122,607	1,334	66,352	190,293		00	200	266	190,559	8.284	21,337	\$ 29,621
For the Fisca	<u>2014</u> as restated	(183 931)	6,524	(177,407)			124,897	1,923	128,070	254,890	Į	111	307	484	255,374	70.959		\$ 77,967
	<u>2013</u> as restated	(162,296)	18,973	(143,323)			116,930	1,770	134,075	252,775		961	306	504	253,279	90.479	19,477	\$ 109,956
	2012	(163 163)	23,676	(139,487)			113,397	2,014	127,835	243,246		797	321	603	243,849	80.083	24,279	\$ 104,362
	•	Net (Expense)/Revenues Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total primary government program net expense	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	Governmental activities: Taxes	Property taxes and Fees-in-lieu of taxes	Investment earnings	Other	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:	Other	Investment earnings	Total business-type activities	Total primary government	Change in Net Position Governmental activities:	Business-type activities:	Total primary government

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

		For the I	Fiscal Year E	le Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	2015	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	2019	2020	2021
		as restated								
General fund										
Nonspendable	\$ 169	\$ 1,975	\$ 77	\$ 1,319	\$ 338	\$ 255	\$ 329	\$ 362	\$ 1,027	\$ 1,071
Restricted	'	1,000	117	ı	ı	ı	'	ı	ı	ı
Committed	29,082	28,282	31,775	27,273	46,565	53,858	66,003	66,930	72,321	\$ 88,827
Assigned	343	473	ı	ı	ı	427	'	ı	ı	ı
Unassigned	7,108	10,431	9,391	12,194	7,734	9,269	11,798	12,718	7,335	6,963
Total general fund	36,702	42,161	41,360	40,786	54,637	63,809	78,130	80,010	80,683	96,861
All other governmental funds										
Nonspendable	20	19	75	ı	210	67	5	56	5	5
Restricted	321,734	353,322	398,696	360,259	331,527	277,979	312,468	281,521	358,812	424,639
Committed	13,420	24,270	26,581	29,857	33,702	37,063	39,114	37,766	53,865	82,671

(298) 314,811 (314) 365,125 (469) 389,647 (107) 425,245 (3,292) 374,319 (1,134) 334,040 Total all other governmental funds Unassigned (deficit)

(654)

(405)

(258)

(596) 350,991

506,661

412,277

319,085

603,522

φ

\$492,960

\$399,095

\$429,121

\$378,620

\$419,762

\$430,433

\$466,605

\$416,480

\$370,742

Total governmental fund balances

Source: Horry County Finance Department

	CHAN	Hof Nges in Fl (Modifie (Amol	RRY COUN IND BALAN LAST TEI ED ACCRUA	RY COUNTY, SOUTH CARC ID BALANCES OF GOVERI LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACC ITS EXPRESSED IN THOU	HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)	A NTAL FUNI ITING) DS)	SC			
		For	the Fiscal Yea	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	30,					
	<u>2012</u> as restated	<u>2013</u> as restated	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Revenues										
Property Taxes	\$ 114,481	\$ 117,238	\$ 124,996	\$ 123,181	\$ 139,589	\$ 144,912	\$ 149,853	\$ 155,394	\$ 169,643	\$ 179,967
Licenses and permits	6,537	7,344	7,797	8,805	10,217	11,106	11,694	11,882	15,258	18,868
Intergovernmental	34,545	22,391	25,030	22,216	22,572	28,265	28,149	37,736	39,292	51,251
Sales Tax Major Capital Projects	64,802	65,732	69,733	1,139	304	403	75,819	79,839	80,075	92,201
Fees and fines	33,301	36,178	33,491	35,992	44,562	45,354	45,553	48,442	49,760	52,193
Hospitality & Local Accommodations fees	39,452	39,917	42,291	45,280	47,348	49,986	51,165	52,012	19,417	22,755
Documentary Stamps	2,340	2,764	3,200	3,823	4,135	4,523	4,974	5,338	5,359	7,979
Interest on investments	2,015	1,770	1,923	1,310	1,933	2,497	4,926	10,750	8,365	1,694
Accomodations tax (1)	3,677	4,082	4,135	3,890	4,026	4,119	4,252	4,416	3,805	4,397
Cost allocation	3,167	2,787	3,069	3,302	3,570	3,801	3,429	4,437	4,143	3,697
Other	4,448	4,900	4,614	4,529	6,207	6,989	7,269	13,486	8,128	8,171
Total revenues	308,765	305,103	320,279	253,467	284,463	301,955	387,083	423,732	403,245	443,173
Expenditures										
General government	28,210	29,673	30,150	28,222	30,807	32,796	33,353	36,435	38,428	38,628
Public safety	99,887	92,996	101,040	104,798	110,286	114,552	119,628	132,081	139,488	154,641
Infrastructure and regulation	59,689	52,922	60,474	29,994	33,125	40,507	38,405	52,601	52,598	46,579
Health and social services	2,436	2,532	2,624	2,510	2,296	2,332	2,371	2,478	2,597	2,623
Culture and recreation	9,786	10,577	10,833	11,748	12,698	18,155	12,925	21,444	13,281	13,201
Economic development	1,800	1,753	2,737	3,502	2,339	3,934	4,199	4,168	3,333	5,211
Capital outlay	29,302	16,749	19,113	31,983	20,541	36,658	53,299	34,801	55,850	39,659
Improvements to state roadways	·	'	•	33,078	32,980	36,039	27,208	45,612	7,538	7,827
Horry-Georgetown Tech	3,347	3,485	3,500	3,423	3,200	3,400	4,059	3,700	3,700	3,700
Higher Education	1,200	1,150	1,236	1,204	1,249	1,133	1,447	1,431	1,532	1,583
Debt service:										
Principal	33,299	26,305	28,408	28,528	30,983	33,582	20,843	24,202	12,985	15,317
Interest and fees	13,687	21,509	20,890	23,180	21,058	22,182	18,332	10,497	1,206	1,749
Payment to defease IGA loan #2		'	•	•	'	'		80,142		
Other charges	1,906	1,194	1,119	1	'	'	'	ı	'	'
Total expenditures	284,549	260,845	282,124	302,170	301,562	345,270	336,069	449,593	332,536	330,718
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	24,216	44,258	38,155	(48,703)	(17,099)	(43,315)	51,014	(25,860)	70,709	112,456
			11.11	1	1/1	1				

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

		For	the Fiscal Yea	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30,					
	<u>2012</u> as restated	<u>2013</u> as restated	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	2021
Transfers in	11,733	9,693	12,709	12,347	30,663	19,217	17,705	24,656	29,273	42,340
Transfers out	(12,759)	(10,981)	(13,166)	(12,445)	(30,920)	(20,149)	(18,923)	(28,933)	(30,118)	(44,579)
Issuance of bonded debt	8,740	'	252	29,500	20,910	3,000			20,900	'
Proceeds from refunding bonds	•		'		·	6,985		·		
Premium on bonds issued	285	'	'		·				3,081	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	(8,881)	'	'	(29,384)	(15,337)	'			•	
Debt service - principal	•	'	'		·	(0,960)			•	
Sale of assets	216	148	95	95	513	80	705	110	20	345
Other	2,603	460	12,082	12,312	600	'	'	'	'	ı
Total other financiae courses (used)	1007	(000)	11070	10 105	6 420	0.170	(640)	14 1661	00 1EG	(1 004)
i otal otrier ilitaricing sources (uses)	1,301	(1000)	11,372	12,420	0,423	2,173	(610)	(4,100)	23,130	(1,034)
Extraordinary item	I				'	'	'		'	T
Net change in fund balances	\$ 26,153	\$ 43,578	\$ 50,127	\$ (36,278)	\$ (10,670)	\$ (41,142)	\$ 50,501	\$ (30,026)	\$ 93,865	\$ 110,562
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	20.0%	19.9%	18.7%	19.1%	18.5%	18.1%	13.9%	8.4%	5.1%	5.9%
(1) Accommodations taxes are considered Special Assessments.	Special Assess	sments.								

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Source: Horry County Finance Department

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

ASSESSED VALUE (2) AS A PERCENTAGE OF ESTIMATED ACTUAL	TAXABLE	VALUE (5)	5.55%	5.54%	5.53%	5.59%	5.51%	5.50%	5.46%	5.44%	5.39%	5.36%
ESTIMATED ACTUAL	TAXABLE	VALUE (5) (7)	\$ 36,851,012	37,099,739	37,690,344	37,546,392	38,152,375	39,526,858	40,835,795	42,618,573	48,064,002	50,391,571
TOTAL DIRECT	TAX	RATE (6) (7)	45.2	45.2	45.2	45.2	52.4	52.4	52.4	52.4	50.7	50.7
TOTAL TAXABLE	ASSESSED	VALUE (2) (7)	\$ 2,044,718	2,053,870	2,084,482	2,097,002	2,103,520	2,175,654	2,231,093	2,319,625	2,589,664	2,701,812
PROPERTY 4)		OTHER	\$157,156	154,820	151,714	213,486	172,049	185,414	180,288	184,957	181,451	176,263
PERSONAL PROPERTY (2) (4)	MOTOR	VEHICLES	\$ 120,615	134,214	152,537	173,197	184,997	195,705	195,966	198,354	201,542	222,165
() (3)		FARM	\$ 5,552	5,597	5,558	5,474	5,423	5,462	5,490	5,447	5,910	6,000
REAL PROPERTY (1) (2) (3)	COMMERCIAL	PROPERTY	\$ 1,283,108	1,269,741	1,274,902	1,215,768	1,227,759	1,243,694	1,262,197	1,302,799	1,462,788	1,508,936
	RESIDENTIAL	PROPERTY	\$ 478,287	489,498	499,771	489,077	513,292	545,379	587,152	628,067	737,973	788,448
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR	ENDED	JUNE 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
	TAX	YEAR	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Notes:

(1) Property in the County is reassessed every five years. The County's last reappraisal date was December 31, 2018 for the Tax Year 2019.

(2) Tax-exempt property has already been deducted; fee-in-lieu of tax and motor carrier reimbursement assessment are included

(3) The County assesses real property at either 4% or 6% of estimated market value at the time of reassessment. (4) The County assesses the majority of personal property at 6.0% or 10.5% of estimated taxable market value.

(5) Estimated actual taxable value = appraised value.

(6) Direct tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.
 (7) Property that is exempt from the County portion of taxes have been subtracted from Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Taxable Value.
 (8) General Note: Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.

Source/s:

Horry County Finance Department Horry County Assessor

Horry County Auditor

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN AND CURRENT FISCAL YEARS

	2021	44.6 4.2 0.4 1.7 0.7 1.6 53.2	21.1 1.6 8.7	118.1 10.0 128.1	22.7 22.7 14.0	84.5 60.8 77.3 110.8 60.0 43.0
	2020	41.6 4.7 0.4 1.7 0.7 1.6 50.7	19.0 1.6 5.7	118.1 10.0 128.1	20.6 20.6 14.0	84.5 60.8 76.0 76.0 78.9 60.0 43.0
	2019	41.6 4.7 0.4 1.7 0.7 1.6 50.7	19.0 1.6 5.7	118.1 10.0 128.1	20.6 20.6 14.0	84.5 60.8 45.0 76.0 78.9 63.0 37.1 43.0
	2018	42.8 5.0 0.4 1.8 0.7 1.7 52.4	19.5 1.7 6.0	123.1 10.0 133.1	21.2 21.2 14.0	84.5 60.8 82.4 82.4 80.5 80.5 43.3 46.3
Tax Year (1)	2017	42.8 5.0 0.4 1.8 0.7 1.7 52.4	19.5 1.7 6.0	123.1 10.0 133.1	21.2 21.2 14.0	84.5 60.8 82.4 77.5 63.5 41.3 46.2
Тах У	<u>2016</u>	42.8 5.0 0.4 1.8 1.7 1.7 52.4	19.5 1.7 6.0	123.1 10.0 133.1	21.2 21.2 14.0	84.5 60.8 82.4 77.5 64.0 46.2
	2015	42.8 5.0 0.4 1.8 0.7 1.7 52.4	19.5 1.7 6.0	123.1 10.0 133.1	21.2 21.2 14.0	84.5 60.8 82.4 74.5 61.2 39.3 39.3
	2014	35.6 5.0 0.4 1.8 0.7 1.7 45.2	19.5 1.7 6.0	123.1 10.0 133.1	21.2 21.2 10.0	84.5 60.8 60.8 82.4 74.5 61.5 39.3 39.3
	2013	35.6 5.0 0.4 1.8 1.7 45.2	19.5 1.7 6.0	120.2 10.0 130.2	21.2 21.2 10.0	84.5 60.8 50.8 79.3 111.7 66.1 38.0 40.0
	2012	35.6 5.0 0.4 1.8 1.7 45.2	15.2 6.0	120.2 10.0 130.2	15.2 15.2 10.0	84.5 60.8 79.3 66.1 40.0 40.0
		County Direct Rates (2) General Fund Debt Service Senior Citizens Fund Horry Georgetown Tech Higher Education Recreation <b>Total Direct Rate</b>	Unincorporated County Rates (2) Rural Fire Rural Fire App. Repl. (Began 2013) Waste Management	School District Rates (2) Operating Debt Service Total School Rate	Other Fire Districts Rates (2) Aynor Fire Contract Atlantic Beach Fire Contract Murrells Inlet /Garden City Fire Contract	<b>City Rates (2)</b> Town of Atlantic Beach Town of Aynor Town of Briarcliff Acres City of Conway City of Myrtle Beach City of Myrtle Beach City of N. Myrtle Beach City of Surfide Beach City of Surfide Beach

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN AND CURRENT FISCAL YEARS HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES (Continued)

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Special District Rates (2)										
Crabtree	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	2.9	2.9	2.9
Todd Swamp	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8
Buck Creek	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.0
Simpson Creek	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.6	2.6	2.6
Mt Gilead	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	30.0	30.0	30.0	30.0
Socastee Rec	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Cartwheel	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.0	3.0	3.0
Gapway	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	3.1	2.8	2.8	2.8
Arcadian Shores	32.3	32.3	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.0	30.9	30.9	30.9
Hidden Woods (Began in TY 2012)	84.6	84.6	84.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
River Grande (Began in TY 2012)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

Notes:

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Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.
 Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

A property reappraisal was performed for the Tax Year 2010. This reappraisal was delayed by one (1) tax year.

A property reappraisal was performed for the Tax Year 2014.

A property reappraisal was performed for the Tax Year 2019. A reappraisal is scheduled to be performed every five years. The County's next reappraisal date will be December 31, 2023 for the Tax Year 2024.

Source: Horry County Assessor and Horry County Finance Department

## **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA **PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS**

	Fiscal Year 2021 (Tax Year 2020)	2021 (Tax	Year 2020)	Fiscal Year 2012 (Tax Year 2011)	2012 (Tax )	ear 2011)
			PERCENTAGE			PERCENTAGE
	TAXABLE		OF TOTAL	TAXABLE		OF TOTAL
	ASSESSED		ASSESSED	ASSESSED		ASSESSED
TAXPAYER	VALUE	RANK	VALUE (1)	VALUE	RANK	VALUE (1)
Horry Electric Coop Inc	\$ 21,012,150	~	0.78%	\$ 16,287,780	0	0.80%
Burroughs & Chapin Company, Inc (2)	20,521,750	2	0.76%	22,974,299	<del>.</del>	1.12%
Kingston Resort Owner LLC	6,521,603	ო	0.24%			0.00%
Bluegreen Vacations Unlimited Inc	5,651,220	4	0.21%	5,097,448	5	0.25%
Lawyers Title Insurance Corp	5,646,590	5	0.21%			0.00%
Dominion Energy South Carolina	5,409,370	9	0.20%			
Spectrum Southeast LLC	4,874,070	7	0.18%			0.00%
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust	4,687,410	ω	0.17%	3,281,946	6	
Marriott Ownership Resorts Inc	4,677,650	6	0.17%	4,610,160	9	0.23%
D R Horton Inc	4,248,330	10	0.16%			
HTC Communications Inc				8,434,690	ი	0.41%
Winchester North Beach Towers LLC				6,189,106	4	0.30%
Frontier Communications of the Carolinas				3,871,350	7	0.19%
HRP Myrtle Beach Operations LLC				3,318,490	ω	
Westgate Myrtle Beach LLC				3,209,458	10	
Totals	\$ 83,250,143		3.08%	\$ 77,274,727		3.30%

Notes:

 Property that is exempt from the County portion of taxes has been subtracted from Total Assessed Value.
 TY 2020 and FY2011 data for Burroughs & Chapin Inc. & Subsidiaries includes Myrtle Beach Farms, Broadway at the Beach, and Grande Dunes Development Co.

Source: Horry County Treasurer

## PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS) HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<b>FOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE</b>	PERCENTAGE	OF LEVY	96.85%	97.37%	97.18%	96.41%	96.56%	96.75%	97.15%	97.10%	97.26%	
	<b>DTAL COLLECT</b>		AMOUNT	112,091	113,161	120,241	119,048	136,495	141,554	145,483	150,655	164,678	
	• •			θ									
	COLLECTIONS IN	SUBSEQUENT	YEARS (2)	3,797	3,419	2,717	1,967	2,405	2,362	2,379	2,049	2,515	
	COLLE	SUB	Ϋ́Ε	θ									
COLLECTED WITHIN THE	FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY	PERCENTAGE	OF LEVY	93.57%	94.43%	94.98%	94.82%	94.86%	95.14%	95.56%	95.78%	95.77%	96.49%
COLLECTED	SCAL YEAR		AMOUNT	108,294	109,743	117,524	117,081	134,090	139,192	143,104	148,606	162,163	171,496
0	Ц.		∢	θ									
	TOTAL TAX	LEVY FOR	FISCAL YEAR (2)	115,734	116,221	123,735	123,477	141,353	146,307	149,757	155,156	169,317	177,739
	.0 1	Ш	FISC <b>∕</b>	ϧ									
	FOR THE	FISCAL YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
			TAX YEAR	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020

Notes:

Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.
 Amounts for property tax collections of vehicle taxes, interest and penalty have been reclassified in prior years

Sources: Horry County property tax database

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS EXCEPT MILLAGE AND PERCENTAGES) **PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS - FIRE DISTRICT** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

TOTAL COLLECTIONS TO DATE	PERCENTAGE	OF LEVY	96.69%	97.18%	96.77%	96.12%	96.03%	96.38%	97.23%	97.03%	97.37%		
TOTAL COLI DA		AMOUNT	\$ 14,885	15,109	19,428	19,511	20,181	20,539	21,236	22,055	24,074		
NI SNOI	QUENT	S (2)	512	492	451	338	357	368	390	326	367		
COLLECTIONS IN	SUBSEQUENT	YEARS (2)	Υ										
COLLECTED WITHIN THE FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY	PERCENTAGE	OF LEVY	93.37%	94.02%	94.53%	94.45%	94.33%	94.65%	95.44%	95.60%	95.88%	96.35%	
COLLECTEI FISCAL YEAI		AMOUNT	\$ 14,373	14,617	18,977	19,172	19,824	20,171	20,846	21,729	23,707	25,465	
ΤΟΤΑL ΤΑΧ	LEVY FOR	FISCAL YEAR (2)	15,394	15,547	20,076	20,298	21,016	21,312	21,841	22,729	24,725	26,430	
1 D	Ξ	FISC	θ										
	ASSESSED	VALUE	\$ 1,012,745	1,022,851	1,029,536	1,040,920	1,077,735	1,092,901	1,120,059	1,165,610	1,301,301	1,391,037	not available
		MILLAGE	15.2	15.2	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.5	19.0	19.0	21.1
FOR THE	FISCAL YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022 (3)
	TAX	YEAR	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Notes:

(1) Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.

(2) Amounts for property tax collections of vehicle taxes, interest and penalty have been reclassified in prior years(3) Current Year value and collection data are not available until completion of the fiscal year.

Sources:

Horry County property tax database

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA AMOUNT ) **RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	DEBT PER CAPITA (1) (2)	1,573	1,415 1,277	1,141	973	797	666	329	345	266 (4)
	PERCENTAGE DF PERSONAL PE NCOME (1) (2)	5.22% \$	4.58% 3.99%	3.48%	2.88%	2.44%	1.81%	0.88%	0.98%	0.63%
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	TOTAL OUTSTANDING ( DEBT	\$ 443,112	409,092 381,019	352,946	313,742	265,634	229,586	117,078	125,746	100,502
S-TYPE FIES	CAPITAL LEASES	\$ 180	685 586	484	389	334	278	222	165	107
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	REVENUE BONDS	ۍ بې	60,590 60,404	59,196	57,933	56,619	55,256	53,848	52,375	43,517
	BASEBALL STADIUM COPS BONDS	1,233	1,233 (3) 1,051	861	661	451	231			ı
ITIES	CAPITAL S <sup>-</sup> LEASES	\$ 5,264 \$	3,809 14,224	24,134	26,944	21,104	18,912	9,799	7,927	6,040
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVIT	RIDE IGA LOANS	\$ 254,386	230,067 203,700	175,172	144,190	110,608	89,765	- (5)		I
GOVERN	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT BONDS	\$ 3,665	1,86U -							ı
	GENERAL OBLIGATION / BONDS	\$ 117,794	110,788 101,054	93,099	83,625	76,518	65,144	53,209	65,279	50,838
FOR THE FISCAL	YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	2012	2013 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021

Notes:

(1) See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

(2) Percentage of Personal Income and Per Capita data have been revised to incorporate updated information from the U.S. Census Bureau and the Bureau of Economic Analysis (3) Baseball Stadium COP bonds were restated to correct a prior period error.

(4) Estimated 3.21% growth rate for 2021(5) Ride IGA Loan was defeased in FY2019

Source: Horry County Finance Department

# (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA AMOUNT ) **RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

NET BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA (3)	\$ 315 261 261 189 111 111 106
PERCENTAGE OF ESTIMATED ACTUAL TAXABLE VALUE OF PROPERTY (2)	0.26% 0.24% 0.21% 0.18% 0.18% 0.09% 0.08%
TOTAL	94,352 88,733 81,966 77,984 60,842 60,842 51,684 39,180 39,180 39,428 39,564
F	θ
LESS: AMOUNTS AVAILABLE IN DEBT SERVICE FUND	10,647 8,978 7,586 6,080 5,820 6,391 5,745 7,779 6,449 6,449
AWA AV/ SERV	<del>ග</del>
GENERAL DBLIGATION BONDS (4)	104,999 97,711 89,552 84,064 75,775 67,233 67,233 57,429 46,959 50,709 45,013
OBI GE	θ
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30	2012 2013 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020

Notes:

(1) The restricted for debt service principal column has not been inlcuded because there are no restricted assets for general obligation bonds.

- (2) Percentage Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property = Total Column (above) / the Estimated Actual Taxable Value (see the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for Est. Actual Taxable Value). Net Bonded Debt per capita = Total column (above) / the prior year's (rounded) County Population; which has been (C)
  - revised to incorporate updated information from the U.S. Census Bureau and the Bureau of Economic Analysis (see the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data).
    - (4) General obligation bonds includes all general obligation bonds other than:
- (a) Fire Protection G.O. Bonds of \$5,115 as they have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only (b) Higher Education G.O. Bonds of \$710 as they have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts) to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection

Source: Horry County Finance Department

ESTIMATED SHARE OF OVERLAPPING DEBT (1)	<ul> <li>\$ 327,134</li> <li>146,155</li> <li>3,622</li> <li>1,002</li> <li>4,000</li> <li>2,520</li> </ul>	484,433 56,878	\$ 541,311	Amounts \$ 5,115 710 41,639 6,040 3,374
ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE (1)	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	ach governing debt onds as noted below: ssessed only to otection, added (Special Purpose 2)
DEBT	\$ 327,134 146,155 3,622 1,002 4,000 sion 2,520	2) 56,878	ig debt	<ul> <li>Notes:</li> <li>(1) Overlapping Debt is computed by determining the percentage of property for each governing body that lies within Horry County, then multiplying that percentage to the total debt outstanding of each entity.</li> <li>(2) Horry County direct debt outstanding includes all general obligation long-term bonds as noted below: <ul> <li>(a) Fire District G.O. Bonds have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection, added beginning in FY 2013)</li> <li>(b) Special Purpose/Tax District G.O. Bonds have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts, added beginning in FY 2013)</li> <li>(c) All general obligation long-term bonds (excluding items a and b above)</li> <li>(d) Capitalized Leases (added beginning in FY 2012)</li> <li>(e) Debt Outstanding includes the unamortized premiums (beginning in FY 2012)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
ENTITY	School District City of Myrtle Beach City of Conway City of Loris Town of Surfside Higher Education Commission	Subtotal, overlapping debt Horry County direct debt (2)	Total direct and overlapping debt	<ul> <li>Notes:</li> <li>(1) Overlapping Debt is comp body that lies within Horry outstanding of each entity.</li> <li>(2) Horry County direct debt of (a) Fire District G.O. Bond unincorporated areas of th beginning in FY 2013)</li> <li>(b) Special Purpose/Tax D Districts, added beginning (c) All general obligation lc (d) Capitalized Leases (ad (e) Debt Outstanding inclu</li> </ul>

Source: Finance Department of each entity.

56,878

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Total Horry County Direct Debt

					:		Ì		- }			6								
						Fc	or the	ş Fiscal Υe	ar Er	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	õ									
		2012		2013		2014		2015		<u>2016</u>	-	2017		2018		2019	20	2020	5	2021
Debt limit	θ	\$ 164,423	ф	\$ 165,155	θ	167,604	θ	173,555	θ	182,646	Ф	169,590	ŝ	176,936	\$	183,154 \$		208,941	\$	216,145
Total net debt applicable to limit		104,999		95,845		87,853		82,275		74,185		65,842		56,237		45,966	4,	54,171		41,639
Legal debt margin	θ	59,424	φ	69,310	မ	79,751	φ	91,280	φ	\$ 108,461	ф	\$ 103,748	θ	120,699	` ب	\$ 137,188 \$		154,770 \$		174,506
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	L.	63.86%		58.03%		52.42%		47.41%		40.62%		38.82%		31.78%		25.10%	(N	25.93%		19.26%
											Leg	al Debt Ma	rgin	Calculatio	u fo	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021:	ar 202	÷		
											Ass( Plus Tota	Assessed value Plus: Assessed value Total assessed value	e d val valu	Assessed value Plus: Assessed value - Merchant's inventory Total assessed value	ant's	inventory		. 1.	\$ 2,6 \$ 2,7	\$ 2,691,240 10,572 \$ 2,701,812
											Deb Deb Leg	Debt limit (8% of total as Debt application to limit: General obligation b Legal debt margin	of tot n to l ligati gin	Debt limit (8% of total assessed value) Debt application to limit: General obligation bonds (1a) (1b) Legal debt margin	d val 1a) ( <sup>.</sup>	ue) 1b)		10.1	۲ (۲) ج	216,145 41,639 174,506
Notes: (1) General obligation bonds includes all general obligation bonds other than:	les all	general ot	oligat '	ion bonds	othe	ید than: در ا		_	-		-	-								

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

(a) Fire District G.O. Bonds as they have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection)
(b) Higher Education G.O. Bonds (beginning in FY 2012) as they have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts)

Source/s:

Horry County Finance Department Horry County Auditor

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

2.80 2.84 3.05 29.19 30.76 33.06 COVERAGE 32.04 33.66 SPECIAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE BONDS & CERTIFICATES OF PARTICIPATION INTEREST 115 48 38 28 17 244 ശ 181 (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS ) DEBT SERVICE ഗ COVERAGE COLLECTIONS (1) (3) PRINCIPAL 1,910 1,978 199 210 2,042 221 191 231 ഗ HOSPITALITY FEE 1% 6,036 6,139 6,569 6,977 7,290 7,626 7,869 7,977 ASSESSMENT ഗ 29.64 4.68 1.29 1.43 1.86 2.32 1.71 2.17 0.67 0.86 228 1,013 2,805 2,755 2,700 2,647 2,604 2,470 2,458 INTEREST 2,531 DEBT SERVICE ഗ ,215 1,270 1,320 1,370 1,415 1,480 1,540 AIRPORT REVENUE BONDS PRINCIPAL (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS ) ı ഗ 6,774 5,109 7,359 4,743 8,635 9,150 2,655 3,438 4,807 5,661 AVAILABLE REVENUE Z E Z ഗ OPERATING 11,163 13,788 18,578 17,685 25,378 17,167 25,115 EXPENSES 19,131 23,247 25,047 LESS: ഗ AND OTHER 21,974 23,346 26,490 31,882 34,528 27,770 17,937 18,531 23,687 28,485 CHARGES AIRPORT ഗ FOR THE JUNE 30 FISCAL ENDED 2020 (2) YEAR 2012 2015 2019 2013 2014 2016 2017 2018 2021

Notes:

(1) Does not include interest, fund balance usage or transfers in.

(2) Certificates of Participation were fully repaid in FY 2019.

(3) Supporting schedule is attached.

Source: Horry County Department of Airports and Horry County Finance Department

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															FY 2012	\$ 955,598	720,899	504,896	423,102	308,316	286,391	240,108	278,637	433,268	542,321	517,418	824,602	\$ 6,035,556
															FY 2013	\$ 955,275	684,783	591,767	404,677	313,625	299,958	251,675	285,636	458,199	511,823	549,655	831,630	\$ 6,138,703
															FY 2014	\$ 985,038	826,709	574,377	434,471	326,990	333,666	269,513	307,125	456,963	573,483	586,581	894,504	\$ 6,569,420
EAR)			TOTAL	\$ 6,035,556	6,138,703	6,569,420	6,977,400	7,280,832	7,626,202	7,869,299	7,976,975	6,964,709	8,395,097		FY 2015	\$ 1,048,404	871,787	599,513	479,206	360,434	341,751	293,480	335,571	485,630	591,915	614,746	954,963	\$ 6,977,400
E TYPE AND YE				\$ 759,779	722,753	694,996	698,853	720,435	727,555	747,022	750,985	570,751	630,369	ITH AND YEAR)	FY 2016	\$ 1,108,955	844,871	706,315	465,121	374,974	378,790	318,345	352,143	568,190	578,077	631,869	953,182	\$ 7,280,832
ED (BY REVENU		ACCOMMO-	DATIONS	\$ 1,893,112	1,957,193	2,169,882	2,309,399	2,428,310	2,517,352	2,542,344	2,511,743	2,061,712	2,663,412	ECTED (BY MON	FY 2017	\$ 1,143,039	827,716	736,540	453,098	421,354	418,325	331,905	372,770	536,419	705,706	663,000	1,016,330	\$ 7,626,202
AMOUNT COLLECTED (BY REVENUE TYPE AND YEAR)	FOOD AND	BEVERAGE	SALES	\$ 3,382,665	3,458,757	3,704,542	3,969,148	4,132,087	4,381,295	4,579,933	4,714,247	4,332,246	5,101,316	AMOUNT COLLECTED (BY MONTH AND YEAR)	<u>FY 2018</u>	\$ 1,144,359	887,910	692,321	549,633	423,598	403,956	323,491	396,045	587,687	684,139	691,693	1,084,467	\$ 7,869,299
AMC			YEAR	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		FY 2019	\$ 1,169,091	907,239	590,716	556,726	439,833	419,685	377,762	396,198	599,423	705,072	736,815	1,078,415	\$ 7,976,975
															FY 2020	\$ 1,164,806	954,582	646,902	584,801	459,755	427,941	403,411	372,489	316,627	230,482	554,796	848,118	\$ 6,964,709
															FY 2021	\$ 897,837	703,761	715,969	600,371	409,546	406,874	402,245	420,350	643,554	841,457	966,768	1,386,364	\$ 8,395,097
															MONTH	July	August	September	October	November	December	January	February	March	April	May	June	

HOSPITALITY FEES COLLECTED (PLEDGED REVENUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Source: Horry County Finance Department

# HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBJECT TO WITHHOLDING UNDER ARTICLE X SECTION 14

AMOUNT	<b>RECEIVED**</b>	\$ 8,719,185	\$10,173,480	\$10,173,470	\$10,174,161	\$10,174,161	\$10,466,931	\$10,688,118	\$10,659,027	\$11,198,241	\$11,198,241	\$12,067,133	
	YEAR	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022*	

Source: S.C. Revenue and Fiscal Affairs Office

figures are based upon the most recent U.S. Census as prescribed by statute. If the 2020 U.S. Census population figures are released during the fiscal year, the distribution may vary \*Actual disbursement amounts are determined by the State Treasurer's Office. Population from these estimates. \*\*Figures are inclusive of the money county is required to pay for alcohol and drug abuse rehabilitation programs as indidcated by the State Treasurer's Office.

# DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

STATE % UNEMP. (3 A & B)	9.8	8.3	6.6	6.3	5.4	4.4	3.7	3.1	8.9	4.5	
COUNTY % UNEMP. (3 A & B)	9.7	8.3	6.6	6.6	5.5	4.6	4.1	3.5	11.4	5.4	
EMPLOYMENT (3 A & B)	127,054	129,817	132,726	135,700	139,954	145,360	148,000	150,374	139,208	146,567	
LABOR FORCE (3 A & B)	140,676	141,602	142,110	145,261	148,091	152,355	154,280	155,817	157,102	154,864	
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT (1A) (4B)	38,464	39,321	40,256	41,195	42,174	42,912	43,706	43,854	44,665	43,398	
PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME (2A) (3 A & B)	\$ 30,564	31,304	32,728	34,298	34,799	35,520	36,950	37,740	35,048	41,964	
PERSONAL INCOME AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS) (2A) (3 A & B)	8,605,885	9,048,471	9,751,748	10,605,009	11,185,785	11,837,728	12,716,232	13,363,017	12,808,257	15,827,982	
COUNTY (AMC POPULATION IN (3A) (1B)	281,567 \$	289,055	297,963	309,205	321,440	333,268	344,147	354,081	365,449	377,180 (4A)	
YEAR	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	

Notes (A):

(1) Enrollment is as of the 135th day of school and reflects grades Child Development through 12.

Per Capita Personal Income = Personal Income / County Population.
 Data has been revised to incorporate updated information and is not seasonally adjusted.
 County population used an estimated 3.21% growth rate.

Sources (B):

U.S. Census Bureau
 S.C. Department of Employment and Workforce, SC Works Online Services
 U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics
 Horry County Schools CAFR

**CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA **PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS** 

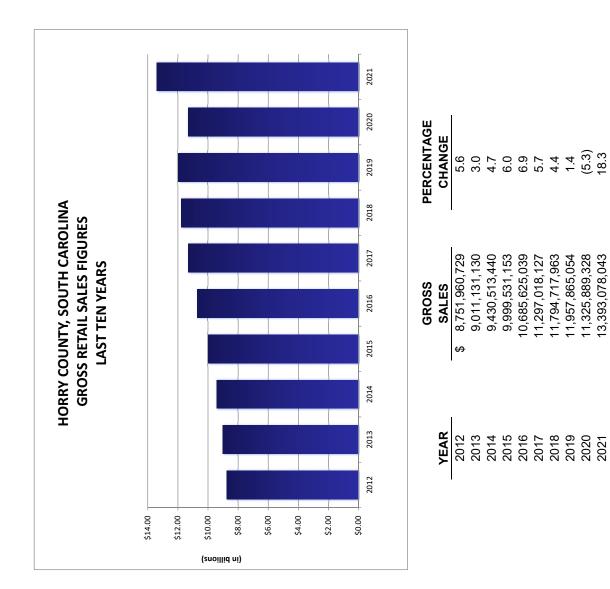
		2021 (1)			2012 (4)	
			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL			PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL
EMPLOYER (3)	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT (2)	EMPLOYEES	RANK	EMPLOYMENT
Horry County School District (6)	5,976	~	3.86%	5,400	~	4.18%
Wal-Mart/Sam's Club (6)	3,575	2	2.31%	2,276	2	1.76%
Horry County Government (5)	2,325	ო	1.50%	2,003	ю	1.55%
Conway Medical Center (6)	1,591	4	1.03%	1,325	5	1.03%
Grand Strand Regional Medical Center (6)	1,543	5	1.00%	1,134	9	0.88%
Coastal Carolina University (6)	1,517	9	0.98%	1,382	4	1.07%
McLeod Health (Loris & Seacoast) (6)	1,308	7	0.84%	006	6	0.70%
City of Myrtle Beach (6)	1,133	ω	0.73%			
Food Lion (6)	1,039	ი	0.67%	929	7	0.72%
Lowes Home Centers, LLC (6)	822	10	0.53%			
Myrtle Beach National				829	10	0.64%
Blue Cross Blue Shield				006	80	0.70%
Totals	20,829		13.45%	17,078		13.23%

Notes (A):

 The Total Employment is as of June of that year
 Percentage of Total Employment = Total Employees (above) / prior year's Total Labor Force on an annual basis (see Demographic and Economic Statistics) per U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics

Sources (B):

- (3) SC Department of Employment and Workforce
  (4) 2012 Horry County Annual Comprehensive Financial Report
  (5) Horry County Finance Department
  (6) Employer Human Resources Department



Sources: S. C. Statistical Abstract S. C. Department of Revenue

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Full-tim	e Equivaleı	Full-time Equivalent Employees (1) as of June 30,	(1) as of Jur	ле 30,					
	2012	2013	<u>2014 (2)</u>	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Functions and Programs										
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>										
General government	307	309	362	367	284	287	297	305	316	314
Public safety										
Police	226	236	248	238	242	254	241	251	248	259
Fire	150	147	177	184	173	165	171	186	209	214
EMS	179	179	179	167	158	150	174	174	183	188
Sheriff & Detention Center	346	348	346	343	362	374	372	364	376	336
Courts	205	211	215	211	211	231 (3)	232	231	223	219
Other	143	155	113	113	109	113	108	113	108	116
Health and social services	9	9	7	7	7	9	7	7	7	80
Infrastructure and regulation										
Public Works	79	84	83	85	83	84	66	76	73	81
Code Enforcement	41	39	39	38	43	43	44	48	51	51
Fleet	16	17	17	16	20	20	20	19	21	21
Other	61	59	64	67	148	150	153	152	162	172
Culture, recreation and tourism										
Libraries	65	79	69	67	59	58	60	60	60	58
Parks	62	62	68 (3)	67 (3)	60	63	65	57	54	48
Other	5	5	8	10	8	8	8	80	4	7
Economic development										
CDBG	с	С	с	с	С	с	5	9	5	5
Myrtle Beach Reg. Economic Dev. (4)	•	•			2	ы	4	ო	ы	с
<b>Business-type Activities:</b>										
Airports	109	130	140	137	133	140	141	141	140	145
Total Primary Government	2,003	2,069	2,138	2,120	2,105	2,152	2,168	2,201	2,243	2,245

Source: Horry County Human Resources Department

(1) Regular Part-time employees are defined as working 20 hours or less or less than 6 months and are calculated at 0.5 of Full-time employee.

Horry County Human Resources provided additional clarification as to their methodology in calculating "Full-time Equivalent Employees". This additional clarification resulted in a recalculation of 2014. 2014 has been restated to reflect this recalculation.
 An error in calculation method was discovered. This total has been restated to reflect this recalculation.
 Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development was added in 2016.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Functions and Programs		LL.	or the Fiscal Ye	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30	30,					
Governmental Activities:	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020	2021
General government Information Technology/GIS:										
# of GIS Parcels Maintained	234,576	236,046 55	238,132 70	240,510 70	243,318 75	246,647	250,929	254,168	260,782	265,405
# of Servers Maintained (2)(4) # of Desktops/Laptops Supported (6)	c/ 1,800	55 1,800	78 1,800	1,800	<i>د)</i> 1,800	115 2,250	226 2,450	286 2,650	3,370	307 3,390
Register of Deeds: Total Documents Filed	142,085	153,410	153,019	163,657	158,370	153,432	151,273	143,239	145,226	163,184
Assessor:										
Assessments of Building Permits	8,506	7,269	4,997	4,073	6,034	7,573	8,592	10,136	10,230	12,801
Special Assessments	10,255	8,143	9,169	10,008	13,264	12,345	13,730	13,350	13,602	15,385
Real Property Parcels Human Resources:	248,050	246,240	246,960	247,948	250,597	253,315	262,740	266,715	272,317	277,231
# of Applications Taken	14,701	15,170	21,164	18,080	19,826	16,691	15,445	12,505	9,160	9,410
Public safety Police:										
# of Calls for Service	129,109	120,796	120,771	123,458	119,816	122,645	121,979	117,504	117,373	125,986
# of Index Crimes	9,174	9,559	9,086	9,207	9,431	8,855	7,454	10,311	7,660	9,277
Index Crime Clearance Rate	18.15%	23.98%	24.51%	17.81%	15.76%	22.92%	27.97%	17.58%	16.73%	17.34%
# of Call Responsive Officers Per Shift	18	23	25	21	25	25	25	21	24	21
Fire/Rescue:										
# of Calls for Service	46,468	48,454	52,278	52,501	57,791	59,315	62,462	62,355	61,987	69,418
# of Structure Fires	586	436	540	287	542	508	577	563	539	517
# of Ambulance Transports	23,831	23,967	24,805	26,922	28,909	29,797	30,432	29,984	30,009	33,497
# of Career Fire Fighters Per Shift	93	96	107	107	107	107	107	106	116	116
Emergency 911:										
# of 911 Calls (3)	249,786	233,032	210,310	250,681	268,417	272,254	242,684	270,532	256,323	283,379 250,465
# of Kadio Uispatcries (3) # of Telecommunicators Der Shift	724,52U 11	223,380 11	223,241 11	234,841 11	235,399 11	730,06/ R	238,8U3 10	243,140 10	238,4U0 0	0204,202 0
Sheriff's Office/Jail:	-	=	:	:	:	>	2	2	0	>
# of Bookings Average Daily Population	13,013 635	13,290 629	13,308 659	13,069 608	12,693 624	12,193 716	12,881 773	12,078 745	9,861 707	9,856 569
Infrastructure and regulation Code Enforcement:										
# Building Permits Public Works	7,250	8,082	8,997	10,217	11,149	11,935	12,493	12,988	13,396	15,894
Miles of Dirt Road Scraped	682	667	647	639	617	600	578	551	521	509
Dirt Roads Paved	5.74	4.03	7.23	4.70	6.47	5.51	2.99	4.44	1.84	1.68
Signage Replaced/Installed Miles of Ditches Cleaned	1,324 240	1,186 219	898 694	1,018 679	1,075 403	761 599	1,047 578	589 551	1,145 521	580 1,018

**OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION** HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

877 434 5,835 325,399 6,785 372 6.30 1,033,619 153,834 980,079 2021 884 366 6,701 17.05 469,736 8,799 372 903,635 1,055,570 2020 592,912 6.38 343 5,994 11,785 519 1,282,736 173,263 891 1,071,981 2019 867 334 6,606 19.22 414 164,260 1,207,696 12,375 1,028,881 625,657 2018 319 845 330 8,171 1,029,014 13.64 596,470 173,670 380,413 12,116 2017 838 325 8,456 942,948 17.57 702,067 11,603 248 1,045,682 170,606 2016 For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 832 320 8,042 726,015 1,040,622 11,404 245 182,450 886,345 3.92 2015 828 311 8,386 11.50 ,013,753 176,218 863,393 733,530 12,238 227 2014 785,768 830 310 7,592 15,318 223 777,998 9.23 973,605 154,633 2013 822 272 7,835 656,379 12,290 216 818,477 339,393 160,062 6.01 2012 # Heavy Equipment Vehicles Maintained # Vehicles Repaired or Work Orders Governmental Activities (Continued): Culture, recreation and tourism New Patrons Registered Functions and Programs Business-type Activities: # Vehicles Maintained Patron Traffic Count Paid Tickets (1) (5) Parks & Recreation: Dirt Roads Paved Baseball Stadium: Deplanements # Programs Circulation Engineering Airports Library: Fleet:

Notes:

Fiscal Year is January through December. Revenue months are April through September. Source: Myrtle Beach Pelicans Finance Department
 The FY2012 reduction of the "# of Servers maintained" is a direct result of the use of virtual technology, which is the configuration of one physics

This reduction in the number of physical servers has resulted in improved efficiencies in heating and cooling, electricity, and a greater utilization of the actual physical servers themselves. The FY2012 reduction of the "# of Servers maintained" is a direct result of the use of virtual technology; which is the configuration of one physical server into multiple "virtual" servers.

The increase in 911 calls for FY2012 is due primarily to the implementation of a new system that replaced an old system with less accuracy. (3)

This new system utilizes a different reporting mechanism thereby increasing the accuracy of tracking 911 calls. The County implemented this new system in March 2012.

The FY2018 increase in the number of servers is due to the implementation of the new Disaster Recovery Center at ML Brown for redundancy should the Elm Street Data Center go down. FY2020 baseball season was cancelled due to impacts from COVID-19. (4) The FY2018 increase in the number of st
(5) FY2020 baseball season was cancelled
(6) Physical desktop count to FY2016; laptol
Source: Various Horry County Departments

Physical desktop count to FY2016; laptop count added in FY2017; virtual laptop count added in FY2020.

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HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		For the	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ar Ended Jı	une 30,					
Functions and Programs	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
<b>Governmental Activities:</b>										
<b>General government</b> Building Complexes	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	Q	Q
Public safety Police (1): Patrol units Shariff/Detention Center	279	285	229	194	207	211	185	184	200	210
Transport Vehicles	67	106	107	110	111	116	126	135	136	136
Truckscue. Stations Trucks(Fire/Pumpers) Ambulances	39 68 29	35 66 29	39 66 28	39 66 28	39 66 28	39 72 28	39 64 28	39 64 32	39 64 32	39 56 32
<b>Health and social services</b> Health Departments (bldg) (2) Social Services (bldg)	ο <del>-</del>	ς, <del>Γ</del>	cn ←	cn ←	cn ←	cn ←	cn ←	cn ←	cn ←	<b>ω</b> –
Infrastructure and regulation Highways and streets: Roads (miles) Heavy equipment:	1429	1436	1440	1442	1456	1462	1478	1479	1485	1507
Motorgraders Dump trucks Other	15 23 109	17 19 148	16 20 152	14 20 157	14 20 163	14 23 167	11 23 172	11 23 183	11 26 195	11 24 198
<b>Culture, recreation and tourism</b> Museums Libraries Bookmobile	- 0 D	2 <del>1</del> 2	- 1 2	o 1 -	o 6 -	o 6 -	0 <del>6</del> -	ч <del>с</del> -	а <del>6</del> –	а <del>с</del> -

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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		For the	e Fiscal Yea	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	ine 30,					
•	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Functions and Programs Governmental Activities:										
Culture, recreation and tourism (Continued):	ntinued):									
Parks:	ļ	ļ	ļ	1	ļ					
Parks	35	35	35	35	35	34	34	34	34	34
Tennis Courts	13	13	13	13	17	14	14	14	14	14
Ball Fields	38	38	38	38	38	39	39	39	39	39
Soccer Fields	21	21	21	21	21	30	30	31	31	31
Recreation Centers/Headquarters	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Conservation/Natural resources										
Off Site Facilities:										
Boat Landings	27	28	28	28	28	29	29	29	29	29
Watersheds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
<u>Business-type Activities:</u>										
Airports										
Locations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Runways	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Industrial parks										
Locations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	5	5
Baseball stadium										
Baseball field (30% ownership)	<del>.    </del>	~	~	<del></del>	~	<del></del>	~	~	<del>.</del>	<del>.                                    </del>

Notes:

As of FY 2014 count is police patrol units only.
 Two standalone health dept buildings (Conway & Myrtle Beach) and one within another building (Little River).

Source: Horry County Finance Department