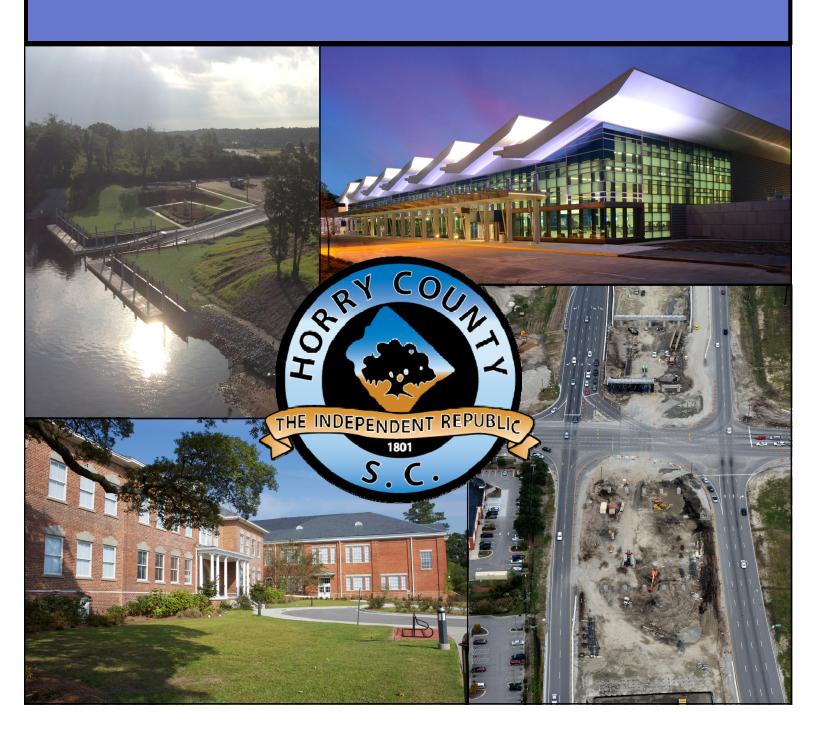
HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013



Myrtle Beach International Airport New Terminal—opened in 2013

Highway 22 & Highway 17

Boat Landing on
Intracoastal
Waterway—
opened in 2013

Highway 17 Bypass & Highway 707 ("Backgate") Interchange—under construction

Horry County Museum Renovated Burroughs School opened in 2013

Photos provided by Horry County Public Information Office, Infrastructure and Regulation Division, and Department of Airports.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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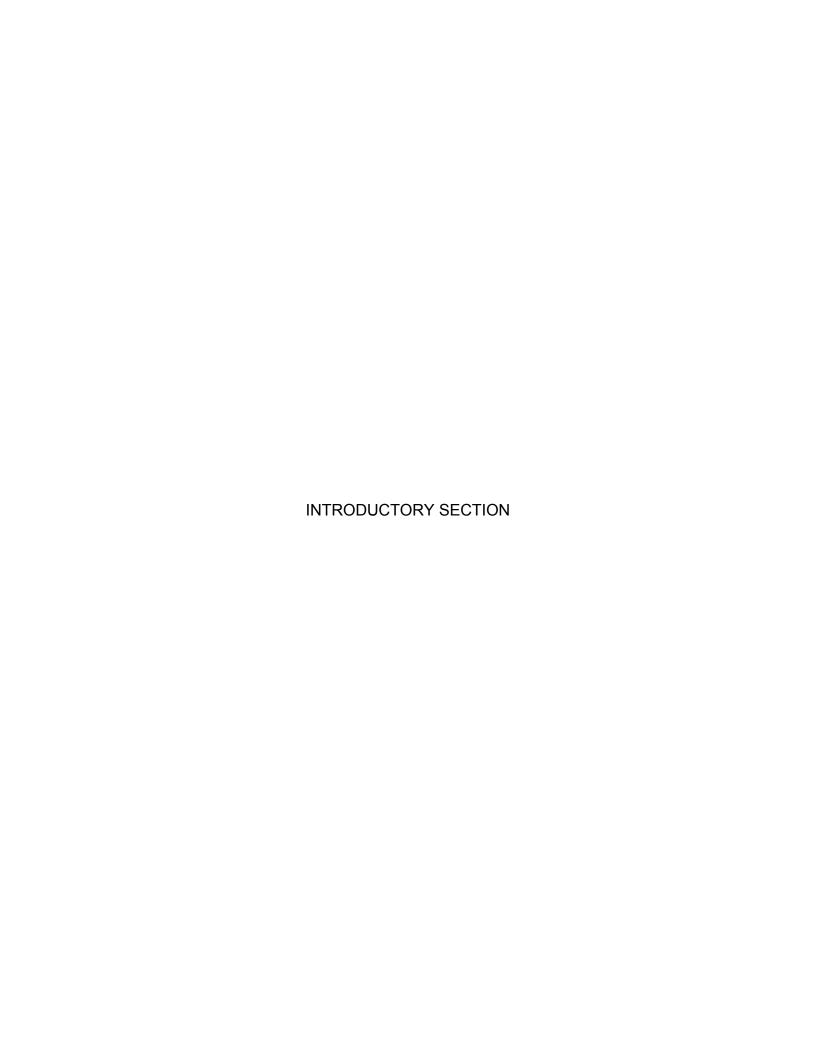
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HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LETTER OF TRANSMITTAL DECEMBER 4, 2013

To the Honorable Chairman, Members of the County Council, County Administrator, and the Citizens of Horry County:

We are pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the County of Horry (the "County") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This report is prepared for the purpose of disclosing the County's financial condition to its residents, elected officials and other interested parties. The financial statements contain all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the County's financial activities.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for both the completeness and reliability of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal control should not outweigh the benefits, Horry County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County financial statements have been audited by Elliott Davis LLC. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the Financial Section of the CAFR. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, are fairly stated in accordance with GAAP. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence to support the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the Management's Discussion and Analysis

and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's Management Discussion and Analysis can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the Government

Horry County is the northeastern most county in the State of South Carolina. Encompassing 1,134 square miles, it is also the largest. The County was incorporated in 1801 with a population of 550. The county was named after Peter Horry who was a descendent of Huguenot settlers and whose family owned several large plantations in the area. He served as a member of the South Carolina General Assembly and as a Brigadier General of Militia during the American Revolution under General Francis Marion, who was known as the Swamp Fox.

Surrounded on the three sides by ocean, rivers, and swamps, Horry developed a distinctive culture, which gave rise to its name, "The Independent Republic of Horry County". From the time of incorporation, the County stood off the edge of South Carolina, both literally and figuratively.

In 1975, the County adopted the Council-Administrator form of government. Under this type of government, each member of council is elected from a district in which he/she lives and a chairman is elected at-large. There are twelve council members in total. Each council member is elected for four-year terms, half of the members being elected every two years. Elections are held every even-numbered year in the month of November.

The Home Rule Act, passed by the General Assembly in 1976, dictates the responsibility of the Council. According to the act, County Council's function is to make policy through ordinances and resolutions and shape those policies through the budget process. The Council is also responsible for appointing the County Administrator, the Registrar of Deeds (RMC) and the Clerk to Council.

The Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances passed by council, for over-seeing day-to-day operations of the government, and for appointing the County's Assistant Administrators. The Administrator performs all necessary administrative duties, as directed by Council, and ensures efficient operation of all County functions.

The County provides a full range of services, including police and fire protection, EMS and E-911 services, the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure, health and social services, recreational and cultural activities, economic development, industrial park development, and other general administrative support services. In addition, air transportation and terminal support are provided under an Enterprise Fund concept, with charges set to provide adequate coverage of operating expenses and payments on outstanding debt.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the County's financial planning and control. All department heads present a departmental budget to the Department of Budget and Revenue Management, which is reviewed and a balanced financial plan is presented to the Administrator. Once the Administrator is satisfied with the recommended budget, it is forwarded to County Council. Council must, according to state law, have three readings of the financial plan ordinance

and a public hearing before it can be passed and become law. The Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted funds within a department and between departments, within the same fund. Budget transfers between funds require amendments to the original ordinance. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. No department funded by the County shall spend or obligate funds in excess of the amount budgeted in total for each fund under any circumstance.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Stability and continued growth in tourism along with improving real estate indicators from increased building permits and RMC values provide a base for the County to continue enhancing our constituent services, focus on economic development, and development of needed infrastructure for the future.

The information following in this letter and presented in the financial statements will give greater details of these accomplishments and is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

Most of the County's sixty (60) miles of beaches stretching from Little River to Pawley's Island have been developed residentially or commercially while at least 32 percent of the remainder of the County is yet to be developed. This stretch of the beach is known as the "Grand Strand". The County leads the state's tourism industry with 31.4 percent of the total domestic traveler spending in 2011. Forty percent of the state's second homes are also located within the County.



The Grand Strand is a major U.S. tourist center. According to a Tourism Economic Impact report produced by the Travel Industry Association of America, 2008 domestic visitor expenditures in the County exceeded \$3.1 billion, accounting for approximately 31.0 percent of the \$9.9 billion of domestic visitor expenditures in the State of South Carolina. The County leads all counties of the State in visitor spending, lodging rentals, employment and tax revenues resulting from travel and tourism. The natural assets of the Grand Strand are the Atlantic Ocean and the mild climate. Average temperature for both air and sea water range from 80 degrees during the summer to about 50 degrees during the winter.

Over the past five years, the Grand Strand area has received numerous accolades from regional and national publications. *US News & World Report* honored Myrtle Beach in multiple categories, including #6 Best Family Beach Vacations, #6 Best Family Vacations in the U.S.A., #7 Best Affordable U.S. Vacations, and #9 Best Beaches in the U.S.A. Myrtle Beach was described as "one of the best East Coast family vacation destinations" and notes that "Southern hospitality is alive and well at Myrtle Beach". *TripAdvisor* named Myrtle Beach as the #1 Best Beach in the United States, and also one of the Top 10 Best in the World. Myrtle Beach ranked as one of the

"Top 100 Small Places for Business and Careers" in a *Forbes* magazine Survey (2009). *TopRetirements.com* ranked Myrtle Beach 25 out of 100 on its "2011: Best Places to Retire" listing.

Most recently, Myrtle Beach was listed on *away.com* "Cheat Sheet of Best Beaches for 2012"; *Trip Advisor* "2011 Traveler' Choice Awards"; *Better Homes & Gardens Real Estate* "America's Most Fun, Affordable Cities'; *Travel Channel* "Top 10 Vacation Spots" and *Travel Ticker* "Top 5 Summer Travel Destinations of 2011."

Golf Digest magazine named four Myrtle Beach area golf courses to its 2009-2010 lists of "America's Top 100 Great Public Golf Courses." Golf Digest also named Myrtle Beach as a "Best Value for the Money Destination" in its 2008 Travel and Destination Survey. A number of specific golf courses, hotels and attractions have been cited for superlative ratings by magazines and agencies including Travel and Leisure magazine,



magazines and agencies including *Travel and Leisure* magazine, *Travelocity*, *Restaurant Business Magazine* and *EscapeHomes.com*.

According to the Myrtle Beach Area Chamber of Commerce (the "Chamber"), the Grand Strand currently has 102 eighteen-hole championship golf courses hosting more than 3.4 million paid rounds in 2010 vs. 3.1 million in 2009.

In its 50th Anniversary year (2004), *Sports Illustrated* named Myrtle Beach a "Sportstown USA" noting that "its leaders recognize that sports are a tremendous force for good in the community."

In 2010, Myrtle Beach opened the 1.2 mile Oceanfront Boardwalk, which was recognized as the nation's number three boardwalk by *National Geographic* magazine and one of the best U.S. boardwalks by *Travel & Leisure* magazine.

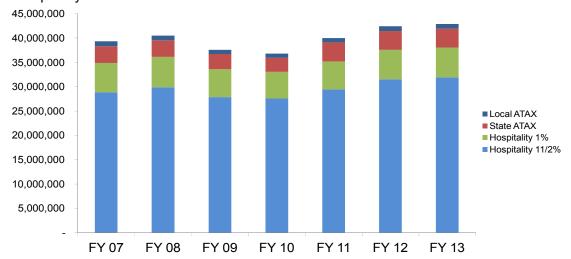
Based upon an estimate of annual visitors to the Myrtle Beach area conducted for the Chamber by D. K. Shifflet & Associates, Ltd., approximately 14.0 million people visited the area in 2010. Based upon the Chamber's 2010 conversion study, 16 percent of the area's visitors came from North Carolina and 35 percent from New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and Virginia. Georgia, Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland and Michigan round out the top ten states, outside of South Carolina, whose residents visit the area. In 2010, the Chamber received nearly 15,000 inquiries from foreign countries. About 98 percent of those came from Canada, with most of the remaining 2 percent coming from England, Germany, France and United Kingdom. Traffic to the VisitMyrtleBeach.com website originated from all 50 states and 203 different countries. The top ten states for web traffic were: North Carolina, South Carolina, New York, Pennsylvania, Georgia, Ohio, Virginia, Illinois, New Jersey, Tennessee and Maryland.

According to the Chamber's 2010 In-Market Visitor Profile Study, the destination continues to attract adults traveling with children in an average party size of five members. Of all travel party types, 64 percent are families, 29 percent are couples, 3 percent are groups of three or more adults, 3 percent are single adults and 1 percent is single adults with children. The average length of stay in 2010 was five days for leisure travelers and three days for business travelers. Grand

Strand leisure travelers spent an average of \$121 per person per day and group business travelers an average of \$190 per person per day. Most Grand Strand visitors (88 percent) used their own cars as their primary means of transportation. A majority (49 percent) of them stayed in hotels, while 29 percent stayed in condominiums or villas.

There are approximately 98,573 bedrooms available for rent along the Grand Strand including 58 percent in hotels/motels, 22 percent in vacation rentals, 11 percent in timeshares, and 9 percent campgrounds. Average hotel and motel occupancy rates on the Grand Strand, as reported in the Grand Strand Economic Quarterly Report for the Second Quarter – 2013, was 53.6 percent in 2013 vs. 50.9 percent in 2012 and the average daily rate was \$94.06 in 2013 vs. \$89.29 in the prior year. Gross retail sales in the County were \$9.01 billion in 2013.

The following graph shows that the County's revenues which are heavily reliant upon the tourism industry have stabilized through these tough economic times and are returning to historic highs. The graph reports actual revenues from State and Local Accommodations Tax (ATAX) as well as Hospitality Fees for FY 2007 – FY 2013.



The following table shows the improving trends, since the economic slow-down in 2008, in retail sales for businesses located in the County for the years shown.

<u>Year</u>	Total Retail Sales
2008	\$9,064,308,659
2009	8,212,831,863
2010	7,858,031,821
2011	8,291,304,481
2012	8,751,960,729
2013	9,011,131,130

The County is more than a bustling center of tourism, it is also a comfortable place in which to live, raise a family, and simply relax and enjoy life. County residents have the unique opportunity to both enjoy the pleasant tranquility of country living as well as the numerous amenities offered along the Grand Strand resort areas.

Commercial and Residential Development

The County's economy has reflected stabilization in most of its market segments. However, the real estate market will require more time to fully recover. Fortunately, a fast paced development environment in prior years has generated substantial growth in the County's assessable tax base which is providing a reliable source of revenue to fund the general government activities.

The single family residential market is experiencing resurgence with greater sales volume and higher median sales prices. The Coastal Carolina Association of Realtors reported a 14.6% year over year sales growth in its Grand Strand Market Report for the September 2013. A median sales price increase of 5.9% was also noted along with an increase of 7.3% and 13.7% for condo sales growth and sales price, respectively.

Adjacent to the 1.2 mile, \$6.5 million, Oceanfront Boardwalk opened in Myrtle Beach in 2010, developers have completed a 200-foot tall SkyWheel along with a Jimmy Buffet's LandShark Bar & Grill. These new attractions, opened in May 2011, are expected to reinvigorate the downtown Myrtle Beach area and create an additional 150 jobs.



WonderWorks, the upside-down science attraction, opened in April of 2011 at Broadway at the Beach. The attraction, one of only four in the country, has four floors of interactive exhibits as well as activities such as laser tag, indoor ropes course, and a café and created more than 100 new jobs for the Grand Strand.

The County's largest development, Carolina Forest, was opened by International Paper in 2000. Carolina Forest is approximately 17 square miles, or 10,850 acres. To compare, the City of Myrtle Beach is also approximately 17 square miles or 10,700 acres. In thirty years, 50,000 to 60,000 people could live in Carolina Forest, with it possibly growing into an incorporated town. There will be 37 subdivisions, eight to 10 golf courses, and five million square feet of commercial space. The County's goal has been to make this the County's first fully zoned and planned community. The overall concept is to intersperse houses with sidewalks, arranged by subdivisions with matching signage, all planned around a downtown district with an old-fashioned Main Street called "Town Centre". The population is estimated to be approximately 60 percent retirees and 40 percent younger families. The growth is expected to take place over the next 20 to 30 years. In the last Census Carolina Forest experienced a population growth of 506 percent over the prior ten years and the adjacent community of Forestbrook grew 125 percent.

As of the spring of 2012, two fire/rescue stations, recreation center and library have been completed in the Carolina Forest area. Three elementary schools, a middle school, a high school, and an academy for the arts, sciences and technology have been constructed in the Carolina Forest area by the Horry County School District. New commercial development in Carolina Forest is located within the International Drive area with a Lowe's Food grocery store, 264 unit apartment complex, two convenience stores, McDonalds and Bojangles Famous Chicken 'n Biscuits restaurants, and announcement of a CVS Pharmacy.

The Market Common opened April 3, 2008 in Myrtle Beach, on the site of the former Myrtle Beach Air Force Base, combining housing with about 40 national and local retail stores and restaurants. The Market Common is an upscale, master-planned urban village, located just 1 mile from the ocean and minutes from all Myrtle Beach attractions. Residents can walk to the exceptional shopping and dining options in this area.



In 1999 the Grande Dunes Resort project was begun as a high profile, full service resort stretching from the beach to the Intracoastal Waterway between 82nd Avenue North and the Dunes Golf and Beach Club in Myrtle Beach. The residential resort, touting classic Mediterranean architecture, provides numerous upscale amenities to include golf and tennis facilities, an ocean club, and private marina. Accommodations, upscale shops and restaurants are all part of the Marina Village section of the development, which is open to the public. On September 16, 2008 Grande Dunes Marketplace celebrated its grand opening. This property, located across Highway 17 from the Marina Inn at Grande Dunes and anchored by a 49,000 square-foot Lowes Foods and CVS Drugstore, offers more than 91,000 square-feet of retail space with room for 19 tenants as well as future out parcel spaces. The Grande Dunes Marketplace provides an array of fine retailers and restaurants for Myrtle Beach visitors and residents.

Coastal Grand Mall on US 501 and US 17 Bypass opened in March of 2004 and houses anchor stores such as Belk, Sears, Dillards, JC Penney, Dick's Sporting Goods, and Bed Bath & Beyond. In addition to the mall, space is available for up to 20 out parcels for free standing businesses. Shopping opportunities continue to be bountiful by improvements to the Grand Strand – from the Tanger Outlet Stores on US 501 to the Tanger Outlet Center located in the northernmost section of Myrtle Beach on US 17. Myrtle Beach Mall (formerly known as Colonial Mall), Barefoot Landing and Broadway on the Beach continue to make enhancements to the shopping arena by adding specialty shops, the Pavilion Nostalgia Park and increasing the number of new restaurants.

Sayebrook Town Center expanded in 2013 with the opening of a new 135,000 square foot Target store along with national retailers Marshalls, Petco, and local commercial space.

Coastal North Town Center in North Myrtle Beach has initiated construction and plans to open the 348,000 square foot facility in 2014. The facility will be anchored by a Publix Super Market, Hobby Lobby, TJ Maxx, Ylta Beauty, Dick's Sporting Goods, Ross Dress for Less, Rack Room Shoes, PetSmart, and Versona Accessories.

The Healthcare industry continues as a leading segment of our commercial base with each of the major institutions Grand Strand Regional Medical Center, Conway Medical Center, and McLeod Health (Loris and Seacoast) present in our principal employers top 10 list along with Blue Cross Blue Shield.

Foreclosures

As with many areas of the country, the Grand Strand is experiencing a high volume of foreclosures. Tom Maeser, a real estate analyst for the Coastal Carolinas Association of Realtors, indicates that areas with more investor properties, such as Myrtle Beach, tend to have a higher number of foreclosures because as values drop below the mortgage amounts and the owners aren't making enough rental income, the owners will let the property go into foreclosure. Revenue in the Master in Equity office declined 24% to \$2.1 million from the \$2.7 million average for the last three fiscal years.

Property Assessed Value and Reassessment

While general economic trends softened, fiscal year 2011 was a reassessment year for the County. The reassessment process resulted in a total assessed value for the County that was slightly above the tax year 2009 assessed value, resulting in a minimal amount of millage roll-back. State law has a specific calculation requirement regarding rolling-back millage in a reassessment year so that the government does not generate more revenue as a result of reassessment. This methodology is so conservative that in actuality, the County generates less revenue in a reassessment year than in the prior year. The County is required to roll-back millage to generate the amount of revenue that was actually collected in the prior year, not what was billed. By rolling the millage back to the actual prior year collected amount, the reassessment year revenue drops from the prior year as a result of taxes that are billed that are not collected in that year. In fiscal year 2012, lower assessed value for personal property resulted in lower revenue; however increased real property values resulted in an overall stable assessed values and tax revenue.

Horry County's Assessed Values for Real and Personal Property

, ,			
Tax Year	Real ⁽¹⁾	Personal ⁽¹⁾	Total ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾
2007	\$1,466,803,000	\$302,173,000	\$1,768,976,000
2008	1,663,986,000	306,600,000	1,970,586,000
2009	1,703,167,000	303,012,000	2,006,179,000
2010	1,753,786,000	275,204,000	2,028,990,000
2011	1,766,946,000	277,772,000	2,044,718,000
2012	1,764,836,000	289,034,000	2,053,870,000

⁽¹⁾ Numbers Rounded

The South Carolina General Assembly, in its 2011 session, modified the annual operating millage limits and roll-back limitations on increases in assessed value through reassessment on a prospective basis. This amendment modifies the roll-back calculation to use taxes billed vs. taxes collected in the previous year and increases the millage cap to include the current year population and CPI percentage increases plus any allowable but not imposed increases for the preceding

⁽²⁾ Does not include Merchant's Inventory of \$10,571,700

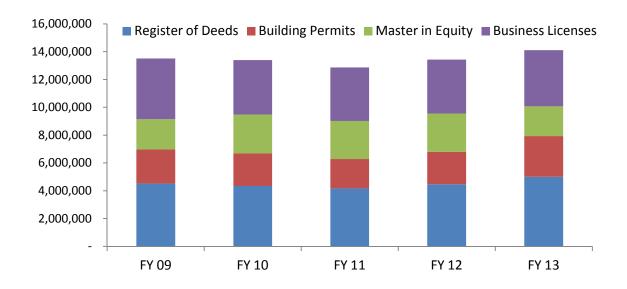
three years. The 2011 Amendments further provided for an exemption from the increase in assessed value as of the date of an assessable transfer equal to 25 percent of the assessed value of certain real property subject to a 6 percent assessment ratio (generally, commercial property).

Building Permits Issued

The following table shows that the unincorporated area of the County declined from its peak in construction during fiscal years 2006 and 2007. As the housing and construction markets began to slow-down during fiscal year 2007, along with the impact of the challenges in the banking industry during fiscal year 2008, building permits issued dropped to a five year low of 6,679 in fiscal year 2009. The volume of permits and related revenue stabilized in fiscal years 2010, 2011, and 2012, During 2013, the number or permits issued increased in excess of 11%; additionally the values increased at a much greater pace resulting in a 31% increase in revenues.

Number of Building			
Fiscal Year	Permits Issued	<u>Revenue</u>	
2008	8,459	\$4,726,984	
2009	6,679	2,460,389	
2010	7,397	2,338,830	
2011	7,258	2,106,250	
2012	7,250	2,321,424	
2013	8,082	3,046,517	

Revenue sources that increased as the commercial and residential development flourished include business license fees, building permit fees, and RMC recording fees and documentary stamps. As the economy made a downward turn during fiscal year 2008, revenues from these sources began to decline, but revenues from the Master in Equity's Office, who handles foreclosures, began to increase. Revenues from these economically sensitive areas appear to have stabilized and are now reflecting a moderate growth. The FY 2014 budget anticipates increased revenue levels from these sources from the FY 2013 actual revenues.



Long-term Financial Planning

Fund balance in the General Fund at June 30, 2013 of \$40.0 million (29.2 percent of the fiscal year 2014 General Fund expenditure budget) continues to fall within the policy guidelines set by County Council for budgetary and planning purposes (15 percent of the next year's General Fund operating budget).

To address the ongoing capital needs for the growing county, County Council approved the development of a Capital Improvement Program Policy. This policy calls for the adoption of a formal five-year Capital Improvements Program to be updated annually. The policy calls for the County to budget as pay-as-you-go funding for capital improvements an amount equal to at least 3 percent of General Fund operating revenues.

Major Initiatives

Economic Development

Our strong commitment to building and diversifying our economy is evidenced by our support and funding of the Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation. Results include a number of expansions and openings announced in 2012 and 2013 with announcements of 734 new jobs.



Native Sons is one of the largest screen printing and embroidery companies on the east coast with local, regional and national clients including Abercrombie & Fitch. They are head-quartered in Myrtle Beach and announced a 79 job expansion with a capital investment of \$2.175 million in 2012.

BauschLinneman, a Surteco company, announced a corporate headquarters and manufacturing relocation into Horry County in 2012. They make laminated paper products and edge bandings with wood grain coatings for the furniture industry. The relocation will result in 55 new jobs and a capital investment of \$7.715 million. The facility will be open and operational October 2013. They are currently hiring.



Frontier Communications announced a 90 job customer support center that included a \$1.55 million capital investment in 2012. Today, the company has 130 jobs filled and is looking to add 20 more employees.





Canfor Southern Pine, a forest products manufacturer headquartered in Horry County, announced a 56 job expansion with a \$3.6 million capital investment in 2012.





Connecticut based PTR Industries announced a large relocation of their firearms manufacturing facility to Horry County on June 24, 2013. The project will consist of 145 new jobs and a capital investment of \$8 million. Production is expected to begin by December of 2013 after the renovation of a County owned building is complete.



The County is currently developing an International Technology and Aeronautical Park (the "ITAP") on 460 acres located on the County-owned Myrtle Beach International Airport property. Initial spending for development of the Park is \$3.8 million. Phase two of the development includes a ramp and taxiway from the existing Myrtle Beach International Airport runway with a \$5.2 million budget funded by a \$3.75 million FAA grant, Rural Development Fund contributions and proceeds from airport land sales. Spending during FY2013 of \$545,000 is for survey, testing, and design.

The County currently operates three (3) industrial parks, and is in the planning stages of two additional parks, which are industry specific. Overall, community commitment exists to bring in new industry – as demonstrated by the example of Horry Electric Cooperative's contributions, through the Rural Development Act, to assist in the infrastructure development of two of these parks. Through these contributions, the County has funded the construction of a shell building within the County's "Certified Park" known as Cool Spring Business Park. Another industrial park project being pursued in conjunction with Grand Strand Water & Sewer is a Marine Park in Bucksport.

Airport

The Myrtle Beach International Airport (the "Airport" or "MYR"), located in the City of Myrtle Beach (the "City") one mile from the Atlantic Ocean, serves as the scheduled commercial service airport for the County and the Grand Strand region. The Airport is owned by the County and operated by its Department of



Airports, an Enterprise Fund of the County. The Airport is equipped to handle aircraft of all sizes, including wide-body type aircraft.

771,564 passengers enplaned at MYR in fiscal year 2013, versus 818,002 enplanements in fiscal year 2012. This 5.7% decline is partially attributable to decrease in seat capacity offered by airlines servicing MYR during the first half of the fiscal year. Carriers increased seating capacity in the second half of the 2013 fiscal year. Passenger enplanements for the 2013 calendar year through August 31 increased by more than 12% from the same period in calendar 2012. Passenger enplanements for the month of August 2013 were 21% higher than August 2012 and represent the highest enplanement activity for August in the Airport's history. The Airport is served by Delta Air Lines, Spirit Air Lines, US Airways, and United Airlines as Signatory Airlines. The Signatory Airlines along with Allegiant, Porter, and WestJet, offer daily, nonstop flights to and from over 25 destinations and connections through hubs in Atlanta, Charlotte, Chicago, New York and Newark, among others.

Horry County broke ground on the Terminal Capacity Enhancement Program on May 17, 2010 for the program to involve airside and landside improvements to the current facility plus an addition of a new 240,000 SF passenger terminal and concourse increasing the number of departure gates from seven (7) to thirteen





(13) while adding three (3) new ground loading positions. To support the expansion, a new automated baggage handling system, and new passenger boarding bridges were added while the airport's apron pavement and taxiway were reconstructed and expanded. A new rental car facility with a pedestrian canopy was added to maximize the efficiency of the facility, and a covered exit plaza with employee

facilities were added while the existing parking lot, roadway circulation and access roads were renovated and expanded. In all, the total footprint of the airport terminal has increased from 155,000 SF to 430,000 SF. Concurrently, the Airport expanded Taxiway "A" and extended Harrelson Boulevard, the major traffic artery to and from the Airport, to span the distance between US Highway 17 on the west side of the City and Highway 17 Business running parallel to the coast on the City's east side.



In addition to the commercial airline facilities, complete services are available at the Airport for all size general aviation, corporate and charter aircraft, including helicopters. Several air cargo companies also have flight operations from the Airport. The Airport's General Aviation Terminal ("GAT") annually accommodates over 45,000 passengers arriving in private aircraft. The Airport recently completed and opened for business a new \$4 million GAT facility with 11,000 square feet of space on a single level. The new facility incorporates many state-of-the-art systems to ensure a sustainable "green" design. The old facility is slated for demolition.

The County also owns and operates general aviation airports in North Myrtle Beach, Conway and Loris. Both the Grand Strand Airport located in North Myrtle Beach and the Conway-Horry County Airport located in Conway serve private and corporate aircraft with parking, refueling and maintenance. Currently, there are no services available on the Loris Airport. In February 2006, the South Carolina Department of Commerce, Division of Aeronautics released an economic impact study of the County's airports. That study, prepared by Wilbur Smith Assoc., estimates the direct and indirect economic impact of the four county airports is over \$776.3 million annually.

Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE)

The most aggressive road construction program in the history of the County, Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE), was approved by Governor Beasley in September 1996. The RIDE Project was the initiation of a comprehensive solution for transportation problems which pairs significant funding from the local level with funding provided by the State of South Carolina. The County enacted an ordinance in the fall of 1996 that implemented a 1.5% Hospitality Fee (accommodations, restaurants, amusements, golf and theaters) effective January 1, 1997. The purpose of this fee is to provide the financial ability for the County to partner with the State of South Carolina to meet the infrastructure needs of the County.

The participating parties in the RIDE project are the County, the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank and the South Carolina Department of Transportation. The role of the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank is to provide the necessary financing and funding for the RIDE project. More detailed information about the technical aspects of the intergovernmental agreement is provided in Note 17 of the basic financial statements.

Pursuant to the Horry County Road Improvement and Development Effort Program (the "RIDE Program"), the County entered into various long-term loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank (the "SIB") to provide funding for various road construction projects in the County. The State Infrastructure Bank has made available financial assistance, in the form of both loans and grants, to the County under several intergovernmental agreements (IGA). The following three loans were made under these agreements: IGA Loan #1 - \$300,000,000, IGA Loan #2 - \$247,577,000 and IGA Loan #3 - \$2,279,950 for a total of \$549,856,950. The County is required to make payments from its Hospitality 1.5% Special Revenue Fund to repay loans #1 and #2. Loan #3 has been repaid from Admissions Tax revenue. The County is not obligated to make payments from any other source of funds and the County's full faith, credit and taxing power are not pledged in connection with the loans from the State Infrastructure Bank. The current and long-term portion of outstanding debt service related to the RIDE project as of June 30, 2013 is \$230.1 million. Future debt service payments for the RIDE project are expected to be \$260.1 million.

In June of 2007, the County entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the State Infrastructure Bank in which the County received a funding commitment for the extension of the Carolina Bays Parkway and the widening of Highway 707 of \$150 million from the State Infrastructure Bank. A portion of the revenue from the Capital Local Option Sales Tax initiative passed by the voters in 2006, (\$93.6 million) serves as the local match for the SIB funds. Additionally, in November of 2007 the State Infrastructure Bank approved additional funding of \$85 million, without a local match requirement, for the extension of the Carolina Bays Parkway due to increased costs.

Road Projects

On November 7, 2006, the voters of the County passed a one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax that went into effect May 2007, and by state law, will end seven years later. The County is slated to receive \$425.3 million over this seven-year period to fund the below listed projects.



	stimated Cost	Prioritized Road Projects and status as of July 1, 2013
	resented in referendum	
1.	\$ 19,600,000	Pave 20 miles of County dirt roads – completed at a cost of approximately \$11.7 million.
2.	\$ 915,000	Resurface 12 miles of County roads – completed at a cost of \$923,000.
3.	\$ 49,500,000	Construct grade separated interchange at the intersection of U.S. Hwy 17 Bypass and SC Hwy. 707 at the back gate of the Myrtle Beach Air Base – design and right-of-way acquisition complete; construction approximately 65 percent complete;; construction began in spring 2011. A Federal Match Grant of \$15 million was awarded to this project in fiscal year 2011. Additionally, \$1 million of Urban GSATS funds have been allocated to the project. Current estimate of \$121.7 million.
4.	\$132,250,000	Widen SC Hwy. 707 from Enterprise Road to the County line including intersection improvements at SC Hwy 544 – design complete; right-of-way acquisition in progress; initial construction began in spring 2011 but was halted due to permitting delays; construction has restarted in 2013. Current estimate of \$103.4 million.
5.	\$ 25,750,000	Pave 25 miles of County dirt roads – completed at a cost of \$10.6 million.
6.	\$ 990,000	Resurface 12 miles of County roads – completed at a cost of \$923,000.
7.	\$ 46,000,000	Construct Aynor overpass – opened to traffic in August 2012. Current estimate of \$15.97 million.
8.	\$ 1,035,000	Resurface 12 miles of County roads – construction began in spring 2011 and is currently 99% complete. Current estimate of \$1.035 million.
9.	\$ 76,000,000	Widen Glenn's Bay Road to 3 lanes and construct a grade separated interchange at US Hwy. 17 Bypass – design complete; right-of-way acquisition in progress; construction planned for Spring 2014. Current estimate of \$80.1 million.
10.	\$ 1,080,000	Resurface 12 miles of County roads – construction began in 2012 and is currently 44% complete. Current estimate of \$1.35 million.
11.	\$27,750,000	Pave 25 miles of County dirt roads; construction began in 2012. Current estimate of \$20.94 million
12.	\$ 1,125,000	Resurface 12 miles of County roads

13.	\$ 6,500,000	Pave 2 lanes of International Drive from Carolina Forest to SC Hwy. 90 – design and right-of-way acquisition underway. Current estimate of \$15.5 million.
14.	\$ 682,500	Resurface 7 miles of County roads.
15.	\$36,100,000	Pave 30 miles of County dirt roads.







With this funding source approved, the County entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement with the State of South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) to manage the improvements to the four SCDOT facilities, i.e. the Backgate Interchange at Highway 17 & Highway 707; widening Highway 707 to five lanes; construct an Aynor Overpass; and to widen Glenns Bay Road including an interchange at Highway 17 and Glenns Bay Road.

As of June 30, 2013, the capital project sales tax fund had generated \$396.8 million in revenue. Spending totaled \$140.4 million through year end which results in \$256.4 million balance on hand at year end for use in construction on the above projects.

County Council, understanding the need to address road connector/capacity/safety improvements within the County, tasked staff to develop a list of unimproved connector roads. Following staff's presentation and recommendations at the 2006 budget retreat, County Council approved the following priority list of projects and allocated funding to begin the process of making the needed improvements to six of the eleven projects on the priority list. An additional \$1.3 million phase for interchange improvements on Carolina Forest Boulevard is scheduled to begin in 2014.

	I=
1.Postal Way(1.40 miles) - completed at a cost	7.Hwy 501-90 connector road
of \$1,729,327	through Atlantic Center (0.65)
2.River Oaks Blvd. (5.10 miles) - 1st phase	8.Scipio Lane (1.80 miles)
completed at a cost of \$2,066,755.	
3.Carolina Forest Boulevard (5.70 mi)- 1st	9.Tournament Blvd. (1.50 miles)
phase completed at a cost of \$1,897,500	
4.Hwy. 17 Frontage Rd @ Indigo Creek	10.Hwy. 707 to Hwy. 17 and Hwy.
(0.24mi) - completed at a cost of \$115,124	17 to Farrow Blvd. within the old
5.Glenns Bay Rd widening & interchge(0.43 mi) -	Air Base (4.50 mi)
funded by RIDE II	
6. International Drive (4.70 miles) - funded by	11.Fries Bay Road (3.40 miles)
` ,	
6. International Drive (4.70 miles) - funded by RIDE II	11.Fries Bay Road (3.40 miles)

A recognized need for the County is direct Interstate Highway access. The National I-73/I-74/I-75 Association is actively promoting the need of I-73 to enhance the economic success and quality of life to our region. Actual construction has begun on the initial phase of the connection of I-95 to our area. Environmental work is complete on both the northern and southern sections and the Federal Highway Administration has signed the Record of Decision for each. South Carolina



Department of Transportation (the "SCDOT") has completed the right-of-way plans for the southern section, and right-of-ways acquisition is underway for the corridor from I-95 to US 501 (approximately 5 miles). TIGER (Transportation Investment Generating Economic Recovery) funds in the amount of \$10 million were received by SCDOT in February 2010 and these funds were used in August 2011 in Dillon County for a bridge replacement on Catfish Church Road (S-17-63) over I-95 and widening on US 501 and US 301 near Latta. This work is a portion of the overall I-73 project and is expected to be completed in August, 2013. In April 2011, the SCDOT Commission approved a bond package for projects statewide, including \$105 million for construction of an approximate 5.7 mile length of I-73 from I-95 to US 501 in Dillon County, including partial interchanges at I-95 and US 501. The construction plans for this section are complete. Approval of the bond package by the Joint Bond Review Committee and the State Budget and Control Board is needed. SCDOT continues to coordinate with the US Army Corps of Engineers on permit review and approval of the entire I-73 corridor. There is currently no firm timetable for any additional work on the northern section. The total estimated cost of the entire segment in South Carolina is approximately \$2.4 billion.

Capital Projects Completed and Projects under Construction

In FY 2013, the County constructed its newest boat landing on the Intracoastal Waterway near the intersection of Highway 17 and Highway 22 at a cost of \$1.35 million. The landing has 46 parking spots, picnic tables and two boat ramps. The facility was funded as a cooperative project by the County Transportation Committee, Horry County Recreation Department, US Fish and Wildlife Services and the SC Department of Natural Resources.





The County's Fire/Rescue opened its new Juniper Bay Station 8 joint Fire and EMS on January 12, 2013. This new \$1.034 million facility replaces a thirty year old facility and greatly expands the department's response capabilities from this location.

In the FY 2008 budget, County Council approved funding of \$12 million for library facilities, and prioritized its use for libraries in Carolina Forest, North Myrtle Beach, Surfside Beach, Aynor, and Bucksport. The North Myrtle Beach and Surfside Beach facilities opened in May and October 2011, respectively. The Aynor Library renovation construction was complete and the County celebrated its grand re-opening in June 2012.

The Carolina Forest Library was completed in fiscal year 2012 and opened on September 4, 2012. The \$4 million Carolina Forest Library is 20,000 square foot and will host 24 computer stations for the public to access as well as a public meeting room, a conference room that can accommodate small groups, a young adult area, and a separate children's area, which will include its own programming area featuring eight computer stations. The library will be handicap accessible and will feature an enlarged outdoor book return area.



Interior improvements are complete at the Bucksport library which reopened on April 1, 2013. Library renovations totaling \$129,000 include the reconfiguration of space to make more room for 12 computers and more space for programming. The library also received new carpet, a fresh coat of paint, new furnishings and shelving. Mobile shelving was also installed, which allows for more space options to accommodate patrons and various programs that are hosted in the library. Bucksport Library is the first public library in the state to install such mobile shelving that will be accessible to the public.





The Horry County Museum project to renovate the Burroughs School completed during fiscal year 2013 with \$6.5 million in renovations to external and internal foundations and structural systems, internal finishes, mechanical and environmental systems, and exhibits. The New Museum reopened November 5, 2013.

The Historic Burroughs School, constructed between 1905 and 1909, is listed on the National Register of Historic Places. The newly renovated and larger facility has allowed the Museum to provide bigger exhibits, more nationally recognized traveling exhibits, and public programming in the auditorium. New exhibits include:

- Photography-a changing gallery that currently features local photographer Jack Thompson.
- Textiles-another changing gallery that highlights historic sewing machines, washing machines, quilts and costumes.
- A gallery in honor of the 150th anniversary of the American Civil War with items from the South Carolina Museum and the 7th South Carolina Infantry reenactment group.



- A reconstructed waddle and daub Native American house with artifacts from the area.
- Natural History-showcasing native animals including black bears, birds of prey, fossils, and alligators.
- Grand Strand-An area that tells the story of the 20th Century Grand Strand and our tourism culture
- Military History-This exciting new area features a camp similar to Peter Horry's campaign tent as well as relics of life from the Civil War and the history of the Myrtle Beach Air Force Base.



- Agriculture & Industry-Illustrates the progression of agriculture from naval stores and turpentine to logging and eventually tobacco cultivation in Horry County.
- Open Storage-A home for artifacts that are fascinating but not a part of the themed galleries.

The County's Parks and Recreation Departments completed combined officiating, concession, and restroom facilities at both the Carolina Forest Softball Complex (\$350,000) and the Morris Graham Park (\$364,000)

Information Technology Projects

An additional strategic initiative for our Public Safety Division is an upgrade in its communication and data systems to a digital platform. Fiscal year 2012 included the purchase of an upgrade in Motorola computer aided dispatch (CAD) software. This upgrade is currently in the installation process. The County is evaluating the responses of a request for proposals (RFP) for both an Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) and Property Tax Billing systems. This project is anticipated to require twenty-four (24) months to complete with implementation planned to begin in January 2014.

Horry County has announced the launch of a new website redesign at www.horrycounty.org. The redesign includes technological and aesthetic enhancements with improved navigation, better organization of content that also incorporates current web technologies. Horry County Information Technology/GIS staff has been working for nine months on the redesign, which is intended to better meet the needs of customers and visitors by making the site more functional, cleaner and appealing for site visitors. In addition, the site has been updated to feature the new branding elements similar to the county's government access channel that was introduced in 2012.

Horry County is contracting with Emergency Communications Network, Inc. of Ormond Beach, Florida, for its "CodeRED" high-speed telephone emergency notification services. The CodeRED system gives county officials the ability to deliver pre-recorded emergency telephone notification/information messages to targeted areas or the entire county at a rate of up to 60,000 calls per hour. Implementation is planned for the fall of 2013.

Funding

The County's Capital Improvement Plan focuses on on-going projects that are to be funded primarily with pay-as-you go funding, or grants. During 2013, the County issued no additional debt to fund current year capital needs. Additionally, the County initiated \$.46 million of new capital leases for the acquisition ruggedized laptop computers Public Safety and tractors for Beach Services. During the Fiscal Year, the County approved up to \$.85 million in General Obligation Bonds for the Hidden Woods Special Tax District that will be issued in Fiscal Year 2014.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Horry County for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the twenty-sixth consecutive year that Horry County has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, Horry County also received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document dated July 1, 2012 for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the twenty-fourth consecutive year that Horry County has received this prestigious award. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the government's budget document had to be judged proficient as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device.

The preparation of this report could not be accomplished without the efficient and dedicated services of the staff of the entire Finance Department. A special acknowledgement goes to Ms. Julie Bilderback, Financial Analyst, and Ms. Pam Hill, Financial Planning and Reporting Manager for their leadership in this effort. I appreciate the efforts of the staff of Elliott Davis, LLC who provide technical guidance and assistance. I also express my gratitude to the many County employees from other departments who support the efforts of the Finance Department in the preparation of this report. Special appreciation goes to the Horry County Council; the County Administrator; the Assistant County Administrators, and the Budget Director for their leadership and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the County in a fiscally responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Barry R Spivey, CPA CGMA

Finance Director





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

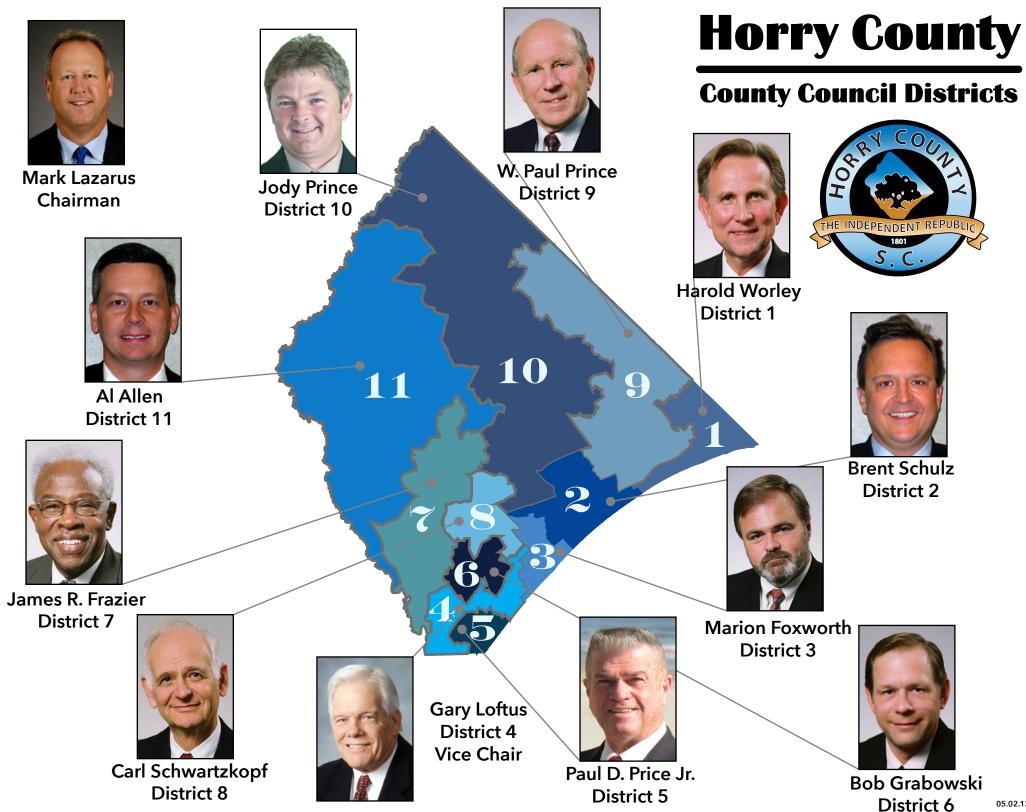
Presented to

Horry County South Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2012

Executive Director/CEO



MEMBERS OF COUNTY COUNCIL

Mark Lazarus Chairman

Gary Loftus Member, District 4 and Vice Chairman

Harold G. Worley

Brent J. Schulz

Marion D. Foxworth, III

Paul D. Price, Jr.

Robert P. Grabowski

James R. Frazier

Carl H. Schwartzkopf

W. Paul Prince

Member, District 1

Member, District 5

Member, District 6

Member, District 7

Member, District 8

Member, District 8

W. Paul Prince Member, District 9
Jody Prince Member, District 10
Al Allen Member, District 11

ELECTED OFFICIALS

M. Lois Eargle Auditor

Melanie Huggins-Ward Clerk of Court

Robert Edge, Jr. Coroner

Deirdre W. Edmonds Judge of Probate

Phillip E. Thompson Sheriff

Jimmy Richardson Solicitor Fifteenth Circuit

Roddy Dickinson Treasurer

APPOINTED OFFICIALS

Margie Livingston Chief Magistrate
Pat Hartley Clerk of Council

Clif Boyer Library

Cynthia Graham Howe Master in Equity

Orrie West Public Defender Fifteenth Circuit

Ballery Skipper Register of Deeds
Sandy Martin Registration & Election

Wendell Allen Veteran's Affairs

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICIALS

Chris Eldridge County Administrator

Anne Wright Assistant County Administrator - Administration
Paul Whitten Assistant County Administrator - Public Safety
Steve Gosnell Assistant County Administrator - Infrastructure

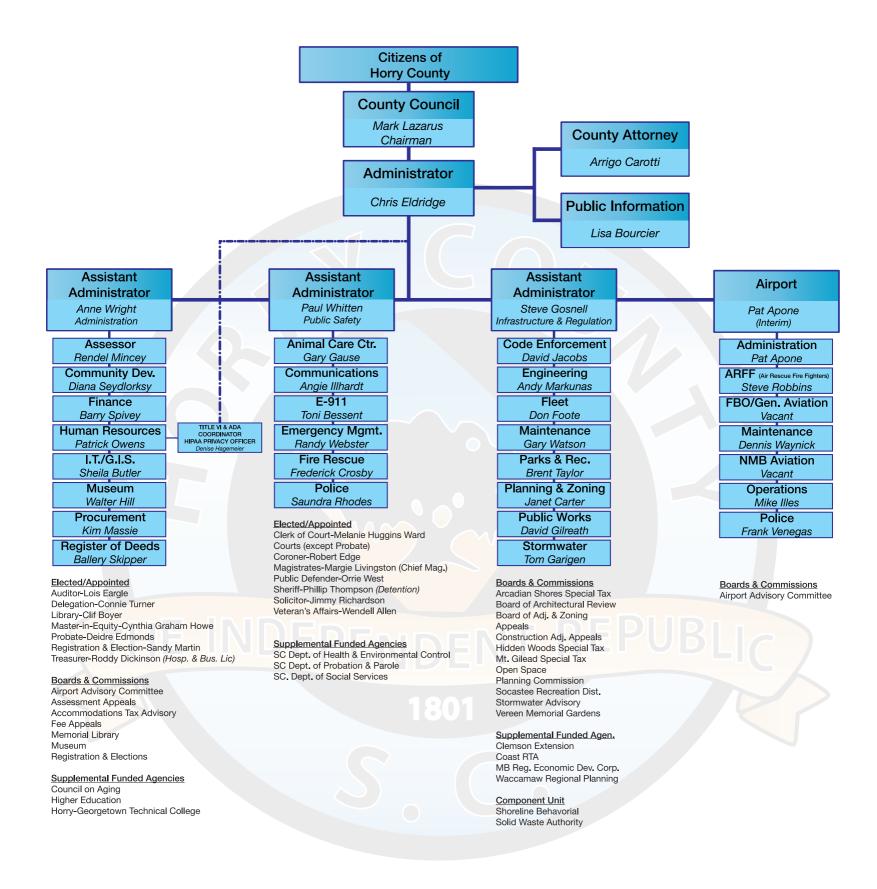
and Regulation

Pat Apone Interim Director Department of Airports

Arrigo Carotti County Attorney

Rendel Mincey Assessor

As of 11/19/13





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Chairman and Members of County Council Horry County, South Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Horry County, South Carolina (the "County"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of Horry County Department of Airports (enterprise fund), Shoreline Behavioral Health Services, or the Horry County Solid Waste Authority (both discretely presented component units). The Horry County Department of Airports' financial statements represent 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the business-type activities. The Shoreline Behavioral Health Services' and the Horry County Solid Waste Authority's financial statements represent 100 percent of the assets, net assets, and revenues of the discretely presented component units. Those financial statements were audited by other auditors whose reports thereon have been furnished to us, and our opinion insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the enterprise fund and both discretely presented component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audit and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information, consisting of the budgetary comparison schedules – general fund, required supplementary information for governments that use the modified approach for infrastructure assets, and the schedule of funding progress for other post employment benefits plan, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedule, general improvements capital project budgetary schedule, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedule, general improvements capital project budgetary schedule, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit, the procedures described above, and the report of other auditors, the combining and individual major and nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison major and nonmajor fund financial schedules, capital asset schedules, fines, assessments, and surcharges schedule, capital project sales tax budgetary schedule, general improvements capital project budgetary schedule, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2013 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Charleston, South Carolina December 4, 2013

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis provides a narrative overview and analysis of the County's financial activities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and additional information furnished in our Letter of Transmittal, which can be found on the pages prior to this report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Statement of Net Position reflects total assets of \$1.53 billion. This represents an \$70.2 million increase from fiscal year 2012. Capital assets increased \$50.4 million due primarily to spending for new construction including \$44.3 million for the expansion of the airport, \$10.9 million in construction of road improvements, \$5.5 million in construction of the museum, \$1.3 million in construction of Highway 22 boat landing, \$1.0 million in construction for fire stations, 1.1 million in construction for park and recreation centers, \$.5 million in construction for libraries, and \$4.9 million in light and heavy fleet equipment. The spending for new construction is reduced by depreciation during the year of \$24.4 million and asset disposals of \$1.4 million.
- Total liabilities decreased \$37.6 million from fiscal year 2012. During fiscal year 2013, payments on existing County bond obligations totaled \$37.3 million including \$24.3 million for RIDE debt with the State Infrastructure Bank.
- Total net position of the County totaled \$1.02 billion at June 30, 2013 and increased by \$109.3 million from fiscal year 2012. Net investment in capital assets increased \$48.2 million. Restricted net position decreased \$18.2 million due primarily to the business-type activities \$14.7 million utilization of funds held for capital projects. In addition, restricted net position for governmental activities decreased \$6.1 million as the reserves for RIDE Debt Service of \$48.0 million reduces its related debt. Restricted funding for capital projects increased \$37.4 million from growth in revenue accumulated for future construction expenditures. Governmental activities represent \$774.0 million of net position and the business-type activities represent \$245.5 million.
- At June 30, 2013, fund balance for the General Fund was \$40.0 million or 32.5 percent of total General Fund expenditures, compared to \$36.7 million or 30.1 percent for the previous year. The fiscal year 2013 budget anticipated using \$10.6 million of fund balance. Actual results reflect a \$3.3 million increase in fund balance due primarily to an \$8.3 million expenditure savings.
- Property tax revenue for the General Fund for fiscal year 2013 was \$74.9 million compared to \$73.5 million for fiscal year 2012, an increase of 1.9 percent.
- Tourism related revenues, primarily used to fund infrastructure and related debt service, reflected positive growth in fiscal year 2013 as Capital Project Sales Tax increased 1.2 percent to \$66.2 million and Hospitality Fees increased 1.2 percent to \$38.9 million.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The County's financial statements focus on the County as a whole, and on major individual funds. "Funds" are self-balancing sets of accounts that account for specific financial activities that may be regulated, restricted or limited in various ways. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components - 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other required and non-required supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements report information about the County as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. These statements are

designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns, which present a total for the primary government.

The Statement of Net Position includes all of the County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. This statement combines and consolidates governmental funds' current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long term obligations. Net position are the difference between the County's assets and its liabilities.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. Therefore, this statement includes some items that will impact cash flows in future fiscal periods, such as collections of delinquent taxes and the use of earned leave time. This statement is focused on both the gross and net cost of various functions (including governmental, business-type, and component units), which are supported by the government's general tax and other revenues. This statement presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year.

These two government-wide statements report the County's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the County's assets and liabilities, measure the County's financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The government-wide financial statements of the County are divided into three categories:

- Governmental activities are functions that are principally supported by taxes and
 intergovernmental revenues. Most of the County's basic services are included here, such as
 police, fire, public works, parks and recreation, and general administration. Property taxes and
 state and federal grants finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities are functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of the costs through user fees and charges. The County's Department of Airports is reported here.
- Component units are separate legal entities for which the County is financially accountable and
 for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such
 that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.
 Shoreline Behavioral Health Services and the Horry County Solid Waste Authority are
 component units of the County.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the County's most significant funds, not the County as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants. The County uses other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to demonstrate compliance with the use restrictions associated with certain taxes and grants.

All of the County's funds are grouped in the following three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Unlike the government-wide financial statements, which report total financial position, the governmental fund financial statements focus only on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as presenting spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide reconciliations to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains four major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the General Fund, General Improvement Capital Projects Fund, Capital Project Sales Tax Fund, and RIDE Program Debt Service Fund, which are considered to be the major funds. Data for the other twenty-seven (27) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the supplementary information section of this report.

During fiscal year 2011, the County implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 – Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. A new classification hierarchy is established by this Statement based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of its resources reported in government funds. Prior classification of fund balance as Reserved and Unreserved are replaced with classifications of Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Note 1 to the Financial Statements provides the County's accounting policy for determining fund balance classification assignment. Additionally, this Statement provides guidance for governmental fund type definitions. Implemented within these financial statements is a consolidation of several special revenue funds (Hospitality 1.5%, Hospitality 1%, and Local Accommodations) with the fund primarily utilizing those revenues for enhanced clarity in the source and uses of those financial resources.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, special revenue funds, and debt service funds. The general improvement capital projects funds adopt project length budgets. Additionally, budgetary controls are maintained for certain proprietary fund types.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The County maintains two different types of proprietary funds.

Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Enterprise Fund reports the activities of the Department of Airports.

Internal Service Funds are used to account for operations that provide goods and services to other departments or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments on a cost-reimbursement basis. The County's Internal Service Fund reports the activities of Fleet Services, which accounts for the maintenance and replacement of all county vehicles including heavy equipment and light equipment. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, the activities of the Fleet Services Fund have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. They are custodial in nature and therefore do not measure the results of operations, and

consist primarily of property taxes and other revenues collected, temporarily retained and distributed by the County Treasurer to other governments or agencies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39 through 99 of this report.

OTHER INFORMATION

In addition to the basic financial statement notes, this report also contains certain required supplementary information. This information includes a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund, information relating to the condition rating and actual rating and actual maintenance/preservation of the County's road infrastructure and the Department of Airport's infrastructure as well as the funding status of the County's post employment benefit obligation.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial condition and position. In the case of the County, as reflected in the primary government funds, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.02 billion at the close of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

At the end of fiscal year 2013, the County reported the following Net Position:

Horry County's Net Position (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Busine	ss-type		
			Activ	/ities	Tot	tal
	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
Current and Other Assets	\$ 497,188	\$ 453,092	\$ 98,366	\$ 122,636	\$ 595,554	\$ 575,728
Capital Assets, net	703,547	696,020	229,217	186,357	932,764	882,377
Total Assets	1,200,735	1,149,112	327,583	308,993	1,528,318	1,458,105
Current Liabilities	84,134	83,528	14,669	14,597	98,803	98,125
Long-term Liabilities	342,645	381,450	62,569	62,057	405,214	443,507
Total Liabilities	426,779	464,978	77,238	76,654	504,017	541,632
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable revenue-						
Service concession arrangement	-	-	4,792	6,230	4,792	6,230
Total deferred inflows of resources		_	4,792	6,230	4,792	6,230
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	593,157	576,387	169,529	138,123	762,686	714,510
Restricted	343,178	348,119	32,929	45,038	376,107	393,157
Unrestricted (deficit)	(162,379)	(240,372)	43,095	42,948	(119,284)	(197,424)
Total Net Position	\$ 773,956	\$ 684,134	\$ 245,553	\$ 226,109	\$ 1,019,509	\$ 910,243

Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased 13.1 percent from \$684.1 million to \$774.0 million. Net investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position of the County's governmental activities increased 1.2 percent to \$936.3 million at year end. Net investment in Capital Assets and Restricted Net Position of the County's governmental activities are restricted as to the purpose for which they can be used or are invested in capital assets (buildings, roads, bridges, and so on). The County continues to invest in needed capital improvements and provides for a large portion of

annual capital needs without the use of debt thereby increasing Net Position. Restricted Net Position include \$256.4 million excess Capital Project Sales Tax revenues over expenditures. The funds are restricted to specific projects and have accumulated due to permitting delays for several major road projects. As projects are completed, the expenditures will exceed revenue in subsequent years and utilize this accumulated excess over the next several years.

Unrestricted Net Position reflected a \$162.4 million deficit at the end of this year. This deficit is primarily the result of the County's long term debt payable for new roads which are not recorded as County assets because they are State roads, not County roads. In 1996, the County partnered with the State of South Carolina in the RIDE (Road Improvement and Development Effort) program which pairs funding provided at the local level with funding provided by the State of South Carolina in order to facilitate transportation improvements within the County. The RIDE program debt is repaid from a 1.5% county-wide Hospitality Fee enacted locally in 1997. The decrease in the deficit in governmental activities Unrestricted Net Position from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013 of \$31.2 million is primarily attributed to the reduction in the RIDE loans payable of \$24.3 million reduced with the use of funds set aside for capital projects of \$4.6 million and the increase in long term liability for employee benefits of \$.7 million. Net position does not represent the County's position regarding spending, which is presented in the governmental fund statements.

The Net Position of our business-type activities increased 8.6 percent from \$226.1 million in 2012 to \$245.6 million in 2013. This increase resulted from positive non-operating revenues and federal and state restricted capital project grant revenues.

The total fund balances for governmental funds was \$414.3 million at the end of fiscal year 2013. Capital assets are not reported in these funds because they are not financial resources, and are not available to pay for current period expenditures. Capital assets as of June 30, 2013, which are not included in this fund balance totaled \$703.6 million. Long-term liabilities of \$342.7 million are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are also not reported in these funds. A majority of the long-term liabilities, \$203.7 million, is the long-term portion due on the RIDE Intergovernmental Agreements. Under these agreements, the County partnered with the State in receiving \$550 million in loans for road construction in order to meet the infrastructure needs of the County. The County agreed to deposit all receipts of the 1.5 percent portion of its county-wide Hospitality Fee into a Loan Servicing Account at the State Transportation Infrastructure Bank. The State Transportation Infrastructure Bank has provided the funding for various road construction projects in the County through these loans, which the County is repaying with the 1.5% Hospitality Fee. The constructed roads are State roads and are therefore not reflected in capital assets of the County. In accordance with the RIDE Intergovernmental Agreements, the State Treasurer can withhold funds allotted or appropriated by the State to the County and apply those funds to make or complete the required debt service payments should the 1.5 percent portion of the Hospitality Fee not meet the debt service requirements. The citizens of the County have benefited from the construction of these roads that otherwise would not have been possible without the enactment of the Hospitality Fee in January 1997. As of June 30, 2013, the County has remitted to the State Transportation Infrastructure Bank approximately \$48.0 million of 1.5% Hospitality Fees collected in excess of the amount required to meet the scheduled debt service payments. This amount is held in an interest-bearing reserve account by the State Transportation Infrastructure Bank and equates to over one year's debt service requirement.

Governmental activities

Governmental activities increased the County's Net Position during the year by \$89.8 million. This increase was primarily attributable to revenues from Capital Projects Sales Tax and 1.5% Hospitality Fee used in capital projects and debt reduction along with increased revenues in real property and vehicle taxes, Cable TV fees and increased funding from the state LGF. Key elements of this increase are as shown below.

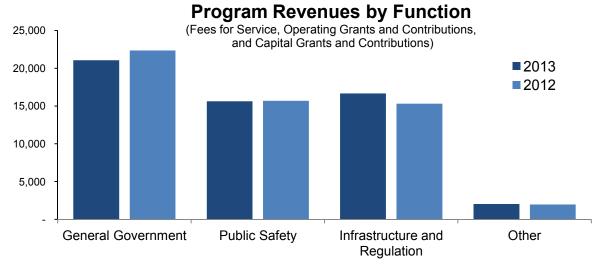
Horry County's Changes in Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

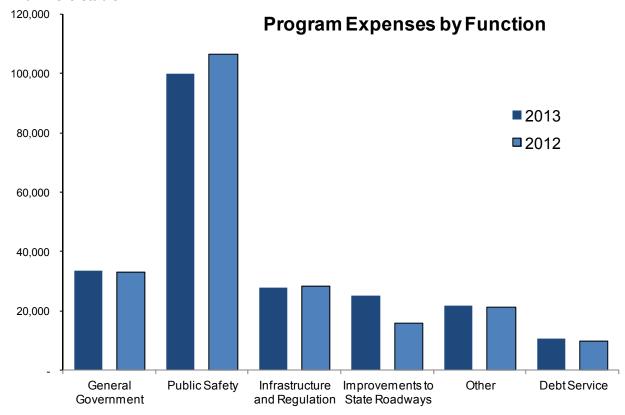
Governmental Business-Type

	Covorimionia		Buomoco i ypo					
	Activities		Activities			Total		
	2013	2012	2013	20	12		2013	2012
Revenues:								
Program Revenues:								
Fees for services	\$ 46,287	\$ 42,179	\$ 24,433	\$ 2	25,841	\$	70,720	\$ 68,020
Operating Grants and Contributions	4,207	2,368	2,424		4,720		6,631	7,088
Capital Grants and Contributions	4,899	6,726	14,565	•	12,949		19,464	19,675
General Revenues: Property Taxes,								
Shared Rev and Unallocated	201,863	192,851	_		-		201,863	192,851
Other	50,912	50,395	504		603		51,416	50,998
Total Revenues	308,168	294,519	41,926	4	44,113		350,094	338,632
Expenses:								
General Government	33,488	33,091	-		-		33,488	33,091
Public Safety	99,823	106,451	-		-		99,823	106,451
Infrastructure and Regulation	27,786	28,236	-		-		27,786	28,236
Improvements to state roadways	25,118	15,722	-		-		25,118	15,722
Health and Social Services	2,753	2,659	-		-		2,753	2,659
Culture, recreation and tourism	11,376	10,523	-		-		11,376	10,523
Economic Development	2,882	3,555	-		-		2,882	3,555
HGTC and Higher Education Com.	4,635	4,547	-		-		4,635	4,547
Debt Service	10,485	9,652	-		-		10,485	9,652
Airports			22,482		19,834		22,482	19,834
Total Expenses	218,346	214,436	22,482	•	19,834		240,828	234,270
Increase in Net Position	89,822	80,083	19,444	2	24,279		109,266	104,362
Net Position – July 1	684,134	604,051	226,109	20	01,830		910,243	805,881
Net Position – June 30	\$ 773,956	\$684,134	\$245,553	\$ 22	26,109	\$1	,019,509	\$910,243

Program Revenues and Expenses – Governmental Activities



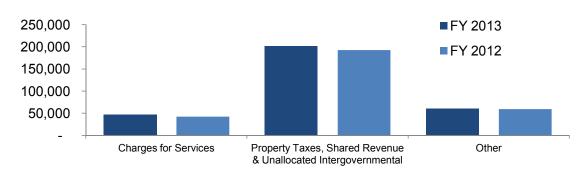
Program revenues in governmental activities increased \$4.1 million for fiscal year 2013. Program revenues are comprised of Fees for Services, Operating Grants and Contributions, and Capital Grants and Contributions. In 2013, Fees for Services increased by \$4.1 million from Cable TV, Planning, Business licenses, Building Inspection Permits, EMS fees and RMC Fees. as lower revenues were generated through the Master in Equity and Magistrate Courts. Grants and Contributions of \$9.1 million were stable.



Program expenses in governmental activities increased \$3.9 million due primarily to \$9.4 million for improvements to state roadways funded through the Capital Project Sales Tax and Road Maintenance/CTC funds. Current year spending decreased \$6.6 million in public safety expenditures primarily in the Capital Projects Fund as the prior year had completed the Detention Center and

communications upgrades. Current year spending on debt service and in additional operating costs for recreation facilities increased and were offset by decreases in transportation projects and economic development.

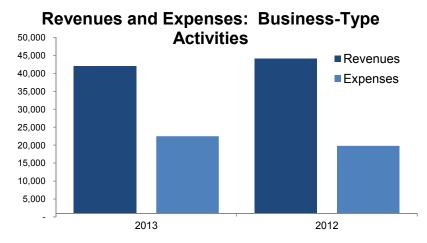
Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities



Revenues in the governmental activities increased \$13.6 million for fiscal year 2013 which include the increases noted above in Program Revenues of \$4.1 million, increases in property taxes and fees—in-lieu of taxes of \$3.5 million, General Revenues of \$1.9 million (Capital Projects Sales Tax), Intergovernmental-unrestricted of \$3.5 million (LGF and Capital Projects Fund boat landing funding from State) and Other Revenue of \$.5 million (Hospitality Fees).

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the County's net position by \$19.4 million, primarily the result of capital grant revenues and other non-operating revenues.



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, as well as the restrictions on the use of certain revenues.

Governmental funds

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's

financing requirements. In particular, committed and unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of fiscal year 2013, the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$414.3 million, an increase of \$43.6 million from the prior year. Unassigned Fund Balance which is undesignated in the governmental funds of \$7.1 million is available for spending at the County's discretion. The remainder of the Fund Balance is restricted and nonspendable, to indicate that it is not available for new spending or committed and assigned because it has already been identified for a specific purpose.

Horry County's Governmental Funds Ending Fund Balance

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	2013	2012	Vá	ariance
Nonspendable				
Inventory and prepaid	\$ 1,994	\$ 189	\$	1,805
Restricted				
Debt service	61,326	61,755		(429)
Capital	257,388	224,517		32,871
Other	45,964	35,463		10,501
Committed				
Stabilization	19,327	18,479		848
Future general fund budget	7,058	8,371		(1,313)
Economic development	1,960	4,159		(2,199)
Capital	3,663	11,492		(7,829)
Other	7,132	-		7,132
OPEB	896	343		553
Assigned				
Other purposes	474	-		474
Unassigned	 7,138	 5,974		1,164
Total	\$ 414,320	\$ 370,742	\$	43,578

The General Fund, General Improvements Capital Projects Fund, Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund, and the RIDE Program Debt Service Fund are reported as major funds.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of fiscal year 2013, total Fund Balance reached \$40.0 million. Council committed \$27.5 million of fund balance for a fiscal stabilization reserve (\$19.3 million) and use in the fiscal year 2013 budget (\$8.2 million). An additional \$473,501 is assigned resulting in an Unassigned Fund Balance of \$8.3 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both Unassigned Fund Balance and total Fund Balance to total fund expenditures. Unrestricted Fund Balance represents 30.1 percent of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 32.6 percent of that same amount.

The Fund Balance of the General Fund increased by \$3.3 million during the current fiscal year. This increase is a result of revenues over budget of \$5.5 million coupled with positive expenditure savings to budget of \$8.3 million. Due to deliberate measures to control spending, the expected use of \$10.6 million from Fund Balance, as anticipated in the budget, was not needed to fund FY 2013 operations.

Net change in fund balance

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Net change in Fund Balance from FY 2012	\$	3,300
Net budget savings from the General Fund	\$	13,902
Other Financing Sources (Uses) under budget		56
Expenditures under budget		8,338
Revenues over budget	\$	5,508
Planned use of fund balance	\$ ((10,602)

The following chart shows the increases and decreases in revenue, expenditures and other financing sources (uses) for fiscal year 2013 when compared to the revenue, expenditure and other financing sources (uses) reported for fiscal year 2012. The revenue, expenditure and other financing sources (uses) activity for fiscal year 2013 generated a net increase in Fund Balance of \$3.3 million in the General Fund.

Comparison of FY 2013 General Fund Results to FY 2012

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Increase in Property Taxes, primarily vehicle due to increased values & billings Increase in Intergovernmental Revenue, primarily from increased State-shared LGF revenue &	\$ 1,392
federal prisoner housing	2,065
Increase in Fees and Fines, primarily from Cable TV fee franchise fee increase & change to	
quarterly payments	2,407
Increase in Register of Deeds Documentary Stamps, due to increased instruments filed	423
Increase in Licenses and Permits, primarily due to increased residential building permits and	
business licenses collections	807
Decrease in Cost Allocations, decreased central service allocations to other funds	(381)
Inrease in Other Revenues, primarily from increased casino boat fees and delinquent tax overage	1,001
Increase in net Other Financing Sources (Uses), primarily due to a transfer out to the Economic	
Development Fund a decrease in transfers in from the Road/CTC and the Capital Projects fund.	(3,007)
Increase in Expenditures, primarily due to increased operational cost at the Library, Museum,	
EMS, Legal and overall department overhead; decreased funding for MBREDC	(1,045)
Net increase in General Fund results compared to FY 2012 results	3,662
Net decrease in fund balance from FY 2012 General Fund results	(362)
Net increase in the fund balance of the General Fund from FY 2012 results	\$ 3,300

RIDE Program Debt Service Fund

The County receives a 1.5% Hospitality Fee assessed county-wide on accommodations, prepared foods, beverages and admissions. The proceeds of this fee, after payment of an administrative fee to the General Fund, are pledged to repay the RIDE debt owed to the State Infrastructure Bank. These fees are recorded as revenue in the RIDE Program Debt Service Fund and used to fund the debt service payments. Due to the growth in tourism in recent years, the Hospitality Fees have exceeded the required debt service and the County has remitted approximately \$48.0 million to the State Infrastructure Bank (SIB) above the amount required for the scheduled debt. That amount, plus the amount collected but not yet remitted at year end and Hospitality Fee collections in July 2013

on sales that occurred during the month of June, make up the fund balance in this fund. Hospitality Fees and investment earnings total \$33.5 million in 2013. This is a \$290,431 increase over the prior fiscal year. Expenditures of \$31.7 million reflect the RIDE debt service for the year. Debt Service is programmed to increase over the next four years and is projected to utilize a portion of the accumulated Fund Balance.

Horry County's RIDE Program Debt Service Fund

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2012	\$ 46,548
Revenues Expenditures Other Financing Sources (Uses) Net change in Fund Balance FY 2013	33,504 (31,738) (319) 1,448
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	<u>\$ 47,995</u>
Deposited with SIB, June 30, 2013	\$ 40,336

General Improvement Capital Projects Fund and the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund

The General Improvement Capital Projects Fund reflects the funding sources and the expenditures for the County's general government capital improvements, excluding those reported in the Capital Projects Sales Tax and the Grants Fund. Primary funding sources are debt proceeds, transfers in as pay-as-you go funding, and interest earnings. During fiscal year 2013, \$460,300 in lease financing was initiated to fund various equipment needs. The fund balance of \$8.8 million at June 30, 2013 reflects the resources previously funded and available to complete the capital projects currently in process.

Horry County's General Improvement Capital Project Fund

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2012	\$ 10,445
Revenues	2,502
Expenditures	(5,610)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,417
Net change in Fund Balance FY 2013	 (1,692)
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 8,753

The Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund reports the revenue from a one cent sales tax which County businesses began collecting in May 2007, as well as the related expenditures for the road projects that were approved by referendum in November 2007. Sales tax and Interest revenue increased \$.8 million or 1.2 percent in fiscal year 2013 to a total of \$66.2 million. Total receipts life to date of the program through June 30, 2013 are \$377.2 million. The program places a cap of \$425.3 million on total receipts which are estimated to fully fund the approved infrastructure. The County has chosen a pay-as-you-go basis for expenditures and maintains in fund balance the excess of revenues over expenditures to date for the projects. Expenditures for 2013 total \$32.6 million and includes construction of \$25.1 million on State roadways and \$7.5 million on County roadways. The excess of revenues over expenditures of \$33.7 million in 2013 increases the accumulated fund balance to \$256.4 million. The funds are restricted to specific projects and have accumulated due to permitting delays for

several major road projects. As projects are completed, the expenditures will exceed revenue in subsequent periods and utilize this accumulated excess over the next several years.

Horry County's Capital Project Sales Tax Fund

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Fund Balance, July 1, 2012	\$222,792
Revenues	66,248
Expenditures	(32,592)
Net change in Fund Balance FY 2013	33,656
Fund Balance, June 30, 2013	\$256,449

Proprietary funds

The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. All proprietary funds are reported as major funds. Net Position of proprietary funds at the end of the year amounted to \$276.8 million. The Department of Airports reflects a \$19.4 million or 8.6 percent increase in 2013. This increase resulted from positive non-operating revenues and federal and state restricted capital project grant revenues. The Internal Service Fund provides for the repair and replacement of the County's light and heavy equipment fleet with the exception of heavy fire apparatus. Net Position includes the undepreciated cost of the covered fleet vehicles in service of \$13.4 million at June 30, 2013. This reflects a \$1.8 million increase during the year including \$4.5 million of assets purchased, less \$3.9 million for annual depreciation and assets disposals. The remaining Fund Balance of \$17.8 million is restricted for future replacement of the covered equipment.

Horry County's Proprietary Funds Net Position

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Depai	rtment	Inte	Internal			
	of Aiı	rports	Service	Fund	Total		
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	
Net investment in capital							
assets	\$169,529	\$138,123	\$ 13,448	\$12,526	\$182,977	\$150,649	
Restricted for:							
Debt Service	16,926	14,298	-	-	16,926	14,298	
Capital	16,003	30,740	17,815	16,973	33,818	47,713	
Unrestricted	43,095	42,948			43,095	42,948	
Total net position	\$245,553	\$226,109	\$ 31,263	\$29,499	\$276,816	\$255,608	

Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The final budgeted revenues were adjusted for budgetary amendments that netted to an increase of \$1.8 million from the original budget. These increases were reflected in intergovernmental revenues for increased funding from the State Local Government Fund and a new prisoner housing agreement with the federal government.

The final budgeted expenditures and transfers out were increased by \$4.1 million over the original budget. The primary reason for these expenditure budget adjustments was \$2.3 million in the roll-forward of certain prior year budgets, including a \$1.07 million transfer of restricted funds to the Economic Development Fund, \$500,000 additional for OPEB, \$146,000 in enhancements to the Detention Center transport program, \$360,000 employee Christmas gift, \$95,000 for additional positions, and \$499,000 in additional contingency.

Considering these budget amendments, General Fund revenues were more than the final budget by \$5.5 million and expenditures were less than the final budget by \$8.3 million.

The major differences between the final budget and the actual amounts for both revenue and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- Property taxes were higher than budget by \$1.2 million. Increases were experienced in fees-in-lieu of taxes of \$63,000 and prior year tax collections of \$418,000. Increases in vehicle taxes of \$869,000 offset the budget shortfall in personal property of \$150,000.
- Intergovernmental revenues were higher than the budget by \$2.1 million primarily due to an increase in the state funding from the Local Government Fund and increased housing of federal prisoners.
- Fees and fines were over budget by \$2.4 million, primarily due to a one-time change in the receipt of Cable TV fees along with a 1% increase in franchise fees being \$2.0 above budget, coupled with lower Master in Equity fees due to a decrease in forfeiture cases.
- RMC Documentary Stamps were over budget by \$479,000 due to increased values of real estate transactions.
- Licenses and permits were over budget by \$.9 million, due to higher building inspection permits and business licenses.
- Cost allocation was under budget by \$219,000 due to reduced central service costs and changes in basis allocations.
- Other revenue was under budget by \$.9 million due to higher Casino Boat fees and increased miscellaneous revenues.
- Various departmental spending was reduced below budgeted amounts as a result of management controls on hiring and spending. The largest departmental savings are detailed in the table below:

Horry County's General Fund Budget to Actual Variance

(amounts expressed in thousands)

(Favorable)

	Finai			(Favorable)		
	E	Budget		Actual		ariance
Public Works	\$	8,941	\$	7,433	\$	(1,508)
Detention Center		20,734		19,619		(1,115)
Department Overhead		4,745		3,835		(910)
County Council		1,619		940		(679)
Police		17,194		16,715		(479)
Code Enforcement		2,828		2,354		(474)
Maintenance		4,700		4,244		(456)
Library		4,243		3,836		(407)
County Engineer		1,318		982		(336)
IT/GIS		6,205		5,945		(260)
Assessor		3,222		2,966		(256)
Grants Administration		250		37		(213)
Solicitor		5,299		5,104		(195)
Planning		1,617		1,438		(179)
Registrar of Deeds		1,050		909		(141)
County Administrator		338		210		(128)
Finance		1,370		1,244		(126)
Legal		847		734		(113)
Tota	\$	(7,975)				
Various other depa	artm	ents (unde	er) t	oudget		(641)
Total expendit	\$	(8,616)				

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2013 amounts to \$932.8 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements (other than buildings), leasehold improvements, equipment, intangible assets, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total increase of \$50.4 million in the County's investment in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) for the current fiscal year was a 5.7 percent change from the prior year (a 1.1 percent increase for governmental activities and a 23.0 percent increase for business-type activities).

Some of the significant capital events that occurred during the current fiscal year which increased capital assets were \$44.3 million for the expansion of the airport, \$10.9 million in construction of road improvements, \$5.5 million in construction of the museum, \$1.3 million in construction of Highway 22 boat landing, \$1.0 million in construction for fire stations, 1.1 million in construction for park and recreation centers, \$.5 million in construction for libraries, and \$4.9 million in light and heavy fleet equipment. These addition amounts are reduced by depreciation during the year of \$24.4 million and asset disposals of \$1.4 million.

Horry County's Capital Assets

(amounts expressed in thousands)

Rusinoss-typo

Governmental

	Govern	nmentai	Busine	ss-type		
	Activ	rities	Activ	rities	To	otal
	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>
Land, Easements, and	\$ 27,331	\$ 26,360	\$ 48,651	\$ 42,163	\$ 75,982	\$ 68,523
Improvements	φ 21,331	φ 20,300	φ 40,001	φ 42,103	φ 75,96Z	φ 00,023
Intangible Assets	552	552	-	-	552	552
Infrastructure	462,134	451,269	9,182	9,182	471,316	460,451
Construction-in-Progress	22,544	26,666	1,684	70,158	24,228	96,824
Buildings and Improvements	163,927	162,615	128,313	31,355	292,240	193,970
Office Furniture	187	418	-	-	187	418
Vehicles	799	1,618	-	-	799	1,618
Machinery and Equipment	12,758	15,914	9,636	5,292	22,394	21,206
Heavy Equipment	11,075	9,135	-	-	11,075	9,135
Runways and Taxiways	-	-	31,751	28,207	31,751	28,207
Other	2,240	1,473			2,240	1,473
Total	<u>\$703,547</u>	\$696,020	\$229,217	<u>\$186,357</u>	\$932,764	\$882,377

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Modified Approach for Infrastructure

The County has adopted the modified approach for reporting its road infrastructure. Using this approach, the County does not depreciate infrastructure assets but maintains an up-to-date inventory of road infrastructure asset conditions. The County must also document that the road infrastructure assets are being preserved at or above the condition level established.

The County's road system consists of approximately 53.6 percent paved roads and 46.4 percent unpaved roads. The condition of the road pavement is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. The County implemented a new pavement management system (MicroPAVER) on July 1, 2010 in an effort to better assess the paved road network within the County. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale that is based on a condition index ranging from 1 for failed pavement to 5 for a pavement in perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify roads in good or better condition (rating 4 or 5), fair condition (rating 3), and substandard condition (rating 1 or 2). It is the County's goal to maintain at least 70.0 percent of its street system at fair or better condition level. No more than 30.0 percent should be in a substandard condition. Condition assessments are determined every year. The implementation of this new evaluation system resulted in a more thorough and accurate assessment of condition roads. The following assessment for fiscal year 2013 shows that the County is in compliance with the target condition levels that have been established. The prior year is presented to show the change in measurement through this new pavement management system.

Percentage of Miles in Fair or Better Condition

	<u> 2013</u>	<u> 2012</u>
Arterial	75.9%	81.1%
Collector	81.3%	76.8%
Access	<u>91.8%</u>	89.9%
Overall system	91.0%	88.5%

The County created a long-term road improvement program that had been paving at least 16 miles of dirt roads per year from fiscal year 2004 through 2008. In fiscal year 2009, as a result of an expected revenue shortfall, this was decreased to 14.5 miles and in fiscal year 2010 it was further reduced to 9.7 miles per year. Due to continued revenue shortfalls, it was further reduced to 8.9 miles in fiscal year 2011 and 9.0 miles in fiscal year 2012 (which included 1 mile funded by the County Transportation Committee (CTC). Funding for the dirt road paving program has stabilized during FY 13 to allow approximately 11 miles of paving per year (including the one mile of CTC-funded improvements). As these roads are paved, they become part of the County's pavement management system.

In November 2006, a one-cent Capital Projects Sales Tax was passed by voter referendum and is dedicated to specific road projects, including resurfacing 67 miles of County maintained roads over a seven year period. During fiscal year 2009, County Council increased the road maintenance fee by \$10.00 and dedicated it to the resurfacing program.

Included in the one-cent Capital Project Sales Tax program are various projects to improve existing state roadways. The County is managing the construction and funding the expenditures through the collections of sales tax. The cost of these roadway improvements is included in the statement of activities when the expense is incurred. The table below reflects the cost incurred to date for these projects:

Horry County's Improvements to State Roadways

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	C	Current	Pı	oject to
		Year		Date
Backgate interchange	\$	19,899	\$	70,243
Widen 707		2,634		14,989
Widen Glenns Bay		2,513		5,789
International		72		550
Total	\$	25,118	\$	91,571

Additional information on infrastructure assets can be found in Required Supplementary Information (RSI).

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2013, the County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$172.1 million. This represents a decrease from the prior year of \$9.9 million which is the normal amortization of prior balances. Of the total bonded debt outstanding, \$104.6 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the government. The remainder of the County's debt represents bonds secured solely by specified revenue sources, such as the 1% Hospitality Fee pledged to repay the Special Obligation Bonds, and the Airport revenues pledged to repay the Revenue Bonds. Under agreements with the City

of Myrtle Beach, the County has also pledged a portion of the 1% Hospitality Fee to repay 30 percent of the Certificates of Participation issued by the City of Myrtle Beach for a baseball stadium. The RIDE – Intergovernmental Loan Agreements with the State of South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank are being repaid by the county-wide 1.5% Hospitality Fee.

Special Obligation Bonds and Revenue Bonds are limited obligations of the County and do not constitute general obligations, or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision.

The County's bonds with outstanding balances as of June 30, 2013 are presented in the following table.

Horry County's General Obligation and Revenue Bonds Outstanding (amounts expressed in thousands)

Governmental **Business-type Activities** Total Activities 2013 2013 2012 2013 2012 General Obligation Bonds \$108,600 \$117,794 \$ \$108,600 \$ 117,794 Special Obligation Bonds 1.860 3.665 1,860 3,665 Revenue Bonds 60.590 60.590 60.590 60.590 1,051 1,233 Baseball Stadium COPS 1,051 1,233 RIDE IGA Loans 254,386 230,067 254,386 230,067 Total \$341,578 \$377,078 \$60,590 \$ 60,590 \$402,168 \$ 437,668

The above chart summarizes the outstanding principal balances on the debt issues, and does not include unamortized premium and issuance costs which are included in the government-wide statement of net position.

The County maintains various reserves from which to pay future debt service. At June 30, 2013, amounts reserved for debt service totaled \$78.3 million. This represents an increase of \$2.2 million from the prior year. Favorable increases in the 1.5% Hospitality Fee revenue exceeded annual debt service and increased the accumulated excess dedicated to the repayment of the RIDE IGA loans by \$1.4 million. General debt reflected a \$1.8 million decrease and Revenue Bonds reflected a \$2.6 million increase as planned in the current year budget. The table below reflects the County's reserve amounts by category of obligation. These amounts are reflected as restricted net position and fund balance within the financial statements.

Horry County's Debt Service Reserves

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Gover	ım	ental	В	usine	ess-typ	е			
	_	Activ	itie	es		Activ	vities		To	otal	
		<u>2013</u>		<u> 2012</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>13</u>	<u>201</u> 2	2	<u>2013</u>		<u>2012</u>
General Debt	\$	11,021	\$	12,822	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,021	\$	12,822
Special Obligation		2,310		2,385		-		-	2,310		2,385
Revenue Bonds		-		-	16	,926	14,2	98	16,926		14,298
RIDE IGA Loans		47,994	_	46,548					47,994		46,548
Total	\$	61,326	\$	61,755	\$16	,926	\$ 14,2	98	\$ 78,252	\$	76,052

Additional information on the County's debt can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following summarizes some economic factors:

- As of June 2013, the unemployment rate for the County per the Bureau of Labor Statistics (not seasonally adjusted) was 8.6 percent, down from 9.5 percent at June 2012. This rate ranked the County as the 17th lowest unemployment rate of the forty-six counties in the state. The range of unemployment rates for South Carolina counties in June 2013 was a low of 6.9 percent to a high of 16.2 percent. The unemployment rate for the state of South Carolina as of June 2013 was 8.2 percent, down from 9.4 percent at June 2012.
- The fiscal year 2013 County base tax millage is 45.2 mills, equivalent to a tax rate of .0452 percent of assessed value. This was the lowest county base tax rate in South Carolina.

The fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 indicated growth in the tourism market which provided overall financial stability. Economic factors affecting the area's real estate market are improving and having a positive impact on personal and business incomes, and impacted the preparation of the fiscal year 2014 budget compared to fiscal year 2013 as follows:

- increasing revenue in all major categories with exception of project interest earnings;
- increasing expenditures overall, including full position budgeting (\$4.1 million), 2% cost of living adjustment for employees (\$1.6 million), higher cost for employee healthcare and retirement (\$1.3 million), higher public safety services with a new street crimes unit (\$.4 million), and higher capital outlay(\$.6 million); and
- prior year excess fund balance was appropriated in the amount of \$8.2 million.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2014 fiscal year. The County applications in process for grant funding will result in budget amendments upon notification of grant award.

During fiscal year 2013, unassigned fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$7.1 million to \$8.3 million due to the positive net change in Fund Balance from excess revenues over expenditures in 2013 of \$3.3 million. Unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$36.5 million to \$37.0 million. Projections at this time indicate that at the end of fiscal year 2014, the unreserved fund balance for the General Fund will remain above the 15 percent of total General Fund expenditures requirement set by the Financial Policy Ordinance.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to present users with a general overview of the County's finances and to demonstrate the County's accountability. If you have questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or need additional financial information, contact the Barry Spivey, Finance Director, 1301 Second Avenue, Conway, SC 29526.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013

(amounts expressed in thousands)

		Pri	mary	Governmer	ıt			Component Units			
	Governmental Activities			usiness- type ctivities		Total	Shoreline Behavior Services		Horry County Solid Waste Authority		
Assets											
Current assets:	•	0.000	•	04 507	•	0.4.400	•	07.4	•	45.070	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,889	\$	31,597	\$	34,486	\$	374	\$	15,870	
Pooled Cash		108,772		-		108,772		-		-	
Investments		280,503		19,156		299,659		-		21,730	
Funds held in trust		1,244				1,244		-		-	
Interest receivable		91		74		165		-		25	
Receivables, net:											
Property taxes		5,554		-		5,554		-			
Accounts and other		4,972		849		5,821		309		1,256	
Fees		8,211		-		8,211		-		-	
Due from primary government		-		-		-		102		759	
Due from other governments		37,025		5,789		42,814		56		108	
Internal balances		784		(784)		-		-		-	
Inventories		423		957		1,380		-		37	
Prepaid items		1,939		69		2,008		-		108	
Restricted - funds held in trust		42,088				42,088					
Total current assets		494,495		57,707		552,202		841	-	39,893	
Non-current assets:											
Restricted assets:											
Cash and cash equivalents		-		6,298		6,298		-		-	
Investments		-		27,625		27,625		-		-	
Accounts receivable		-		1,025		1,025		250		-	
Total restricted assets		-		34,948		34,948		250			
Capital assets:											
Land, easements, intangible assets and infrastructure		485,028		32,456		517,484		138		7,918	
Depreciable capital assets, net		195,975		195,077		391,052		799		27,672	
Construction-in-progress		22,544		1,684		24,228		_		654	
Total capital assets, net		703,547		229,217		932,764		937		36,244	
Service concession arrangement (SCA)		_		4,792		4,792		_		_	
Bond issuance costs, net		2,693		919		3,612		_		_	
Total non-current assets		706,240		269,876		976,116		1,187		36,244	
Total assets		1,200,735		327,583		1,528,318		2,028		76,137	
***						· /					

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

- CONTINUED -

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government						Component Units			
		rnmental tivities		usiness- type .ctivities	Total	Beh	reline navior vices	Soli	y County id Waste ithority	
Liabilities										
Current liabilities payable fron non-restricted assets:										
Accounts payable - trade	\$	8,135	\$	326	\$ 8,461	\$	74	\$	925	
Accounts payable - other		3,374		-	3,374		-		-	
Accrued salaries, related taxes and compensated absences		3,860		565	4,425		35		383	
Accrued expenses		-		649	649		-		-	
Due to other governments		2,198		-	2,198		-		-	
Due to component units		861		-	861		-		-	
Construction and retainage payable		222		10,901	11,123		-		-	
Other liabilities		20,476		-	20,476		-		-	
Unavailable revenue - fees and other		3,691		-	3,691		-		-	
Unearned revenue		4 500		107	107		10		-	
Accrued interest payable		1,598		-	1,598		-		-	
General and special obligation bonds payable - current portion		11,837		-	11,837		-		-	
IGA #1 payable - current portion		13,340		-	13,340		-		-	
IGA #2 payable - current portion		13,027		-	13,027		-		-	
Loans payable - current portion		1 515		100	- 1.615		5		-	
Capital lease obligations - current portion Landfill closures costs		1,515		100	1,015		-		510	
Amounts due to tenants		-		478	478		-		310	
Total current liabilities payable from non-restricted assets		84,134		13,126	97,260		124		1.818	
• •									,	
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:				1 5 4 2	1 5 4 2					
Accrued interest payable Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets				1,543 1.543	1,543 1,543	-				
	-			1,043	1,043					
Non-current (long-term) liabilities:		404.000			404.000					
General and special obligation bonds payable		101,862		-	101,862		-		-	
Revenue bonds payable		-		60,397	60,397		-		-	
IGA loans payable		203,700		-	203,700		- 04		-	
Loans payable		0.054		-	- 0.040		84		-	
Capital lease obligations		2,354		586	2,940		-		-	
Compensation for future absences		12,454		905	13,359		30		115	
Net post employment benefit obligation		22,275		681	22,956		46		1,273 17,691	
Landfill closures costs Landfill post closure care costs		-		-	-		-		8,082	
•		242.645			405.014		160	-		
Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities		342,645 426,779	-	62,569 77,238	405,214		160 284		27,161	
i Oldi liabililles		420,779		11,238	504,017		204		28,979	
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - service concession arrangement				4,792	4,792					
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		4,792	4,792		-		_	

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - CONTINUED -

(amounts expressed in thousands)

	Primary Government						Component Units		
		ernmental ctivities		type	Total	Ве	oreline havior rvices	Solid	County Waste hority
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		593,157		169,529	762,686		847		36,244
Restricted for capital projects		17,596		16,003	33,599		-		-
Restricted for public safety		4,440		-	4,440		-		-
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		7,358		-	7,358		-		-
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		296,627		-	296,627		-		-
Restricted for economic development		4,006		-	4,006		-		-
Restricted for health and social services		77		-	77		897		-
Restricted for debt service		12,074		16,926	29,000		-		-
Restricted for other purposes		1,000		-	1,000		-		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(162,379)		43,095	(119,284)				10,914
Total net position	\$	773,956	\$	245,553	\$ 1,019,509	\$	1,744	\$	47,158

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(amounts expressed in thousands)

					Progr	am Revenu	е		N	et (Ex	oense) Reve	nue a	nd Changes	s in Net	Position		
									Pri	mary G	overnmenta	ı			Compon	ent Un	its
Functions and Programs	E	xpenses		ees for ervices	Gra	perating ants and tributions	•	ital Grants and ntributions	vernmental		ness -type		Totals		oreline navior		d Waste
Primary government																	
Governmental activities:																	
General government	\$	(33,488)	\$	20,979	\$	13	\$	57	\$ (12,439)	\$	-	\$	(12,439)	\$	-	\$	-
Public safety		(99,823)		12,811		2,224		590	(84,198)		-		(84,198)		-		-
Health and social services		(2,753)		79		-		-	(2,674)		-		(2,674)		-		-
Infrastructure and regulation		(27,786)		12,261		188		4,224	(11,113)		-		(11,113)		-		-
Improvements to state roadways		(25,118)		-		-		-	(25,118)		-		(25,118)		-		-
Culture, recreation and tourism		(11,376)		88		9		-	(11,279)		-		(11,279)		-		-
Economic development		(2,882)		69		1,773		28	(1,012)		-		(1,012)		-		-
Debt service		(10,485)		-		-		-	(10,485)		-		(10,485)		-		-
HGTC and Higher Education Commission		(4,635)		-		4 007		4.000	 (4,635)				(4,635)				
Total governmental activities		(218,346)		46,287		4,207		4,899	 (162,953)				(162,953)				
Business-type activities:																	
Airports		(22,482)		24,433		2,424		14,565	-		18,940		18,940		-		-
Total business-type activities		(22,482)		24,433		2,424		14,565	-		18,940		18,940		-		-
Total primary government	\$	(240,828)	\$	70,720	\$	6,631	\$	19,464	\$ (162,953)	\$	18,940	\$	(144,013)	\$	-	\$	-
Component units																	
Health services	\$	(2,130)	\$	1,281	\$	1,047	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	198	\$	_
Landfill		(22,705)		17,971		124		278	_		_		_		_		(4,332)
Total component units	\$	(24,835)	\$	19,252	\$	1,171	\$	278	\$ _	\$	-	\$	-	\$	198	\$	(4,332)
		neral Rever															
		roperty taxe							113,580		-		113,580		-		-
	С	apital Proje	ct Sal	es Tax					67,253		-		67,253		-		-
	F	ees-in-lieu d	of taxe	es					3,350		-		3,350		-		-
	In	ntergovernm	ental	- unrestricte	ed				17,680		-		17,680		-		-
	Α	ccommodat	ions t	ax					3,976		-		3,976		-		-
	Lo	ocal accomi	modat	tions tax					981		-		981		-		-
	Н	lospitality ta	х						38,937		-		38,937		-		-
	U	Inrestricted	invest	ment earnin	ngs				1,770		198		1,968		(6)		96
	M	1iscellaneou	S						5,100		306		5,406		302		47
		Gain/(loss) o			et				 148		-		148				181
	Tot	tal general r	evenu	ie					 252,775		504	_	253,279		296		324
	Cha	ange in net	positio	on					89,822		19,444		109,266		494		(4,008)
	Net	t position - b	eginn	ing of year,	restate	d			684,134		226,109		910,243		1,250		51,166
	Net	t position - e	nd of	year					\$ 773,956	\$	245,553	\$	1,019,509	\$	1,744	\$	47,158

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	General Improvement Capital Projects	Capital Project Sales Tax	RIDE Program Debt Service	Other Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,889,077	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$ 2,889,177
Pooled cash and investments	57,983,556	7,136,957	242,824,439	2,906,502	60,017,651	370,869,105
Interest receivable	26,775	22,761	7,793	794	25,497	83,620
Receivables, net:						
Property taxes	3,700,031	-	-	-	1,854,117	5,554,148
Accounts and other	4,861,251	65,939	-	-	45,043	4,972,233
Fees	682,397	-	-	4,798,230	1,940,629	7,421,256
Due from other funds	1,364,462	-	-	-	373,850	1,738,312
Due from other governments	2,450,630	1,332,460	15,700,808	-	3,347,387	22,831,285
Inventories	55,655	-	-	-	-	55,655
Prepaid items	1,919,245	-	-	-	19,228	1,938,473
Restricted cash and investments	1,000,034	751,808		40,336,129	1,244,262	43,332,233
Total Assets	\$ 76,933,113	\$ 9,309,925	\$ 258,533,040	\$ 48,041,655	\$ 68,867,764	\$ 461,685,497
Liabilities						
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 2,567,919	\$ 465,781	\$ 2,015,707	\$ -	\$ 2,146,777	\$ 7,196,184
Accounts payable - other	3,373,981	-	-	-	-	3,373,981
Construction and retainage payable	-	91,089	68,774	-	62,437	222,300
Accrued salaries and wages	3,198,598	-	-	-	633,762	3,832,360
Due to other funds	278,772	-	-	47,208	627,938	953,918
Due to component units	102,278	-	-	-	759,306	861,584

- CONTINUED -

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

General Improvement Other Non-Major Total Capital **Capital Project RIDE Program** Governmental Governmental **General Fund Projects** Sales Tax **Debt Service Funds Funds** Liabilities (continued) Due to other governments 2,175,236 23,050 2,198,286 Due to taxpavers for overpayment 1.322.387 1.322.387 Funds held in trust- delinquent taxes 14,583,249 14,583,249 Unavailable revenue-fees and other 1,950,828 3,690,946 1,740,118 Unavailable revenue-property taxes 1,528,048 4,559,584 3,031,536 Other liabilities 4,557,572 13,242 4,570,814 Total liabilities 36,931,646 556.870 2.084.481 47.208 7,745,388 47,365,593 **Fund Balances** Nonspendable 1,974,900 19,228 1,994,128 Restricted for capital projects 939,481 939,481 Restricted for public safety 7,134,839 7,134,839 Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism 7,420,671 7,420,671 Restricted for infrastructure and regulation 256,448,559 26,294,874 282,743,433 Restricted for economic development 4.063.755 4.063.755 Restricted for health and social services 49.977 49.977 Restricted for debt service 47,994,447 13,331,442 61,325,889 Restricted for other purposes 1,000,000 1,000,000 Committed to public safety 31,554 499,237 158,340 689,131 Committed to culture, recreation and tourism 565,506 1,951,719 1,156,313 3,673,538 Committed to infrastructure and regulation 1,069,618 1,699,343 2,768,961 Committed to economic development 1,960,461 1,960,461 Committed to other capital projects 3.663.275 3.663.275 Committed to stabilization 19,326,932 19,326,932 Committed to other purposes 6,393,248 664,823 7,058,071 Committed to OPEB 895,661 895,661 Assigned to other purposes 473,501 473,501 Unassigned (deficit) 8,270,547 (1,132,347)7,138,200 Total fund balances 8,753,055 40,001,467 256,448,559 47,994,447 61,122,376 414,319,904 Total liabilities and fund balances 76,933,113 9,309,925 \$ 258,533,040 \$ 48,041,655 68,867,764 \$ 461,685,497

⁻ CONTINUED -

BALANCE SHEET

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

(amounts

Reconciliation to amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position:	exp	ressed in ousands)
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$	414,320
Capital assets (exclusive of Internal Service Fund Capital Assets) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in these funds.		690,099
Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year end, but not available soon enough to pay for current period's expenditures.		19,542
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities.		31,263
OPEB costs reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds		(22,275)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in these funds.		(358,993)
Net position end of year - governmental activities	\$	773,956

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Revenues	General Fund	General Improvement Capital Projects	Capital Project Sales Tax	RIDE Program Debt Service	Other Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Real property taxes	\$ 65,076,726	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 36,180,896	\$ 101,257,622
Personal property taxes	4,578,270	-	-	-	2,763,646	7,341,916
Vehicle taxes	5,219,154	-	-	-	3,419,238	8,638,392
Intergovernmental	12,997,029	1,509,543	-	-	7,884,752	22,391,324
Sales tax	-	-	65,731,883	-	-	65,731,883
Accommodation tax	223,670	-	-	-	3,858,389	4,082,059
Fees and fines	21,973,894	707,889	-	-	13,496,340	36,178,123
Local Accommodations tax	786,415	-	-	-	194,152	980,567
Hospitality fees	1,225,346	-	-	32,646,978	5,064,131	38,936,455
Documentary stamps	2,763,904	-	-	-	-	2,763,904
License and permits	7,343,942	-	-	-	-	7,343,942
Interest on investments	103,680	84,261	515,872	857,140	209,237	1,770,190
Cost allocation	2,786,824	-	-	-	-	2,786,824
Other	3,561,772	200,000			1,138,167	4,899,939
Total revenues	128,640,626	2,501,693	66,247,755	33,504,118	74,208,948	305,103,140
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government	28,636,208	1,023,790	-	-	12,580	29,672,578
Public safety	73,792,603	681,965	-	-	18,521,785	92,996,353
Health and social services	1,735,300	-	-	-	796,586	2,531,886
Infrastructure and regulation	12,380,697	-	25,118,162	-	15,423,446	52,922,305
Culture, recreation and tourism	4,330,763	60,451	-	-	6,185,399	10,576,613
Economic development	-	-	-	-	1,752,693	1,752,693
HGTC & Higher Education Commission	-	-	-	-	4,635,000	4,635,000
Other	1,194,308	-	-	-	-	1,194,308
Debt service	-	-	-	31,738,130	16,076,128	47,814,258
Capital outlay	828,631	3,844,141	7,473,478		4,602,976	16,749,226
Total expenditures	122,898,510	5,610,347	32,591,640	31,738,130	68,006,593	260,845,220

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

	General Fund	General Improvement Capital Projects	Capital Project Sales Tax	RIDE Program Debt Service	Other Non- Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	5,742,116	(3,108,654)	33,656,115	1,765,988	6,202,355	44,257,920
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Sales of assets	145,365	-	-	-	2,694	148,059
Lease financing	-	460,300	-	-	=	460,300
Transfers in	1,780,839	2,626,999	-	-	5,285,021	9,692,859
Transfers out	(4,368,514)	(1,670,186)		(319,249)	(4,623,505)	(10,981,454)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,442,310)	1,417,113		(319,249)	664,210	(680,236)
Net change in fund balance	3,299,806	(1,691,541)	33,656,115	1,446,739	6,866,565	43,577,684
Fund balances at beginning of year	36,701,661	10,444,596	222,792,444	46,547,708	54,255,811	370,742,220
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 40,001,467	\$ 8,753,055	\$ 256,448,559	\$ 47,994,447	\$ 61,122,376	\$ 414,319,904

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

Reconciliation to amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities:

	ts expressed ousands)
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 43,578
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense in the current period.	6,605
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in these funds.	1,106
Contributed property is not reported as revenue in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of property contributed is reported in the current period. In the current period, these amounts are:	5
Some expenses reported in Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in these funds.	(2,187)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of the principal and interest consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	38,952
The net revenue (expense) and transfer of fund balance of certain activities of internal service funds reported with governmental activities.	1,763
Change in net position - Governmental Activities	\$ 89,822

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

	Ent	ss-type Activities erprise Fund epartment of Airports	overnmental Activities- Internal ervice Fund
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,596,962	\$ 100
Pooled cash and investments		-	18,406,004
Investments		19,156,277	-
Accounts receivable, net		848,911	-
Interest receivable		74,145	7,531
Due from other governments		5,789,146	-
Prepaid items		69,231	-
Inventories		957,498	 367,425
Total current assets		58,492,170	 18,781,060
Noncurrent assets: Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents		6,297,807	-
Investments		27,624,875	-
Accounts receivable		1,025,051	-
Total restricted assets		34,947,733	 -
Capital assets, net:			
Land, easements and infrastructure		32,455,493	-
Depreciable capital assets, net		195,077,396	13,448,066
Construction-in-progress		1,683,619	-
Total capital assets, net		229,216,508	 13,448,066
Service concession arrangement (SCA)		4,792,038	-
Bond issuance costs, net		918,936	-
Total noncurrent assets		269,875,215	13,448,066
Total assets	\$	328,367,385	\$ 32,229,126

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 - CONTINUED -

	Ent	ess-type Activities erprise Fund epartment of Airports	Governmental Activities- Internal Service Fund	
Liabilities	-			
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable-trade	\$	326,391	\$	938,231
Construction accounts and				
retainage payable		10,900,728		-
Accrued salaries, wages and				
compensated absences		565,499		28,031
Due to other funds		784,394		-
Other accrued expenses		648,445		-
Unearned revenue		107,153		-
Capital leases payable -				
current portion		99,499		-
Amounts due to tenants, airlines, car rentals		478,168		-
		13,910,277		966,262
Current liabilities payable from				
restricted assets:				
Accrued interest payable		1,543,097		-
Total current liabilities payable				
from restricted assets	-	1,543,097		
Total current liabilities		15,453,374		966,262
Non-current liabilities:				
Revenue bonds payable		60,396,745		
Compensated absences - long term		905,253		-
Net other post-employment benefits obligation				-
Capital leases		681,155 585,979		-
Total non-current liabilities		62,569,132	-	<u> </u>
Total fion-current habilities	-	62,369,132	-	<u>-</u>
Total liabilities		78,022,506	_	966,262
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue from				
Service Concession Arrangement		4,792,038		-
Not a settler		_		
Net position		400 500 044		40 440 000
Net investment in capital assets		169,529,044		13,448,066
Restricted for:		40,000,040		
Debt service		16,926,018		-
Capital		16,002,795		17,814,798
Unrestricted		43,094,984		-
Total net position		245,552,841		31,262,864
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$	328,367,385	\$	32,229,126

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Department of Airports	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues		
Landing fees	\$ 1,425,463	\$ -
Airline terminal rents	4,961,141	-
Concessions and rentals	6,920,652	-
Security fees	182,358	-
Leases	791,511	-
Fuel sales - FBO	3,754,998	-
Other airline services	540,066	-
Federal revenue-	,	
TSA LEO reimbursement program	119,007	-
Charges for service	, -	5,878,736
Other	442,580	207,835
Total operating revenues	19,137,776	6,086,571
Less, signatory airline rebate and incentive fee waivers	(606,587)	-
Net operating revenues	18,531,189	6,086,571
Operating Expenses Salaries and benefits Utilities Outside and professional services Maintenance and supplies Fuel cost of sales Vehicle and equipment expense Insurance Business and transportation Office supplies Supplies and materials Horry County administrative costs Depreciation and amortization Indirect cost allocation Contractual services	6,766,679 1,146,519 951,361 772,028 2,884,229 454,085 327,776 245,362 39,800 - 200,000 7,365,755	868,284 1,265,789 - 35,846 - 3,414,309 4,947 33,974
Other	- -	226,003
Total operating expenses	21,153,594	5,849,152
Operating income (loss)	(2,622,405)	237,419

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 - CONTINUED -

	Enterprise Fund Department of Airports	Activities - Internal Service Fund
Nonoperating Revenues		
(Expenses)		
Passenger Facility Charges (PFC's)	3,202,752	-
Contract Facility Charges (CFC's)	2,505,421	-
Intergovernmental revenues	1,873,612	-
Tree removal	(9,200)	-
Redevelopment Authority grant revenue	150,000	-
Revenue - Utility Companies for ITAP	400,000	-
Interest income	198,082	24,905
Interest expense	(1,319,640)	-
Interest subsidy on Recovery Zone Economic Bonds	306,584	-
Gain (loss) on disposal/sale of capital assets	193,775	212,677
Total non-operating revenues	7,501,386	237,582
Net income before capital contributions and transfers	4,878,981	475,001
Capital contributions, net Transfers in	14,564,728	- 1,288,596
Change in net position	19,443,709	1,763,597
Net Position Beginning of year	226,109,132	29,499,267
End of year	\$ 245,552,841	\$ 31,262,864

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Ente	siness Type Activities - erprise Fund- partment of Airports	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund			
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		_		_		
Cash received from:						
Landing fees, terminal rents, concessions leases and other fees	\$	13,075,350	\$	-		
FBO sales and services		4,484,674		-		
Service and miscellaneous charges		400.075		6,086,571		
Other		429,675		-		
Cash paid for: Salaries and benefits		(6,665,738)		_		
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment		(7,794,546)		(1,574,692)		
Other supplies and miscellaneous costs		(1,134,340)		(35,846)		
Net cash provided by operating activities		3,529,415		4,476,033		
Cash Flows From Non-Capital						
Financing Activities						
Tree removal		(9,200)		-		
Transfers in		-		1,288,596		
Net cash (used in) provided by non-capital financing activities		(9,200)		1,288,596		
Cash Flows From Capital and Related						
Financing Activities						
Receipt of passenger and contract facility charges		5,495,888		-		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(50,253,665)		(4,481,586)		
Interest paid on bonds and notes		(313,549)		-		
Principal payments on capital lease obligation		(53,589)		-		
Receipt of intergovernmental and private grants		2,788,046		-		
Proceeds from AIP and TSA grants		11,093,927		-		
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets		193,775		358,299		
Receipt of Federal Subsidy for "RZEDB" (Series 2010B)		306,584		- (4 400 007)		
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(30,742,583)		(4,123,287)		

⁻ CONTINUED -

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

	Ent	isiness-Type Activities - erprise Fund- epartment of Airports		overnmental Activities - ernal Service Fund
Cash Flow From Investing Activities				
Investment purchases		(46,781,152)		-
Investment sales		46,560,085		-
Interest on investments		242,182		37,559
Net cash provided by investing activities		21,115		37,559
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		(27,201,253)		1,678,901
(of which \$20,240,191 is restricted for Airports)		65,096,022		16,727,203
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year				
(of which \$6,297,807 is restricted for Airports)	\$	37,894,769	\$	18,406,104
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,622,405)	\$	237,419
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		7,365,755		3,414,309
Change in certain assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) in accounts receivable, net		(299,125)		-
(Increase) in inventories		(529,773)		19,959
(Increase) in prepaid items		(5,291)		-
Increase in accounts payable		66,321		803,080
Increase in accrued salaries, wages and				
compensated absences		50,837		1,266
Increase in net other post-employment benefit obligation		50,104		-
(Decrease) in other accrued expenses		(232,298)		-
(Decrease) in due to other funds		(72,347)		-
(Decrease) in unearned revenue		(133,822)		-
(Decrease) in amounts due to tenants	Φ.	(108,541)	Φ.	4 470 000
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,529,415	\$	4,476,033

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013

	Agency Funds					
Assets		_				
Cash and investments	\$	16,064,223				
Pooled cash and investments		210,066,385				
Interest Receivable		1,704				
Taxes receivable		180,754,884				
Total assets	\$	406,887,196				
Liabilities						
Due to others	\$	406,887,196				
Total liabilities	\$	406,887,196				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Horry County, (the "County") a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina, was incorporated in the year 1801. Horry County is located in the northeastern coastal area of South Carolina. It is bounded on the north by the North Carolina state line, east by the Atlantic Ocean, west by Dillon and Marion Counties of South Carolina, and south by Georgetown County, South Carolina. The County seat and administrative offices are located in the city of Conway, South Carolina.

The County operates under a Council-Administrator form of government and is governed by a chairman and eleven council members.

The financial statements of the County have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the primary standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

These financial statements include the implementation of GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments, as of July 1, 2001. GASB Statement No. 34 established new financial reporting requirements for governments and caused the County to restructure much of the information that it presented in the past. Specifically, the Statement established specific standards for the basic financial statements, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), and certain required supplementary information (RSI) other than the MD&A. In addition, the Statement requires the County to retroactively report its general capital assets, including infrastructure capital assets, in its government-wide statement of net assets (now 'net position' per GASB Statement No. 63), and report depreciation expense on all depreciable capital assets in the statement of activities. The Statement also required the County's general long-term indebtedness to be reported in its government-wide statement of net assets (now 'net position' per GASB Statement No. 63).

These financial statements include the implementation of GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, as of July 1, 2012. GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, respectively. This Statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position, rather than net assets.

The County's more significant accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Using the criteria of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, the basic financial statements of the County present the reporting entity of the County that consists of the primary government and those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion could cause the County's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

A. Reporting Entity (continued)

Financial accountability involves either appointments of a voting majority of the separate organization's board and either a) the ability to impose will by the primary government, or b) the possibility that the separate organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the primary government. "Blended" component units are separate entities that are, substantially, part of the primary government's operations and are combined with financial data of the primary government. "Discretely presented" component units, on the other hand, are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements to indicate that they are not as closely related to the operations of the primary government. A summary of the County's blended and discretely presented component units follows:

Discretely Presented Component Units

The County has two discretely presented component units and both have a June 30 fiscal year end.

The Shoreline Behavioral Health Services (formerly known as Horry County Commission on Alcohol and Drug Abuse) (SBHS) is responsible for the coordination of all substance abuse prevention, intervention, treatment, and educational programs within Horry County Council's jurisdiction. County Council is responsible for the appointment of all members of SBHS's governing board and fiscal control. In the event of dissolution of the Commission, all assets shall be transferred to the County and the County would become financially accountable for these services to the citizens.

The Horry County Solid Waste Authority (HCSWA) was created by Horry County Council to develop and implement a solid waste disposal and resource recovery/recycling system for the County. The HCSWA is governed by a board appointed by the County Council. The County Administrator serves as an ex-officio member of that board. Approval of the budget, all debt issuances and the legal liability for HCSWA operations remains with the County.

Complete financial statements for SBHS and HCSWA may be obtained at their respective administrative offices:

Shoreline Behavioral Health Services 2404 Wise Road Conway, South Carolina 29526

Horry County Solid Waste Authority Finance Department Post Office Box 1664 Conway, South Carolina 29528

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The Government-Wide financial statements consist of a Statement of Net Position and a Statement of Activities and reports information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government as a whole. Separate columns are used to distinguish between the County's governmental and business-type activities and discretely presented component units. Governmental activities are generally those activities financed by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues. These activities are usually reported in governmental funds and internal service funds. Business-type activities are those activities which are financed in whole or in part by user fees charged to external parties for goods and services. These activities are usually reported in enterprise funds. The primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units. At June 30, 2013, the County's component units were Shoreline Behavioral Health Services and the Horry County Solid Waste Authority.

The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources of the County using the following format: assets, plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, rather than net assets, fund balance or equity. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues and reflects the "net (expenses) revenue" of the County's individual functions before applying "general" revenues. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities.

Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Certain indirect costs are included in the program expense reported for individual functions and activities. Program revenues are derived directly from the program itself or from parties outside the reporting government's taxpayers or citizenry, and thus reducing the net cost of the function to be financed from the government's general revenues. Such revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) operating grants and contributions, and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. All revenues are general revenues unless they are required to be reported as program revenues.

<u>Fund Financial Statements</u> - Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements, with non-major funds being aggregated and displayed in a single column displayed as "other".

The County reports the following major governmental funds: General Fund, General Improvement Capital Projects, Capital Projects Sales Tax, and RIDE Program Debt Service Fund. The County reports the Department of Airports as a major proprietary fund.

A schedule of "other" non-major funds is presented separately as part of Other Financial Information. Because of the basis of accounting and reporting differences, summary reconciliations to the government-wide financial statements are presented at the end of each applicable fund financial statement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

A summary of fund financial statement types follows:

Governmental Fund Types

General Fund - The General Fund is a major fund and the main operating fund of the County and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than major capital projects) that are legally or donor restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. Special revenue funds consists of the following: Fire, Tourism and Promotion, Waste Management Recycling, Higher Education, Horry-Georgetown Technical College (HGTC) Watersheds, Mt. Gilead, Socastee Recreation, Road Maintenance & CTC, Beach Nourishment, Grants, Admissions Tax, Victim Witness Assistance, Senior Citizen, Baseball Stadium, Arcadian Shores, Economic Development, Stormwater Management, Hidden Woods, GIS/IT, B&C Multi-County Business Park, E-911, CDBG Grant Program, and Recreation.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and equipment (other than those financed by the proprietary funds). Capital projects funds consist of the General Improvement and the Capital Projects Sales Tax Fund, which are major funds and the Capital Projects Developer Contributions Fund. The Capital Projects Sales Tax fund accounts for the one cent increase in sales tax legally restricted for infrastructure improvements and the Capital Projects Developer Contributions accounts for the donations made by developers for specific land improvements or other designated capital uses.

Debt Service Funds - Debt service funds account for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on certain general long-term debt of the County, other than debt service payments financed by proprietary fund types. Debt service funds consist of the following: General Debt and Special Obligation Debt. The RIDE Program Fund, a major debt service fund, accounts for the funds accumulated for, and payment of principal, insured and uninsured portions, interest, and fees on intergovernmental loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank for the Horry County Road Improvement Development Efforts (RIDE) projects.

Proprietary Fund Types

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises--where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Department of Airports Fund, a major Enterprise Fund, accounts for revenue and expenses for the operations of the Conway, Loris and Grand Strand general aviation airports, and the Myrtle Beach International Airport.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Internal Service Fund - Internal Service Funds are used to account for operations that provide goods and services to other departments or agencies of the primary government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The only internal service fund is Fleet Services. The Fleet Service Fund accounts for the maintenance and replacement of all County vehicles including heavy and light equipment.

Fiduciary Fund Type

Agency Funds - Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and for other funds. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities), do not involve measurement of results of operations, and consist primarily of property taxes and other revenues collected, temporarily retained and distributed by the County Treasurer to other governments in accordance with state of South Carolina Statutes.

<u>Discretely Presented Component Units</u> - For the government-wide financial statements, the accounts of the discretely presented component units SBHS and HCSWA are presented under the basis of accounting as an enterprise fund, as described above.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures, expenses, and transfers – and assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources - are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements.

Under GASB Statement No. 34, the government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Agency funds, which are the only fiduciary funds of the County, do not have a measurement focus. As a general rule, revenues and expenses are recorded when transactions occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor have been met. Additionally, the effects of interfund activities are eliminated from the government-wide financial statements, except for amounts due between the County's governmental activities and business-type activities.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be identified and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter (generally not to exceed 60 days) to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, and hospitality fees. Revenues from state and federal grants are recorded when expenditures are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Entitlements and shared revenues are recognized at the time of receipt or earlier if the susceptible to accrual criteria is met. Interest revenue is considered available when earned. Major revenues that are determined not to be susceptible to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not objectively measurable include fees and fines (except hospitality fees), licenses and permits.

Unavailable revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unavailable revenue also arises when resources are received by the County before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant money is received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met or when the County has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unavailable revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

All proprietary funds and the discretely presented component units are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. Under this method, the accrual basis of accounting is utilized, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (i.e., revenue) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net position by distinguishing operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal services funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

The County's fiduciary fund type consists of only agency funds, which are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Agency funds use the same basis of accounting as proprietary fund types, accrual basis of accounting.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the balance sheet date, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates are used to determine depreciation and amortization expense, the allowance for doubtful accounts, signatory airline rebates, and certain claims and judgment liabilities (e.g., rebatable arbitrage), among other accounts. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments

In March 2003, the GASB issued its Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures, an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 3. The Statement requires specific disclosures for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk. It also modifies GASB Statement No. 3 by limiting the required disclosure of custodial credit risk to "category 3" deposits and investments. This Statement was implemented by Horry County for the year ended June 30, 2005.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses

Cash Equivalents and Pooled Cash and Investments(continued)

Cash includes currency on hand, demand deposits with financial institutions and other accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits, in that, additional funds may be deposited any time and withdrawn without prior notice or penalty.

The County pools the cash of substantially all funds into an internal cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds with the exception of the school district portion of the agency fund which has its own cash and investment pool and the one cent capital project sales tax, and where legal restrictions prohibit the commingling of funds. Allocation of interest earned is made to each fund based on pro rata equity with the exception of school district and capital project sales tax, which earn interest on its actual investments. Each individual fund's portion of the pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "pooled cash and investments".

The County's Department of Airports Enterprise Fund and the discretely presented component units, SBHS and HCSWA, maintain separate cash and investment accounts, generally in the form of cash in-the bank, certificates of deposit, and repurchase agreements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for the proprietary fund, cash equivalents are deposit accounts (including restricted assets other than deposits with other agencies) with an original maturity of three months or less from date of purchase, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash.

Investments

Quoted market prices are used to determine the fair value of investments. Investments are stated at fair value, with accrued interest shown under a separate caption on the financial statements. Reinvested interest on certain debt service and capital projects investments is included in the investment accounts. At June 30, 2013, the fair value of the County's investments approximated cost.

The fair value of the County and HCSWA's position in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool (SCLGIP) is the same as the value of the pool shares. The SCLGIP is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission as an investment company. The State Treasurer is responsible for oversight of the SCLGIP.

Receivables and Allowance for Doubtful Accounts

Accounts receivable are stated net of their allowance for uncollectible amounts. Receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals that are recognized when they become measurable and available as previously defined.

Property taxes receivable represents delinquent and unpaid real and personal property tax billings (five years for vehicle personal property taxes and ten years for all other property taxes), less an allowance for amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Due from Other Governments

Receivables from State, Federal, or other local governmental agencies are recorded as revenue for the period of the allocation or as earned based on expenditures made for which reimbursement is due.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in, first-out method for the primary government and the discretely presented component unit, SBHS, and the average cost method for the discretely presented component unit, HCSWA.

Inventories in the general fund consist of tile used for subsurface drains and gift shop items at the Horry County Museum and at the L. W. Paul Living History Farm. The cost of the inventory item is recorded as an expenditure at the time the items are consumed. Inventories in the Road Maintenance/CTC Special Revenue fund are construction materials held for construction.

Inventories in the Department of Airports Enterprise Fund consist primarily of aviation gas, jet fuels, supplies, and parts held for consumption, and are stated at the lower of cost, determined using the first-in, first-out, (FIFO) method, or market. Accordingly, the cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventory items are purchased and then expended as the supplies and parts are consumed (consumption method).

Inventories of the discretely presented component unit, HCSWA, consist of expendable office supplies held for consumption and bags provided to the public for use and separation of recyclable materials.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and are recorded as an expenditure at the time they are consumed.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

Short-term advances between funds are accounted for in the appropriate interfund receivable and payable accounts. Transactions which constitute reimbursements of a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund which are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditure or expense (transfers out) in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditure or expense (transfers in) in the fund that is reimbursed.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include monies or other resources, the use of which is restricted by legal or contractual requirements. In the enterprise fund, restricted assets are derived from certain grants, bonds, and contract ordinances, and receivables associated with Passenger Facility Charges (PFC's) and Contract Facility Charges (CFC's).

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the County's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. When the Airport incurs an expense that may be paid from unrestricted or restricted funds, the Airport first uses restricted funds as allowed by legal or contractual requirements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, improvements, machinery and equipment, construction in progress and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets used in the operations of governmental funds and are not specifically related to activities reported in proprietary or fiduciary funds, have been reported as assets in the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the County as those assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. The County has chosen the modified approach of accounting for infrastructure under GASB Statement No. 34. Under the modified approach, infrastructure is treated as an inexhaustible capital asset, thereby eliminating the need for depreciation accounting. The County must demonstrate that they are maintaining networks or subsystems of infrastructure assets at a selected condition level to qualify to use the modified approach.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair value or appraised value on the date donated. The costs of normal repairs and maintenance that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Public domain (infrastructure) capital assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the government) have been capitalized using actual and estimated historical costs of major general infrastructure assets that were acquired or significantly reconstructed, or that received significant improvements in fiscal years ending after June 30, 1980.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the respective assets ranging as follows: land improvements and easements, 20-40 years; buildings, 10-40 years; runways, taxiways and rehabilitations, 30-40 years; vehicles, machinery and equipment, 3-15 years.

The County's discretely presented component units' capital assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation of HCSWA's Subtitle D landfill is calculated based on the percent of the landfill's capacity used times its cost.

Intangible Assets & Amortization

Intangible assets lack physical substance, are nonfinancial in nature, and have an initial useful life extending beyond a single reporting period. Intangible assets may include easements, internally generated computer software, water rights, timber rights, patents, copyrights and trademarks and are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. External and internal expenditures such as development, implementation and testing is included as part of the asset.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Intangible Assets & Amortization (continued)

Under GASB Statement No. 51, intangible assets not yet placed in service are reported as construction in progress. Expenditures associated with an intangible asset are capitalized when placed into operation and the existing guidance for depreciating capital assets applies to amortizing intangible assets with finite lives. The amortization period and method is reviewed at least annually. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates. As of June 30, 2013, the County's value of copyrights was \$20,000 and intangible assets subject to amortization are internally developed software with a net value of \$532,070.

Capitalization of Interest

Interest incurred during the construction phase of proprietary fund capital assets is reflected in the capitalized value of the asset being constructed, net of interest earned on the invested proceeds over the same period. With regard to assets acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense on the tax-exempt debt with interest earned on invested proceeds from the date of the borrowing until completion of the project. With regard to assets not acquired with tax-exempt debt, the amount of interest to be capitalized is the product of the average accumulated expenditures during the year for such assets and the weighted average interest rate on borrowings and is limited to the sum of interest expense on the tax-exempt debt not previously capitalized and all other interest expense. Interest is not capitalized on assets acquired or constructed with gifts and grants (contributed capital) that are restricted by the donor or grantor to acquisition of those assets to the extent that funds are available from such grants and gifts. During the year ended June 30, 2013, within the proprietary fund, capitalized interest of \$5,667,266 is associated with Terminal Capacity Enhancement Program (TCEP) and included in the related capital asset valuation at June 30, 2013.

<u>Deferred Charges (Bond Issuance Costs)</u>

Bond issuance costs including bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the related bond issue using the straight-line method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premium and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

Service Concession Arrangement

In fiscal year 2013, Horry County adopted GASB Statement No. 60. GASB Statement No. 60 establishes guidance for accounting and financial reporting for service concession arrangements (SCA). Horry County evaluates concession contracts against the criteria set forth in the standard and recognizes any service concession arrangements, associated liabilities, and unavailable revenues on the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources</u>

According to GASB 63, in addition to assets, liabilities and net position, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources(continued)

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has one type that qualifies for reporting in this category. Unavailable revenue related to a service concession arrangement is recognized and amortized over the life of the arrangement using the straight line method. This is reported in the proprietary funds' statements of net position, and the enterprise fund statements of net position in the Other Financial Information section.

Compensated Absences

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements record an expense and a liability when employees earn compensated absence credits. Governmental fund financial statements record a liability for compensated absences payable at June 30 only if the liability has matured but has not yet been paid at that date (for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements).

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Long-term debt represents unmatured principal of general and special obligation and revenue bond indebtedness. Other long-term obligations represent outstanding net present value portions due on capital lease obligations, long-term contracts using actual or imputed interest rates and long-term portions of claims or judgments including rebatable arbitrage. Liabilities arising from interfund activities do not constitute general long-term liabilities.

Part of the County's long-term obligations is its Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE) program. This obligation represents borrowings by the County from the State of South Carolina for the purpose of constructing and improving state roads. Since these roads are property of the State and are capitalized in the State's basic financial statements, these RIDE obligations are recorded as infrastructure and regulation expenses as incurred. The County has determined that these roads are not assets of the County. These obligations are funded by a special 1.5% hospitality fee passed into law by the County to fund these improvements. See Notes 8 and 17 for further discussion.

Net Position & Fund Balance - Flow Assumptions & Policies

In accordance with GASB 63, the County is required to use the term net position instead of net assets as in prior year. In the government-wide financial statements, the difference between the County's total assets plus deferred outflows of resources less total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources represents net position. Net position for both the governmental and business-type activities displays three components – Net investment in capital assets; restricted component of net position (distinguished between major categories of restrictions); and unrestricted. Unrestricted net position represents the net position available for future operations. With the implementation of GASB 54, the County's financial policy (Section 2-7.05) states, the following actions are required for fund balance to be classified as "restricted", "committed" or "assigned":

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Net Position & Fund Balance - Flow Assumptions & Policies (continued)

- (a) Restricted amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (i.e.: grants, creditors), constitutionally, or through enabling legislation (i.e.: legislation that creates a new revenue source and restricts its use). These restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.
- (b) Committed amounts that can be used only for the specific purpose determined by a formal action of County Council. Such commitments may be changed or lifted only by the County Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally (i.e.: use of fund balance to fund subsequent year's budgeted expenditures). Amounts classified as "committed" will be so designated by Council Resolution, and can only be changed by the same action that initially authorized them, unless that authorizing document states otherwise.
- (c) Assigned amounts intended to be used by the County for specific purposes. County Council delegates the authority to classify fund balance as "assigned" to the County Administrator and his/her designee, within the Finance Department, per County's financial policy. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

With the implementation of GASB 54, other fund balance classifications could be non-spendable, which represents an amount that is legally or contractually required and cannot be spent, or unassigned, which represents amounts not included in the other fund balance categories. As of June 30, 2013, nonspendable amounts included \$1,380 for seminars, \$1,290,266 for annual maintenance & IT/GIS service contracts, \$10,141 for blanket bond insurance, \$500,068 for worker's compensation insurance, \$136,618 for health/life insurance, \$48,089 for tile inventory and \$7,566 for museum inventory.

The policy for the order of expenditure of funds by fund balance classification as they become available for spending is as follows: Future qualifying expenditures will first reduce the amount of fund balance classified as restricted, followed by the reduction of unrestricted fund balance starting first with "committed", then "assigned", then "unassigned" as applicable when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those fund balance classifications could be used.

The County's stabilization policy is as follows: A fiscal stabilization reserve is to be maintained in the General Fund, the Fire Fund, the Recreation Fund, and the Stormwater Fund. The stabilization funds are shown as a part of the restricted fund balance in the Fire Fund, Recreation Fund and Stormwater Fund. Since this policy is approved by County Council Ordinance, the Council authorizes the fiscal stabilization reserve to be classified as "committed" fund balance in the General Fund. The fiscal stabilization reserve can be spent under extreme exigent circumstances. Extreme exigent circumstances exist only if revenue shortfalls cannot be met through reducing expenditures without impacting the health, safety and/or welfare of the County; or unexpected expenditures are required in excess of the budgeted expenditures in order to provide for the health, safety and/or welfare of the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Net Position & Fund Balance - Flow Assumptions & Policies (continued)

Use of the fiscal stabilization reserve is most likely to occur in the event of a natural disaster or an unexpected significant reduction in revenue sources in excess of 5% of the approved budgeted revenue for that fund. Use of the fiscal stabilization reserve requires approval by Council Resolution.

In the event that the fiscal stabilization reserve is spent, the following must be followed to replenish the reserve balance:

- 1. Withdrawals up to 25% of the reserve shall be restored within five fiscal years;
- 2. Withdrawals of 25% of the reserve up to 50% of the reserve shall be restored within eight fiscal years;
- 3. Withdrawals of 50% of the reserve up to 75% of the reserve shall be restored within ten fiscal years;
- 4. Withdrawals of 75% of the reserve up to 100% of the reserve shall be restored within twelve fiscal years.

This fiscal stabilization reserve should be maintained at a level of at least 15% of the fund's next year budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources.

The County's minimum fund balance policy states that all governmental funds responsible for the payment of debt service must maintain within fund balance an amount equal to at least 50% of the next year's debt service amount and this policy, approved by County Council Ordinance, authorizes this amount to be classified as "committed" fund balance. This requirement applies to the General Debt Service Fund and Fire Fund. The Airport Enterprise Fund will maintain reserves at levels that comply with the applicable regulatory requirements such as bond covenants and requirements of various funding sources.

Non-exchange Transactions, Contributed Capital and Transfers

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions, deeded properties and Federal, state and local government assistance in the form of non-operating grants that are permanent in nature and restricted for the construction or acquisition of specific property and equipment have been recorded after non-operating revenue as required by GASB Statement No. 34.

Grants and fees that are considered program-related are recognized as operating revenue. The Department of Airports Enterprise Fund is a recipient of certain Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) Airport Improvement Program (AIP) grants. These capital cost-reimbursed grants have been recognized as non-operating capital contributions. The Airport receives TSA Security Operations grants which are recognized as operating revenues. The County & Airport have received grant funds from the South Carolina Department of Transportation ("SCDOT") for road improvements.

Passenger Facility Charges

Passenger Facility Charges ("PFC'S") collected pursuant to Federal FAA regulations from enplaned passengers via airlines' remittances are restricted for future construction, capitalization, and related debt services of the Airport as approved by the FAA.

Contract Facility Charges

Contract Facility Charges ("CFC'S") collected pursuant to certain agreements on automobile rentals, are restricted for debt service and future construction projects related to automobile rental tenants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Lease Accounting

The revenue from terminal building space rentals and other leased sites is accounted for under the operating lease method. Base monthly rentals are computed on the square footage occupied by the tenant times the rent per square foot, which varies with each tenant. Tenant leases are normally for periods of three to five years with options to renew; however, lease terms provide for early termination by either party with a 30-day notification. Annual rent increases are primarily based on annual increases in the Consumer Price Index, where applicable.

In addition, lease revenues from air carriers are based on certain compensatory "signatory" and "non-signatory" airline lease and use agreements which are subject to annual rate negotiations. Lease costs, if material, are deferred and amortized over the life of the lease.

Leased Property Under Capital Lease

Leased property under capital leases is depreciated using the straight-line method over the term of the lease. Leases are deemed to be capital leases if they meet the criteria as defined in the FASB Codification.

Property Taxes

The County assesses and levies property taxes in accordance with applicable laws of the State of South Carolina. Real property and personal property owned and used in the County, except that which is exempt from taxation under the Constitution and Laws of the State, is subject to taxation. An annual ordinance establishing the millage rate associated with the levy is adopted each year as a part of the budget process.

Real property and all personal property other than vehicles are assessed for property tax purposes as of December 31 of each year. The basis for value of taxable real property within the County is taken from the records of the County Assessor. Taxes are levied by the County Auditor as of January 1, billed in October, and are due by January 15 in the year following their levy. Tax billings are considered delinquent 166 days after the first billing date, at which time the applicable property is subject to lien, and interest and penalties are assessed.

New vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied by the County Auditor within 120 days of the registration date of the vehicle and payment is due upon receipt of the property tax notice. Other vehicle property taxes are assessed and levied in the month the vehicle is scheduled for license renewal with the South Carolina Department of Transportation and payment is due before the end of the month of the scheduled renewal.

County property tax revenues are recognized at the time of levy for the budget period to which they apply. Delinquent and unpaid property taxes are reported as receivables, less amounts estimated to be uncollectible.

Cost Allocation - Indirect

The County records interdepartmental cost allocations designed to redistribute general fund operating expenditures to other governmental and proprietary funds. These allocations are based upon cost allocation plans prepared in accordance with United States Office of Management and Budget requirements and include an estimate of allocable costs based upon the cost allocation plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, Net Position/ Fund Balance, Revenue, Expenditures and Expenses (continued)

Future Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 18, *Accounting For Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs*, the discretely presented component unit, HCSWA, recognizes expenses for landfill closure and postclosure care costs over the life of the landfill's operation in proportion to the usage of the landfill's total capacity. Federal and state regulations related to landfill closure procedures are comprehensive and require postclosure care and monitoring for a period extending thirty (30) years after closure.

E. Reclassification

Certain items in the prior year have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

F. Subsequent events

In preparing these financial statements, the County has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through December 4, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual appropriated legal-based budgets are adopted by County Council for governmental fund types including the general, special revenue and debt service funds. Capital projects fund, general improvement fund and capital project sales tax fund adopted project-length budgets. Budgetary comparisons to actual of the general fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. Capital Projects project-length budget comparisons are presented following individual fund-level schedules. Additionally, budgetary controls are maintained for certain proprietary fund types. For example, annual operating and capital budgets are prepared for the Department of Airports and Fleet Services for fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, which were approved and adopted by County Council. However, budgetary comparisons to actual for proprietary fund types are not required to be presented in the accompanying basic financial statements.

Prior to July 1 of each year, the budget is legally enacted by the passage of an ordinance. The ordained budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The County's budget serves as an approved plan to facilitate financial control and operational evaluation. Additional budget appropriations must be approved by County Council at the fund level of expenditures.

The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between departments when deemed necessary and upon request from the department head. Total expenditures in any one of the governmental fund types may exceed the original ordained budgeted amount for that fund without prior amendment by County Council. Accordingly, formal budgetary integration is employed at the fund-level as a management control device during the year.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability (continued)

A. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

At fiscal year end, June 30, 2013, any funds budgeted for capital projects which have not been completed and said funds have not been budgeted to other capital projects, road maintenance fees and funds budgeted for the local road improvement accounts, which have not been expended, funds budgeted for the one penny sales tax capital road plan that have not been expended, other County Council road improvement, parks maintenance and recreation funds which have not been expended, grant funds or donations which have not been expended, Stormwater Management funds budgeted for capital projects, funds budgeted for site improvements at the recycle centers which have not been expended, chemicals and contract spraying which have not been expended, funds for Maintenance Life Cycle Program which have not been expended, funds for County Council expense accounts which have not been expended, funds for Recreation capital improvements and programs which have not been expended, funds for capital items authorized by purchase order but not received, accommodations tax funds approved by the Accommodations Tax Committee and County Council which have not been expended, funds budgeted for Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation (MBREDC) which have not been expended, funds budgeted for road improvements in the Hidden Woods Special Tax District which have not been expended, funds budgeted for offsite morgue which have not been expended, and funds approved for infrastructure improvements in admission tax districts which have not been spent shall reflect as a commitment of fund balance in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and shall be brought forward in the fiscal year 2014 as budgeted fund balance and not represented in the approved revenue and expenditure budget amounts. This automatic re-budgeting shall not require a supplemental budget ordinance and shall be limited to the amount available above the required fund balance for the previous fiscal year.

B. Encumbrances

Under encumbrance accounting, outstanding purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for unperformed contracts and goods and services are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation in the governmental fund types. At year-end, encumbrances are carried forward and are reported within the category of restricted fund balance if the encumbrance will be relieved by grant funds or other external restricted funds or as committed fund balance. Details of significant encumbrances are included in Note 18 Commitments and Contingencies.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

State Statute authorizes the County to invest in (1) obligations of the United States and agencies thereof; (2) general obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units provided such obligations are rated as an "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and Standard and Poor's Corporation or their respective successors; (3) interest bearing accounts in financial institutions to the extent that the same are insured by an agency of the Federal government; (4) certificates of deposit where the certificates are collaterally secured by securities of the type described above, held by a third party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of the certificates of deposit so secured, including interest, provided, however, such collateral shall not be required to the extent the same are insured by an agency of the Federal Government; (5) or deposit accounts with banking institutions insured and secured in the same manner. The Statutes provide that all authorized investments shall have maturities consistent with the time or times when the invested monies will be needed in cash.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

A. Deposits

Deposits include cash and cash equivalents on deposit in banks and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. All deposits under the control of the County Treasurer are fully insured or collateralized. As of June 30, 2013, reported amount of the County's deposits was \$141.0 million and the bank balance was \$151.8 million. Of the \$151.8 million bank balance exposed to custodial credit risk, the balance was covered by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities held by the counterparty's trust department, line of credit, or agent in the County's name.

B. Investments

Investment Policy

All of the County's investments are presented at fair value. Securities are valued at the last reported sales price as provided by an independent pricing service. Investment income consists of realized and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in the fair value of investments and interest income earned.

At June 30, 2013, the County had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Maturities (amounts shown in thousands)

		,	,			
			Thr	ee months	N	lore than
Investment Type	F	air Value		or less	thre	ee months
Certificates of Deposit	\$	110,537	\$	13,556	\$	96,981
Money Market funds		76,504		76,504		-
U.S. Government Agencies Securities		223,017		17,780		205,238
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool		195,210		195,210		
Total investments held in the County's name	\$	605,269	\$	303,050	\$	302,219

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the County will not be able to recover the value of investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The primary government's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized with U.S. Government Securities. The County's policy with respect to custodial credit risk is that all of the County's investments must be insured or collateralized.

Credit Risk

As of June 30, 2013, the County's investments in U.S. Government Agencies Securities are rated Aaa by Moody's Investors. Statues also allow the State Treasurer to assist local governments in investing funds. The State Treasurer also provides oversight for the State Treasurer's Investment Pool which is unrated, of which; the fair value of the County's investments is the same as the value of the pooled shares. The County's investment in the money market fund, repurchase agreement, and certificate of deposit are also unrated.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

B. Investments(continued)

Credit Risk (continued)

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the County. The County's credit risk policy to mitigate the potential for loss of principal is to purchase only high investment grade fixed-income securities. The County's repurchase agreements are fully collateralized by U.S. Government Securities and are not subject to credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in the interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The County's respective maturity dates are as noted above. The County does not have a policy with respect to interest rate risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The County does not have a policy for reducing this risk to any single issuer. As of June 30, 2013, the County had 65.67% of its investments invested with BB&T, and 14.42% with Conway National Bank.

The County does not invest in foreign securities or have transactions with foreign currency, and as a result does not have a policy for foreign currency risk.

Component Units

HCSWA:

A. Deposits

At June 30, 2013, the carrying amount of the HCSWA's total cash deposits, including certificates of deposit, was \$33,596,042 with corresponding bank balances of \$33,614,777. Of that balance, \$1,500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$32,114,777 was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department in the HCSWA's name. At year end, petty cash on hand totaled \$1,700.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the HCSWA's deposits may not be returned to it. The HCSWA's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires all deposits in excess of federal depository insurance to be collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the HCSWA's name.

B. Investments

Investments consisted of the following at June 30, 2013:

Investment Type	<u>Maturities</u>	Standard & Poor's Credit Rating	Fair Value	% of Total Investments
State of S.C. Treasurer's Investment Pool	N/A	Not Rated	\$4,002,109	100.00%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

C. Designated Cash, Cash Equivalents & Investments

In accordance with formal resolutions of the HCSWA's Board of Directors, cash, cash equivalents and investments have been designated for the following purposes at June 30, 2013 and are not considered to be available to pay for operating expenses:

Landfill Closure Costs	\$ 12,112,600
Landfill Postclosure Care Costs	7,133,842
Equipment Replacement	3,893,175
Construction	9,942,809
MRF Contingency	74,392
OPEB Obligation	773,481
Waste Diversion	643,240
	\$ 34,573,539

SBHS:

A. Deposits

It is the Commission's policy for deposits to be fully secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Insurance (FDIC).

SBHS is exposed to certain custodial credit risks from the use of local financial institutions for its depository accounts. At June 30, 2013, a total of \$448,265 was on deposit with local institutions in the name of SBHS. These deposits are covered by the FDIC up to \$250,000 per institution. Any deposits in excess of FDIC limits are collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution in SBHS's name. SBHS did not recognize any losses due to default by counterparties relating to depository relationships.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3. Deposits and Investments (continued)

B. Investments

SBHS does not have policies with respect to credit rate risk, interest rate risk, concentration of credit risk or foreign currency risk. At June 30, 2013, SBHS had no investments.

A reconciliation of deposits and investments to cash and cash equivalents shown on the government-wide, fiduciary financial statements and discretely presented component units (SBHS and HCSWA) is as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)									
	Primary			ciary Fund				ented nits		
	Go	vernment	-	Agency		Total	SBHS		Н	ICSWA
Cash on hand	\$	29	\$	-	\$	29	\$	-	\$	2
Carrying amount of deposits		95,437		45,568		141,005		374		33,596
Carrying amount of investments		424,706		180,563		605,269		-		4,002
Totals	\$	520,172	\$	226,131	\$	746,303	\$	374	\$	37,600
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	34,486	\$	16,064	\$	50,550	\$	374	\$	15,870
Pooled cash and investments		108,772		29,504		138,276		-		-
Investments		299,659		180,563		480,222		-		21,730
Funds held in trust - restricted		1,244		-		1,244		-		-
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted		6,298		-		6,298		-		-
Investments - restricted		27,625		-		27,625		-		-
Funds held in trust - restricted		42,088		-		42,088		-		
Totals	\$	520,172	\$	226,131	\$	746,303	\$	374	\$	37,600

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4. Receivables

Receivables for the primary government, including applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)									
				ness-type ctivity						
		vernment ctivities		artment Airports		Totals				
Property taxes	\$	18,103	\$	-	\$	18,103				
Less, allowance for uncollectibles and amounts not available for current period		(12,549)		_		(12,549)				
Net property taxes		5,554		_		5,554				
Accounts and other		3,290		1,119		4,409				
EMS billings		19,736		-		19,736				
Less, allowance for uncollectibles		(18,054)		(270)		(18,324)				
Net accounts and other		4,972		849		5,821				
<u>Fees</u>										
Road fees		1,337		-		1,337				
Hospitality fees		6,186		-		6,186				
Stormwater Management fees		466		-		466				
Other fees		222				222				
Net fees		8,211		-		8,211				
Total receivables, net	\$	18,737	\$	849	\$	19,586				

Property taxes receivable include delinquent and unpaid taxes, penalties and interest, if applicable, and is reported in the accompanying financial statements of the primary government net of that portion not available for current year budget appropriations as levied.

Government Activities accounts receivable include amounts owed to the County as a result of magistrates court, clerk of court fines and assessments, and billings relating to emergency medical transportation. Fees receivable include Accommodations tax, Hospitality fees, Road Maintenance, Stormwater Management and E911 fees.

Department of Airports current accounts receivable include airfield landing fees, leased sites, terminal building, FBO sales & airport services.

Receivables at June 30, 2013 for the discretely presented component unit HCSWA totaled \$1,256,097 and included amounts from trade accounts receivable and \$15,000 in allowance for doubtful accounts.

Receivables (current and non-current) at June 30, 2013 for the discretely presented component unit SBHS totaled \$558,865 and included amounts from client accounts receivable, returned checks, employee receivables, and \$3,869,750 allowance for uncollectible accounts.

Amounts due form private party represents amount charged individuals for services. SBHS has established an allowance based upon management's best estimate of the amount collectible and considers this to be a significant estimate. SBHS uses collection programs through the South Carolina Department of Revenue (SCDOR) to collect past due amounts from Private Parties. These programs are called 'Debt Setoff and 'GEAR'.

- 1) Debt Setoff Debt Setoff is a program whereby individual income tax refunds are intercepted and sent to creditors. The SCDOR charges an administrative fee to the debtor of \$25.
- 2) GEAR Gear is a program whereby the SCDOR impounds a portion of individuals recurring wages. Amounts impounded are remitted monthly to Shoreline less an administrative fee of 28.5%.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, SBHS's revenue for Debt Setoff and GEAR was \$125,159.

During the year ended June 30, 2013, SBHS restated opening net assets for the long-term portion of private pay accounts previously unrecorded. This restatement resulted in a \$250,000 increase to opening net position.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Interfund Receivables and Payables

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, interfund receivables and payables (internal balances) between governmental activities and Business-type activities have been eliminated. In the governmental and proprietary funds financial statements, short-term interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2013 were as follows:

(amounts shown in thousands)

					Due	FIOII	l					
 								Ai	rport		Total	
		·										
\$ -	\$	217	\$	16	\$	300	\$	47	\$	784	\$	1,364
34		-		95		-		-		-		129
22		-		-		-		-		-		22
223												223
\$ 279	\$	217	\$	111	\$	300	\$	47	\$	784	\$	1,738
<u>F</u>	34 22 223	Fund Sh \$ - \$ 34 22 223	Fund Shores \$ - \$ 217 34 - - 22 - - 223 - -	Fund Shores Pro \$ - \$ 217 \$ 34 - - 22 - - 223 - -	Fund Shores Promotion \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 34 - 95 22 - - 223 - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & General Promotion General Promotion \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 34 34 - 95 22 - - 223 - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Promotion CDBG Grant Program \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 34 - 95 - 22 - - - 223 - - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Program Grant Program RIDE Set \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 \$ 34 22 - - - - 223 - - - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Promotion CDBG Grant Program RIDE Debt Service \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 \$ 47 34 - 95 - - 22 - - - - 223 - - - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Promotion Grant Program RIDE Debt Service Ai \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 \$ 47 \$ 34 22 - - - - - 223 - - - - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Promotion Grant Program RIDE Debt Service Airport \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 \$ 47 \$ 784 34 - 95 - - - 22 - - - - - 223 - - - - -	General Fund Arcadian Shores Tourism & Promotion Grant Program RIDE Debt Service Airport \$ - \$ 217 \$ 16 \$ 300 \$ 47 \$ 784 \$ 34

Amounts due between primary governments and component units were as follows:

 	Interfund Payable		
\$ -	\$	102	
-		759	
102		-	
759		-	
\$ 861	\$	861	
Rece	102 759	Receivable	

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods or services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5. Interfund Receivables and Payables (continued)

The following table summarizes interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2013:

(amounts shown in thousands)

		General Fund		apital rojects Fund	Pr	RIDE ogram : Service	lon-major vernmental Funds	Total
Transfers to								
General Fund	\$	-	\$	712	\$	319	\$ 750	\$ 1,781
Road Maintenance		7		-		-	280	287
Beach Renourishment		199		-		-	111	310
Grants		325		-		-	969	1,294
Victim Witness		171		-		-	-	171
Economic Development		1,038		-		-	-	1,038
Recreation		20		-		-	20	40
Capital Projects		2,409		-		-	218	2,627
General Debt Service		-		-		-	2,145	2,145
Fleet Internal Service		200		958			130	 1,288
Total	\$	4,369	\$	1,670	\$	319	\$ 4,623	\$ 10,981

Transfers are used to 1) move revenues from the fund with collection authorization to the debt service fund as debt service principal and interest payments become due, 2) move restricted amounts from the fund with the collection authorization to the appropriate fund recording the expenditures as they become due, 3) move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the government must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Note 6. Due From Other Governments

Amounts due from other governments for the primary governments and component units on the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)													
				Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			Discretely Pr Componen			
	G	eneral		pecial evenue	Capital Projects		Total		Department of Airports		s	BHS	s	WA
State Federal	\$	2,339 112	\$	1,473 1,874	\$	31,227 -	\$	35,039 1,986	\$	- 5,789	\$	56 -	\$	108 -
Total	\$	2,451	\$	3,347	\$	31,227	\$	37,025	\$	5,789	\$	56	\$	108

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Capital Assets

A summary of the changes in capital assets during the year ended June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)										
	E	Balance					Balance				
Governmental Activities	Jun	e 30, 2012	A	dditions	De	letions	Tr	ansfers	June 30, 2013		
General Capital Assets											
Not subject to depreciation:											
Land and easements	\$	22,857	\$	17	\$	(1)	\$	1	\$	22,874	
Intangible Assets		20		-		-		-		20	
Infrastructure		451,269		7,638		(689)		3,916		462,134	
		474,146		7,655		(690)		3,917		485,028	
Construction-in-progress		26,666		11,545		(22)		(15,645)		22,544	
Total capital assets not depreciated		500,812		19,200		(712)		(11,728)		507,572	
Subject to depreciation/amortization:											
Land improvements		5,414		2		-		1,366		6,782	
Buildings		196,113		-		-		1,817		197,930	
Building improvements		21,917		65		-		6,761		28,743	
Office furniture		10,552		17		-		_		10,569	
Vehicles		19,903		268		(666)		_		19,505	
Heavy equipment		5,315		704		(1,002)		281		5,298	
Computer equipment		39,363		347		(17)		716		40,409	
Intangible assets		532		-		. ,		_		532	
Other		4,686		535		(5)		787		6,003	
Totals		303,795		1,938		(1,690)		11,728		315,771	
Total General Capital Assets		804,607		21,138		(2,402)		-		823,343	
Less, accumulated depreciation/amortization:											
Land improvements		(1,911)		(414)		_		_		(2,325)	
Buildings		(50,947)		(6,454)		_		_		(57,401)	
Building improvements		(4,468)		(877)		_		_		(5,345)	
Office furniture		(10,134)		(248)		_		_		(10,382)	
Vehicles		(18,285)		(979)		558		_		(18,706)	
Heavy equipment		(3,072)		(320)		976		_		(2,416)	
Computer equipment		(29,083)		(3,836)		13		_		(32,906)	
Other		(3,213)		(555)		5		_		(3,763)	
Totals		(121,113)		(13,683)		1,552				(133,244)	
Net general capital assets		683,494		7,455		(850)		_		690,099	
Internal Service Fund Capital Assets											
Subject to depreciation/amortization:		45.000		4 5 4 0		(4.004)				45 540	
Machinery and equipment		15,092		1,548		(1,091)		-		15,549	
Heavy equipment		12,518		3,305		(1,526)				14,297	
Totals		27,610		4,853		(2,617)		-		29,846	
Less, accumulated depreciation/amortization:											
Machinery and equipment		(9,458)		(1,925)		1,089		-		(10,294)	
Heavy equipment		(5,626)		(1,489)		1,011		-		(6,104)	
Totals		(15,084)		(3,414)		2,100		-		(16,398)	
Net internal service fund capital assets		12,526		1,439		(517)				13,448	
Net capital assets - Governmental Activities	\$	696,020	\$	8,894	\$	(1,367)	\$		\$	703,547	

Roadway improvements by the County using Capital Project Sales Tax for infrastructure owned and maintained by the state are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred. Total roadway improvements expensed for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 were \$25,118 and \$30,722, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

	-			
	Balance	Balance		
Business-type Activities	June 30, 2012	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2013
Not subject to depreciation:				
Land and easements	\$ 23,293	\$ -	\$ (19)	\$ 23,274
Infrastructure	9,182			9,182
	32,475	-	(19)	32,456
Construction in progress	70,158	49,311	(117,785)	1,684
Total capital assets not depreciated	102,633	49,311	(117,804)	34,140
Subject to depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	61,608	99,438	(79)	160,967
Runways and taxiways	56,275	5,798	-	62,073
Machinery and equipment	14,034	5,705	(190)	19,549
Land improvements	24,540	7,747		32,287
Totals	156,457	118,688	(269)	274,876
Total Business-Type Assets	259,090	167,999	(118,073)	309,016
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	(30,253)	(2,480)	79	(32,654)
Runways and taxiways	(28,068)	(2,254)	=	(30,322)
Machinery and equipment	(8,742)	(1,359)	188	(9,913)
Land improvements	(5,670)	(1,240)	=_	(6,910)
Totals	(72,733)	(7,333)	267	(79,799)
Net capital assets -				
Business-type Activities	\$ 186,357	\$ 160,666	\$ (117,806)	\$ 229,217

Capital assets of the discretely presented component units, HCSWA and SBHS at June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	<u>(amou</u>	(amounts shown in thousands)				
Component Units	S	BHS	Н	ICSWA		
Land	\$	138	\$	7,918		
Subtitle D (Class 3) landfill		-		26,463		
Buildings		1,455		12,044		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		138		17,422		
Other improvements		-		6,413		
Construction-in-progress				654		
Totals		1,731		70,914		
Less, accumulated depreciation:						
Subtitled D (Class 3) landfill		-		(20,823)		
Buildings		(665)		(2,736)		
Vehicles, machinery and equipment		(129)		(9,515)		
Other improvements				(1,596)		
Totals		(794)		(34,670)		
Net capital assets - Component Units	\$	937	\$	36,244		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Construction-in-progress amounts included above are as follows:

Governmental Activities	(amounts shown in thousands)					
Road Improvements	\$ 21,119					
GIS Arial Photography	836					
Fiber Installation	364					
Financial System	69					
Coastal Access Improvement	58					
Horry County Museum	50					
Machinery & Equipment	27					
Recreation	15					
Little River Projects	4					
Fire Stations	2					
Total	\$ 22,544					

Estimated total costs to complete these projects approximates \$251 million of which \$247 million is for road improvements.

The Airport's construction-in-progress at June 30, 2013, is composed of the following:

Business-type Activities: (Department of Airports)	(amounts shown in thousands)
Completion Phase of Terminal Capacity Enhance Program	
(TCEP)	\$ 457
East Side Commerce Park	45
MYR Runway Rehabilitation	204
CRE Hangar Improvements	20
ITAP Ramp & Taxiway	545
CRE Pavement Phase I	198
Hangar 3232 Renovation	173
HYW Community Hangar	17
Ramp 66 Purchase	6
Airport Layout Plan	9
Harrelson Boulevard Phase II	10_
Total	\$ 1,684

The Terminal Capacity Enhancement Program total construction project budget was established at \$118,748,071. Project expenditures of \$16,130 and \$110,375,528 were capitalized during fiscal years 2012 and 2013 respectively.

Estimated additional costs to complete these projects are estimated at \$17 million. As of June 30, 2013, the Airport had outstanding purchase orders relating to the projects above of \$9,903,666. \$6,500,741 of these encumbrances has been included in value of TCEP assets capitalized during the 2013 fiscal year.

In December 2012, the airport sold a 1.93 acre parcel of land at the Grand Strand Airport. The historical combined cost of both parcels was \$19,300, and the sale resulted in a non-operating gain of \$208,064 for the 2013 fiscal year. The Airport also disposed of \$268,323 in machinery and equipment in the current fiscal year. The disposals resulted in a \$1,429 loss

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7. Capital Assets (continued)

Department of Airport Facilities

Prior to March 1993, the Airport used certain airfield facilities of the Myrtle Beach Air Force Base through a joint-use agreement, orginally executed in the mid 1970's, with the United States Air Force (USAF). Coincident with the excecution of the joint-use agreement, the Air Force and Horry County executed the Base Lease agreement which leased to the County the acreage on the air force base on which to operate the airport terminal. In March 1993, the base was officially closed and the joint-use agreement was terminated. At the time of closure, the Air Force extended the Base Lease agreement with the County to include the airfield facilities previously used by the airport in accordance with the joint use agreement.

The term of the Base Lease agreement was extended to December 31, 2028. The agreement called for the transfer of ownership of the property in fee simple to the County from USAF for the land and facilities at the end of the lease, but contemplated an earlier transfer based upon the USAF meeting certain criteria set forth in the agreement. The transfer of ownership was completed on June 17, 2003, and a fee simple deed to the property was recorded in the County's name in the Register of Deeds office of Horry County on that date at Deed Book 2623, page number 1491. The property transferred excluded portions of Myrtle Beach International Airport (MYR) property which are still undergoing environmental remediation and cleanup efforts by the United States Government.

With respect to the runway, aprons, taxiways, drainage system, etc., associated with the USAF property conveyance, no historical or estimated values are available. Until such time that a fair market value can be established, a value of \$1.00 has been recorded representing "Land" and "Aviation Easements". Buildings and structures are being specifically identified and recorded at fair market value at the date of the gift.

Horry County Department of Airports is obligated by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) to maintain a current Airport Layout Plan (ALP). In order to maintain a current ALP, the Department reviews and updates its Master Plan whenever strategically necessary. The Airport completed the updated ALP in fiscal year 2011.

<u>Depreciation allocation - Governmental</u>

The amount of depreciation charged to each governmental function for the year ended June 30, 2013 is as follows: general government (\$4,046,960); public safety (\$7,404,222); Infrastructure and regulation (\$436,493); culture and recreation (\$1,567,966) and health and social services (\$227,433). Capital assets held by the Internal Service Fund (\$3,414,309).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2013, is comprised of general and special obligation bonds, revenue bonds, RIDE - Intergovernmental Loan Agreements (IGA), accumulated compensated absences liability, other post employment benefits, and long-term capital leases.

General obligation (G.O.) bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment. G.O. bonds are direct obligations that pledge the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County. The South Carolina Constitution limits local government units borrowing power to eight percent of its assessed property values. The limitation excludes bonded indebtedness existing prior to December 1, 1997, (date of the Constitutional Amendment), certain special levies assessed on properties located in specific areas receiving special benefits, and other prescribed indebtedness approved by the voters.

Special obligation bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and equipment and are secured by the pledge of the Hospitality Fees Special Revenue Fund revenues (Special Fund portion) of the County.

Revenue bonds are issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and are secured by the pledge of specific net revenues of the County. Such revenue bonds are recorded in the Enterprise Funds.

The County has also entered into certain IGA with the State of South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank.

Special obligation bonds, revenue bonds, and IGA Loans are limited obligations of the County and do not constitute the general obligations, or pledge of the faith, credit or taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision.

On September 1, 2005, the County issued \$30,000,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A (the "2005A Bonds") with interest rates ranging from 3.500% to 4.125%. The net proceeds of the 2005A Bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust account and were issued to partially defease the 2000 General Obligation Bonds- Judicial Center, including payment of the prepayment penalty on the Bonds. The 2005A Bonds are payable through March 2022, and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County are irrevocably pledged for the payment thereof. As a result of the transaction, the County reduced total debt service payments by \$6,878,384 and realized an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$1,379,795. The outstanding principal balance of the 2005A Bonds at June 30, 2013 was \$21.260 million.

On September 1, 2005, the County issued \$5,010,000 of General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005B (the "2005B Bonds") with interest rates ranging from 3.000% to 3.580%. The net proceeds of the 2005B Bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust account and were issued to partially defease the 2000 General Obligation Bonds- Fire Protection, including payment of the prepayment penalty on the Bonds. The 2005B Bonds are payable through March 2015, and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County are irrevocably pledged for the payment thereof. As a result of the transaction, the County reduced total debt service payments by \$3,128,855 and realized an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$224,618. The outstanding principal balance of the 2005B Bonds at June 30, 2013 was \$1.705 million.

The 2005B Bonds are not subject to redemption on or prior to March 1, 2016. The 2005B Bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2017, are subject to redemption at the option of the County on or after March 1, 2016, at any time as a whole or in part in such order of maturities as the County may determine, at par, together with the interest accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

On December 30, 2009, the County issued \$5,040,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009A and \$6,960,000 of General Obligation Bonds, Series 2009B (Federally Taxable – Build America Bonds – Direct Payment Bonds). The proceeds of the Series 2009A & Series 2009B Bonds will be used to provide funds for constructing and equipping library and various recreation facilities and the full faith, credit and taxing power of the County are irrevocably pledged for the payment thereof.

Beginning with March 1, 2010, the Series 2009A bonds requires semi-annual interest-only payments until March 1, 2011, when the Series 2009A bonds are payable semiannually in principal installments of \$455,000 to \$570,000 plus interest at 2.0% to 4.0% over ten years. The Series 2009B bonds provide for interest installments only for the first ten years of the life of the bonds. Beginning in fiscal year 2021, the Series 2009B bonds will be payable in principal installments of \$595,000 to \$815,000 plus interest at 4.75% to 5.75% over ten years. The Series 2009B bonds were issued under the guidelines provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act ("ARRA") as Build American Bonds. The County, under the guidelines set forth in the ARRA, is eligible to apply for an interest subsidy payment from the United States Treasury for Build America Bonds of 35% of the interest payable on the bond. The subsidy payments have not been pledged to the payment of any Bonds and would be part of the County's general revenues. The County received an interest subsidy of \$129,098 for the year ended June 30, 2013.

The 2009A Bonds are not subject to redemption on or prior to March 1, 2020. The 2009B Bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2021, are subject to redemption at the option of the County on or after March 1, 2020, at any time as a whole or in part in such order of maturities as the County may determine, at par, together with the interest accrued thereon to the date fixed for redemption.

Advance Refundings

The balance of outstanding advanced refunding at June 30, 2013 is \$7,910,000.

On December 6, 2011 the County issued \$8,740,000 of General Obligation Bonds with an average interest rate of 2.473% were issued to advance refund \$6,015,000 of outstanding 2004A GO Bonds (Fire Bonds) with a coupon rate ranging from 3.0% to 5% and \$1,895,000 of outstanding 2004B GO Bonds (Tech Bonds) with a coupon rate ranging from 3.25% to 5.5%. The net proceeds of \$8,955,931 (after payment of \$183,710 in underwriting discount and issuance costs) plus an additional \$2,573 in additional funds were used to purchase US Government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with Wells Fargo Bank to provide for future debt service payment on the 2004A and 2004B GO Bonds. As a result the 2004A and 2004B GO Bonds are considered to be defeased for payments due after March 2014 and the liability for these bonds has been removed from the governmental activities column of the statement of net position.

The reacquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$931,431. This amount is being netted against the new debt and amortized over the remaining life of the new debt, which is equal to the life of the refunded debt. This advance refunding was undertaken to reduce total debt service payments over the next thirteen years by \$622,908 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment of the old and new debt) of \$615,665.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. Governmental Activities Debt

Change in the county's long-term debt for its Governmental Activities as follows:

Change in the county's long-term dept for its governme			ws.	(amounts	s sh	own in thousand	(s) Balance	Current	
	Balance June 30. 2012			Additions		Deletions	June 30, 2013	Portion	
General and Special Obligation Bonds:	Julie 30, 2012		Additions			Deletions	Julie 30, 2013	Fortion	
G.O. Bonds of 2004 (Series A) dated June 1 for \$11 million with interest at 3.0% to 5.0% - Fire Protection District	\$	1,260	\$	-	\$	(615)	\$ 645	\$ 645	
G.O. Bonds of 2004 (Series B) dated June 1 for \$3 million with interest at 3.25% to 5.50% - HGTC Bond		280		-		(140)	140	140	
G.O Bonds of 2005 (Series A) dated September 1 for \$30 million with interest at 3.5% to 4.125% - Judicial Center Refunding		23,175		-		(1,915)	21,260	1,995	
G.O. Bonds of 2005 (Series B) dated September 1 for \$5.01 million with interest at 3% to 3.8% - Fire Protection Refunding		2,515		-		(810)	1,705	840	
G.O. Bonds of 2007 dated April 11 for \$11 million with interest at 4% to 4.5% -Health		0.025				(665)	7 270	600	
Department/Museum		8,035		-		(665)	7,370	690	
G.O. Bonds of 2008 dated May 20 for \$12 million with interest at 4% to 5% -Libraries		10,140		-		(475)	9,665	490	
G.O. Bonds of 2008 dated May 20 for \$50 million with interest at 4% to 5% -Detention Center		38,665		-		(2,940)	35,725	3,030	
Special Hospitality Fee Bonds of 2009 dated May 7 for \$8.155M with interest at 3% to 4%- Hospitality Fee Refunding		3,665		-		(1,805)	1,860	1,860	
G.O. Bonds of 2009 (Series A) dated December 30 for \$5.04 million with interest at 2% to 3% - Recreation and Library		4,120		-		(470)	3,650	480	
G.O. Bonds of 2009 (Series B) dated December 30 for \$6.96 million with interest at 2% to 3% - Recreation and Library		6,960		-		-	6,960	-	
G.O. Bonds of 2010 (Series B) dated June 3 for \$1.67 million with interest at 2.5% to 4.0% - Series 2001 A&B Refunding - Higher Education (HGTC Bldg. remodeling)		1,670		-		(145)	1,525	170	
G.O. Bonds of 2010 (Series B) dated June 3 for \$12.02 million with interest at 2.5% to 4.0% - Series 2001 A&B Refunding - S.S. Complex, Libraries & Court House		12,020		_		(950)	11,070	1,235	
G.O. Bonds of 2010 (Series A) dated June 15 for \$350,000 with interest at 2.79% - Boat Landing		214		_		(69)	145	71	
G.O. Bonds of 2011 (Series A) dated December 6 for \$6.64M with interest at 2% to 4% - Series 2004A Refunding - Fire Protection District		6,640		-		-	6,640	-	
G.O. Bonds of 2011 (Series B) dated December 6 for \$2.1M with interest at 2% to 3% - Series 2004B Refunding - HGTC Bond		2,100		-		-	2,100	-	
Certificates of Participation dated September 1, 1998 for \$3.088M with interest at 3% to 5%- Baseball Stadium		1,233				(182)	1,051	191	
Total general and special obligation bonds Unamortized premiums	1	22,692 2,387		-		(11,181)	111,511 2,188	11,837	
Net general and special obligation bond debt	\$ 1	25,079	\$	_	\$		\$ 113,699	\$ 11,837	
		-,			- <u>-</u>	(, 0)	,-30	,	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

A. Governmental Activities Debt (continued)

Other general long-term obligations of the County's governmental activities at June 30, 2013 are as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)									
	Balance June 30, 2012						Balance June 30, 2013			urrent
			Additions		Deletions					ortion
Other general long-term obligations:	_									
RIDE - IGA Loan #1	\$	75,000	\$	-	\$	(15,000)	\$	60,000	\$	13,340
Less, amounts imputed for interest		(6,035)		-		2,085		(3,950)		-
Net RIDE - IGA Loan #1		68,965		-		(12,915)		56,050		13,340
RIDE - IGA Loan #2		185,421				(11,404)		174,017		13,027
Net RIDE - IGA Loans payable		254,386				(24,319)		230,067		26,367
Capital lease obligation - fiber optic network		187		-		(187)		_		_
Capital lease obligation - CAD		2,248		-		(426)		1,822		437
Capital lease obligation - computers		184		-		(184)		_		-
Capital lease obligation - fiber ring		1,386		-		(523)		863		421
Capital lease obligation - toughbooks		232		-		(116)		116		116
Capital lease obligation - fiber relocation		672		-		(333)		339		339
Capital lease obligation - toughbooks		355		-		(86)		269		88
Capital lease obligation - toughbooks		_		372		` -		372		92
Capital lease obligation - tractors		_		88		-		88		22
Net capital leases		5,264		460		(1,855)		3,869		1,515
Post employment benefit obligation, net		20,675		1,600		-		22,275		-
Accumulated compensation absences, net		13,401		8,650		(9,567)		12,484		30
Total other general long-term obligations		293,726		10,710		(35,741)		268,695		27,912
Total Net Governmental Activities Debt	\$	418,805	\$	10,710	\$	(47,121)	\$	382,394	\$	39,749

The current portion of compensated absences has typically been liquidated from the general fund, other governmental funds and the Internal Service fund.

The County is funding the post employment benefit obligation on a pay - go basis from the General Fund.

RIDE Intergovernmental Agreements

As described in Note 17, the RIDE Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) Loan #1 provides for debt service payments to be made without interest over twenty (20) years. Accordingly, an estimated amount of interest has been imputed based on calculated rate of 3.25% which is a rate representative of the IGA Loan #2 Amended Agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

B. Business-type Activities (Enterprise Funds) Debt

Revenue Bonds - Department of Airports

In November 17, 2010, the \$50,870,000 Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A and \$9,720,000 Taxable Airport Revenue Bonds, Series 2010B were issued by Horry County, South Carolina, a political subdivision of the State of South Carolina.

The Series 2010A Bonds were issued to pay a portion of the cost of construction of the TCEP at the Myrtle Beach International Airport and to fund the capitalized interest on the Series 2010A Bonds through December 1, 2010, fund the debt service reserve and pay the costs of issuance of the Series 2010A Bonds. The net original issue discount for 2010A Bond was \$211,085. The unamortized discount at June 30, 2013 is \$193,255.

The Series 2010B Bonds were issued to pay the cost of the Harrelson Boulevard Improvements, fund the capitalized interest on the Series 2010B Bonds through December 1, 2011, fund the debt service reserve requirements and pay cost of issuance of the Series 2010B Bonds. The County has elected to treat the Series 2010B Bonds as "Recovery Zone Economic Development Bonds" for the purposes of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986. Subject to the County's compliance with certain requirements of the Code, the County expects to receive cash subsidy payments from the United States Treasury equal to 45% of the interest payable on the Series 2010B Bonds.

On March 1, 2013, the federal government implemented sequestration measures that reduced the amount of the subsidy due to the Horry County Department of Airports by 8.7% of the budgeted amount for the last quarter of the 2013 fiscal year. The 8.7% reduction remained in place for payments made though the end of federal fiscal year 2013 (ending September 30, 2013).

In Fiscal Year 2013, the County received an interest subsidy of \$306,584.

The revenue bonds are secured by the pledge of revenues derived by MYR. The Bonds are limited obligations of the County and do not constitute the general obligation, or a pledge of the faith, credit, or taxing power of the County or any other political subdivision. The County has agreed to establish rates and charges for use of MYR services and facilities that are reasonably expected to yield net revenues equal to at least 1.25 times the aggregate debt service to become due on the revenue bonds in the forthcoming fiscal year. Net revenues are defined as revenues less maintenance and operations expenses of MYR. The revenue bond ordinance also requires that certain funds be established and certain financial conditions be maintained.

Long-term 'revenue bonded' debt of the Department of Airports Enterprise Fund at June 30, 2013, is as follows:

		(an	ds)					
	Ba	alance					В	alance
Revenue Bonds:	June	30, 2012	Addit	tions	Delet	tions	June	30, 2013
Revenue bond, 2010A Series								_
dated November 17, for \$50.87 million							•	
with interest at 4.375% to 5% due 2011-								
2040	\$	50,870	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,870
Taxable Revenue bond, 2010B Series								
dated November 17, for \$9.72 million							•	
with interest at 7.328% due 2011-2040		9,720		-		-		9,720
Total revenue bonded debt		60,590	7	_	7	_		60,590
Less, original issue discount		(200)		7		_		(193)
Net Revenue Bonds	\$	60,390	\$	7	\$	-	\$	60,397

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 8. Long-Term Debt (continued)

C. Annual Requirements for Long-Term (Bonds and Loans) Debt

Annual principal requirements to amortize general and special obligation bonds, revenue bonds, certificates of participation (COPS), and RIDE Intergovernmental Agreements (IGA) loans #1 and #2 at their respective present values at June 30, 2013, are summarized as follows:

(amounts shown in thousands) Special Baseball Airport . Obligation Revenue Years Ending G.O. Stadium June 30, **Bonds Bonds** COPS **Bonds** Principal Principal Principal Principal Interest Interest Interest Interest 2014 9,787 \$ 4,347 \$ 1,860 \$ 58 \$ 190 \$ 53 \$ 1,215 \$ 3,086 2015 10,173 3,955 200 43 1,270 3,038 2016 9,650 3,547 210 2,987 33 1,320 2017 9,985 3,193 220 23 1,370 2,934 1,415 10,390 2018 2,814 231 11 2,893 2019-2023 48,855 7,760 8,060 13,458 2024-2028 10,020 11,506 8,160 1,589 2029-2033 1,600 138 12,595 8,836 2034-2038 15,875 4,931 2039-2040 7,450 642 27,343 163 108,600 1,860 1,051 60,590 Total 58 \$ 54,311 \$

										Tot	al	
Years Ending	_	RIDE	E IGA		RIDE IGA			Debt Service				
June 30,		Loa	n #1			Loa	n #2			Requirements		
	P	rincipal	In	terest	Р	rincipal	li	nterest	Principal		l:	nterest
2014	\$	13,340	\$	1,660	\$	13,027	\$	4,981	\$	39,419	\$	14,185
2015		13,778		1,221		14,750		4,578		40,171		12,835
2016		14,232		768		16,751		4,122		42,163		11,457
2017		14,700		300		18,881		3,606		45,156		10,056
2018		-		-		20,843		3,028		32,879		8,746
2019-2023		-		-		89,765		5,719		146,680		26,937
2024-2028		-		-		-		-		18,180		13,095
2029-2033		-		-		-		-		14,195		8,974
2034-2038		-		-		-		-		15,875		4,931
2039-2041						<u>-</u>		=		7,450		642
Total	\$	56,050	\$	3,949	\$	174,017	\$	26,034	\$	402,168	\$	111,858

D. SBHS

On June 18, 2003, the Commission issued \$960,000 in Hospital Revenue Bonds, Series 2003 with an interest rate of 4.46%.

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Balance 6/30/	/13
Hospital Revenue Bond	4.46%	6/18/2013	\$	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities

A. Capital Lease Obligations

A capital lease is an agreement which specifies a transfer of benefits and risk of ownership to the lessee.

Governmental Activities:

The County's capital leases have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		(amounts shown in thousands)							
	Fi	iber	Tou	ghbook	F	iber	Tou	ghbook	
	Relo	cation	Cor	nputers	F	Ring		nputers	
2014	\$	346	\$	92	\$	464	\$	125	
2015		-		92		464		-	
2016		_		93		_		_	
2017		-		-		-		-	
2018		-						-	
Total lease payments		346		277		928		125	
Less, interest		(7)		(8)		(65)		(9)	
Present value of future									
minimum lease payments		339		269		863		116	
Less, current portion		(339)		(88)		(421)		(116)	
Total non-current portion	\$	_	\$	181	\$	442	\$	-	
				_		_			
	Toug	ghbook							
Year Ended June 30,	Com	puters		CAD	Tra	ctors		Γotal	
2014	\$	96	\$	487	\$	23	\$	1,633	
2015		96		487		23		1,162	
2016		96		487		23		699	
2017		95		488		22		605	
2018		-						-	
Total lease payments		383		1,949		91		4,099	
Less, interest		(11)		(127)		(3)		(230)	
Present value of future									
minimum lease payments		372		1,822		88		3,869	
Less, current portion		(92)		(437)		(22)		(1,515)	
Total non-current portion	\$	280	\$	1,385	\$	66	\$	2,354	

Business-type Activities (Enterprise Funds):

During the year ended June 30, 2006, the Airport entered into a ten year non-cancelable lease for a generator for the Airport. The annual interest rate on the lease is 2.87% per annum. The value of the generator at acquisition was \$425,000 and the net book value of the generator as of June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2012 was \$89,262 and \$135,625, respectively.

The present value of the minimum lease payments follows:

Year Ended June 30,	 Total
2014	50,314
2015	50,314
2016	 41,928
Total payments	142,556
Less, interest	 (6,931)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	135,625
Less, current portion	 (46,363)
Total non-current portion	\$ 89,262

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

A. Capital Lease Obligations (continued)

Business-type Activities (Enterprise Funds):

During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Airport entered into a second ten year non-cancelable lease for an additional generator for the Airport's new terminal building. This additional lease was effective April 1, 2013. The annual interest rate on the lease is 1.15% per annum. The fair market value of the generator at acquisition was \$558,650, and the net book value of the generator as of June 30, 2013 was \$549,853.

The present value of the minimum lease payments follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Total
2014	59,148
2015	59,148
2016	59,148
2017	59,148
2018	59,148
2019-2023	 285,882
Total payments	581,622
Less, interest	 (31,769)
Present value of future minimum lease payments	549,853
Less, current portion	 (53,136)
Total non-current portion	\$ 496,717

In January 2006, the Airport entered into a lease agreement with Atlanta Air Services (lessee) for hangar space at MYR. Under the terms of the agreement, the lessee was permitted to offset its rental obligations for certain capital improvements made to the premises. During 2006, the lessee completed the necessary capital improvements and as such is due rental credits in the sum of \$300,000 to be applied to the rent payments at \$50,000 annually. The remaining balance at June 30, 2013 is a current liability of \$50,000.

The changes in the County's capital leases and other long-term obligations for its business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2013 are as follows:

June 30, 2013 are as follows:	Balance June 30, 2012	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2013	Amounts due within one year	
Capital leases	\$ 180,417	\$ 549,853	\$ (44,792)	\$ 685,478	\$ 99,499	
Compensated absences	\$ 1,200,384	\$ 1,207,004	\$(1,200,384)	\$ 1,207,004	\$ 301,751	
Due to tenants for capital improvements	\$ 50,000	\$ -	\$ (50,000)	\$ -	\$ -	
Net OPEB obligation	\$ 631,051	\$ 50,105	\$ -	\$ 681,156	\$ -	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

B. Operating Lease Agreements

Lessor (Department of Airports)

The Department of Airports Enterprise Fund derives a substantial portion of its revenues from charges to air carriers, aeronautical businesses and schools, and concessionaires. Substantially all of the assets classified as fixed assets in the balance sheet are held by the Airport for the purpose of rental or related use. The Airport, as lessor, leases land, buildings, and terminal space to air carriers, and concessionaires on a fixed fee as well as a contingent fee basis. All leases of the Airport are treated as operating leases for accounting purposes. Most of the leases provide for an annual review and redetermination of the rental amounts. The following is a schedule of future minimum rentals receivable on non-cancelable operating leases as of June 30, 2013:

Year Ended June 30,	(amounts shown in thousands)
2014	\$ 5,404
2015	5,230
2016	5,208
2017	5,159
2018	976
2019-2023	6,045
Total	\$ 28,022

The total historical cost and net book value of certain property leased to parties external to Horry County, South Carolina reporting entity is \$44,469,880 and \$18,001,293, respectively at June 30, 2013.

Lessor (SBHS)

At June 30, 2013 future minimum payments under noncancelable operating leases with remaining terms in excess of one year were as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2014	\$	10,635
2015		1,270
2016		-
2017		-
2018		
Total	\$	11,905

Total lease expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was approximately \$12,286.

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

SBHS at June 30, 2013

On December 15, 2011, the Commission entered into a loan agreement with BB&T in the amount of \$85,000 for the purpose of facility repairs/upgrades. Note payable-repairs are due monthly with interest only at 3.4% and will mature on December 15, 2014, at which time the unpaid principal balance outstanding will be due. For the year ended June 30, 2013, \$84,185 of loan proceeds have been expended. Auto loan is due monthly with payments of \$414 per month at 5.75% with final payment due June 2014.

	eginning Balance	A	dditions	De	eductions	Ending Balance	dι	mounts ue within ne year
Compensated absences	\$ 83,001	\$	52,908	\$	70,548	\$ 65,361	\$	35,295
Net OPEB obligation	328,852		19,338		302,810	45,380		-
Notes payable - auto	9,710		-		4,534	5,176		5,176
Revenue bonds payable	116,339		-		116,339	-		-
Notes payable - repairs	63,895		20,290		-	84,185		-
Total Long-term liabilities	\$ 601,797	\$	92,536	\$	494,231	\$ 200,102	\$	40,471

Future maturities of long-term debt are as follows:

•				
Year ending June 30,	Interest Principa			rincipal
2014	\$	2,798	\$	5,176
2015		1,431		84,185
2016		-		-
2017		-		-
2018		-		-
	\$	4,229	\$	89,361

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 9. Capital and Operating Leases and Other Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities (continued)

HCSWA at June 30, 2013

	Beginning			Ending	Amounts due within
	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	one year
Compensated absences Net OPEB obligation Landfill closure costs Landfill postclosure care costs Total Long-term liabilities	\$ 317,634 1,063,751 13,694,577 6,719,363 \$ 21,795,325	\$ 263,961 232,795 4,506,242 1,362,487 \$6,365,485	\$ 231,847 23,096 - - \$ 254,943	\$ 349,748 1,273,450 18,200,819 8,081,850 \$ 27,905,867	\$ 235,000 - 510,000 - \$ 745,000

Total lease expense for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 was approximately \$12,286.

Note 10. Amounts Due to Airlines (Signatory Airlines Agreements)

The Department of Airports, primarily the Myrtle Beach International Airport (the "MBIA"), has entered into separate, but substantially similar, Signatory Airline Contract and Use Agreements (the Signatory Airline Agreements) with 5 passenger airlines. The Signatory Airline Agreements had an original term commencing July 1, 2002 and terminating June 30, 2007, but remain in effect on a month-to-month holdover basis. The holdover term under each Signatory Airline Agreement may be terminated by either the County or the Signatory Airline upon 30 days' notice. The Airport is finalizing review of the terms of the new Signatory Airline Agreement, which will be effective July 1, 2012. As of June 30, 2013, Spirit Airlines, US Airways, Delta Air Lines (System), United Airlines and Vision Airlines were signatory airlines. Collectively, these carriers are called "Signatory Airlines".

mechanisms for the airfield and terminal facilities at the Airport. Interim rates charged during the fiscal year are subject to a retroactive adjustment based upon actual year-end costs and activity levels (the Settlement). Any Settlement owed to the Signatory Airlines is applied to any balance owed by the airlines for rates and charges. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the County estimates the Settlement due to the Signatory Airlines is \$297,350. This amount is included in amounts due to tenants on the accompanying Statements of Net Position.

Horry County has also entered into agreements with airlines that serve the Airport and are not parties to Signatory Airline Agreements, which are referred to Non-signatory Airlines. The County assesses fees, rentals, and charges to the Non-Signatory Airlines at 125% of the fees, rentals, and charges charged to the Signatory Airlines. The Non-Signatory Airlines do not participate in the year-end settlement. As of June 30, 2013, the Non-Signatory Airlines operating at the Airport were Allegiant Air, Porter Airlines, and WestJet.

Horry County's Air Service Development Program that began in September 2008 and continued for fiscal year 2013 provided, at the County's sole discretion, for reduced landing fees from \$2.03 to \$1.36 per 1,000 lbs., which reduced landing and apron fee revenue by approximately \$504,786. The airport also waived airline fees of \$309,237 as incentives for new service. The County has agreed to extend the Air Service Development program. For fiscal year 2014, the combined incentive landing fee and apron fee for Signatory airlines will be \$.82 and \$.14 per 1,000 lbs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

Federal and state laws and regulations require the HCSWA to place a final cover on its permitted landfill sites when they stop accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for thirty years after closure. Although closure and postclosure care costs will be paid only near or after the date the landfill stops accepting waste, the HCSWA reports a portion of these closure and postclosure care costs as operating expenses in each period based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date. The percentage utilization of the estimated total capacity for each of the HCSWA's permitted landfill sites was 100%, 66.2%, and 67.5% of the Unlined, Class 3 landfill sites, and construction and demolition respectively. For purposes of postclosure care, the unlined and the construction and demolition landfills are considered a single permitted site with 88.3% utilization of the estimated total capacity at June 30, 2013.

The closure and postclosure care liabilities at June 30, 2013 represent the cumulative amounts reported to date based on utilization of the estimated total capacity of the permitted landfill sites less costs incurred to date and were as follows:

	(amounts shown in thousands)							
		Construction						
	Ur	nlined		Class 3	& D	emolition		Total
Closure Costs	\$	510	\$	7,520	\$	10,171	\$	18,201
Postclosure Care Costs		N/A		4,610		3,472		8,082
Total	\$	510	\$	12,130	\$	13,643	\$	26,283

The HCSWA will recognize the remaining estimated closure and postclosure care costs, as shown below, as the remaining estimated capacity of the permitted landfills are filled.

	Clos	sure Costs	e Costs
Class 3	\$	6,065	\$ 2,354
Construction and Demolition		5,044	\$ N/A
Unlined / Construction and Demolition		N/A	 460
	\$	11,109	\$ 2,814

The HCSWA has closed out the east and west hills of the unlined landfill, with the saddle area to be closed out during the year ending June 30, 2014. The Subtitle D (Class 3) landfill is expected to be closed during the year ending June 30, 2019. The construction and demolition landfill is anticipated to be closed during the year end June 30, 2025. The estimated closure and postclosure care costs are based on what it would cost today to perform all required closure and postclosure care. Actual costs ultimately incurred for closure and postclosure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations.

The HCSWA is required by federal and state laws to provide financial assurance that funds will be available when needed for closure and postclosure care costs through compliance with one of several approved alternative methods. The method utilized by the SWA is the local government financial test. At June 30, 2013, the HCSWA is in compliance with federal and state financial assurance requirements.

In accordance with formal resolutions of the HCSWA's Board of Directors, \$12,112,600 and \$7,133,842 of cash, cash equivalents and investments at June 30, 2013 are designated for landfill closure and postclosure care costs, respectively. If the designated funds are inadequate or additional closure and postclosure care requirements are mandated or otherwise found to be necessary (due to changes in technology or applicable laws or regulations, for example) these costs need to covered through additional charges to future landfill users.

Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances

Net position:

Net position of the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements represents the difference of total assets and deferred outflows, less liabilities and deferred inflows. Reported amounts for net investment in capital assets and restricted net assets are as follows at June 30, 2013:

	(amounts shown in thousands)							
	Gov	/ernmental	Business-type		Component Units			nits
	Δ	ctivities		Activities		SHBS	ŀ	ICSWA
Net investment in Capital Assets:								
Primary Government	\$	703,547	\$	229,217	\$	-	\$	-
Component units		-		-		937		36,244
Less, G.O., special revenue bonds payable and capital leases, net of unspent proceeds		(110,168)		(48,787)		(90)		_
Less, construction and retainage		, , ,		(, ,		,		
payable for capital items		(222)		(10,901)		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	593,157	\$	169,529	\$	847	\$	36,244

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12. Net Position and Fund Balances (continued)

As required by the County's Financial Policies Ordinance, a fiscal stabilization reserve is to be maintained in the General Fund, the Fire Fund, the Recreation Fund, and the Stormwater Management Fund. The fiscal stabilization reserve is to be maintained at an amount equal to 15% of the fund's next year's budgeted expenditures and transfers out, excluding those amounts that are funded by one-time funding sources. This policy was approved by County Council Ordinance 68-10 on October 10, 2010, therefore the fiscal stabilization reserve is classified as "committed" or "restricted" fund balance. Ordinance 69-10 also requires all governmental funds responsible for the payment of debt service to maintain an amount in fund balance equal to at least 50% of the next year's debt service amount.

The adopted budget for fiscal year 2014 includes total expenditures and other uses. By reducing this total for any amount being funded by a use of fund balance and/or debt service requirement, the current required stabilization reserve for each of the above identified funds is reported below:

			159	% Stabilization			Re	lated restricted
		FY 2014		reserve at	F`	Y 2014 Debt	fu	nd balance at
	Op	erating budget	Jı	ıne 30, 2013		Service	J	une 30, 2013
General Fund	\$	128,846,213	\$	19,326,932		n/a		n/a
Fire Fund	\$	18,290,898	\$	2,743,635	\$	1,745,837	\$	872,919
Stormwater Management Fund	\$	4,376,000	\$	656,400		n/a		n/a
Recreation Fund	\$	4,252,503	\$	637,875		n/a		n/a
General Debt Service Fund		n/a		n/a	\$	14,376,784	\$	11,021,254

At June 30, 2013 the Arcadian Shores Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$149,326. This deficit fund balance will be repaid from future tax revenues and fee increases.

Note 13. Capital Contributions (amounts shown in thousands)

For the governmental activities, capital contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is as follows:

	ımental ⁄ities
Donated capital assets	\$ 5
Total	\$ 5

For the proprietary (enterprise) funds, capital contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	Business -Type	
	Activities	
Grants and other cash contributions	\$	14,565
Total	\$	14,565

Capital contributions in the discretely presented component unit HCSWA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, are as follows:

	HCSWA	
Grants and other cash contributions	\$	278
Totals	\$	278

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans

A. South Carolina Retirement and Police Officers' Retirement Systems (with amounts expressed thousands)

The following retirement related disclosure is made under the current GASB Statements 25 & 27.

All County employees, except for police department personnel, participate in the South Carolina Retirement System (SCRS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system. County police officers participate in the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System (SCPORS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, public employee retirement system.

The plan is administered by the Retirement Division of the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority (PEBA), a public employee retirement system. The County and generally all full-time or part-time equivalent County employees in a permanent position are required to participate in and contribute to the SCRS or SCPORS as a condition of employment unless exempted by law as provided in Section 9-1-480 of the South Carolina Code of Laws, as amended, or are eligible and elect to participate in the State Optional Retirement Program (ORP). The plans provide a life-time monthly retirement annuity benefits to members as well as disability, survivor options, annual benefit adjustments, death benefits, and incidental benefits to eligible employees and retired members. The County's contributions are actuarially determined, but are communicated to and paid by the County as a percentage of the employees' annual earnings. The Retirement Division maintains five independent defined benefit plans and issues its own publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which includes financial statements, required supplementary information and actuarial valuation. A copy of the separately issued CAFR may be obtained by writing to the South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority, P.O. Box 11960, Columbia, South Carolina 29211-1960.

The County's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2013 was approximately \$80,141 of which \$43,201 and \$36,939 were for employees covered by the SCRS and SCPORS, respectively. The County's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2012 was approximately \$80,003 of which \$39,929 and \$35,440 were for employees covered by the SCRS and SCPORS, respectively. The County's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2011 was approximately \$80,697 of which \$40,830 and \$36,153 were for employees covered by the SCRS and SCPORS, respectively.

The County's actual contributions made for the SCRS and SCPORS equaled the required contributions. The County's required contributions to the SCRS for employer and employee portions for the year ended June 30, 2013 expressed as a dollar amount and as a percentage of covered payroll in 2013 were \$4,527 and 10.45% and \$3,032 and 7.0%, respectively, and the contributions to the SCPORS for the employer and employee portions were \$4,418 and 11.90% and \$2,599 and 7.0%, respectively. The County's required contributions to the SCRS for employer and employee portions for the year ended June 30, 2012 expressed as a dollar amount and as a percentage of covered payroll in 2012 were \$3,977 and 9.38% and \$2,754 and 6.50%, respectively, and the contributions to the SCPORS for the employer and employee portions were \$4,210 and 11.36% and \$2,408 and 6.50%, respectively. The County's required contributions to the SCRS for employer and employee portions for the year ended June 30, 2011 expressed as a dollar amount and as a percentage of covered payroll in 2011 were \$3,982 and 9.39% and \$2,801 and 6.5%, respectively, and the contributions to the SCPORS for the employer and employee portions were \$4,154 and 11.53% and \$2,426 and 6.50%, respectively.

In addition to the above rates, the County's required contributions to the SCRS to provide a group life insurance benefit for their participants for the year ended June 30, 2013 expressed as a dollar amount and as a percentage of covered payroll were approximately \$65 and 0.15% of annual earnings, and the contributions to the SCPORS to provide a group life insurance benefit and an accidental death benefit for their participants expressed as a dollar amount and as a percentage of covered payroll were approximately \$149 and 0.20%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

A. South Carolina Retirement and Police Officers' Retirement Systems (with amounts expressed thousands) (continued)

SBHS:

Employees of SBHS are also members of SCRS. Employer and employee contributions expressed as a percentage of covered payrolls are 10.45% and 7.0%, respectively. Total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$1,156 of which \$1,123 was for employees covered by SCRS. SBHC's contributions for the three most recent fiscal years ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$118, \$124 and \$122 respectively. SBHS paid employer group-life insurance contributions of \$2 for their participants for the year ended June 30, 2013.

SWA:

Members of the SCRS are required to contribute at the rate of 7.0% of their covered wages. The HCSWA is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate, currently 10.6%. The contribution requirements of plan members and the HCSWA are established and may be amended by the SCRS. The HCSWA's contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, 2012 and 2011 were \$409, \$363, and \$360, respectively. The contributions made by the SWA were equal to the required contributions for each year.

On June 26, 2012, South Carolina Governor Nikki Haley signed the Retirement Free Conference Report on H.4967, the retirement reform legislation, into law. Plan modifications associated with this law become effective July 1, 2012 and include annual SCRS and PORS retirement allowance increases through July 1, 2014 with certain cap provisions and other changes to retirement benefit calculation factors.

B. Post-Employment Benefits (with amounts expressed in thousands)

Other post employment healthcare benefits -

Plan Description

In addition to providing pension benefits, the County provides certain post-employment health care benefits for retired employees with a hire date prior to July 1 2011, as per the requirements of a local ordinance. On June 19, 2012 Horry County approved further modifications to the Retiree Health Insurance plan through Resolution R-19-42, wherein post employment healthcare benefit changes were made for two defined groups known as "Grandfathered" and "Non-Grandfathered".

For grandfathered employees, the following plan modifications apply effective January 1, 2013:

Grandfathered retirees are those who are retirement eligible employees, and current employees who are either 62 years old or have 23 or more years of County service as of December 31, 2012. Grandfathered retirees continue to be eligible for health insurance benefits from the age of retirement until they reach the age of 65, or otherwise become Medicare eligible, at the following coverage levels if they attain age forty-six (46) while working for the County, retire and draw benefits from SCRS or SCPORS system, and have a minimum of fifteen (15) years service. The County will contribute to SCRS (regular retirees): 50% of single coverage for employees with 15-22 years of service, 75% of single coverage for employees with 23-27 year of service, and 100% for employees with 28 or more years of service; for SCPORS (police retirees): 50% of single coverage for employees with 15-21 years, 75% for 22-24 years and 100% for employees with 25 years or more of service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

B. Post-Employment Benefits (with amounts expressed in thousands) (continued)

Other post employment healthcare benefits -

Plan Description (continued)

<u>For non-grandfathered employees, the following plan modifications apply effective January 1, 2013:</u>

Non-Grandfathered retirees are defined as those with a hire date prior to July 1, 2011 who did not meet the qualifications to be included in the "Grandfathered" group. These retirees will receive County subsidy of health insurance only from the ages of 62 – 65. Employees can still retire before that age if they are eligible, but the County will not pay the health insurance premiums until age 62. The retiree can stay on the County plan and pay the total premiums personally, or opt-out of the plan and obtain coverage elsewhere, then opt-back in to the plan at age 62 to receive the County funded benefit. The 75% tier is eliminated. Employees are eligible for the County payment of 50% of the premiums, at 15 years of County service, and 100% coverage at 28 years (SCRS) or 25 years (SCPORS) of service. The amount of the County subsidy will not increase by more than 3% over the amount paid by the County in the prior calendar year. Any increase in cost above 3% will be absorbed by the retiree. Those employees who separate from County employment for any reason other than retirement and are then are rehired after June 30, 2011 will be eligible to participate in the retiree health insurance plan upon their retirement; however, the County will not pay any portion of their retiree health insurance premiums and they will not be eligible to receive any County subsidy for the purposes of retiree health insurance.

Medicare - Eligible Provisions apply effective December 31, 2012:

County paid health insurance coverage ceases when the retiree becomes Medicare eligible. This change becomes effective December 31, 2012 at which time the County will begin to contribute \$150 on the first banking day of each month in to a Health Reimbursement Arrangement account for the retiree to purchase a Medicare supplemental insurance plan or to use for payment of out-of-pocket qualifying medical expenses. This monthly contribution is pro-rated according to the retiree's years of service with the County (50%, 75% if grandfathered, or 100%) and will increase annually by the lower of CPI-U (the Consumer Price Index All Urban Consumers on a September over September basis) or 3% per year. This is the only change that impacts current retirees and current retiree eligible employees or past employees with a hire date prior to July 1, 2011.

Retiree Opt-Out

Retirees (employees who meet the retirement criteria eligibility at the time of terminating employment) who decide to opt-out of health care plan will be eligible to opt back in. Non-grandfathered employees will receive the County subsidy at age 62 if they choose to opt back in. There is no additional stipend provided for those who opt-out of retiree health care.

Effective July 1, 2011, new hires of Horry County are no longer eligible to receive other post-employment benefits. The ordinance reads that should this benefit be reinstated, the effective date would be July 1, 2011.

Deferred Retirement Benefits

Retirement plan vested employees who terminate employment with Horry County before they meet the eligibility requirements as stated above are generally not eligible for Horry County retiree health care benefits. The exception to this is that they are eligible for Horry County retiree health care benefits if they return to Horry County Government and retire from the SCRS or PORS as a Horry County employee. Employee must have been covered under the State Health Plan for the last five years of employment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

B. Post-Employment Benefits (with amounts expressed in thousands) (continued) Other post employment healthcare benefits –

Plan Description (continued)

Duty and Non-Duty Death in Service and Disability Retirement Benefits

Survivors of employees who die while actively employed are not eligible for retiree health benefits. However, they are eligible for survivor insurance for one year at no cost to the surviving spouse, after that, qualifying survivor has the option of selecting other insurance or continuing coverage at surviving spouse's expense. Employees who retire under a disability retirement are eligible for retiree health care benefits based on years of service.

The Airport currently has 127 active employees and 7 retired members are eligible for OPEB as of June 30, 2013. Only one of the retired employees has opted for OPEB from the Airport, and that employee worked for both the Airport and Horry County. The Airport reimburses Horry County for its share of the OPEB expense.

Funding Policy

Horry County currently pays for post-employment benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. The cost of these benefits is recognized as an expenditure of the general fund as provided for in the annual budget ordinance. These benefits will cease if funds are not available for appropriation. For fiscal year 2013, the County contributed \$597 for existing retirees, net of the implicit rate subsidy. As of year-end, there were 236 employees that were receiving benefits. These financial statements assume that a pay-as-you-go funding policy will continue.

HCSWA:

Plan Description

The HCSWA retiree health care plan is a single-employer defined benefit health care plan administered by the HCSWA. The plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Benefit provisions and contribution requirements of plan members and HCSWA are established and may be amended by the HCSWA's Board of Directors.

Employees retiring with at least twenty years of service as an employee of the HCSWA and receiving benefits from the South Carolina Retirement System may elect to continue single coverage at a cost established by PEBA. Employees retiring with at least ten years of service as an employee of the HCSWA and receiving benefits from the South Carolina Retirement System may elect to continue single coverage with fifty percent of the cost of coverage provided by the HCSWA and the remaining fifty percent provided by the retiree. Employees retiring at age sixty five or older with at least five years of service as an employee of the HCSWA and receiving benefits from the South Carolina Retirement System may elect to continue single coverage with one hundred percent of the cost of coverage provided by the retiree. If an eligible retiree accepts employment with another organization that provides health care benefits, the HCSWA coverage will no longer be provided. During the year ended June 30, 3013, plan members receiving benefits contributed \$40,193 (approximately 64% of total premiums) for the cost of retiree health insurance coverage.

Funding Policy

HCSWA pays for post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year ended June 30, 2013, the HCSWA contributed \$23 (approximately 36% of total premiums) for the cost of retiree health insurance coverage.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

B. Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Other post employment healthcare benefits -

SBHS:

Plan Description

Prior to July 1, 2012 Shoreline Behavioral Health Services had agreed to provide qualified retirees all or part of the health care benefits afforded to regular employees. Effective July 1, 2012 the plan was closed to new participants and Shoreline Behavioral Health Services discontinued all payments toward the cost of retiree health insurance premiums for employees. At the time of the policy change, there were two employees with more than twenty years of consecutive service with the agency who were grandfathered into the plan. As a result, the following exceptions were made for those two grandfathered staff upon retirement:

- The agency will pay 100% of the total premium for single employee/retiree coverage (health/dental). Additional dependent coverage is available but will be paid for by the retiree.
- Upon reaching Medicare eligibility, the retiree will have the option to choose Medicare supplement coverage under the State Health Plan or through other private carriers. Shoreline BHS will pay premiums through a Health Retirement Account arrangement as listed below:
 - State Health Plan \$150*
 - Private Medicare Supplement 100% of premium for Medicare Supplement plan, applicable Part D Prescription plan, state of SC basic Dental plan and administrative fee

*The amount of \$150 will increase by the lower of the CPI-U or 3% per year.

Retired non-grandfathered staff will have the opportunity to continue on the agency plan and pay the premiums personally or opt out and obtain coverage elsewhere. See **Special Item – SBHS (below) for the resulting impact to the financial statements.

Funding Policy

SBHS pays for post-employment health care benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. During the year ended June 30, 2013, SBHS contributed \$0 towards the cost of retiree health insurance coverage. SBHS has recorded a post-employment benefit obligation in the amount of \$45,380 at June 30, 2013 as SBHS did not meet its contractually required contribution for the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

B. Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Other post employment healthcare benefits -

Annual OPEB costs and Net OPEB Obligation

The County's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB obligation:

	Governmental		Business- type		Compone	ent Units
	General	Police	Airport	Total	HCSWA	SBHS
Employer Normal Costs	\$ 645,298	\$ 666,073	\$ 42,164	\$ 1,353,535	\$ 125,452	\$ -
Amortization of UAL*	\$ 399,438	\$ 641,669	\$ 23,823	\$ 1,064,931	\$ 65,193	\$ 19,696
Annual Required Contribution (ARC)	\$ 1,044,736	\$ 1,307,743	\$ 65,987	\$ 2,418,466	\$ 190,645	\$ 19,696
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 467,190	\$ 463,203	\$ 28,397	\$ 958,790	\$ 47,869	\$ 1,172
Adjustment to ARC	\$ (432,846)	\$ (429,153)	\$ (26,310)	\$ (888,309)	\$ (5,719)	\$ (1,530)
Annual OPEB Costs	\$ 1,079,080	\$ 1,341,793	\$ 68,074	\$ 2,488,947	\$ 232,795	\$ 19,338
Contributions made	\$ 622,946	\$ 198,380	\$ 17,970	\$ 839,296	\$ 23,096	\$ -
Increase in net OPEB obligation	\$ 456,134	\$ 1,143,413	\$ 50,104	\$ 1,649,651	\$ 209,699	\$ 19,338
Net OPEB Obligation- beginning of year	\$10,381,992	\$10,293,398	\$631,051	\$21,306,441	\$1,063,751	\$ 328,852
One-time adjustment for plan change **	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (302,810)
Net OPEB Obligation – end of year	\$10,838,126	\$11,436,811	\$681,155	\$22,956,092	\$1,273,450	\$ 45,380

^{*} Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liabilities (UAL) were amortized over 30 years; amortizations periods are open.

In the OPEB note above, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, SBHS changed the terms of the post-employment benefit plan eliminating a significant number of the potentially eligible individuals. As a result, SBHS recognized a one-time special item in the accounting records as a result in the actuarial calculation of the associated liability in the amount of \$302,810.

^{**} Special Item - SBHS

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013 and the preceding year are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2011	\$5,602,291	17.27%	\$19,672,757
2012	\$2,413,102	32.30%	\$21,306,441
2013	\$2,488,947	33.72%	\$22,956,092

HCSWA and SBHS's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2013:

Fiscal Year Ended	Annual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
2011	\$329,268	5.10%	\$1,090,534
2012	\$323,622	6.66%	\$1,392,603
2013	\$252,133	9.16%	\$1,318,830

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plans as of June 30, 2013, was as follows:

	Governmental		Business-type	Compon	ent Units
	General	Police	Airport	HCSWA	SBHS
Actuarial accrued liability	\$ 9,301,650	\$14,942,445	\$ 571,426	\$1,563,703	\$ 335,270
Actuarial value of plan assets	-	-	-	\$ -	\$ -
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 9,301,650	\$14,942,445	\$ 571,426	\$1,563,703	\$ 335,270
Funded Ratio	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$39,433,327	\$36,155,619	\$ 4,643,862	\$3,795,347	\$ 117,915
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a % of covered payroll	23.59%	41.33%	12.30%	41.20%	284.33%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14. Employee Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events well into the future. Examples would include assumptions about future employment, rates of retirement, mortality, and health care cost trends. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

In the June 30, 2011, actuarial valuation, the Projected Unit Credit, Level Percent of Payroll actuarial cost method was used. The UAAL amortization payment is the level percent of payroll (assumed to increase 3%) required to fully amortize the UAAL over a 30 year period or closed basis. The actuarial assumptions included 4.5% rate of investment return. General inflation is assumed to be 3.0% per year. The valuation assumes a health care trend inflation rate as follows:

	Health Care Trend Inflation Rates					
Year	Medical	Drug	Dental			
2012	6.24%	6.24%	3.00%			
2013	7.25	7.25	3.00			
2014	7.00	7.00	3.00			
2015	6.75	6.75	3.00			
2016	6.50	6.50	3.00			
2017	6.25	6.25	3.00			
2018	6.00	6.00	3.00			
2019	5.75	5.75	3.00			
2020	5.50	5.50	3.00			
2021	5.25	5.25	3.00			
2022	5.00	5.00	3.00			
2023	4.75	4.75	3.00			
2024 and later	4.50	4.50	3.00			

Horry County has not established a trust fund for GASB 45 funding therefore, there is no separate audit report available.

SBHS:

In the July 1, 2013, actuarial valuation, a discount rate of 4.5% was used for the estimated long-term investment yield on the investments, and turnover rates are in accordance with the Alternative Measurement Method. The per capita claims cost and insurance trend inflation assumptions were obtained from the June 30, 2008 Actuarial GASB 45 Valuation Report for the State of South Carolina Retiree Health Care Plan and adjusted to 2010.

HCSWA:

In the June 30, 2010, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included 4.5% rate of investment return and an annual health care cost trend rate of 7.3% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 4.5% after thirteen years. Both rates included a 3.0% inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percent of active member payroll over a thirty-year period on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2010 was twenty seven years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 15. Segment Information

The County has elected to present disaggregated information regarding all enterprise funds in the proprietary fund, statement of net position, statement of revenue, expenses and changes in net position, and statement of cash flows.

The Department of Airports Enterprise Fund is responsible for operation, maintenance and development of the County's Airport System - including Conway, Grand Strand, and Loris general aviation airports and the Myrtle Beach International Airport (MBIA). The County's discretely presented component units HCSWA and SBHS were created by the County to develop and implement a solid waste disposal and resource recovery/recycling system and to provide services to reduce the negative health, social and economic consequences resulting from the use of alcohol and other drugs, for the County, respectively. Disaggregated information of the component units is presented in the basic financial statements.

Major Customers and Economic Condition - Department of Airports

Airline revenues, leases, concessions, and rental car activities, generate approximately 80% of the Airport's revenues or just over \$14.8 million of the \$18.5 million net operating revenue. Signatory Airlines generate \$4.5 million in revenue after surcharges.

Rates and charges of Signatory Airlines, which serve MYR, represented 24% in fiscal year 2013 and 23% in fiscal year 2012, of the total operating revenues reported for MYR. Of the leading Signatory Airline carriers, Spirit Airlines represents 49% of the airline traffic, U.S. Airways represents 26%, Delta Air Lines (System) 18%, United Airlines 3%.

For the year ended June 30, 2013, there were three customers whose balance represents approximately 41% of the accounts receivable balance. For year ended June 30, 2012, three customers made up approximately 54% of the accounts receivable balance.

Aviation Trust Funds - Due From Other Governments

Pursuant to certain agreements with the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), the City of Myrtle Beach, South Carolina maintains an Airport Trust Fund which holds resources received from leases of certain parcels of property near the Myrtle Beach International Airport. Funds are to be made available for Airport purposes through agreement with the FAA. In April 2004, the parties reached a new agreement through which the Airport received \$2,000,000 from the fund on January 1, 2005. Beginning in 2005, and continuing each and every year thereafter, Horry County shall receive 75% of the proceeds and the City of Myrtle Beach shall receive 25%. As part of the agreement, the Airport is required to spend \$6 million on Harrelson Blvd (a road that runs near the Airport). The Airport recognized \$1,873,612 and \$3,889,880, in non-operating revenues for funds received from this trust fund during the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16. Joint Enterprise - Baseball Stadium

The County entered into various agreements with the City of Myrtle Beach and proportionately shares in the ongoing financial interest and responsibility for a professional minor-league baseball stadium. A summary of those agreements are as follows:

Pursuant to a Ballpark Management Agreement dated September 1, 1998 (the "Management Agreement"), the City of Myrtle Beach, South Carolina and the County collectively agreed to develop, own and operate a baseball stadium facility in Myrtle Beach, South Carolina (the "Project"). The Management Agreement provides that the Project shall be jointly owned with the City having an undivided 70% ownership interest in the Project and the County having a 30% undivided ownership interest, and further provides that the net profits and losses of the joint enterprise shall be divided in proportionate shares to the City's and County's respective ownership interests.

Pursuant to an Installment Purchase Agreement, dated September 1, 1998, between the City of Myrtle Beach, South Carolina and Myrtle Beach Public Facilities Corporation, a South Carolina nonprofit corporation, \$10,295,000 in Certificates of Participation, Series 1998, were issued to defray the cost of construction of the baseball stadium.

Pursuant to a Hospitality Fee Agreement, dated September 1, 1998, between the County and the City of Myrtle Beach, South Carolina, the County agreed to make payments of an amount equal to 30% of the required debt service requirements of the Certificates. The County's proportionate debt service payments shall be made solely from amounts derived by the County's special revenue fund portion of the County 1% Hospitality Fee and shall not be deemed to be general obligations of the County or payable from the road fund portion of the County's 1.5% Hospitality Fee, or from any other source of revenues, fees, or taxes.

As security for its obligation to make payments under the Hospitality Fee Agreement, the County has pledged and granted a security interest in the County Hospitality Fees to the extent of the lesser of \$300,000 or the amount due in any bond year pursuant to the Hospitality Fee Agreement. This amount is shown as part of the committed fund balance in the Special Obligation Debt Service Fund.

While the stadium is under joint control by the City and County, no separate entity or organization of the baseball stadium exists as of June 30, 2013. Accordingly, the County has reported activities in the baseball stadium as a special revenue fund. Separate financial statements of the baseball stadium are presently not available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Intergovernmental Agreements - RIDE Projects

During fiscal years 1998 and 2000, and pursuant to the Horry County Road Improvement and Development Effort program (the "RIDE Program"), the County adopted and enacted its Ordinances #105-96 and #7-97 and entered into various long-term loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank (the "SIB") to provide funding for various road construction projects in Horry County. Pursuant to a certain Master Loan Agreement (as amended), SIB agreed to make available financial assistance to Horry County in the amounts totaling up to \$744,415,526 for the RIDE Tables 1 and 3 projects specified in Intergovernmental Agreements (IGA) #1 and #2.

During fiscal year 2002, the County adopted and enacted Ordinance #45-02 to approve Intergovernmental Loan Agreement #3, which calls for Horry County to make certain contributions towards the projects from an existing special revenue fund admissions tax and to amend prior RIDE loan agreements.

These agreements are summarized as follows:

Intergovernmental Agreement #1- dated March 10, 1998 (as amended)

As amended, SIB agreed to make one or more loans available to Horry County totaling up to \$545 million for Table 1 projects of the RIDE application.

<u>Table 1 Projects and Assignment</u> - The allocation and use of the \$545 million in SIB funding between the RIDE Projects is set forth in Table 1 of the RIDE application, namely \$291.3 million for the Conway Bypass, \$209.5 million for the Carolina Bays parkway, and \$44.2 million for Highway 544 widening.

Horry County assigned South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT) to be its sole and exclusive agent for the RIDE Program. In connection with the construction of the Conway Bypass, SCDOT shall be paid a management fee of \$3.0 million, in 36 monthly installments with the first payment due upon execution of the agreement. SCDOT agreed to provide the County and the SIB \$114 million toward the construction of Table 1 projects.

Horry County further agreed to be responsible for up to \$291.3 million under the Assigned Contract with SCDOT, plus \$2.5 million in respect of right-of-way acquisition and utility relocation costs in excess of \$15 million.

<u>Term of the Agreement and Repayment By Horry</u> - Horry County shall make payments over 20 years on IGA Loan #1 as set-forth in amended agreements by paying \$15 million per year, for 20 years, (\$300 million total) beginning with the first payment due July 1, 1998, at zero (0%) percent interest. All subsequent payments shall be made in quarterly installments of \$3.75 million each, with the first such quarterly payment due October 1, 1998. Horry County covenants to pay when due all sums owing to the SIB under the terms of this agreement.

<u>Source of Funds for Repayment</u> - Horry County shall make payments from its Hospitality 1.5% Special Revenue Fund created by Ordinances #105-96 and #7-97. Horry County shall not be obliged to make payments from any other source of funds available to Horry County, provided that these Ordinances are not repealed or amended in any way that would reduce or halt the deposit of hospitality fees into the Hospitality 1.5% Special Revenue Fund or abolish that Fund.

<u>Maintenance Contribution</u> - Horry County shall pay SCDOT \$100,000 per year for 20 years (a total of \$2.0 million) over and above the construction costs amounts of Table 1 projects above, for the purpose of defraying the costs of maintenance on the RIDE Projects. The first such payment shall be made one year after the Conway Bypass is opened to traffic (in year 2002), with succeeding payments to be made on the anniversary dates thereafter.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Intergovernmental Agreements - RIDE Projects (continued)

Pursuant to IGA #3, Exhibit B (dated May 21, 2002) the maintenance contribution liability of \$2.0 million was deleted in its entirety.

Intergovernmental Agreement #2 - dated April 21, 1998 (as amended)

As amended, SIB agreed to fund Table 3 projects of the RIDE application by way of loans of up to \$199.4 million to Horry County for Table 3 projects, and an additional \$48.2 million loan for Table 1 projects in the RIDE plan, all secured by payments from Horry County.

<u>Term of the Agreement and Repayment by Horry</u> - Horry County shall make payments over 20 years as set-forth in an attachment to the agreement. The annual loan repayments, as shown on an attachment to the agreement, are due and payable in equal quarterly installments on March 31, June 30, September 30, and December 31 of each calendar year, beginning March 31, 2000, and ending December 31, 2016, or date final repayments on all loans hereunder have been made. From revenues deposited into the Loan Servicing Account, SIB shall cause the state treasurer to make payments required under IGA Loans # 1 and #2.

<u>Establishment of Loan Servicing Account</u> - The SIB established with the state treasurer a separate account known as the "Loan Servicing Account". Horry County will thereafter deposit all future receipts of the 1.5% portion of its Hospitality Fee (net of administrative takedown as described in ordinances #105-96 and #9-97) into this account (subject to the establishment of the Loan Reserve Account). SIB will make transfers from this account to make loan payments under this Agreement and payments under IGA #1 and #2.

<u>Establishment of Loan Reserve Account</u> - The SIB established a special interest bearing account with the state treasurer known as the "Loan Reserve Account". For repayment of IGA #1 and #2, Horry County agreed to transfer the entire current cash balance and all future hospitality fee collections in its special revenue fund to this account. The state treasurer may invest the funds in its "Local Government Investment Pool" or such other funds or instruments as state treasurer deems appropriate. All interest earned on such funds will accrue to the Loan Reserve Account. The balance will remain with the SIB throughout the term of the IGA Loans and will be used as a reserve and to make up possible shortfalls in revenues available to make annual loan repayments and to provide credit enhancements. The SIB, at its sole discretion, may use such funds for the purchase of insurance or other third-party guaranties to enhance the projected revenues to be received from Horry County.

Hospitality Fees collected by Horry County are forwarded to the SIB monthly. Any annual revenues over and above the amount necessary to make loan repayments from the Loan Servicing Account are deposited to the "Loan Reserve Account". At the end of the term of IGA Loan #1 and #2, any balance held in the Loan Reserve Account will be returned to Horry County.

Amendment to Master Loan Agreement

Pursuant to an amendment to the Master Loan Agreement (dated April 27, 1999), SIB agreed to provide for \$95 million additional loans to Horry County for Phase II of the Conway Bypass Project in Table 1. SIB's agreement to loan Horry County the additional \$95 million under IGA #1 for the Conway Bypass Project increase requires SCDOT to repay the \$95 million loan for Horry County in its entirety.

Intergovernmental Agreement #3 - dated May 21, 2002

Horry County and the SIB agreed to additional funding and construction of an additional phase of the RIDE Program in Horry County not to exceed \$198 million. Accordingly, Horry County pledged revenues derived from a certain admissions tax totaling \$2,279,950, and the funding of other related highway projects identified in the application in the approximate amount of \$20,550,000. SIB agreed to fund the balance of the construction costs through grants.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 17. Intergovernmental Agreements – RIDE Projects (continued)

Term of Agreement and Contribution by Horry

Beginning May 31, 2002, Horry County promises to pay, from any legally available sources or revenues of Horry County, the sum of \$2,279,950 in amounts equal to the collection of revenues derived from a certain special revenue admissions tax, including all interest or other earnings thereon. Horry County shall make consecutive quarterly payments until such balance is paid in full.

The agreement further requires Horry County, from its own sources of funds, to fund and complete the component projects identified in the application totaling \$20,550,000. The schedule for completion of these projects shall be left to the discretion of Horry County in accordance with Ordinance #174-99 (Multi-County Business Park) and any related ordinances or agreements.

Amendments to Previous Agreements

Exhibit B of IGA #3, amended IGA #1 and #2 (and their amendments) to (1) clarify and conform certain provisions in those agreements with each other and to the requirements of lenders, credit rating agencies, or bond insurers involved with the SIB, and (2) to confirm quarterly debt repayment requirements pursuant to a prioritization schedule - which includes IGA Loan #1 totaling \$300 million as first priority due in quarterly installments of \$3.75 million (with zero percent interest) through June 2017, amending IGA Loan #2 repayment amounts (originally totaling \$247,577,644 in loan amounts) to a total repayment amount of \$352,440,172 with \$162,100,000 (known as the "insured portion") to be paid in quarterly installments through the year ended June 30, 2022 and \$190,340,172 (known as the "uninsured portion") to be paid in quarterly installments through the year ended June 30, 2022.

Additionally, Exhibit B calls for the state treasurer to withhold funds allotted or appropriated by the State to Horry County and apply those funds to make or complete required debt service payments should Horry County fail to make any payment as required under the RIDE agreements.

On December 18, 2003, the Commission of the South Carolina Department of Transportation (SCDOT), agreed to replace the County's \$10 million reserve requirement with an SCDOT guarantee of an equal amount upon the following changes to the loan agreement: Horry County extends its Hospitality Fee Ordinance for a period not to exceed five (5) years; and the County agrees to restructure its annual loan payments based upon new financial projections. If Horry County utilizes the \$10 million reserve; it will be repaid to SCDOT at some future time when the County's funds are sufficient to make the necessary repayments.

This agreement was paid in full on May 29, 2009.

In June of 2007, the County entered into an intergovernmental agreement with the State Infrastructure Bank in which the County received a funding commitment for the Widening of 707 of \$150 million from the State Infrastructure Bank. In November of 2007, the County entered into an additional intergovernmental agreement with the State Infrastructure Bank in which the County received additional funding in the amount of \$85 million for the Widening of 707. \$235 million was made available for immediate distribution by the State Infrastructure Bank. A portion of the local sales tax (\$93.6 million) serves as the local match for the funds contributed by the County for the Widening of 707.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies

<u>Litigation</u> - The County is party to various legal proceedings that normally occur in governmental operations. County officials believe the legal proceedings are not likely to have a material adverse effect on the County's financial position.

The discretely presented component unit HCSWA is also a defendant in various lawsuits. The outcome of the lawsuits is not presently determinable; however HCSWA's management does not believe the settlement of these matters will have a material effect on its financial condition.

Federal and State Assisted Programs

In the normal course of operations, the County participates and receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority to insure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Such audits could result in the possible liability for reimbursement or refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. However, the County's management believes that any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of such audits would not be material to the financial position of the County.

Commitments

The County has undertaken significant road construction projects to address transportation needs within the County. The construction program known as Road Improvement and Development Effort (RIDE) is being implemented in phases and includes a series of interconnected highway construction and road enhancements that will improve the transportation network in the County.

The participating parties for the RIDE project are the County, the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank and the South Carolina Department of Transportation. The role of the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank is to provide the necessary financing and funding for the RIDE project.

Major projects in RIDE are the Conway Bypass (Highway 22), a six-lane controlled access highway between Aynor and Conway at Highway 501 to U.S. 17 near the Myrtle Beach Mall (formerly known as the Colonial Mall); and Carolina Bays Parkway (Highway 31); a six-lane limited access highway between S.C. Highway 9 in the North and S.C. Highway 544 in the South; a four-lane bridge spanning the Intercoastal Waterway at Fantasy Harbour; and the North Myrtle Beach Connector, a four-lane road connecting S.C. Highway 90 and U.S. 17 to the Carolina Bays Parkway. Other projects resulted in improvements to S.C. Highway 544, S.C. Highway 501 and U.S. 17. In fiscal year 2007, the County received approval of a \$40 million grant from the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank Board for engineering and environmental work and right of way acquisitions for extension of the Carolina Bays Parkway and the widening of S.C. 707. During fiscal year 2008, the County received notification that the State Infrastructure Bank approved a commitment to provide funding of \$85 million for the continued extension of Carolina Bays Parkway (Highway 31) to the southern portion of Horry County ending at S.C. Highway 707; there is no matching requirement on these funds.

The County had a total of \$12,576,109 in encumbrances at June 30, 2013. Encumbrances for the major funds are as follows: \$707,693 is encumbered in the General Fund primarily related to public works maintenance; \$1,147,711 is encumbered in the General Capital Improvements Project Fund primarily related to the capital projects of the boat ramp, appraisal software (CAMA), Manatron software, toughbooks for Police and the Carolina Forest Library; \$4,903,575 is encumbered in the Capital Project Sales Tax Fund primarily for the repaving, resurfacing and road expansion projects funded by the one cent capital road sales tax. Other significant encumbrances from non-major funds at June 30, 2013 are: the Road Maintenance & CTC Fund had \$1,390,992 in encumbrances primarily related to multiple road paving projects; the Economic Development Fund had \$626,960 in encumbrances related to performance agreements to Myrtle Beach Regional Economic Development Corporation; and the CDBG Grant Program Special Revenue Fund had \$983,021 of encumbrances. The Internal Service Fund had \$1,747,373 in encumbrances primarily related to heavy equipment replacement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 18. Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Grants - During the year ended June 30, 2013, the Airport received grants from the FAA and TSA to fund certain improvements and expansions. In connection with these grants, the Airport is obligated to administer the program and spend the grant monies in accordance with regulatory restrictions and is subject to audit by the grantor agency. In the event of noncompliance, the agency may require the Airport to refund program awards.

On December 1, 2012, a Revenue Guaranty Agreement was entered into between the County and WestJet Airlines, a legally separate entity located in Canada. For consideration of the guaranty, WestJet agrees to operate scheduled airline service between Toronto, Canada and Myrtle Beach International Airport twice per week for the period May 1, 2013 through October 31, 2013, the guaranty period. The County shall guarantee that WestJet will receive the minimum 15% operating margin for the scheduled service during the guaranty period. If the profit margin meets or exceeds 15% during the guaranty period, then no payment is due to WestJet from the County. If the profit margin fails to reach 15%, the County shall pay to WestJet the difference between the actual profit margin and the amount of additional total revenue as would be necessary to result in a 15% profit margin up to a maximum of \$1,000,000. WestJet shall issue and deliver the operational report no later than forty-five (45) days following the close of the guaranty period. The County shall make payment within thirty (30) days of receipt of the report.

The County provided an irrevocable letter of credit in the amount of \$1,000,000 to WestJet to secure the full and timely payment and performance by the County as required in the Revenue Guaranty Agreement. The letter of credit was issued by Wells Fargo Bank, NA on April 29, 2013 and will expire on January 30, 2014. The letter of credit agreement required a deposit of \$1,000,000 into a restricted account with Wells Fargo Bank, NA. As of June 30, 2013, the County's Statement of Net Position includes \$1,000,000 in restricted cash and Net Position - restricted for other purposes.

The County's potential liability exposure under this Revenue Guaranty Agreement is estimated at approximately \$551,948. This liability exposure will be lowered by third-party funds to the extent payments to WestJet reimburse out-of-pocket marketing expenses which are estimated at \$500,873, leaving a balance to be paid by the County of \$51,075. The County has determined that as of June 30, 2013, the potential liability exposure to WestJet related to this revenue guaranty is fully reimbursable from third-party funds. Accordingly, no liability is reflected in the statement.

The County Council approved Ordinance No. 81-12 on January 8, 2013 which provides for the issuance and sale of general obligation bonds in a principal amount not exceeding \$850,000 for the purposes of providing road improvements, drainage improvements and other public works improvements within the Hidden Woods Special Tax District. Bonds will be marketed after design, engineering, and bidding are complete.

Department of Airports

Capital Projects Contingency - As of the audit date aggregate unresolved contract claims for payment made by contractors who performed work on the Terminal Capacity Enhancement Project (TCEP), for services completed on or before June 30, 2013, were asserted at a combined value of \$7,240,195. The Horry County Department of Airports believes a reasonable estimated settlement of these claims may be valued at \$3,029,722 and has accrued that value to the TCEP assets as of June 30, 2013.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 19. Risk Management

The County and its component units are exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and natural disasters for which commercial insurance is carried. The County and its component units carry commercial insurance to cover all losses, excluding vehicle comprehensive and collision coverage and including workers' compensation. During the year ended June 30, 2013, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Insured claims have not exceeded the County's coverage in any of the past five (5) years.

In management's opinion, claim losses in excess of insurance coverage, if any, is unlikely and if it occurred, would not be significant. Therefore, no loss accrual has been made in these financial statements. Furthermore, there is no evidence of asset impairment or other information to indicate that a loss expense and liability should be accrued at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 20. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Explanation of differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between fund balance amounts and net asset-governmental activities. The details of the reconciled amount are as follows:

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 414,319,904
Capital assets (exclusive of Internal Service Fund Capital Assets) in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.	
Capital assets	823,342,803
Less, accumulated depreciation	(133,244,179)
Net amount reported	690,098,624
Some of the County's taxes will be collected after year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for current period expenditures.	
Property taxes, net of allowance for collectible	4,559,584
Accomodations Tax	789,567
Capital Project Sales Tax	14,193,188
Net amount reported	19,542,339
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities	
in the Statement of Net Position.	31,262,864
OPEB costs reported in the statement of activities does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not reported as a liability in the governmental funds	(22,274,937)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable that are not due and payable in the curren period and, therefore, are not reported in these funds.	
General obligation bonds	(109,651,193)
Special obligation bonds & certificates of participation	(1,860,000)
Capital leases payable	(3,868,681)
Deferred charges	2,692,938
Bond premium	(2,187,334)
SC Transportation Infrastructure Bank Loan (SIB)	(234,016,659)
Less: Net present value adjustment of SIB loan	3,949,292
Compensated Absences	(12,453,637)
Accrued interest	(1,597,841)
Net amount reported	(358,993,115)
Net Position, end of year - governmental activities	\$ 773,955,679

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 20. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

B. Explanation of differences between the governmental statement of revenues, expenses and fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities

The governmental fund Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Balances includes a reconciliation between net changes in fund balance and changes in net position-governmental activities. The details of the reconciled amounts are as follows:

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$	43,577,684
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation in the current period.		
Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense Net amount reported		20,287,961 (13,683,074) 6,604,887
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in these funds.		
Property taxes, capital project sales tax & accommodations tax		1,106,697
Contributed property is not reported as revenue in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of property contributed is reported in the current period. In the current period, these amounts are: Donation of capital assets		5,000
Some expenditures reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.		
Net post employment benefit obligation Accrued compensated absences Imputed interest on SIB debt Other general government expenditure liabilities Net amount reported	_	(1,599,547) 947,119 (2,085,044) 550,000 (2,187,472)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while repayment of principal and interest consumes current financial resources of governmental funds. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		
Repayments of G.O., S.O. bond & Certificates of Participation principal Repayments of SC Transportation Infrastructure Bank Loan (SIB) principal Proceeds from capital leases Repayments of capital leases Change in accrued interest expense & amortization of bond premium Net amount reported		11,180,914 26,403,710 (460,300) 1,855,359 (28,058) 38,951,625
The net revenue and transfer of fund balance of certain activities of internal service funds reported with governmental activities.		1,763,597
Change in Net Position - governmental activities	\$	89,822,018

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 21. Service Concession Arrangement

In August 2011 Horry County and its agent, Horry County Department of Airports, entered into a contract with Republic Parking System, Inc. to provide a paid parking concession for passengers of the Myrtle Beach International Airport for a term of 59 months. Per agreement, Republic Parking System, Inc. is to provide parking services to airport customers, using airport-owned parking lots and airport-owned parking revenue-management equipment.

Due to the nature of this agreement, whereas Republic Parking System, Inc. is the operator and Horry County Department of Airports is the transferor, it has been classified as a Service Concession Arrangement defined in GASB Statement Number 60. The parking lots and the parking revenue-management equipment have been classified as a capital asset of the Horry County Department of Airports. The present value of the guaranteed minimum lease payments for the term of the agreement are classified as an Asset of the Horry County Department of Airports, with an offsetting Deferred Inflow, which will be systematically amortized each year as the minimum annual guaranteed revenue and any auxiliary commissions revenue are recorded.

During fiscal year 2013, parking concessions revenues recorded were \$1,806,205. \$1,437,557 of revenue recognized in fiscal year 2013 represents amortization of the service concession agreement during the fiscal year. \$348,648 represents commissions received on operating results in excess of the minimum annual guarantee. During fiscal year 2012, parking revenues recorded were \$1,806,205. \$1,214,966 represents amortization of the service concession agreement during the fiscal year. \$591,239 represents commissions received.

Agreement terms do not specify guarantees or commitments required of Horry County Department of Airports. Accordingly, no liabilities have been recorded in conjunction with this contractual arrangement for either year presented.

The Horry County Department of Airports fiscal year 2012 Statement of Net Position has been restated to reflect the valuation of the Service Concession Arrangement as of June 30, 2012. The Statement of Net Position displays the net present value of the arrangement as Non-Current Assets and also as a Deferred Inflow of Resources for each year presented. There were no adjustments made to Net Position for either year as a result of the restatement.

	 2013	 2012
Opening Service Concession Arrangement and Deferred inflow of resources Amortization of discounted minimum annual payments	\$ 6,229,595 (1,437,557)	\$ 7,444,561 (1,214,966)
Service Concession Arrangement and Deferred inflow of resources at June 30,	\$ 4,792,038	\$ 6,229,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 22. New Accounting Pronouncements

In February of 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement establishes new categories for reporting fund balance and revises the definitions for governmental fund types. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2010. The County implemented GASB 54 with June 30, 2011 reporting and recategorized June 30, 2010 fund balances for comparative reporting purposes. With the implementation of GASB 34 and the new definition for Special Revenue Funds, the County eliminated three previously reported Special Revenue Funds. They are: Hospitality 1.0%, Hospitality 1.5% and Local Accommodations. These revenues are recorded directly to the funds they benefit.

In November of 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 60, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Service Concession Arrangements. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting guidance for service concession arrangements (SCA), which are a type of public-private or public-public partnership. These SCA's may include payments from the operator to the government for the right to build, operate or collect user fees on infrastructure or other public assets and provide for revenue sharing between the government and the operator during the term of the arrangement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2011. This Statement will have an impact with the Airport's financial statements but the amount has not yet been determined.

In November of 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus and amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* This Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. This statement modifies existing requirements for the assessment of potential component units in determining what should be included in the financial reporting entity and financial reporting entity display and disclosure requirements. This statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (blended component units) in certain circumstances. For component units that are currently blended based on the "substantively the same governing body" criterion, it additionally requires that 1) the primary government and the component unit have a financial benefit or burden relationship or 2) management (below the level of the elected officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility for the activities of the component unit. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2012.

In December 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements. This statement is to incorporate into the GASB's authoritative literature certain accounting and financial reporting guidance that is included in the following pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, which does not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements:

- 1) Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statement and Interpretations
- 2) Accounting Principles Board Opinions
- 3) Accounting Research Bulletins of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants' (AICPA) Committee on Accounting Procedure.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 22. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged.

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections—2012—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 10 and No. 62.* The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of two pronouncements, Statements No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, and No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.* The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. Earlier application is encouraged.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, and No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 25 and 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. Earlier application is encouraged. This Statement is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency. The provisions of Statement 68 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Earlier application is encouraged.

In January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 69, Summary of Statement No. 69 Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations. This Statement establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. The provisions of Statement 69 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2013. Earlier application is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 22. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

In April 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The provisions of Statement 70 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2013. Earlier application is encouraged.

Note 23. Subsequent Events

The County Council approved Ordinance No. 40-13 on August 13, 2013 to advance refund or refinance a portion of the General Obligation Bonds Series 2005A. This refinance will provide for the issuance and sale of taxable bonds not to exceed \$18,000,000. Bonds will be marketed if interest rates decline to sufficiently realize desired savings.

On September 13, 2013, County Council enacted ordinance 35-13 approving a lease agreement with PTR Industries, Inc. for property located in the Cool Springs Industrial Park. Associated with this lease, the County will make improvements totaling \$1.85 million which will be funded by \$1.1 million in restricted funds in Economic Development, and \$.4 million in new Rural Development Funds, and \$.35 million in new State of South Carolina Grants.

On October 10, 2013, the County entered into a master equipment lease/purchase agreement with Banc of America Public Capital Corp. in the principal amount of \$3.9 million to fund a portion of the costs to implement an enterprise resource planning and property tax software.

Department of Airports

On February 19, 2013 Horry County Council approved resolution-24-13, authorizing the County to enter into an asset Purchase Agreement with Grand Strand Aviation, Inc. d/b/a/ Ramp 66, the Fixed Base Operator at the Grand Strand Airport in North Myrtle Beach, South Carolina. The agreement was executed and Horry County Department of Airports commenced operations at the Grand Strand Airport on July 16, 2013. The purchase price was \$808,168 and includes transaction costs.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT'S THAT USE A BASIS OF ACCOUNTING THAT DIFFERS FROM GAAP

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

A. Basis of Budgeting

The policy established by the County with respect to the Budget is substantially the same as GAAP, with one exception. The County's budget basis accounting differs from GAAP in accounting for capital lease financing transactions. For budgetary basis accounting, these transactions are not recorded as other financing sources when funded and expenditures when the equipment is acquired, as required by GAAP.

However, there is no difference in fund balance because of this, thus the County considers its budget to be GAAP basis.

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013			2012	
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive	
_	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues	¢ 64.504.000	CAFOAOOO	Ф 05 070 7 00	¢ 400.700	¢ 04 470 000
Real property taxes	\$ 64,584,000	\$ 64,584,000	\$ 65,076,726	\$ 492,726	\$ 64,479,022
Personal property taxes	4,728,500	4,728,500	4,578,270	(150,230)	4,718,300
Vehicle taxes	4,350,000	4,350,000	5,219,154	869,154	4,284,754
Intergovernmental	11,378,966	13,016,200	13,220,699	204,499	11,156,116
Fees and fines	21,897,225	22,046,273	23,985,655	1,939,382	21,578,879
Documentary stamps	2,285,362	2,285,362	2,763,904	478,542	2,340,425
License and permits	6,402,550	6,402,550	7,343,942	941,392	6,537,417
Interest on investments	76,894	76,894	103,680	26,786	62,338
Cost allocation	3,005,488	3,005,488	2,786,824	(218,664)	3,167,359
Other	2,610,998	2,637,335	3,561,772	924,437	2,601,911
Total revenues	121,319,983	123,132,602	128,640,626	5,508,024	120,926,521
Expenditures					
General Government:					
County Council	1,062,273	1,618,704	939,618	679,086	826,123
County Administrator	503,566	337,641	210,096	127,545	369,089
Administration Division	170,482	169,702	162,195	7,507	165,448
Finance	1,155,258	1,369,879	1,243,517	126,362	1,120,264
Department Overhead	3,574,937	4,744,556	3,834,814	909,742	3,475,128
Human Resources	1,136,945	1,136,945	1,115,711	21,234	1,093,277
Procurement	390,550	389,010	305,941	83,069	352,944
IT/GIS	6,466,562	6,205,212	5,945,241	259,971	6,444,614
Assessor	3,222,151	3,221,691	2,966,105	255,586	2,927,061
Assessor Appeals Board	8,218	8,218	4,657	3,561	1,971
Registrar of Deeds	1,050,413	1,050,413	908,958	141,455	945,546
Maintenance	4,643,091	4,699,743	4,243,487	456,256	4,126,620
Voter Registration and Election	516,362	523,606	635,179	(111,573)	528,998
Public Information	275,803	281,803	270,366	11,437	269,537
Budget and Revenue Management	188,249	188,249	184,987	3,262	182,995
Treasurer	1,821,164	1,820,345	1,842,717	(22,372)	1,804,405
Auditor	1,409,118	1,431,489	1,424,558	6,931	1,371,735
Probate Judge	882,553	882,553	900,205	(17,652)	873,177
Master in Equity	430,889	430,889	429,526	1,363	412,995
Legal	849,299	847,299	734,267	113,032	556,295
Grant Administration	423,797	249,893	37,074	212,819	44,204
Delegation	101,836	101,836	100,760	1,076	98,834
Hospitality	256,774	285,632	281,316	4,316	245,155
Business License	225,474	224,733	217,874	6,859	206,737
Total	30,765,764	32,220,041	28,939,169	3,280,872	28,443,152
Less, capital outlay	(1,176,243)	(418,994)	(302,961)	(116,033)	(514,668)
Net general government	29,589,521	31,801,047	28,636,208	3,164,839	27,928,484

⁻ CONTINUED -

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

- CONTINUED -

	2013				2012
	Budget		Variance Actual Positive		
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Public Safety:					
Solicitor	5,298,674	5,298,659	5,104,091	194,568	5,137,942
Public Defender	1,544,606	1,544,606	1,516,627	27,979	1,404,519
Clerk of Court - Circuit DSS Family	2,545,616	2,565,094	2,592,854	(27,760)	2,536,603
Magistrate No. 1 Conway	263,408	263,408	268,406	(4,998)	266,201
Magistrate No. 2 Aynor	169,087	164,273	162,283	1,990	165,267
Magistrate No. 4 Mt. Olive	201,878	200,428	201,887	(1,459)	200,150
Magistrate No. 5 Loris	200,263	199,363	181,966	17,397	198,050
Magistrate No. 6 Myrtle Beach	332,364	332,778	338,711	(5,933)	310,934
Magistrate No. 7 Steven Cross Road	201,883	202,191	177,948	24,243	203,643
Magistrate No. 11 Surfside	175,573	175,573	177,828	(2,255)	177,090
Magistrate at Large No. 1	106,981	106,981	116,715	(9,734)	108,642
Magistrate at Large No. 2	354,892	355,942	371,793	(15,851)	362,311
Central Summary Court	560,092	560,491	562,183	(1,692)	581,430
Communications	2,088,663	2,098,441	2,089,985	8,456	1,739,055
Assistant County Administrator	316,813	336,279	333,443	2,836	335,424
Sheriff	4,772,261	4,783,318	4,839,940	(56,622)	4,834,220
Police	17,235,611	17,193,548	16,714,613	478,935	17,060,773
Central Processing - DSS	65,748	60,753	60,901	(148)	66,078
Emergency Management	445,322	447,649	442,621	5,028	440,680
Emergency 911 Communications	2,863,381	2,863,367	2,763,902	99,465	2,700,222
Coroner	713,451	710,451	679,070	31,381	665,999
Detention Center	20,600,376	20,733,990	19,618,561	1,115,429	19,677,859
Emergency Medical Services	13,435,769	13,479,582	13,404,538	75,044	13,182,834
Animal Care Center	921,575	944,002	936,647	7,355	897,167
Pre-trial Intervention	668,000	668,000	606,275	61,725	564,436
Total	76,082,287	76,289,167	74,263,788	2,025,379	73,817,529
Less, capital outlay	(706,100)	(524,443)	(471,185)	(53,258)	(135,884)
Net public safety	75,376,187	75,764,724	73,792,603	1,972,121	73,681,645

⁻ CONTINUED -

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

GENERAL FUND

- CONTINUED -

	2013			2012	
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)					
Infrastructure and Regulation:					
Assistant County Administrator	307,848	306,606	228,408	78,198	251,028
County Engineer	1,297,023	1,317,806	981,558	336,248	1,041,607
Public Works	8,169,159	8,940,744	7,433,316	1,507,428	7,173,757
Codes Enforcement	2,828,172	2,828,172	2,353,754	474,418	2,417,955
Planning	1,617,412	1,617,412	1,438,146	179,266	1,421,773
Total	14,219,614	15,010,740	12,435,182	2,575,558	12,306,120
Less, capital outlay	(54,900)	(94,490)	(54,485)	(40,005)	(53,688)
Net infrastructure and regulation	14,164,714	14,916,250	12,380,697	2,535,553	12,252,432
Health and Social Services:					
Medically Indigent Assistance Program	1,266,221	1,266,852	1,266,550	302	1,225,211
Health Department	140,000	130,940	124,335	6,605	125,516
Department of Social Services	91,046	111,406	89,535	21,871	83,202
Veteran Affairs	260,701	265,701	254,880	10,821	218,584
Total	1,757,968	1,774,899	1,735,300	39,599	1,652,513
Net health and social services	1,757,968	1,774,899	1,735,300	39,599	1,652,513
Culture, Recreation, and Tourism:					
Library	4,205,246	4,242,863	3,836,084	406,779	3,400,544
Museum	481,476	504,628	494,679	9,949	327,157
Total	4,686,722	4,747,491	4,330,763	416,728	3,727,701
Less, capital outlay	-	-	-	-	(31,214)
Net culture, recreation and tourism	4,686,722	4,747,491	4,330,763	416,728	3,696,487
Other:					
Other Agencies:	1,119,308	1,194,308	1,194,308	-	1,906,348
Total other	1,119,308	1,194,308	1,194,308		1,906,348
Capital outlay	1,937,243	1,037,927	828,631	209,296	735,454
Total expenditures	128,631,663	131,236,646	122,898,510	8,338,136	121,853,363
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(7,311,680)	(8,104,044)	5,742,116	13,846,160	(926,842)
Other Financial Sources (Uses)					
Sale of assets	100,000	100,000	145,365	45,365	93,546
Transfers in	1,774,090	1,774,090	1,780,839	6,749	3,714,608
Transfers out	(2,850,814)	(4,372,475)	(4,368,514)	3,961	(3,243,535)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(976,724)	(2,498,385)	(2,442,310)	56,075	564,619
Net change in fund balance	(8,288,404)	(10,602,429)	3,299,806	13,902,235	(362,223)
Fund balance at beginning of year	36,701,661	36,701,661	36,701,661	10,002,200	37,063,884
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 28,413,257	\$ 26,099,232	\$ 40,001,467	\$ 13,902,235	\$ 36,701,661
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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENTS THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2013

A. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Horry County's Road Infrastructure

Horry County's road system consists of approximately 53.6% paved roads and 46.4% unpaved roads. The condition of the road pavement is measured using several distress factors found in pavement surfaces. Horry County implemented a Pavement Management System (MicroPAVER) on July 1, 2010 in an effort to better assess the paved road network in the County. The pavement management system uses a measurement scale called a Pavement Condition Index (PCI) to rate road condition and the PCI is correlated to the 1-5 condition ranking. Each road is ranked from 1 for failed pavement to 5 for a pavement in perfect condition. The condition index is used to classify roads in good or better condition (rating 4 or 5), fair condition (rating 3), and substandard condition (rating 1 or 2). It is the County's goal to maintain at least 70 percent of its paved road system at fair or better condition level. No more than 30 percent should be in a substandard condition. Condition assessments are completed every year.

The County created a long-term road improvement program that had been paving at least 16 miles of dirt roads per year from FY04 through FY08. In FY09, as a result of an expected revenue shortfall, this was decreased to 14.5 miles and in FY10 it was further reduced to 9.7 miles per year. Due to continued revenue shortfalls, it was further reduced to 8.9 miles in FY 11 and 9 miles in FY 12 (which included 1 mile funded by the County Transportation Committee (CTC)). Funding for the dirt road paving program has stabilized during FY 13 to allow approximately 11 miles of paving per year (including the one mile of CTC-funded improvements). As the County dirt roads are paved, they become part of the County's paved road network and are added to the MicroPaver pavement management system.

The actual maintenance of the unpaved roads involves scraping each road every three weeks depending on the weather. At this time, management believes it is impossible to conduct a meaningful condition assessment for dirt roads because road conditions can change daily depending on traffic, weather, soils, and the County's maintenance schedule.

The costs of maintaining unpaved roads accounts for an estimated 75% of the Public Works Department annual operating budget.

Several factors that have occurred over the past several years that has affected the County's paved road network are as follows:

- 1) Since the end of FY 2004, the County's paved roadway network has nearly doubled (96% increase). Approx. 393 paved miles at the end of FY 2004 compared to 769 paved miles at the end of FY 2013.
- 2) The current economic conditions, as well as County Council's shifting \$1,750,000 in revenue out of Road Fund (34) has resulted in a reduction in the road improvement fund. This loss of revenue has reduced the paving and resurfacing programs.
- 3) In May 2007, a one-cent sales tax was passed and is dedicated to specific road projects, included is the paving of 100 miles of dirt roads and the resurfacing of 67 miles of County maintained roads over a 7 year period.
- *4) As stated above, Horry County implemented a MicroPAVER Pavement Management System on July 1, 2010. Each paved road has been inspected and ranked based on it's condition using the PCI (Pavement Condition Index). This program is much more accurate when determining the networks condition because each paved road is visited annually and rated. Since the new Pavement Management Program utilizes a PCI the figures & condition ratings for FY 11 do not correlate to previous numbers. The maintenance costs needed for roads in substandard condition decreased \$5,267,831 primarily due to the new program in FY11. Maintenance costs needed at June 30, 2013 are \$5,845,108.
 - 5) In FY09 County Council increased the road maintenance fee by \$10.00 and dedicated it to the resurfacing program.

The following tables depict the condition and maintenance costs of the County's road infrastructure:

Percentage of Miles in Fair or Better Condition

	Condition			
	2013	2012	2011*	
Arterial	75.9%	81.1%	81.1%	
Collector	81.3%	76.8%	72.8%	
Access	91.8%	89.9%	85.7%	
Overall system	91.0%	88.5%	84.4%	

Percentage of Miles in Substandard Condition

Oblidition			
2013	2012	2011*	
24.1%	18.9%	18.9%	
18.7%	23.2%	27.2%	
8.2%	10.1%	14.3%	
9.0%	11.5%	15.6%	
	24.1% 18.7% 8.2%	24.1% 18.9% 18.7% 23.2% 8.2% 10.1%	

^{*} Note 4 above

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT'S THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2013

- CONTINUED -

A. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Horry County's Road infrastructure (continued)

	Comparison of Needed-To-Actual Maintenance/Preservation							
	2013	2012	2011*	2010	2009			
Arterial:								
Needed	\$ 357,000	\$ 387,000	\$ 165,965	\$ 376,530	\$ 304,911			
Actual	29,540	-	-	10,721	84,912			
Collector:								
Needed	1,181,000	1,522,000	779,027	1,050,433	871,842			
Actual	335,773	224,373	158,357	6,158	147,800			
Access:								
Needed	5,663,000	6,669,000	3,253,398	8,039,258	6,716,057			
Actual	990,579	2,312,218	1,728,335	1,345,558	1,231,778			
Overall System:								
Needed	7,201,000	8,578,000	4,198,390	9,466,221	7,892,810			
Actual	1,355,892	2,536,591	1,886,692	1,362,437	1,464,490			
Difference	\$ 5,845,108	\$ 6,041,409	\$ 2,311,698	\$ 8,103,784	\$ 6,428,320			

^{*} See Note 4 on previous page.

B. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Department of Airport's Infrastructure

Infrastructure Assets

Certain elements of the Myrtle Beach International Airport's runway, aprons, taxiways, drainage systems, etc. which comprise the "Infrastructure Assets" were obtained in conjunction with the USAF property conveyance described in detail in Note. 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

Condition assessments for environmental systems are made regularly and in accordance with the Airport's annual storm water maintenance plan, which is subject to annual audit by the Department of Health and Environmental Control ("DHEC"). There were no unfavorable DHEC audits during the fiscal periods covered in this annual report.

The Airport developed a Pavement Management and Maintenance Study (PMMS) in 2000 and again in 2010. The basis for the condition measurement of airfield systems using the Pavement Condition Index (PCI) are distresses found in the pavement surfaces. The Airport has a PMMS completed periodically (5-10 years) or as required by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). The Airport has had 2 annual FAA Part 139 inspections since the last formal PMMS, and they were passed successfully.

The PCI scale used to assess and report conditions ranges from zero for a failed pavement to 100 for a pavement in new or excellent condition. Generally, ratings 71 and above require only routine preventative maintenance. Pavement ratings of 41-70 typically require major rehabilitation. Pavements with PCI values of below 40 require major reconstruction.

In 2010, the Weighted PCI Value for MYR was found to be 65, illustrating the fact that the majority of pavement at MYR was in need of rehabilitation. The Airport's goal is a Weighted PCI greater than 71. In 2000, the Weighted PCI for the airport was a 76 exceeding the airport's goal of greater than 71.

The Airport's policy has been to comply with all FAA requirements and has placed condition assessment reliance on additional FAA requirements in evaluating the condition of the Infrastructure assets and in ensuring the safety of the passengers of the airport.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT'S THAT USE THE MODIFIED APPROACH FOR INFRASTRUCTURE ASSETS

FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2013

- CONTINUED -

B. Condition Rating and Actual Maintenance/Preservation of Department of Airport's Infrastructure (continued)

Because of safety requirements all Airport infrastructure is constantly maintained. FAA 14 CFR Part 139 requires the following activities: (3) daily assessments of the airfield, which include but are not limited to inspection of the runway and taxiways pavement for wear or repair needs, painting/striping, signage, etc.

An Inspection log is maintained, resulting in a traceable history of maintenance items addressed. The Airport undergoes a rigorous Part 139 audit annually. Management of the Airport believes it is not cost effective to obtain a complete condition assessment every three years and believes that the FAA requirements, together with the additional Airport and state regulatory inspection policies, are sufficient to assess the condition of the Airport infrastructure.

The most recent complete condition assessment of the Airport's infrastructure assets is as follows (year of assessment shown in):

Infrastructure Asset:

Airfield & runway subsystem and roads for:

Myrtle Beach International (MYR) (2010)

Airfield & runway subsystem and roads for:

Myrtle Beach International (MYR) (2000)

76

The next complete condition assessment is scheduled for fiscal year 2016.

The following table represents the estimated and actual maintenance costs of the MYR pavement infrastructure. During the past five years, maintenance and preservation of the infrastructure have been undertaken to prevent further deterioration of pavement condition while the Airport develops a comprehensive program to raise the average PCI to a level of 71 or greater. HCDA is currently in the preliminary design phase of the proposed rehabilitation of the MYR Runway which will greatly increase the average PCI for MYR in the future.

Fiscal year ended June 30,	Estimated Cost of Maintenance	Actual Cost of Maintenance
2013	\$44,680	\$60,937
2012	\$60,400	\$96,900
2011	\$44,000	\$54,600
2010	\$50,000	\$43,500
2009	\$54,000	\$56,700

Since 2009, the following pavement improvements to increase the capacity of the taxiways and ramps have taken place. While these projects have increased the capacity of the airfield system, they will also have a positive impact by increasing the weighted PCI for MYR:

- MYR South Ramp Expansion (\$3.6M) This project expanded the MYR commercial ramp size by nearly 50% in order to accommodate additional aircraft and the new terminal.
- MYR "B-2" (\$2.8M) This project included the construction of a new taxiway in order to general aviation and charter aircraft faster access to and from the runway.
- MYR Ramp Rehabilitation (\$2.8M) This project removed all remaining asphalt pavement on the Commercial Ramp at MYR and replaced it with 12 inches of P-501 Concrete over 5 inches of Cement Treated Base.
- · MYR Expansion of Taxiway "A" (\$5M) In order to expand the existing Ramp for the proposed New Terminal, Taxiway "A" was expanded.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

FOR THE YEAR END JUNE 30, 2013

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	An	nual OPEB Cost	Percentage of Annual OPEB Cost Contributed	Net OPEB Obligation
	_			
2008	\$	5,510,608	6.71%	\$ 5,140,807
2009	\$	5,692,932	7.52%	\$ 10,405,564
2010	\$	5,425,242	14.62%	\$ 15,037,859
2011	\$	5,602,291	17.27%	\$ 19,672,757
2012	\$	2,413,102	32.30%	\$ 21,306,441
2013	\$	2,488,947	33.72%	\$ 22,956,092

Funded status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2013 was as follows:

ic iuriaca sie	atus of the plan	ii as oi suile se	7, 2015 was as 10	IIOVV	3.					UAAL as a
	Actuarial valuation date	Fiscal Year Ended	Actuarial value of plan assets (a)		tuarial accrued bility (AAL) (b)	nfunded AAL JAAL) (b-a)	Funded ratio (a/b)	Со	vered payroll (c)	percentage of covered payroll
General	6/30/2007	6/30/2008	\$0	\$	30,307,044	\$ 30,307,044	0.00%	\$	38,989,986	77.73%
Police	6/30/2007	6/30/2008	\$0	\$	17,983,147	\$ 17,983,147	0.00%	\$	30,483,561	58.99%
Airport	6/30/2007	6/30/2008	\$0	\$	1,151,637	\$ 1,151,637	0.00%	\$	4,349,632	26.48%
General	6/30/2007	6/30/2009	\$0	\$	33,737,013	\$ 33,737,013	0.00%	\$	36,659,940	92.03%
Police	6/30/2007	6/30/2009	\$0	\$	21,214,682	\$ 21,214,682	0.00%	\$	33,011,365	64.26%
Airport	6/30/2007	6/30/2009	\$0	\$	1,366,632	\$ 1,366,632	0.00%	\$	4,352,388	31.40%
General	6/30/2009	6/30/2010	\$0	\$	28,891,592	\$ 28,891,592	0.00%	\$	39,413,411	73.30%
Police	6/30/2009	6/30/2010	\$0	\$	19,629,760	\$ 19,629,760	0.00%	\$	35,285,743	55.63%
Airport	6/30/2009	6/30/2010	\$0	\$	1,135,710	\$ 1,135,710	0.00%	\$	4,202,436	27.03%
General	6/30/2009	6/30/2011	\$0	\$	31,626,672	\$ 31,626,672	0.00%	\$	39,864,688	79.34%
Police	6/30/2009	6/30/2011	\$0	\$	21,695,771	\$ 21,695,771	0.00%	\$	36,307,295	59.76%
Airport	6/30/2009	6/30/2011	\$0	\$	1,257,921	\$ 1,257,921	0.00%	\$	4,465,721	28.17%
General	6/30/2011	6/30/2012 *	\$0	\$	9,301,650	\$ 9,301,650	0.00%	\$	39,144,623	23.76%
Police	6/30/2011	6/30/2012 *	\$0	\$	14,942,445	\$ 14,942,445	0.00%	\$	36,035,496	41.47%
Airport	6/30/2011	6/30/2012 *	\$0	\$	571,426	\$ 571,426	0.00%	\$	4,595,620	12.43%
General	6/30/2011	6/30/2013	\$0	\$	9,301,650	\$ 9,301,650	0.00%	\$	39,433,327	23.59%
Police	6/30/2011	6/30/2013	\$0	\$	14,942,445	\$ 14,942,445	0.00%	\$	36,155,619	41.33%
Airport	6/30/2011	6/30/2013	\$0	\$	571,426	\$ 571,426	0.00%	\$	4,643,862	12.30%

^{*} Reduction in AAL is a result of other post employment benefit changes as stated in Note 14 B.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,		Annual Required ontribution (ARC)		Actual Contribution	Percent of ARC Contributed
General	2008	\$	2,991,110	\$	266,149	8.90%
Police	2008	\$	2,364,135	\$	103,652	4.38%
Airport	2008	\$	155,363	\$	-	0.00%
General Police Airport	2009 2009 2009	\$ \$	3,080,843 2,435,059 155,363	\$ \$ \$	321,156 107,019 -	10.42% 4.39% 0.00%
General	2010	\$	2,753,742	\$	555,709	20.18%
Police	2010	\$	2,497,144	\$	227,143	9.10%
Airport	2010	\$	139,935	\$	10,095	7.21%
General	2011	\$	2,836,355	\$	645,482	22.76%
Police	2011	\$	2,572,058	\$	304,768	11.85%
Airport	2011	\$	144,133	\$	17,143	11.89%
General	2012 *	\$	1,014,307	\$	591,395	58.31%
Police	2012 *	\$	1,269,653	\$	177,852	14.01%
Airport	2012 *	\$	64,065	\$	10,171	15.88%
General	2013	\$	1,044,736	\$	622,946	59.63%
Police	2013	\$	1,307,746	\$	198,380	15.17%
Airport	2013	\$	65,987	\$	17,970	27.23%

^{*} Reduction in ARC is a result of other post employment benefit changes as stated in Note 14 B.



COMBINING NON-MAJOR
GOVERNMENTAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEETS

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

		lon-Major Special Revenue Funds	lmp	on-Major Capital provement Funds	Non-Major Debt Service Funds		Total Non- Major overnmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	100	\$	-	\$ -	\$	100
Pooled cash and investments		46,965,598		238,418	12,813,635		60,017,651
Interest receivable		20,309		91	5,097		25,497
Receivables, net:							
Property taxes		1,430,694		=	423,423		1,854,117
Accounts and other		45,043		-	-		45,043
Fees		1,940,629		-	-		1,940,629
Due from other funds		151,250		-	222,600		373,850
Due from other governments		3,347,387		-	_		3,347,387
Prepaid items		19,228		-	-		19,228
Restricted assets		1,040,412		-	203,850		1,244,262
Total Assets	\$	54,960,650	\$	238,509	\$ 13,668,605	\$	68,867,764
Liabilities	•	0.440.777	•		•	•	0.440.777
Accounts payable - trade	\$	2,146,777	\$	=	\$ -	\$	2,146,777
Retainage payable		62,437		=	=		62,437
Accrued salaries and wages		633,762		=	=		633,762
Due to other funds		627,938		-	-		627,938
Due to other governments		23,050		-	-		23,050
Due to component units		759,306		-	-		759,306
Unavailable revenue - fees and other		1,950,828		-	-		1,950,828
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,190,885		-	337,163		1,528,048
Other liabilities		13,242					13,242
Total liabilities		7,408,225			337,163		7,745,388
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable		19,228		-	-		19,228
Restricted for public safety		7,134,839		=	=		7,134,839
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		7,377,355		43,316	=		7,420,671
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		26,099,681		195,193	=		26,294,874
Restricted for economic development		4,063,755		, -	_		4,063,755
Restricted for health and social services		49,977		-	_		49,977
Restricted for debt service		, =		_	13,331,442		13,331,442
Committed to public safety		158,340		-	-,,		158,340
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		1,156,313		-	_		1,156,313
Committed to economic development		1,960,461		_	_		1,960,461
Committed to other purposes		664,823		_	_		664,823
Unassigned (deficit)		(1,132,347)		_	_		(1,132,347)
Total fund balances		47,552,425		238,509	13,331,442		61,122,376
Total liabilities and fund balances / (deficits)	\$	54,960,650	\$	238,509	\$ 13,668,605	\$	68,867,764

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Revenues Real property taxes \$ 27,463,497 \$ - \$ 8,717,399 \$ 36,180,896 Personal property taxes 2,139,468 - 624,178 2,763,646 Vehicle taxes 2,713,929 - 705,309 3,419,238 Intergovernmental 7,849,726 - 35,026 7,884,752 Accomodations tax 3,858,389 - - 3,858,389 Fees and fines 13,496,340 - - 13,496,349 Hospitality fees 2,975,789 - 2,088,342 5,064,131 Local accommodations tax 194,152 - - 194,152 Interest on investments 63,961 290 144,986 209,237 Other 1,134,167 4,000 - 1,138,167 Total revenues 5 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Expenditures Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580		Non-Major Special Revenue Funds	Non-Major Capital Improvement Funds	Non-Major Debt Service Funds	Total Non- Major Governmental Funds
Personal property taxes 2,139,468 - 624,178 2,763,646 Vehicle taxes 2,713,929 - 705,309 3,419,238 Intergovernmental 7,849,726 - 35,026 7,884,752 Accomodations tax 3,858,389 - - 3,858,389 Fees and fines 13,496,340 - - 13,496,340 Hospitality fees 2,975,789 - 2,088,342 5,064,131 Local accommodations tax 194,152 - - 194,152 Interest on investments 63,961 290 144,986 209,237 Other 1,134,167 4,000 - 1,138,167 Total revenues 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423	Revenues				
Personal property taxes 2,139,468 - 624,178 2,763,646 Vehicle taxes 2,713,929 - 705,309 3,419,238 Intergovernmental 7,849,726 - 35,026 7,884,752 Accomodations tax 3,858,389 - - 3,858,389 Fees and fines 13,496,340 - - 13,496,340 Hospitality fees 2,975,789 - 2,088,342 5,064,131 Local accommodations tax 194,152 - - 194,152 Interest on investments 63,961 290 144,986 209,237 Other 1,134,167 4,000 - 1,138,167 Total revenues 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423	Real property taxes	\$ 27,463,497	\$ -	\$ 8,717,399	\$ 36,180,896
Vehicle taxes 2,713,929 - 705,309 3,419,238 Intergovernmental 7,849,726 - 35,026 7,884,752 Accomodations tax 3,858,389 - - - 3,858,389 Fees and fines 13,496,340 - - - 13,496,340 Hospitality fees 2,975,789 - 2,088,342 5,064,131 Local accommodations tax 194,152 - - 194,152 Interest on investments 63,961 290 144,986 209,237 Other 1,134,167 4,000 - 1,138,167 Total revenues 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,918,899			-	624,178	
Intergovernmental			-		
Fees and fines	Intergovernmental		-		
Hospitality fees	Accomodations tax	3,858,389	-	-	3,858,389
Local accommodations tax 194,152 -	Fees and fines	13,496,340	-	-	13,496,340
Local accommodations tax 194,152 -	Hospitality fees		-	2,088,342	
Other Total revenues 1,134,167 4,000 - 1,138,167 Total revenues 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - - 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 <td></td> <td>194,152</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>194,152</td>		194,152	-	-	194,152
Expenditures 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: Separal government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355	Interest on investments	63,961	290	144,986	209,237
Expenditures 61,889,418 4,290 12,315,240 74,208,948 Expenditures Current: Separal government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355	Other	1,134,167	4,000	-	1,138,167
Current: General government 12,580 - - 12,580 Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Total revenues			12,315,240	
Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355					
Public safety 18,521,785 - - 18,521,785 Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355	General government	12,580	-	-	12,580
Infrastructure and regulation 15,423,446 - - 15,423,446 Health and social services 796,586 - - 796,586 Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	•	18,521,785	-	-	18,521,785
Culture, recreation and tourism 6,191,899 (6,500) - 6,185,399 Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)		15,423,446	-	-	15,423,446
Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Health and social services	796,586	-	-	796,586
Economic development 1,752,693 - - 1,752,693 TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Culture, recreation and tourism	6,191,899	(6,500)	-	6,185,399
TECH and Higher Education Commission 4,635,000 - - 4,635,000 Capital outlay 4,602,976 - - 4,602,976 Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Economic development		-	-	1,752,693
Debt service - - 16,076,128 16,076,128 Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	TECH and Higher Education Commission	4,635,000	-	-	4,635,000
Total expenditures 51,936,965 (6,500) 16,076,128 68,006,593 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Capital outlay	4,602,976	-	-	4,602,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Debt service			16,076,128	16,076,128
expenditures 9,952,453 10,790 (3,760,888) 6,202,355 Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Total expenditures	51,936,965	(6,500)	16,076,128	68,006,593
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
	experialitures	9,952,453	10,790	(3,760,888)	6,202,355
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
11dUSICIS III	Transfers in	3,140,343	_	2,144,678	5,285,021
Sale of assets 2,694 - 2,694			_	_, ,	
Transfers out (4,613,505) (10,000) - (4,623,505)			(10.000)	_	
Total other financing sources (uses) (1,470,468) (10,000) 2,144,678 664,210				2.144.678	
					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Net change in fund balance 8,481,985 790 (1,616,210) 6,866,565	Net change in fund balance	8,481,985	790	(1,616,210)	6,866,565
Fund balances at beginning of year 39,070,440 237,719 14,947,652 54,255,811					
Fund balances at end of year \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Fund balances at end of year	\$ 47,552,425	\$ 238,509	\$ 13,331,442	\$ 61,122,376



GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the major operating fund of the County's governmental activities and is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

GENERAL FUND BALANCE SHEETS

As of June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts as of June 30, 2012)

	2013		2012
Assets		_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,889,077	\$	2,904,008
Pooled cash and investments	57,983,556		58,334,837
Interest receivable - investments	26,775		55,687
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes	3,700,031		4,148,238
Accounts and other	4,861,251		3,747,604
Fees	682,397		682,835
Due from other funds	1,364,462		1,524,099
Due from other governments	2,450,630		2,575,583
Inventories	55,655		39,097
Prepaid items	1,919,245		130,158
Restricted cash	 1,000,034		438,225
Total Assets	\$ 76,933,113	\$	74,580,371
Liabilities:	 		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 2,567,919	\$	2,271,299
Accounts payable - other	3,373,981		1,251,152
Accrued salaries and wages	3,198,598		3,036,361
Due to other funds	278,772		293,790
Due to component unit	102,278		102,278
Due to other governments	2,175,236		2,009,386
Proceeds from sales held by Master in Equity	-		3,418,120
Due to taxpayers for overpayment	1,322,387		2,099,951
Funds held in trust - proceeds from sale of properties	, ,		
due to delinquent taxes	14,583,249		13,291,522
Other accrued liabilities	4,557,572		4,462,423
Unavailable revenue - fees and other	1,740,118		2,356,422
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	3,031,536		3,286,006
Total Liabilities	36,931,646		37,878,710
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	1,974,900		169,255
Restricted for other purposes	1,000,000		, -
Committed to public safety	31,554		2,437
Committed to culture, recreation & tourism	565,506		431,306
Committed to infrastructure & regulation	1,069,618		759,415
Committed to economic development	-		1,037,960
Committed to stabilization	19,326,932		18,479,111
Committed to other purposes	6,393,248		8,371,317
Committed to OPEB	895,661		342,785
Assigned to other purposes	473,501		-,
Unassigned	8,270,547		7,108,075
Total fund balances	 40,001,467		36,701,661
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 76,933,113	\$	74,580,371
	 -,,		,,

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the period ended June 30, 2012)

		2013			2012
				Variance	
	Final			Positive	
	 Budget	 Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues					
Property taxes:					
Real property taxes	\$ 64,584,000	\$ 65,076,726	\$	492,726	\$ 64,479,022
Personal property taxes	4,728,500	4,578,270		(150,230)	4,718,300
Vehicle taxes	4,350,000	5,219,154		869,154	4,284,754
Total property taxes	73,662,500	74,874,150		1,211,650	73,482,076
Intergovernmental:					
Federal grants	521,000	474,587		(46,413)	518,314
Prisoner Housing	196,000	436,935		240,935	84,664
Inventory tax	306,286	306,286		-	306,286
State salary supplements	7,875	7,875		-	7,875
Board of registration	10,005	8,125		(1,880)	6,776
Veteran affairs	6,184	6,370		186	6,184
State shared	9,904,446	9,906,036		1,590	8,288,962
State - Library	269,291	269,291		-	197,365
Accommodations tax	227,631	223,670		(3,961)	211,758
Other - state	412,150	467,738		55,588	454,065
Solicitor	694,040	650,613		(43,427)	700,060
Public Defender	355,504	352,065		(3,439)	283,153
Public Defender - Georgetown	105,788	 111,108		5,320	90,654
Total intergovernmental	13,016,200	 13,220,699		204,499	 11,156,116
Fees and Fines:					
Planning fees	235,048	245,527		10,479	77,544
EMS	6,256,808	6,603,705		346,897	6,266,981
RMC fees	1,965,200	2,247,656		282,456	2,129,927
Clerk of Court fees and fines	758,958	704,999		(53,959)	762,261
Library	86,000	77,272		(8,728)	77,326
Sheriff fines	58,000	62,339		4,339	67,809
Family court fees	485,600	441,867		(43,733)	491,036
Probate court fees	754,600	602,553			593,814
	2,595,700	2,323,779		(152,047) (271,921)	2,513,569
Magistrates' fees and fines					
Health department fees	65,000	78,781		13,781	70,120
Master in Equity fees	2,525,000	2,134,950		(390,050)	2,766,420
CATV fees	3,195,000	5,153,291		1,958,291	2,524,341
Beach franchise fees	52,000	52,000		(40.007)	52,000
Georgetown Solicitor fees	880,975	860,988		(19,987)	856,726
Hospitality Fees	1,080,979	1,225,346		144,367	1,191,523
Local Accommodations Tax	748,000	786,415		38,415	784,773
Other	 303,405	 384,187		80,782	 352,709
Total fees and fines	 22,046,273	23,985,655		1,939,382	21,578,879

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
			Variance	
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenue (continued)				
RMC Documentary Stamps:	2,285,362	2,763,904	478,542	2,340,425
Licenses and Permits:				
Business licenses	3,824,050	4,039,609	215,559	3,871,803
Building inspection permits	2,300,000	2,960,873	660,873	2,321,424
Other permits	63,500	130,090	66,590	131,040
Marriage licenses	215,000	213,370	(1,630)	213,150
Total licenses and permits	6,402,550	7,343,942	941,392	6,537,417
rotal licenses and permits	6,402,550	7,343,942	941,392	0,557,417
Interest on investments:	76,894	103,680	26,786	62,338
Cost allocation:	3,005,488	2,786,824	(218,664)	3,167,359
Other:				
Casino Boat	600,000	1,065,050	465,050	720,216
Rent	217,250	320,459	103,209	218,700
Other	1,152,085	1,579,193	427,108	1,101,358
Pre-Trial Intervention	668,000	597,070	(70,930)	561,637
Total other	2,637,335	3,561,772	924,437	2,601,911
Total revenue	123,132,602	128,640,626	5,508,024	120,926,521
Expenditures				
Current:				
General Government:				
County Council:				
Personal services	511,273	498,107	13,166	503,550
Contractual services	159,000	112,857	46,143	127,496
Supplies and material	684,204	160,130	524,074	120,073
Business and transportation	141,375	45,676	95,699	75,004
Other	122,852	122,848	4	-
Total	1,618,704	939,618	679,086	826,123
County Administrator:				
Personal services	274,798	197,878	76,920	267,393
Contractual services	4,130	2,991	1,139	93,420
Supplies and material	1,313	932	381	1,800
Business and transportation	10,593	8,295	2,298	3,697
Other	40.007	-	46 007	2,779
Contingency	46,807	240.000	46,807	200,000
Total	337,641	210,096	127,545	369,089

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
			Variance	
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
General Government (cont):				
Assistant County Administrator - Adminis	tration:			
Personal services	164,082	158,578	5,504	160,765
Contractual services	1,565	1,053	512	1,246
Supplies and material	2,330	2,009	321	1,639
Business and transportation	1,725	555	1,170	1,798
Total	169,702	162,195	7,507	165,448
Total	103,702	102,133	7,507	100,440
Finance:				
Personal services	1,313,429	1,197,953	115,476	1,059,627
Contractual services	25,205	21,893	3,312	28,535
Supplies and material	27,370	22,397	4,973	24,954
Business and transportation	3,875	1,274	2,601	1,003
Capital outlay	-	-	-	6,145
Total	1,369,879	1,243,517	126,362	1,120,264
	·			
Department Overhead:				
Personal services	1,210,250	657,373	552,877	800,896
Contractual services	2,504,649	2,372,436	132,213	1,856,085
Supplies and material	821,700	804,930	16,770	816,279
Business and transportation	207,957	75	207,882	1,868
Total	4,744,556	3,834,814	909,742	3,475,128
Human Resources/Risk Management:				
Personal services	1,020,541	1,020,540	1	994,706
Contractual services	63,030	55,082	7,948	50,257
Supplies and material	26,790	25,763	1,027	25,987
Business and transportation	9,837	8,182	1,655	12,369
Other	16,747	6,144	10,603	9,958
Total	1,136,945	1,115,711	21,234	1,093,277
Total	1,100,040	.,,	21,204	1,000,277
Procurement:				
Personal services	374,958	291,893	83,065	338,277
Contractual services	6,099	6,098	1	5,363
Supplies and material	5,962	5,960	2	8,090
Business and transportation	1,991	1,990	1	1,213
Total	389,010	305,941	83,069	352,943
•				

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final	Actual	Variance Positive	Actual
Expanditures (soutinued)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued) General Government (cont):				
IT/GIS:				
Personal services	2,355,656	2,351,730	3,926	2,195,388
Contractual services	2,982,842	2,859,322	123,520	2,975,506
Supplies and material	286,706	250,524	36,182	286,494
Business and transportation	28,757	20,956	7,801	25,630
Capital outlay	25,7 <i>57</i> 271,189	182,647	88,542	450,223
Other	280,062	280,062	-	511,374
Total	6,205,212	5,945,241	259,971	6,444,615
rotai		0,040,241	200,011	0,444,010
Assessor:				
Personal services	3,102,269	2,879,001	223,268	2,827,947
Contractual services	29,280	22,447	6,833	20,014
Supplies and material	22,050	15,048	7,002	22,457
Business and transportation	30,274	11,859	18,415	19,278
Other	37,818	37,750	68	37,365
Total	3,221,691	2,966,105	255,586	2,927,061
Assessor Anneala Board:				
Assessor Appeals Board: Personal services	7,388	4,307	3,081	1,943
Contractual services	7,366 305	4,307	3,061	1,943
Supplies and material	525	350	175	28
Total	8,218	4,657	3,561	1,971
rotai		4,001	3,301	1,971
Registrar of Deeds:				
Personal services	960,196	823,119	137,077	859,565
Contractual services	47,285	45,356	1,929	43,981
Supplies and material	36,852	35,823	1,029	34,732
Business and transportation	6,080	4,678	1,402	7,268
Other	-,,,,,	(18)	18	- ,
Total	1,050,413	908,958	141,455	945,546
		,		

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final		Variance Positive	
- 14 (4 1)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
General Government (cont):				
Maintenance:	2 205 444	0.004.000	200 050	0.005.540
Personal services	3,225,144	2,864,886	360,258	2,805,518
Contractual services	423,788	415,574	8,214	395,043
Supplies and material	612,174	589,780	22,394	661,980
Business and transportation	167,342	129,443	37,899	144,798
Capital outlay	147,805	120,314	27,491	58,300
Other	123,490	123,490		60,981
Total	4,699,743	4,243,487	456,256	4,126,620
Voter Registration and Election:				
Personal services	421,654	537,328	(115,674)	462,282
Contractual services	36,816	34,732	2,084	31,368
Supplies and material	59,440	58,589	851	31,457
Business and transportation	5,696	4,530	1,166	3,891
Total	523,606	635,179	(111,573)	528,998
			(111,010)	0_0,000
Public Information:				
Personal services	236,947	236,947	-	232,910
Contractual services	20,620	14,688	5,932	18,294
Supplies and material	22,636	18,168	4,468	17,779
Business and transportation	1,600	563	1,037	554
Total	281,803	270,366	11,437	269,537
Budget and Revenue Management:				
Personal services	181,449	180,329	1,120	178,403
Contractual services	360	135	225	105
Supplies and material	3,838	3,678	160	3,727
Business and transportation	2,602	845	1,757	760
Total	188,249	184,987	3,262	182,995

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013			2012
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				_
General Government (cont):				
Treasurer:				
Personal services	1,510,557	1,537,723	(27,166)	1,515,200
Contractual services	107,124	106,293	831	87,145
Supplies and material	186,233	182,792	3,441	179,334
Business and transportation	10,946	10,451	495	12,027
Other	5,485	5,458	27	10,699
Total	1,820,345	1,842,717	(22,372)	1,804,405
Auditor:				
Personal services	1,275,689	1,300,905	(25,216)	1,255,027
Contractual services	46,293	43,069	3,224	39,017
Supplies and material	88,829	62,140	26,689	61,294
Business and transportation	15,415	13,181	2,234	11,595
Other	5,263	5,263	-	4,802
Total	1,431,489	1,424,558	6,931	1,371,735
Probate Judge:				
Personal services	845,518	867,172	(21,654)	838,642
Contractual services	10,067	10,066	1	10,001
Supplies and material	21,937	19,426	2,511	21,394
Business and transportation	5,031	3,541	1,490	3,140
Total	882,553	900,205	(17,652)	873,177
Master in Equity:				
Personal services	381,300	383,197	(1,897)	357,996
Contractual services	44,290	41,403	2,887	49,275
Supplies and material	4,006	3,977	29	4,242
Business and transportation	1,293	949	344	1,482
Total	430,889	429,526	1,363	412,995

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013			2012
	Final	Actual	Variance Positive	Actual
Expenditures (continued)	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
General Government (cont):				
Legal:				
Personal services	490,499	382,467	108,032	363,267
Contractual services	351,098	346,252	4,846	185,708
Supplies and material	2,597	2,444	153	3,675
Business and transportation	3,105	3,104	1	3,645
Total	847,299	734,267	113,032	556,295
Grants Administration:		''-		_
Personal services	106,622	28,567	78,055	39,114
Contractual services	137,431	3,421	134,010	3,048
Supplies and material	4,858	4,245	613	1,766
Business and transportation	982	841	141	276
Total	249,893	37,074	212,819	44,204
			, <u>-</u> -	, -
Delegation: Personal services	100,512	100,511	1	98,696
Contractual services	1,056	115	941	138
Supplies and material	7	-	7	130
Business and transportation	261	134	127	_
Capital outlay	-	-	121	_
Other	-	_	_	_
Total	101,836	100,760	1,076	98,834
Hospitality:		''-		_
Personal services	260,045	260,045	_	225,923
Contractual services	6,419	5,287	1,132	3,319
Supplies and material	12,308	10,094	2,214	8,143
Business and transportation	4,315	3,345	970	4,170
Other	2,545	2,545	-	3,600
Total	285,632	281,316	4,316	245,155
Business License:			<u> </u>	·
Personal services	205,590	204,087	1,503	195,187
Contractual services	4,941	3,147	1,794	3,372
Supplies and material	9,595	8,578	1,017	5,760
Business and transportation	4,607	2,065	2,542	2,414
Other	-,001	(3)	3	4
Total	224,733	217,874	6,859	206,737
Total General government	32,220,041	28,939,169	3,280,872	28,443,152
. J.a. Gonoral government			-,-00,0.2	20,710,102

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013			2012
			Variance	
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Public Safety:				
Solicitor:				
Personal services	2,715,525	2,695,357	20,168	2,696,461
Contractual services	129,152	123,624	5,528	140,450
Supplies and material	78,715	71,409	7,306	52,718
Business and transportation	50,599	50,399	200	51,672
Other	30,410	30,410	-	50,232
Total	3,004,401	2,971,199	33,202	2,991,533
Solicitor's Drug Enforcement Unit:				
Personal services	204,118	209,393	(5,275)	201,775
Contractual services	44,914	42,494	2,420	44,205
Supplies and material	45,884	45,884	-	43,000
Business and transportation	1,850	808	1,042	2,025
Other	20,340	20,340	<u> </u>	18,000
Total	317,106	318,919	(1,813)	309,005
Solicitor's Drug Court:				
Personal services	141,681	136,741	4,940	129,571
Contractual services	21,090	20,350	740	14,868
Supplies and material	47,897	8,025	39,872	7,934
Business and transportation	9,694	214	9,480	3,422
Total	220,362	165,330	55,032	155,795
Solicitor's Worthless Check Unit:				
Personal services	167,023	128,923	38,100	118,669
Contractual services	8,171	5,582	2,589	4,924
Supplies and material	3,781	2,409	1,372	1,165
Business and transportation	2,800	128	2,672	65
Total	181,775	137,042	44,733	124,823
Total	101,770	101,042	4-1,1-00	121,020
Public Defender:				
Personal services	1,234,282	1,239,255	(4,973)	1,092,670
Contractual services	50,484	34,626	15,858	59,043
Supplies and material	38,880	37,945	935	25,684
Business and transportation	26,361	24,755	1,606	20,497
Total	1,350,007	1,336,581	13,426	1,197,894

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
		_		_
Expenditures (continued) Public Safety:				
Public Defender Georgetown:				
Personal services	177,611	171,169	6,442	79,007
Contractual services	6,288	2,195	4,093	120,988
Supplies and material	7,000	3,714	3,286	4,471
Business and transportation	3,700	2,968	732	2,159
Total	194,599	180,046	14,553	206,625
Solicitor Victim Witness Program:				
Personal services	127,583	99,380	28,203	96,022
Supplies and material	2,000	-	2,000	-
Business and transportation	2,000	-	2,000	_
Total	131,583	99,380	32,203	96,022
Solicitor State Appropriations:				
Personal services	562,457	551,233	11,224	604,038
Total	562,457	551,233	11,224	604,038
Solicitor Georgetown:				
Personal services	801,955	803,414	(1,459)	792,878
Contractual services	31,368	25,529	5,839	22,553
Supplies and material	22,500	16,434	6,066	28,853
Business and transportation	17,887	15,611	2,276	12,442
Contingency	7,265	13,011	7,265	12,772
Total	880,975	860,988	19,987	856,726
Total	000,313	000,900	19,307	030,720
Clerk of Court:	4 200 004	4 425 026	(52.025)	4 200 000
Personal services	1,382,801	1,435,836	(53,035)	1,390,998
Contractual services	198,306	197,191	1,115	189,417
Supplies and material	87,567	71,618	15,949	72,787
Business and transportation	1,950	858	1,092	628
Total	1,670,624	1,705,503	(34,879)	1,653,830

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013		2012	
	Variance			
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Public Safety:				
Clerk of Court - DSS Family Court:				
Personal services	576,605	578,621	(2,016)	574,184
Contractual services	13,922	11,285	2,637	11,466
Supplies and material	21,750	8,061	13,689	13,965
Business and transportation	1,269	136	1,133	55
Total	613,546	598,103	15,443	599,670
Clerk of Court - Family Court:				
Personal services	276,656	286,552	(9,896)	278,889
Contractual services	1,867	1,317	550	1,726
Supplies and material	2,401	1,026	1,375	2,398
Other	-,	353	(353)	90
Total	280,924	289,248	(8,324)	283,103
Magistrate No. 1 Conway:				
Personal services	254,858	262,116	(7,258)	258,318
Contractual services	3,300	2,054	1,246	2,166
Supplies and material	4,084	3,348	736	4,135
Business and transportation	1,166	888	278	1,582
Total	263,408	268,406	(4,998)	266,201
Magistrate No. 2 Aynor:				
Personal services	146,777	150,030	(3,253)	150,211
Contractual services	10,640	7,764	2,876	8,436
Supplies and material	5,106	3,197	1,909	4,303
Business and transportation	1,750	1,292	458	2,317
Total	164,273	162,283	1,990	165,267
Magistrate No. 4 Mt. Olive:				
Personal services	184,003	189,782	(5,779)	187,426
Contractual services	10,625	8,140	2,485	8,600
Supplies and material	3,710	1,891	1,819	2,110
Business and transportation	2,090	2,074	16	2,014
Total	200,428	201,887	(1,459)	200,150
			(-,,	===,

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013			2012
- -	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)			(110941110)	7 10101011
Public Safety (cont):				
Magistrate No. 5 Loris:				
Personal services	188,613	175,889	12,724	191,244
Contractual services	1,500	1,380	, 120	1,600
Supplies and material	6,850	2,578	4,272	3,586
Business and transportation	2,400	2,119	281	1,620
Total	199,363	181,966	17,397	198,050
Magistrate No. 6 Myrtle Beach:				
Personal services	319,574	328,669	(9,095)	302,307
Contractual services	2,500	1,957	543	1,786
Supplies and material	8,914	7,451	1,463	6,281
Business and transportation	1,790	634	1,156	560
Total	332,778	338,711	(5,933)	310,934
Magistrate No. 7 Stevens Cross Road:				
Personal services	185,883	165,694	20,189	193,193
Contractual services	2,847	2,569	278	3,344
Supplies and material	8,434	8,207	227	4,378
Business and transportation	5,027	1,478	3,549	2,728
Total	202,191	177,948	24,243	203,643
Magistrate No. 11 Surfside:				
Personal services	169,193	173,448	(4,255)	171,349
Contractual services	2,280	1,665	615	1,620
Supplies and material	2,700	2,287	413	3,256
Business and transportation	1,400	428	972	865
Total	175,573	177,828	(2,255)	177,090
Magistrate at Large No. 1:				
Personal services	102,344	112,398	(10,054)	105,238
Contractual services	237	41	196	-
Supplies and material	-	-	-	25
Business and transportation	4,400	4,276	124	3,379
Total ·	106,981	116,715	(9,734)	108,642
-				

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013		2012	
			Variance	
	Final		Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Public Safety (cont):				
Magistrate at Large No. 2 - Detention:				
Personal services	338,542	354,901	(16,359)	345,931
Contractual services	5,530	5,241	289	5,644
Supplies and material	9,270	9,183	87	7,512
Business and transportation	2,600	2,468	132	3,224
Total	355,942	371,793	(15,851)	362,311
Central Summary Court:				
Personal services	399,592	401,940	(2,348)	392,434
Contractual services	137,430	136,826	604	168,730
Supplies and material	21,246	21,225	21	18,366
Business and transportation	2,223	2,192	31	1,900
Total	560,491	562,183	(1,692)	581,430
iotai		002,100	(1,002)	001,400
Communications:				
Personal services	312,450	308,330	4,120	251,715
Contractual services	1,123,556	1,122,898	658	1,161,192
Supplies and material	320,740	318,550	2,190	129,482
Business and transportation	2,167	2,132	35	342
Capital outlay	85,463	84,010	1,453	46,888
Other	254,065	254,065	<u> </u>	149,436
Total	2,098,441	2,089,985	8,456	1,739,055
Assistant County Administrator - Public saf	etv:			
Personal services	304,981	304,559	422	300,030
Contractual services	8,657	8,491	166	4,095
Supplies and material	4,925	4,913	12	4,244
Business and transportation	4,303	3,622	681	6,073
Other	13,413	11,858	1,555	20,982
Total	336,279	333,443	2,836	335,424
Sheriff:				
Personal services	4,216,818	4,273,576	(56,758)	4,338,732
Contractual services	75,847	75,844	3	57,383
Supplies and material	62,591	62,587	4	62,611
Business and transportation	295,121	295,012	109	298,676
Capital outlay	40,484	40,464	20	8,547
Other	92,457	92,457	-	68,271
Total	4,783,318	4,839,940	(56,622)	4,834,220
			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

Final Budget Warriance Positive (Nogative) Return		2013			2012
Public Safety (conti): Police: Police:				Positive	
Public Safety (control) Police:		Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Public Safety (control) Police:	Expanditures (continued)				
Police: Personal services 14,461,254 14,035,784 425,470 14,165,283 Contractual services 392,220 380,373 11,847 355,746 Supplies and material 444,211 426,441 17,770 302,272 Business and transportation 1,861,868 1,338,522 23,346 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500 - Other 533,181 533,179 2 990,081 Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Total 700 636 64 577 Total 700 636 50 457 Total 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94					
Personal services 14,461,254 14,035,784 425,470 14,165,283 Contractual services 392,220 380,373 11,847 355,746 Supplies and material 444,211 426,441 17,770 302,272 Business and transportation 1,361,868 1,338,522 23,346 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500 90,081 Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 5,77 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,660 21,582 94	• , ,				
Contractual services 392,220 380,373 11,847 355,746 Supplies and material 444,211 426,441 17,770 302,272 Business and transportation 1,361,668 1,338,522 23,346 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500		14.461.254	14.035.784	425.470	14.165.283
Supplies and material 444,211 426,441 17,770 302,272 Business and transportation 1,361,868 1,335,522 23,346 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500 - Other 533,181 533,179 2 990,081 Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,660 21,623 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071		·	• •	•	
Business and transportation 1,361,868 1,338,522 23,346 1,247,391 Capital outlay 814 314 500 - Other 533,181 533,179 2 990,081 Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 570 50,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071	Supplies and material	•	•	•	302,272
Other Total 533,181 533,179 2 990,081 Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2		•	•	•	
Total 17,193,548 16,714,613 478,935 17,060,773 Central Processing: Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789	Capital outlay	814	314	500	-
Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management:	Other	533,181	533,179	2	990,081
Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,860 21,822 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transp	Total	17,193,548	16,714,613	478,935	17,060,773
Personal services 60,053 60,265 (212) 60,971 Contractual services - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,860 21,822 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transp					
Contractual services - - - - 4,530 Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 11,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405	_	60.052	60.265	(242)	60.071
Supplies and material 700 636 64 577 Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coro		60,053	60,265	(212)	
Total 60,753 60,901 (148) 66,078 Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085		- 700	- 636	64	
Emergency Management: Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 </td <td>• •</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	• •				
Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 2,89,223 281,594 <td>rotai</td> <td></td> <td>00,301</td> <td>(140)</td> <td>00,010</td>	rotai		00,301	(140)	00,010
Personal services 366,820 361,766 5,054 355,478 Contractual services 21,676 21,582 94 22,194 Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 2,89,223 281,594 <td>Emergency Management:</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Emergency Management:				
Supplies and material 21,860 21,823 37 25,920 Business and transportation 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525		366,820	361,766	5,054	355,478
Business and transportation Other 30,783 30,445 338 24,017 Other Total 6,510 7,005 (495) 13,071 Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 <t< td=""><td>Contractual services</td><td>21,676</td><td>21,582</td><td>94</td><td>22,194</td></t<>	Contractual services	21,676	21,582	94	22,194
Other Total 6,510 447,649 7,005 442,621 (495) 5,028 13,071 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Supplies and material	21,860	21,823	37	25,920
Total 447,649 442,621 5,028 440,680 Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Business and transportation	30,783	30,445	338	24,017
Emergency 911 Communications: Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Other	6,510	7,005	(495)	13,071
Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Total	447,649	442,621	5,028	440,680
Personal services 2,799,216 2,708,407 90,809 2,648,428 Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467					
Contractual services 47,143 40,939 6,204 41,789 Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	5 ,	0.700.040	0.700.407	00.000	0.040.400
Supplies and material 13,078 10,806 2,272 8,600 Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467		• •	• •	•	
Business and transportation 3,930 3,750 180 1,405 Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467		•	•		
Total 2,863,367 2,763,902 99,465 2,700,222 Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	• •	•	•	•	
Coroner: Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	•				
Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Total	2,000,007	2,703,302		2,700,222
Personal services 355,779 363,085 (7,306) 358,153 Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Coroner:				
Contractual services 289,223 281,594 7,629 268,278 Supplies and material 8,750 8,097 653 7,816 Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467		355,779	363,085	(7,306)	358,153
Business and transportation 16,930 16,525 405 14,285 Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Contractual services			• • •	
Capital outlay 30,000 - 30,000 - Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Supplies and material	8,750	8,097	653	7,816
Other 9,769 9,769 - 17,467	Business and transportation	16,930	16,525	405	14,285
	Capital outlay	30,000	-	30,000	-
Total 710,451 679,070 31,381 665,999				<u> </u>	
	Total	710,451	679,070	31,381	665,999

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

	2013			2012	
			Variance	riance	
	Final		Positive		
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual	
Expenditures (continued)					
Public Safety (cont):					
Detention Center:					
Personal services	14,914,938	14,417,081	497,857	14,560,445	
Contractual services	3,369,976	2,923,404	446,572	2,656,985	
Supplies and material	1,970,613	1,826,559	144,054	2,070,464	
Business and transportation	244,400	238,739	5,661	258,559	
Capital outlay	155,000	133,715	21,285	49,717	
Other	79,063	79,063	-	81,689	
Total	20,733,990	19,618,561	1,115,429	19,677,859	
Emergency Medical Services:					
Personal services	11,205,483	11,154,722	50,761	10,879,581	
Contractual services	488,758	478,965	9,793	393,192	
Supplies and material	617,081	611,005	6,076	557,019	
Business and transportation	734,391	725,977	8,414	681,125	
Capital outlay	212,682	212,682	-	30,733	
Other	221,187	221,187	-	641,184	
Total	13,479,582	13,404,538	75,044	13,182,834	
Animal Care Center:					
Personal services	709,401	703,321	6,080	685,626	
Contractual services	68,650	67,975	675	59,926	
Supplies and material	136,388	135,968	420	124,555	
Business and transportation	21,580	21,400	180	15,766	
Other	7,983	7,983	-	11,294	
Total	944,002	936,647	7,355	897,167	
Pre-Trial Intervention:					
Personal services	661,330	599,877	61,453	564,002	
Contractual services	593	585	8	292	
Business and transportation	407	143	264	142	
Other	5,670	5,670	-	-	
Total	668,000	606,275	61,725	564,436	
Total public safety	76,289,167	74,263,788	2,025,379	73,817,529	
• •				-	

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)		-		
Infrastructure & Regulation				
Assistant County Administrator - Infrast	_			
Personal services	283,126	216,024	67,102	235,085
Contractual services	17,462	7,220	10,242	10,411
Supplies and material	2,925	2,903	22	2,557
Business and transportation	3,093	2,261	832	2,975
Total	306,606	228,408	78,198	251,028
County Engineer:				
Personal services	1,053,088	768,935	284,153	806,533
Contractual services	187,889	146,384	41,505	160,080
Supplies and material	12,200	9,708	2,492	12,448
Business and transportation	43,310	35,212	8,098	38,773
Other	21,319	21,319	-	23,773
Total	1,317,806	981,558	336,248	1,041,607
Public Works:				
Personal services	3,946,313	3,404,911	541,402	3,313,833
Contractual services	260,769	401,774	(141,005)	285,166
Supplies and material	1,686,368	652,799	1,033,569	524,159
Business and transportation	1,392,357	1,358,900	33,457	1,349,308
Capital outlay	94,490	54,485	40,005	53,688
Other	1,560,447	1,560,447	-	1,647,602
Total	8,940,744	7,433,316	1,507,428	7,173,756
0 1 5 6			· · · · · ·	<u> </u>
Code Enforcement: Personal services	2,587,664	2,144,440	443,224	2,159,562
Contractual services	2,367,664 36,695	2, 144,440 34,102	2,593	27,619
Supplies and material	34,640	25,192	2,5 9 5 9,448	43,608
Business and transportation	137,565	118,412	19,153	125,069
Other	31,608	31,608	19,100	62,097
Total	2,828,172	2,353,754	474,418	2,417,955
Total	2,020,112	2,000,101	414,410	2,117,000
Planning:				
Personal services	1,545,131	1,375,179	169,952	1,362,867
Contractual services	40,010	35,137	4,873	30,765
Supplies and material	15,709	12,664	3,045	11,918
Business and transportation	13,852	12,456	1,396	12,403
Other	2,710	2,710	<u> </u>	3,820
Total	1,617,412	1,438,146	179,266	1,421,773
Total infrastructure and regulation	15,010,740	12,435,182	2,575,558	12,306,120

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Health and Social Services:				
Veteran Affairs:				
Personal services	252,578	245,443	7,135	207,588
Contractual services	5,038	2,305	2,733	2,208
Supplies and material	4,485	3,647	838	4,958
Business and transportation	3,600	3,485	115	3,830
Total	265,701	254,880	10,821	218,584
Medically Indigent Assistance Program:				
Personal services	59,055	59,054	1	59,371
Contractual services	127	127	-	94
Supplies and material	648	347	301	1,301
Other	1,207,022	1,207,022	-	1,164,445
Total	1,266,852	1,266,550	302	1,225,211
Health Department	130,940	124,335	6,605	125,516
Department of Social Services	111,406	89,535	21,871	83,202
Total health and social services	1,774,899	1,735,300	39,599	1,652,513
Culture, Recreation and Tourism: Library:				
Personal services	2,884,334	2,697,034	187,300	2,472,580
Contractual services	592,543	446,333	146,210	386,326
Supplies and material	716,455	655,739	60,716	477,778
Business and transportation	40,379	27,826	12,553	22,866
Capital outlay	-	,	-	31,214
Other	9,152	9,152	-	9,780
Total	4,242,863	3,836,084	406,779	3,400,544
Museum:				· · · · · ·
Personal services	314,567	314,566	1	256,223
Contractual services	162,127	158,211	3,916	50,500
Supplies and material	18,379	15,007	3,372	15,187
Business and transportation	8,076	5,416	2,660	3,155
Other	1,479	1,479	_,000	2,092
Total	504,628	494,679	9,949	327,157
Total culture, recreation and tourism	4,747,491	4,330,763	416,728	3,727,701
-	,,	, ,	,	-,,

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GAAP BASIS

		2013		2012
	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Other Agencies:				
Total other agencies	1,194,308	1,194,308	-	1,906,348
Total expenditures	131,236,646	122,898,510	8,338,136	121,853,363
Excess of revenue over expenditures	(8,104,044)	5,742,116	13,846,160	(926,842)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of assets	100,000	145,365	45,365	93,546
Transfers in	1,774,090	1,780,839	6,749	3,714,608
Transfer out	(4,372,475)	(4,368,514)	3,961	(3,243,535)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,498,385)	(2,442,310)	56,075	564,619
Net change in fund balance	(10,602,429)	3,299,806	13,902,235	(362,223)
Fund balance at beginning of year	36,701,661	36,701,661		37,063,884
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 26,099,232	\$ 40,001,467	\$ 13,902,235	\$ 36,701,661



SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used accounts for specific revenue received which are restricted to expenditures for particular purposes (other than capital projects). The County currently has established the following special revenue funds:

Fire – accounts for operations of thirty-three (33) stations throughout unincorporated areas of Horry County. Revenue is collected from 15.2 mills levied on property tax on the unincorporated area of the County.

Tourism and Promotion – accounts for the revenue derived from a state-wide 2% levied room tax earmarked for the promotion of tourism in South Carolina.

Waste Management Recycling – accounts for solid waste collection and recycling programs of Horry County. Revenue is collected from 6.0 mills levied on property tax on the unincorporated areas of the County.

Higher Education – accounts for revenue collected from 0.7 mills levied on real and personal property for debt payment requirements of the Higher Education Commission and for the purpose of providing tuition assistance for students. *Presented as a Debt Service Fund in fiscal year ended 2012.*

Horry-Georgetown Tech – accounts for revenue collected from 1.8 mills levied on real and personal property for debt payment requirements of Horry-Georgetown Technical Education Center and for the purpose of providing maintenance on the grounds & buildings owned by the County. *Presented as a Debt Service Fund in fiscal year ended 2012.*

Watershed – accounts for revenue collected from property taxes for maintenance of the following watersheds: Cartwheel -3.4 mills, Crab Tree -3.2 mills, Todd Swamp -3.1 mills, Simpson Creek -2.9 mills, Buck Creek -3.2 mills, and Gapway -3.1 mills.

Mt. Gilead – accounts for revenue collected from 7.0 mills levied on property taxes for road improvements in the Mt. Gilead Community.

Socastee Recreation – accounts for revenue collected from 1.8 mills levied on property taxes earmarked for recreation facilities in the Socastee Community.

Road Maintenance & CTC – accounts for revenue derived from a \$30 fee on registered vehicles, intergovernmental revenue, and operating transfers-in earmarked for the maintenance and/or improvements of the County's road system and public works operation.

Beach Nourishment – accounts for beach nourishment and re-nourishment projects on the unincorporated beaches of the County and is funded from Accommodations Tax and the General Fund.

Grants – accounts for revenue earmarked for all grants.

Admissions Tax – accounts for revenue derived from Admissions Tax District established in the Waccamaw Pottery area. These funds are earmarked by state law for infrastructure improvements.

Victim Witness Assistance – accounts for collection of assessments and surcharges imposed by the courts. These funds are earmarked by State law for the provision of victim services.

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- CONTINUED -

Senior Citizen – accounts for revenue collected from 0.4 mills levied on property taxes earmarked for senior citizen programs.

Arcadian Shores – accounts for revenue collected from 32.3 mills levied on property taxes associated with the Arcadian Shores Special Tax District. These funds are designated for infrastructure improvements.

Baseball Stadium – accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the County's undivided 30% ownership in the baseball stadium project.

Economic Development – accounts for revenue and expenditures for the operation, economic development and property management of the Atlantic Center, Hwy. 701 (Pineridge Business Center) and the Hwy. 319 (Cool Spring) industrial parks.

Stormwater Management – accounts for revenue derived from a utility fee paid on the unincorporated areas of the County and expenditures associated with the County's stormwater management and mosquito control programs.

Hidden Woods - accounts for revenue collected from 7.0 mills levied on property taxes for road improvements in the Hidden Woods Community.

GIS/IT – accounts for GIS information sales and intergovernmental mapping revenue and expenditures associated with maintaining and/or updating the GIS technology and data.

Multi-County Business Park Rollback – accounts for revenue and expenditures associated with the Multi-County Business Park rollback for infrastructure.

E-911 – accounts for revenue and expenditures of funds for wireless and wireless telephones. These funds are totally restricted for use in the 911 system.

CDBG Grant Program – accounts for revenue and expenditures of Housing Urban Development entitlement program. These funds are totally restricted for use only on HUD approved programs.

Recreation – accounts for revenue collected from 1.7 mills levied on property taxes and expenditures associated with the County's recreation programs.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

June 30, 2013

	Non-Major Funds												
	Fire	Tourism & Promotion	Waste Management Recycling	Higher Education	Horry Georgetown Tech	Watersheds	Mt Gilead	Socastee Recreation	Road Maintenance & CTC	Beach Nourishment	Grants	Admissions Tax	Victim Witness Assistance
Assets													
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Pooled cash and investments	3,801,845	35	8,644,830	151,030	73,610	850,666	396,555	356,693	13,726,136	4,340,599	703,210	640,401	169,700
Receivables, net:													
Property taxes	720,629	-	304,151	58,652	151,795	5,526	890	7,120	-	-	-	-	-
Accounts and other	647	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fees	-	5,530	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,337,590	35,361	-	-	34,962
Interest receivable	2,161	384	3,686	433	490	335	161	146	5,078	1,562	171	261	46
Due from other funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	128,989	-	-	-
Due from other governments	4,988	644,313	-	-	-	-	-	-	677,424	-	1,407,345	-	-
Prepaid items	19,228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total assets	\$ 4,549,498	\$ 650,262	\$ 8,952,667	\$ 210,115	\$ 225,895	\$ 856,527	\$ 397,606	\$ 363,959	\$ 15,746,228	\$ 4,506,511	\$ 2,110,726	\$ 640,662	\$ 204,708
Liabilities													
Liabilities													
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 92,606	\$ 298,255	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,427	885	\$ 548,023	\$ 10,796	\$ 691,043	\$ -	\$ 981
Retainage payable	_	-		_	_	_	_	-	62,437	_	_	_	_
Accrued salaries and wages	358,404	46,227	-	-	-	-	-	-	17,107	-	52,592	-	18,670
Due to other funds	· -	110,743	_	_	_	-	_	-	· -	_		_	-
Due to other governments	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	-
Due to component units	_	_	759,306	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Unavailable revenue - fees and other	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	1,342,490	_	_	_	181,985
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	611,301	_	255,056	46,609	120,779	4,823	315	5,018	-	_	_	_	-
Other liabilities	-	_	,	-	-		-	-	_	_	_	_	_
Total liabilities	1,062,311	455,225	1,014,362	46,609	120,779	4,823	2,742	5,903	1,970,057	10,796	743,635		201,636
Fund Balances													
Nonspendable	19,228	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted for public safety	3,467,959	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	319,071	_	3,072
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	-	195,037	_	163,506	105,116	-	_	358,056	_	3,339,402	56,085	_	-
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	_	-	7,938,305	-	-	851,704	394,864	-	13,776,171	_	_	_	_
Restricted for economic development	_	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	327,112	640,662	-
Restricted for health and social services	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Committed to public safety	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,156,313	_	_	_
Committed to economic development	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-, .00,010	_	_	_
Committed to other purposes	_	_	_			_	_	_	_	_	664,823	_	_
Unassigned (deficits)	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	=	_	=	-	_	_
Total fund balances / (deficits)	3,487,187	195,037	7,938,305	163,506	105,116	851,704	394,864	358,056	13,776,171	4,495,715	1,367,091	640,662	3,072
Total liabilities and fund balances / (deficits)	\$ 4.549.498	\$ 650,262	\$ 8.952.667	\$ 210,115	\$ 225,895	\$ 856,527	\$ 397,606	\$ 363,959	\$ 15,746,228	\$ 4,506,511	\$ 2,110,726	\$ 640,662	\$ 204.708

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

JUNE 30, 2013

	Non-Major Funds														
	Senior Ci	tizen	Arcadian Shores	Baseball Stadium	Economic Development	Stormwater Management		Hidden Woods	GIS/IT	B&C MCBP	E-911	CDBG Grant Program	Recreation	ı	Total Non-Major Funds
Assets	Serilor Ci	IZCII	Silores	Statium	Development	Ivianagement		770003	013/11	DAC MICE		Grant Frogram	Recreation		1 unus
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100	\$	100
Pooled cash and investments		645	68,911	253,698	3,134,138	2,690,770	•	74,979	167,511	527,320	3,202,298	· .	2,931,018	•	46,965,598
Receivables, net:		,	,		-,,	_,,		,	,	,	-,,		_,,		,,
Property taxes	33	472	626	_	_	_		3,957	_	_	_	_	143,876		1,430,694
Accounts and other	00	-	-	_	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	44,396		45,043
Fees		_	_	_		466,092		_	_		61,094	_	- 1,000		1,940,629
Interest receivable		9	27	_	1,606	1,301		_	62	209	822	_	1,359		20,309
Due from other funds		-		22,261	1,000	1,001		_	-	200	-	_	1,000		151,250
Due from other governments			_	22,201							146,383	466,934			3,347,387
Prepaid items		_	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	140,505	400,334	_		19,228
Restricted assets		-	-	101.810	938.602	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		1.040.412
Total assets	¢ 03	126	\$ 69,564	\$ 377,769	\$ 4,074,346	\$ 3,158,163	\$	78,936	\$ 167,573	\$ 527,529	\$ 3,410,597	\$ 466,934	\$ 3,120,749	\$	54,960,650
Total assets	φ 93	, 120	\$ 09,504	φ 3/1,/09	\$ 4,074,340	φ 3,130,103	Ψ	10,930	φ 107,575	φ 321,329	\$ 3,410,397	ÿ 400,934	\$ 3,120,749	Ψ	34,900,030
Liabilities															
Liabilities															
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 16	557	\$ 1,491	\$ 28,326	\$ 925	\$ 151,030	\$	_	\$ 9,233	\$ -	\$ 60,813	\$ 159,772	\$ 73,614	\$	2,146,777
Retainage payable	ψ 10	,557	Ψ 1,431	Ψ 20,320	ψ 323	ψ 131,030	Ψ	_	ψ 5,255	Ψ -	ψ 00,015	Ψ 155,772	Ψ 75,014	Ψ	62,437
Accrued salaries and wages		-	-	-	-	46,393		-	-	-	5,047	7,075	82,247		633,762
Due to other funds		-	217,108	-	-	40,393		-	-	-	3,047	300,087	02,247		627,938
Due to other governments		-	217,100	23,050	-	-		-	-	-	-	300,007	-		23,050
Due to component units		-	-	23,030	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		759,306
Unavailable revenue - fees and other		-	-	-	-	426,353		-	-	-	-	-	-		1,950,828
	26	.592	291	-	-	420,333		2,159	-	-	-	-	117,942		1,190,885
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	20	,592	291	-	-	56		2,159	-	-	-	-			13,242
Other liabilities		.149	218,890		925	623,832		2,159	- 0.000			400.004	13,186		
Total liabilities	43	, 149	210,090	51,376	925	023,032		2,159	9,233		65,860	466,934	286,989		7,408,225
Fund Balances															
Nonspendable		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-		19,228
Restricted for public safety		-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	3,344,737	-	-		7,134,839
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		-	-	326,393	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	2,833,760		7,377,355
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		-	-	_	-	2,534,331		76,777	-	527,529	-	-	-		26,099,681
Restricted for economic development		-	-	-	2,112,960	-		-	-	· -	-	983,021	-		4,063,755
Restricted for health and social services	49	.977	_	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_	_		49,977
Committed to public safety		-	_	_	_	_		-	158,340	_	-	_	-		158,340
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		_	_	_	_	_		_	,	_	_	_	_		1,156,313
Committed to economic development		_	_	_	1,960,461	_		_	_	_	_	_	_		1,960,461
Committed to other purposes		_	_	_	-,000,701	_			_	_	_	_	_		664,823
Unassigned (deficits)		_	(149,326)	_	_	_		_	_	_	_	(983,021)	_		(1,132,347
Total fund balances / (deficits)	49	.977	(149,326)	326,393	4,073,421	2,534,331		76,777	158,340	527,529	3,344,737	(303,021)	2,833,760		47,552,425
· otal rana balances / (aonolto)			(.10,020)	320,000	.,570,721	2,304,001		. 0,111	.50,040	321,020	3,344,707	-	_,500,700		,552,720

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year ended June 30, 2013

	Non-Major Funds											
	Fire	Tourism & Promotion	Waste Management Recycling	Higher Education	Horry Georgetown Tech	Watersheds	Mt Gilead	Socastee Recreation	Road Maintenance & CTC	Beach Nourishment	Grants	Admissions Tax
Revenues												
Real property taxes	\$ 12,706,112	\$ -	\$ 5,651,405	\$ 1,220,166	\$ 3,137,914	\$ 93,678	\$ 30,627	\$ 189,862	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Personal property taxes	1,102,033	-	461,545	87,261	224,601	-	-	73	-	-	-	-
Vehicle taxes	1,443,379	-	620,859	99,045	253,904	-	(7)	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	26,594	-	-	10,638	13,881	-	-	-	1,462,161	-	2,197,255	-
Accommodations tax	-	2,838,389	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,020,000	-	-
Fees and fines	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,726,140	-	-	-
Hospitality fees	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	2,813,789	-	_	-
Local accommodations tax	_	-	-	-	-	-	_	_	· · ·	194,152	_	-
Interest	5,943	1,382	11,529	1,143	1,608	1,093	525	467	16,732	5,101	589	852
Other	994	942	710	-	-	152,734	_	1,967	1,062	· -	88,982	-
Total revenues	15,285,055	2,840,713	6,746,048	1,418,253	3,631,908	247,505	31,145	192,369	12,019,884	1,219,253	2,286,826	852
Expenditures Current:												
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,580	_
Public safety	12,963,318	1,399,917	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	2,676,246	_
Infrastructure and regulation	12,000,010	- 1,000,017	5,882,147	_	_	15,977	22,824	_	4,527,158	_	57,772	_
Health and social services	_	_		_	_	.0,0	,	_	.,02.,.00	_		_
Culture, recreation and tourism	_	1,751,868	_	1,150,000	3,485,000	_	_	106,144	_	124,872	4,088	_
Economic development	_	1,701,000	_		-	_	_	-	_	121,012	(2,439)	_
Capital outlay	67,131	99,418	228,117	_	_	_	_	24,839	3,410,068	_	508,535	_
Total expenditures	13,030,449	3,251,203	6,110,264	1,150,000	3,485,000	15,977	22,824	130,983	7,937,226	124,872	3,256,782	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues												
over (under) expenditures	2,254,606	(410,490)	635,784	268,253	146,908	231,528	8,321	61,386	4,082,658	1,094,381	(969,956)	852
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Transfers in	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	287,000	309,784	1,294,617	_
Sale of Assets	_	-	-	_	_	_	_	_	- ,	-	-	_
Transfers out	(2,453,661)	(231,414)	_	(202,350)	(203,600)	_	_	(20,000)	(750,000)	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,453,661)	(231,414)		(202,350)	(203,600)			(20,000)	(463,000)	309,784	1,294,617	
3 (,												
Net change in fund balance	(199,055)	(641,904)	635,784	65,903	(56,692)	231,528	8,321	41,386	3,619,658	1,404,165	324,661	852
Fund balances (deficits), at beginning of year	3,686,242	836,941	7,302,521	97,603	161,808	620,176	386,543	316,670	10,156,513	3,091,550	1,042,430	639,810
Fund balances (deficits), at end of year	\$ 3,487,187	\$ 195,037	\$ 7,938,305	\$ 163,506	\$ 105,116	\$ 851,704	\$ 394,864	\$ 358,056	\$ 13,776,171	\$ 4,495,715	\$ 1,367,091	\$ 640,662

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the Year ended June 30, 2013

Non-Major Funds

		Non-major i unus											
	Victim Witness Assistance	Senior Citizen	Arcadian Shores	Baseball Stadium	Economic Development	Stormwater Management	Hidden Woods	GIS/IT	B&C MCBP	E-911	CDBG Grant Program	Recreation	Total Non-Major Funds
Revenues													
Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ 697,225	\$ 64,074	\$ -	\$ 596,068	\$ -	\$ 91,545	\$ -	\$ 20,705	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,964,116	\$ 27,463,497
Personal property taxes	-	49,814	-	_	· -	-	-	_	_	-	-	214,141	2,139,468
Vehicle taxes	_	56.420	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	240.329	2,713,929
Intergovernmental	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	47,282	_	2,052,457	2,039,458	-	7,849,726
Accommodations tax	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	, -	_	-	-	_	3,858,389
Fees and fines	437,925	_	_	11,123	69,182	4,534,378	_	3,355	_	714,237	_	_	13,496,340
Hospitality fees	-	_	_	162,000		-	_	-,	_	-	_	_	2,975,789
Local accommodations tax	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	194,152
Interest	166	7	84	247	4,817	3,790	_	205	680	2,843	_	4,158	63,961
Other	89,495	-	-		-	1,953	_		-	_,	_	795,328	1,134,167
Total revenues	527,586	803,466	64,158	173,370	670,067	4,540,121	91,545	50,842	21,385	2,769,537	2,039,458	4,218,072	61,889,418
Expenditures													
Current:													
General government	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	12,580
Public safety	575,792	_	_	_	_	_	_	10,457	_	896,055	_	_	18,521,785
Infrastructure and regulation	-	_	35,589	_	756,070	4.111.141	14,768	-	_	-	_	_	15,423,446
Health and social services	_	796,586	-	_	700,070	-,,	- 11,700	_	_	_	_	_	796,586
Culture, recreation and tourism		750,500	_	62,808	_	_	_	_	_	_		4,142,119	10,826,899
Economic development	_	_		02,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,755,132	4,142,113	1,752,693
Capital outlay		_	_	_	_	33,161	_	_		14,109	20,020	197,578	4,602,976
Total expenditures	575,792	796,586	35,589	62,808	756,070	4,144,302	14,768	10,457		910,164	1,775,152	4,339,697	51,936,965
Total experiultures	313,192	790,300	33,309	02,000	730,070	4,144,502	14,700	10,437		910,104	1,773,132	4,559,091	31,930,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over (under) expenditures	(48,206)	6,880	28,569	110,562	(86,003)	395,819	76,777	40,385	21,385	1,859,373	264,306	(121,625)	9,952,453
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Transfers in	170,982	_	-	_	1,037,960	-	_	_	_	-	-	40,000	3,140,343
Sale of Assets	· -	_	-	_	· · ·	-	_	_	_	-	-	2,694	2,694
Transfers out	_	_	-	_	_	(380,000)	-	_	_	(108,174)	(264,306)	, <u> </u>	(4,613,505)
Total other financing sources (uses)	170,982				1,037,960	(380,000)			_	(108,174)	(264,306)	42,694	(1,470,468)
Net change in fund balance	122,776	6,880	28,569	110,562	951,957	15,819	76,777	40,385	21,385	1,751,199	-	(78,931)	8,481,985
Fund balances (deficits), at beginning of year	(119,704)	43,097	(177,895)	215,831	3,121,464	2,518,512	_	117,955	506,144	1,593,538	_	2,912,691	39,070,440
Fund balances (deficits), at beginning of year	\$ 3,072	\$ 49,977	\$ (149,326)	\$ 326,393	\$ 4,073,421	\$ 2,534,331	\$ 76,777	\$ 158,340	\$ 527,529	\$ 3,344,737	\$ -	\$ 2,833,760	\$ 47,552,425
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FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

	2013			2012
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	3,801,845	\$	3,911,879
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes		720,629		756,697
Other		647		3,494
Interest receivable		2,161		2,349
Due from other governments		4,988		1,639
Prepaid items		19,228		19,574
Total assets	\$	4,549,498	\$	4,695,632
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$	92,606 358,404 611,301 1,062,311	\$	84,883 303,451 621,056 1,009,390
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable		19,228		19,574
Restricted for public safety		3,467,959		3,666,668
Total fund balances		3,487,187		3,686,242
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,549,498	\$	4,695,632

FIRE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

			2012	
			Variance Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 12,599,726	\$ 12,706,112	\$ 106,386	\$ 12,565,244
Personal property taxes	1,229,500	1,102,033	(127,467)	1,179,247
Vehicle taxes	1,230,000	1,443,379	213,379	1,228,483
Intergovernmental	26,594	26,594	-	26,594
Interest	2,000	5,943	3,943	3,775
Other Total revenues	15,087,820	994 15,285,055	994 197,235	36,341 15,039,684
	15,007,020	15,265,055	197,235	15,039,064
Expenditures Current:				
Public safety:				
Personal services	9,253,446	9,534,923	(281,477)	9,378,800
Contractual services	1,313,290	1,208,476	104,814	1,161,476
Supplies and materials	516,340	449,901	66,439	429,879
Business and transportation	873,160	840,907	32,253	829,678
Capital outlay	72,000	67,131	4,869	94,113
Indirect cost allocation	945,419	929,111	16,308	945,419
Total expenditures	12,973,655	13,030,449	(56,794)	12,839,365
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	2,114,165	2,254,606	140,441	2,200,319
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Assets				8,061
	(0.450.700)	(0.450.004)	-	
Transfers out	(2,453,722)	(2,453,661)	61	(2,016,442)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,453,722)	(2,453,661)	61	(2,008,381)
Net change in fund balance	(339,557)	(199,055)	140,502	191,938
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,686,242	3,686,242	-	3,494,304
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,346,685	\$ 3,487,187	\$ 140,502	\$ 3,686,242

TOURISM & PROMOTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	2013			2012		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	35	\$	655,969		
Accounts receivable, net:						
Fees		5,530		504,968		
Interest receivable		384		397		
Due from other governments		644,313		2,282,433		
Total assets	\$	650,262	\$	3,443,767		
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages Due to other funds Unavailable revenue - fees and other Total liabilities	\$	298,255 46,227 110,743 - 455,225	\$	788,268 39,808 105,458 1,673,292 2,606,826		
Fund Balance						
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	_	195,037		836,941		
Total fund balance		195,037		836,941		
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	650,262	\$	3,443,767		

TOURISM & PROMOTION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2013		2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Accommodations tax	\$ 2,830,000	\$ 2,838,389	\$ 8,389	\$ 2,954,735
Interest	1,100	1,382	282	1,092
Other	-	942	942	671
Total revenues	2,831,100	2,840,713	9,613	2,956,498
Expenditures				
Current:				
Public safety				
Beach Patrol:				
Personal services	1,075,254	981,737	93,517	948,314
Contractual services	140,827	112,053	28,774	103,330
Supplies and materials	69,768	49,641	20,127	24,483
Business and transportation	179,843	163,880	15,963	147,146
Capital outlay Other	130,038 132,606	99,418 92,606	30,620 40,000	1,827 125,494
Total beach patrol	1,728,336	1,499,335	229,001	1,350,594
Total beach patrol	1,720,000	1,433,333	223,001	1,000,004
Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Contributions to other agencies	1,791,955	1,751,868	40,087	1,478,639
Total culture, recreation and tourism	1,791,955	1,751,868	40,087	1,478,639
Total expenditures	3,520,291	3,251,203	269,088	2,829,233
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	(689,191)	(410,490)	278,701	127,265
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(231,414)	(231,414)	-	(250,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(231,414)	(231,414)		(250,000)
Net change in fund balance	(920,605)	(641,904)	278,701	(122,735)
Fund balance at beginning of year	836,941	836,941	-	959,676
Fund balance at end of year	\$ (83,664)	\$ 195,037	\$ 278,701	\$ 836,941

WASTE MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	2013	2012
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 8,644,830	\$ 7,751,725
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	304,151	319,103
Interest receivable	3,686	3,799
Total assets	\$ 8,952,667	\$ 8,074,627
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ -	\$ 514,203
Due to component unit	759,306	-
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	255,056	257,903
Total liabilities	1,014,362	772,106
Fund Balance		
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	7,938,305	7,302,521
Total fund balance	7,938,305	7,302,521
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 8,952,667	\$ 8,074,627
Total habilities and fully balance	Ψ 0,332,001	Ψ 0,017,021

WASTE MANAGEMENT RECYCLING SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

			2012		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual	
Revenues					
Real property taxes	\$ 5,564,050	\$ 5,651,405	\$ 87,355	\$ 5,582,469	
Personal property taxes	506,000	461,545	(44,455)	488,464	
Vehicle taxes	530,000	620,859	90,859	530,637	
Interest	5,050	11,529	6,479	5,958	
Other		710	710	(702)	
Total revenues	6,605,100	6,746,048	140,948	6,606,826	
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:					
Contractual services	6,807,069	5,878,578	928,491	5,737,475	
Capital outlay	1,100,000	228,117	871,883	265,714	
Indirect cost allocation	3,150	3,569	(419)	3,150	
Total expenditures	7,910,219	6,110,264	1,799,955	6,006,339	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,305,119)	635,784	1,940,903	600,487	
Net change in fund balance	(1,305,119)	635,784	1,940,903	600,487	
Fund balance at beginning of year	7,302,521	7,302,521		6,702,034	
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 5,997,402	\$ 7,938,305	\$ 1,940,903	\$ 7,302,521	

HIGHER EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

		2013	2012		
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	151,030	\$	83,000	
Property taxes Interest receivable		58,652 433		63,561 476	
Total assets	\$	210,115	\$	147,037	
Liabilities Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	46,609 46,609	\$	49,434 49,434	
Fund Balance Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		163,506		97,603	
Total fund balance		163,506		97,603	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	210,115	\$	147,037	

HIGHER EDUCATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

			2012	
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 1,215,950	\$ 1,220,166	\$ 4,216	\$ 1,209,070
Personal property taxes	92,050	87,261	(4,789)	90,184
Vehicle taxes	85,550	99,045	13,495	85,543
Intergovernmental	10,638	10,638	-	10,638
Interest	220	1,143	923	540
Total revenues	1,404,408	1,418,253	13,845	1,395,975
Expenditures				
Debt service:				
Principal	-	-	-	140,000
Interest	-	-	-	63,650
Agents fees				425
Total Debt service				204,075
Current:				
Higher Education Commission	621,633	1,150,000	(528,367)	1,200,000
Total expenditures	621,633	1,150,000	(528,367)	1,404,075
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	782,775	268,253	(514,522)	(8,100)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(782,775)	(202,350)	580,425	
Total other financing sources	(782,775)	(202,350)	580,425	
Net change in fund balance	-	65,903	65,903	(8,100)
Fund balance at beginning of year	97,603	97,603		105,703
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 97,603	\$ 163,506	\$ 65,903	\$ 97,603

HORRY GEORGETOWN TECH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012		
Assets			_	
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 73,610	\$	125,282	
Receivables, net:				
Property taxes	151,795		164,634	
Interest receivable	490		147	
Total assets	\$ 225,895	\$	290,063	
Liabilities Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$ 120,779 120,779	\$	128,255 128,255	
Fund Balance				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	105,116		161,808	
Total fund balance	105,116		161,808	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 225,895	\$	290,063	

HORRY-GEORGETOWN TECH SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

			2013			2012
				Р	ariance ositive	
	Budge	et	Actual	(N	egative)	 Actual
Revenues						
Real property taxes	\$ 3,125		\$ 3,137,914	\$	12,084	\$ 3,109,405
Personal property taxes		,780	224,601		(12,179)	232,385
Vehicle taxes		,900	253,904		35,004	219,235
Intergovernmental	13	,880	13,881		1	13,881
Interest		330	1,608		1,278	 10,123
Total revenues	3,595	,720	3,631,908		36,188	 3,585,029
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Principal		_	_		_	135,000
Interest		-	_		-	76,924
Agents fees		-	_		_	400
Bond issuance costs						48,371
			-		-	260,695
Current:						
Horry Georgetown Tech	3,391	,720	3,485,000		(93,280)	3,347,000
Total expenditures	3,391		3,485,000		(93,280)	3,607,695
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues						
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	20.4	,000	146,908		(57,092)	(22,666)
over (under) expenditures	204	,000	140,900		(57,092)	 (22,000)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of refunding debt		-	-		-	2,100,000
Bond premium		-	-		-	68,267
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		-	-		-	(2,129,062)
Transfers out	(204	,000)	(203,600)		400	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(204	,000)	(203,600)		400	39,205
Net change in fund balance		-	(56,692)		(56,692)	16,539
Fund balance at beginning of year	161	,808,	161,808		-	145,269
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 161	,808	\$ 105,116	\$	(56,692)	\$ 161,808

WATERSHED SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 850,666	\$ 618,983
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	5,526	6,141
Interest receivable	335	338
Total assets	\$ 856,527	\$ 625,462
Liabilities Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$ 4,823 4,823	\$ 5,286 5,286
Fund Balance		
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	851,704	620,176
Total fund balance	851,704	620,176
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 856,527	\$ 625,462

WATERSHED SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

			2013			2012
	!	Budget	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)	 Actual
Revenues						
Real property taxes	\$	91,810	\$ 93,678	\$	1,868	\$ 93,204
Interest		945	1,093		148	613
Other		-	 152,734		152,734	
Total revenues		92,755	 247,505		154,750	93,817
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Contractual services		88,110	7,968		80,142	4,644
Indirect cost allocation		4,645	8,009		(3,364)	6,176
Total expenditures		92,755	 15,977		76,778	 10,820
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	 231,528		231,528	82,997
Net change in fund balance		-	231,528		231,528	82,997
Fund balance at beginning of year		620,176	620,176		-	537,179
Fund balance at end of year	\$	620,176	\$ 851,704	\$	231,528	\$ 620,176

MT. GILEAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	2013	2012
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 396,555	\$ 386,949
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	890	827
Interest receivable	161	173
Total assets	\$ 397,606	\$ 387,949
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 2,427	\$ 1,087
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	315_	319
Total liabilities	2,742	1,406
Fund Balance		
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	394,864	386,543
Total fund balance	394,864	386,543
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 397,606	\$ 387,949

MT. GILEAD SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

				2013				2012
		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual	
Revenues	_		_		_		_	00.400
Real property taxes	\$	29,998	\$	30,627	\$	629	\$	30,106
Vehicle taxes				(7)		(7)		1,509
Interest		500		525		25		269
Total revenues		30,498		31,145		647		31,884
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:								
Personal services		602		602		-		602
Contractual services		21,700		18,222		3,478		18,190
Supplies and materials		7,471		1,250		6,221		15,000
Other		15,000		-		15,000		-
Indirect cost allocation		2,750		2,750		-		2,671
Total expenditures		47,523		22,824		24,699		36,463
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(17,025)		8,321		25,346		(4,579)
Net change in fund balance		(17,025)		8,321		25,346		(4,579)
Fund balance at beginning of year		386,543		386,543		-		391,122
Fund balance at end of year	\$	369,518	\$	394,864	\$	25,346	\$	386,543

SOCASTEE RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 356,693	\$ 315,324
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	7,120	7,730
Other	-	152
Interest receivable	146	123
Total assets	\$ 363,959	\$ 323,329
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$ 885 5,018 5,903	\$ 770 5,889 6,659
Fund Balance		
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	358,056	316,670
Total fund balance	358,056	316,670
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 363,959	\$ 323,329

SOCASTEE RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	2013							2012	
		Budget Actual		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)	Actual		
Revenues									
Real property taxes	\$	184,170	\$	189,862	\$	5,692	\$	184,299	
Personal property taxes		-		73		73		-	
Interest		150		467		317		304	
Other				1,967		1,967		157,147	
Total revenues		184,320		192,369		8,049		341,750	
Expenditures Current: Culture, recreation and tourism:									
Personal services		1,932		1,932		-		1,932	
Contractual services		43,684		24,457		19,227		24,793	
Supplies and materials		10,000		5,158		4,842		2,000	
Capital outlay		59,614		24,839		34,775		7,500	
Other		71,125		64,163		6,962		58,816	
Indirect cost allocation		10,434		10,434		-		-	
Total expenditures		196,789		130,983		65,806		95,041	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(12,469)		61,386		73,855		246,709	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(20,000)		(20,000)		-		(19,611)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(20,000)		(20,000)		-		(19,611)	
Net change in fund balance		(32,469)		41,386		73,855		227,098	
Fund balance at beginning of year		316,670		316,670		_		89,572	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	284,201	\$	358,056	\$	73,855	\$	316,670	

ROAD MAINTENANCE & CTC SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 13,726,136	\$ 9,999,773
Receivables, net:		
Fees	1,337,590	1,348,155
Interest receivable	5,078	4,658
Due from other governments	677,424	915,205
Total assets	\$ 15,746,228	\$ 12,267,791
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Retainage payable Accrued salaries and wages Unavailable revenue - fees and other Total liabilities	\$ 548,023 62,437 17,107 1,342,490 1,970,057	\$ 711,274 26,833 20,116 1,353,055 2,111,278
Fund Balance Restricted for infrastructure and regulation Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	13,776,171 13,776,171 \$ 15,746,228	10,156,513 10,156,513 \$ 12,267,791

ROAD MAINTENANCE & CTC SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2013		2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental Fees Hospitality fees Interest Other	\$ 4,521,478 7,550,000 2,746,563 20,000 3,500	\$ 1,462,161 7,726,140 2,813,789 16,732 1,062	\$ (3,059,317) 176,140 67,226 (3,268) (2,438)	\$ 1,156,903 7,411,645 2,766,296 5,507 2,431
Total revenues	14,841,541	12,019,884	(2,821,657)	11,342,782
Expenditures Current: Engineer:				
Contractual services Capital outlay-infrastructure Construction contracts Indirect cost allocation Total engineer	38,537 1,508,510 7,541,326 487,707 9,576,080	21,059 1,508,510 - 388,478 1,918,047	17,478 - 7,541,326 99,229 7,658,033	31,833 690,581 2,881,883 427,707 4,032,004
-		1,010,041	1,000,000	1,002,001
Operations: Personal services Contractual services Supplies and materials Business and transportation Construction contracts Capital outlay Capital outlay-infrastructure Distributions to municipalities	614,040 46,951 15,182 170,960 9,025,677 - 1,901,558 1,489,399	575,721 33,513 11,141 78,151 1,525,351 - 1,901,558 1,541,365	38,319 13,438 4,041 92,809 7,500,326 - - (51,966)	551,480 36,361 14,288 142,296 - 92,296 3,716,573 1,494,460
Other	276,900	276,900	-	344,266
Indirect cost allocation Total operations	75,479 13,616,146	75,479 6,019,179	7,596,967	74,651 6,466,671
Total expenditures	23,192,226	7,937,226	15,255,000	10,498,675
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(8,350,685)	4,082,658	12,433,343	844,107
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	287,000	287,000	-	153,300
Transfers out	(750,000)	(750,000)	-	(2,225,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(463,000)	(463,000)	-	(2,071,700)
Net change in fund balance	(8,813,685)	3,619,658	12,433,343	(1,227,593)
Fund balance at beginning of year	10,156,513	10,156,513	-	11,384,106
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,342,828	\$ 13,776,171	\$ 12,433,343	\$ 10,156,513

BEACH NOURISHMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012		
Assets					
Pooled cash and investments	\$	4,340,599	\$	3,055,142	
Receivables, net:					
Fees		35,361		35,750	
Interest receivable		1,562		1,363	
Due from other funds		128,989		141,921	
Total assets	\$	4,506,511	\$	3,234,176	
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	10,796	\$	1,062	
Due to other funds				141,564	
Total liabilities		10,796		142,626	
Fund Balances					
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		3,339,402		2,250,122	
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		1,156,313		841,428	
Total fund balances		4,495,715		3,091,550	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,506,511	\$	3,234,176	

BEACH NOURISHMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2012		
	Budget Actual			Actual
Revenues				
State accommodations tax	\$ 1,020,000	\$ 1,020,000	\$ -	\$ 510,000
Local accommodations tax	187,000	194,152	7,152	193,746
Interest	107,000	5,101	5,101	2,773
Other	-	3,101	3, 10 1	53,333
Total revenues	1,207,000	1,219,253	12,253	759,852
Total revenues	1,207,000	1,219,233	12,233	7 39,032
Expenditures Current: Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Contractual services	273,209	124,872	148,337	123,057
Other	1,307,797	-	1,307,797	-
Total expenditures	1,581,006	124,872	1,456,134	123,057
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(374,006)	1,094,381	1,468,387	636,795
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	313,745	309,784	(3,961)	186,758
Total other financing sources (uses)	313,745	309,784	(3,961)	186,758
Net change in fund balance	(60,261)	1,404,165	1,464,426	823,553
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,091,550	3,091,550	-	2,267,997
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 3,031,289	\$ 4,495,715	\$ 1,464,426	\$ 3,091,550

GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012		
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 703,210	\$ 6,430		
Interest receivable	171	91		
Due from other governments	1,407,345	1,200,979		
Total assets	\$ 2,110,726	\$ 1,207,500		
Liabilities				
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 691,043	\$ 55,380		
Accrued salaries and wages	52,592	50,366		
Retainage payable	-	52,089		
Due to other funds	-	7,235		
Total liabilities	743,635	165,070		
Fund Balances				
Restricted for public safety	319,071	397,360		
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	56,085	5,094		
Restricted for economic development	327,112	28,692		
Committed to other purposes	664,823	611,284		
Total fund balances	1,367,091	1,042,430		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,110,726	\$ 1,207,500		

GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2012		
			Variance	
			Positive	
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,478,454	\$ 2,197,255	\$ (1,281,199)	\$ 3,036,608
Interest	-	589	589	137
Other	99,220	88,982	(10,238)	20,350
Total revenues	3,577,674	2,286,826	(1,290,848)	3,057,095
			(1,200,010)	3,001,000
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government:				
Personal services	-	1,456	(1,456)	20,911
Contractual services	-	-	-	43,920
Supplies and materials		-	-	1,400
Grant projects	11,124	11,124	-	214,974
Capital outlay	58,640	57,184	1,456	873,075
Total general government	69,764	69,764		1,154,280
Public safety:				
Personal services	1,831,741	1,287,415	544,326	1,278,147
Contractual services	498,018	357,449	140,569	288,833
Supplies and materials	1,340,707	905,606	435,101	433,966
Business and transportation	44,411	26,549	17,862	37,029
Capital outlay	499,064	423,687	75,377	228,375
Other	148,888	99,227	49,661	43,560
Total public safety	4,362,829	3,099,933	1,262,896	2,309,910
Infrastructure and regulation:				
Grant projects	136,913	57,772	79,141	_
Total infrastructure and regulation	136,913	57,772	79,141	
· ·				
Culture, recreation and tourism				
Contractual services	73		73	1,889
Supplies and materials	27,296	4,088	23,208	2,931
Grant projects	37	4,000	37	2,931
Other	188	_	188	-
Total culture, recreation and tourism	27,594	4,088	23,506	4,886
rotal culture, recreation and tourism				
Economic development:		• • • •		4 =00
Supplies and materials	3,488	2,885	603	1,706
Capital outlay	344,501	27,664	316,837	-
Grant projects	358,348	(5,324)	363,672	18,149
Total economic development	706,337	25,225	681,112	19,855
Total expenditures	5,303,437	3,256,782	2,046,655	3,488,931
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(1,725,763)	(969,956)	755,807	(431,836)
, , ,				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,294,617	1,294,617	-	277,904
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,294,617	1,294,617		277,904
2	-,,			
Net change in fund balance	(431,146)	324,661	755,807	(153,932)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,042,430	1,042,430	-	1,196,362
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 611,284	\$ 1,367,091	\$ 755,807	\$ 1,042,430
y			,	. ,

ADMISSIONS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

Assets	2013	2012
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 640,401	\$ 639,525
Interest receivable	261	285
Total assets	\$ 640,662	\$ 639,810
Fund Balance Restricted for economic development Total fund balance	\$ 640,662 \$ 640,662	\$ 639,810 \$ 639,810

ADMISSIONS TAX SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

	2013							2012	
		Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		Actual		
Revenues									
Interest	\$	-	\$	852	\$	852	\$	540	
Total revenues				852		852		540	
Expenditures									
Total expenditures				-		-		_	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures				852		852		540	
Net change in fund balance		-		852		852		540	
Fund balance at beginning of year		639,810		639,810		_		639,270	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	639,810	\$	640,662	\$	852	\$	639,810	

VICTIM WITNESS ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	 2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 169,700	\$ -
Receivables, net:		
Fees	34,962	32,376
Interest receivable	46	-
Total assets	\$ 204,708	\$ 32,376
	 _	
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 981	\$ 3,286
Accrued salaries and wages	18,670	15,770
Due to other funds	_	22,655
Unavailable revenue-special assessments	181,985	110,369
Total liabilities	201,636	152,080
Fund Polones		
Fund Balance	0.070	
Restricted for Public safety	3,072	-
Unassigned	 	 <u>(119,704)</u>
Total fund balance (deficit)	 3,072	 (119,704)
Total liabilities and fund balance (deficit)	\$ 204,708	\$ 32,376

VICTIM WITNESS ASSISTANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)			2013		2012
Fees and fines		Budget	Actual	Positive	Actual
Total revenues	Fees and fines Interest	-	166		\$ 432,825 - -
Current:			. 	29,191	432,825
Contractual services 5,550 3,414 2,136 3,721 Supplies and materials 3,750 3,429 321 3,790 Business and transportation 7,100 862 6,238 2,187 Other 76,388 - 76,388 - Total detention 311,462 219,716 91,746 220,985 Victim Witness: Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656	Current: Public safety				
Supplies and materials 3,750 3,429 321 3,790 Business and transportation 7,100 862 6,238 2,187 Other 76,388 - 76,388 - Total detention 311,462 219,716 91,746 220,985 Victim Witness: Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 -	Personal services	218,674	212,011	6,663	211,287
Business and transportation Other 7,100 76,388 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7		5,550	3,414	2,136	3,721
Other Total detention 76,388 311,462 - 76,388 219,716 - 76,388 91,746 - 220,985 Vicitim Witness: Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues		·	•		
Total detention 311,462 219,716 91,746 220,985 Victim Witness: Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982 170,982 <t< td=""><td></td><td>•</td><td>862</td><td>·</td><td>2,187</td></t<>		•	862	·	2,187
Victim Witness: Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 -					-
Personal services 57,615 55,444 2,171 55,432 Contractual services 585 585 - 585 Supplies and materials 797 523 274 866 Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 -	Total detention	311,462	219,716	91,746	220,985
Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balan	Personal services	•	•	2,171 -	•
Business and transportation 3,903 3,809 94 2,673 Total victim witness 62,900 60,361 2,539 59,556 Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balan	Supplies and materials	797	523	274	866
Solicitor: Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388) Contractual services 287,747 (5,070) 195,790		3,903	3,809	94	2,673
Personal services 282,677 287,747 (5,070) 195,790 Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)	Total victim witness	62,900	60,361	2,539	59,556
Contractual services 2,376 1,900 476 2,234 Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - - (76,388)		282 677	287 747	(5.070)	195 790
Supplies and materials 5,417 3,546 1,871 5,656 Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - - (76,388)		•	•		
Business and transportation 4,545 2,522 2,023 - Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - - (76,388)		•	•		
Total solicitor 295,015 295,715 (700) 203,680 Total expenditures 669,377 575,792 93,585 484,221 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)		•	•	·	-
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)					203,680
over (under) expenditures (170,982) (48,206) 122,776 (51,396) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)	Total expenditures	669,377	575,792	93,585	484,221
Transfers in 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)		(170,982)	(48,206)	122,776	(51,396)
Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Total other financing sources (uses) 170,982 170,982 - 8,080 Net change in fund balance - 122,776 122,776 (43,316) Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)	-	170,982	170,982	-	8,080
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year (119,704) (119,704) - (76,388)	Total other financing sources (uses)				
	Net change in fund balance	-	122,776	122,776	(43,316)
	Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(119.704)	(119.704)	-	(76.388)
				\$ 122,776	

SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012	
Assets			
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 59,645	\$ 47,778	
Receivables, net:			
Property taxes	33,472	36,278	
Interest receivable	9	57	
Total assets	\$ 93,126	\$ 84,113	
Liabilities Accounts payable Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$ 16,557 26,592 43,149	\$ 12,812 28,204 41,016	
Fund balance			
Restricted for health and social services	49,977	43,097	
Total fund balance	49,977	43,097	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 93,126	\$ 84,113	

SENIOR CITIZEN SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

Revenues Budget Actual Variance Positive (Negative) Actual Revenues Real property taxes \$ 696,350 \$ 697,225 \$ 875 \$ 690,886 Personal property taxes \$ 52,550 49,814 (2,736) 51,488 Vehicle taxes 48,900 56,420 7,520 48,720 Interest 40 7 (33) 24 Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services: Contractual services 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,968 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 6,880 8,007			2013			2012
Real property taxes \$696,350 \$697,225 \$875 \$690,886 Personal property taxes 52,550 49,814 (2,736) 51,488 Vehicle taxes 48,900 56,420 7,520 48,720 Interest 40 7 (33) 24 Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services: 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010		 Budget	Actual	P	ositive	 Actual
Personal property taxes 52,550 49,814 (2,736) 51,488 Vehicle taxes 48,900 56,420 7,520 48,720 Interest 40 7 (33) 24 Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services:	Revenues					
Vehicle taxes 48,900 56,420 7,520 48,720 Interest 40 7 (33) 24 Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services: 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Real property taxes	\$ 696,350	\$ 697,225	\$	875	\$ 690,886
Interest 40 7 (33) 24 Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services: Contractual services	Personal property taxes	52,550	49,814		(2,736)	51,488
Total revenues 797,840 803,466 5,626 791,118 Expenditures Current: Health and social services: 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Vehicle taxes	48,900	56,420		7,520	48,720
Expenditures Current: Health and social services: Contractual services 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Interest	40	7		(33)	24
Current: Health and social services: 795,972 793,536 2,436 781,163 Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Total revenues	797,840	803,466		5,626	791,118
Indirect cost allocation 1,868 3,050 (1,182) 1,868 Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Current:					
Total expenditures 797,840 796,586 1,254 783,031 Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Contractual services	795,972	793,536		2,436	781,163
Excess of revenues over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Indirect cost allocation	1,868	3,050		(1,182)	1,868
over expenditures - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	Total expenditures	797,840	796,586		1,254	783,031
Net change in fund balance - 6,880 6,880 8,087 Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010		_	6.880		6.880	8.087
Fund balance at beginning of year 43,097 43,097 - 35,010	h	 	 -,			 -,-,-
	Net change in fund balance	-	6,880		6,880	8,087
Fund balance at end of year \$ 43.097 \$ 49.977 \$ 6.880 \$ 43.007	Fund balance at beginning of year	43,097	43,097		-	35,010
1 and balance at end of year	Fund balance at end of year	\$ 43,097	\$ 49,977	\$	6,880	\$ 43,097

ARCADIAN SHORES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 68,911	\$ 65,011
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	626	430
Interest receivable	27	28
Total assets	\$ 69,564	\$ 65,469
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Due to other funds Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liabilities	\$ 1,491 217,108 291 218,890	\$ 971 242,491 (98) 243,364
Fund Balance Unassigned Total fund balance (deficit)	(149,326) (149,326)	(177,895) (177,895)
Total liabilities and fund balance (deficit)	\$ 69,564	\$ 65,469

ARCADIAN SHORES SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

			2012			
	Budget		Actual	Variance Positive al (Negative)		Actual
Revenues					_	
Real property taxes	\$ 63,1		,	\$ 900		63,942
Interest		75	84	g		51
Other		<u> </u>	-		<u> </u>	2,500
Total revenues	63,2	49 <u> </u>	64,158	909	<u> </u>	66,493
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:						
Personal Services	6	02	602			602
Contractual services	12,1	66	12,106	60)	11,422
Supplies and materials	10,6		8,472	2,216	;	5,815
Indirect cost allocation	2,7	15	2,715			2,442
Other	37,0	78	11,694	25,384	ļ	12,905
Total expenditures	63,2	49	35,589	27,660		33,186
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-	28,569	28,569	1	33,307
Net change in fund balance		-	28,569	28,569)	33,307
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of year	(177,8	95)	(177,895)			(211,202)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of year	\$ (177,8	95)	(149,326)	\$ 28,569	\$	(177,895)

BASEBALL STADIUM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 253,698	\$ 152,340
Restricted assets	101,810	101,563
Due from other funds	22,261	8,646
Total assets	\$ 377,769	\$ 262,549
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Due to other governments	\$ 28,326 23,050	\$ - 46,718
Total liabilities	\$ 51,376	\$ 46,718
Fund Balance		
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism	\$ 326,393	\$ 215,831
Total fund balance	326,393	215,831
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 377,769	\$ 262,549

BASEBALL STADIUM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2013			2012
	 Budget	Actual	F	/ariance Positive legative)	Actual
Revenues					
Fees and fines	\$ 12,500	\$ 11,123	\$	(1,377)	\$ 15,851
Hospitality fees	162,000	162,000		-	75,000
Interest	 -	247		247	669
Total revenues	174,500	173,370		(1,130)	91,520
Expenditures Current: Culture, recreation and tourism:					
Personal services	-	-		-	14,341
Contractual services	-	14,808		(14,808)	18,016
Supplies and materials	-	19,068		(19,068)	24,621
Construction contracts	102,000	28,326		73,674	210,518
Other	72,500	606		71,894	5,346
Total expenditures	174,500	62,808		111,692	272,842
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	-	 110,562		110,562	(181,322)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	-	-		-	231,057
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		-	231,057
Net change in fund balance	-	110,562		110,562	49,735
Fund balance at beginning of year	215,831	215,831		-	166,096
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 215,831	\$ 326,393	\$	110,562	\$ 215,831

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,134,138	\$ 3,120,207
Interest receivable	1,606	1,436
Restricted assets	938,602	-
Total assets	\$ 4,074,346	\$ 3,121,643
Liabilities		470
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 925	\$ 179
Total liabilities	925	179
Fund Balances		
Restricted for economic development	2,112,960	-
Committed to economic development	1,960,461	3,121,464
Total fund balance	4,073,421	3,121,464
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 4,074,346	\$ 3,121,643

This fund was named Industrial Parks Special Revenue Fund in prior year

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

		2012		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues Real property taxes - FILOT Fees Interest Rural Development Act contribution	\$ 640,482 69,182 3,150 300,000	\$ 596,068 69,182 4,817	\$ (44,414) - 1,667 (300,000)	\$ 642,862 68,805 1,239
Total revenues	1,012,814	670,067	(342,747)	712,906
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Contractual services Capital outlay Indirect cost allocation Other Total expenditures	2,862,385 - 55,505 300,000 3,217,890	739,120 - 16,950 - 756,070	2,123,265 - 38,555 300,000 2,461,820	16,601 48,116 55,505 382 120,604
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,205,076)	(86,003)	2,119,073	592,302
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in Transfers out	\$ 1,037,960 -	\$ 1,037,960 -	\$ - -	\$ - (500,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,037,960	1,037,960		(500,000)
Net change in fund balance	(1,167,116)	951,957	2,119,073	92,302
Fund balance at beginning of year	3,121,464	3,121,464		3,029,162
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,954,348	\$ 4,073,421	\$ 2,119,073	\$ 3,121,464

This fund was named Industrial Parks Special Revenue Fund in prior year

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 2,690,770	\$2,910,425
Receivables, net:		
Fees	466,092	65,741
Accounts receivable	-	7,136
Interest receivable	1,301	1,529
Total assets	\$3,158,163	\$2,984,831
Liabilities and Fund Balance Liabilities: Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages Unavailable revenue - fees and other Other liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 151,030 46,393 426,353 56 623,832	\$ 385,925 46,403 33,951 40 466,319
Total habilities		400,010
Fund Balance		
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	2,534,331	2,518,512
Total fund balance	2,534,331	2,518,512
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$3,158,163	\$2,984,831

STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

		2013		2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Fees	\$ 4,450,000	\$ 4,534,378	\$ 84,378	\$ 4,510,946
Interest	3,500	3,790	290	1,313
Other		1,953	1,953	1,400
Total revenues	4,453,500	4,540,121	86,621	4,513,659
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:				
Personal services	1,786,064	1,602,431	183,633	1,570,521
Contractual services	1,400,374	1,085,624	314,750	1,435,292
Supplies and materials	356,496	315,121	41,375	241,773
Business and transportation	267,615	262,697	4,918	278,310
Construction contracts	424,628	336,330	88,298	387,577
Capital outlay	33,161	33,161	-	44,031
Indirect cost allocation	310,150	302,988	7,162	322,900
Other	205,950	205,950		193,380
Total expenditures	4,784,438	4,144,302	640,136	4,473,784
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(330,938)	395,819	726,757	39,875
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(380,000)	(380,000)	-	(240,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(380,000)	(380,000)		(240,000)
Net change in fund balance	(710,938)	15,819	726,757	(200,125)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,518,512	2,518,512	_	2,718,637
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,807,574	\$ 2,534,331	\$ 726,757	\$ 2,518,512

HIDDEN WOODS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		20	2012	
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	74,979	\$	-	
Property taxes Interest receivable		3,957 -		-	
Total assets	\$	78,936	\$	-	
Liabilities Unavailable revenue - property taxes Total liablilities	\$	2,159 2,159	\$	<u>-</u>	
Fund Balance					
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		76,777			
Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	76,777 78,936	\$		

HIDDEN WOODS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013					 2012		
		Budget		Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)	 Actual	
Revenues								
Real property taxes	\$	94,930	\$	91,545	\$	(3,385)	\$	-
Total revenues		94,930		91,545		(3,385)		-
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation:								
Personal services		1,300		602		698		-
Contractual services Supplies and materials		50,793 500		14,166		36,627 500		-
Other		37,590		_		37,590		_
Indirect cost allocation		4,747		_		4,747		_
Total expenditures		94,930		14,768		80,162		_
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures		-		76,777		76,777		
Net change in fund balance		-		76,777		76,777		-
Fund balance at beginning of year		-		-		-		-
Fund balance at end of year	\$	-	\$	76,777	\$	76,777	\$	_

GIS/IT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 167,511	\$ 118,079
Interest receivable	62	44
Total assets	\$ 167,573	\$ 118,123
Liabilities		
Accounts payable - trade	\$ 9,233	\$ 168
Total liabilities	9,233	168
Fund Balance		
Committed to public safety	158,340	117,955
Total fund balance	158,340	117,955
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 167,573	\$ 118,123

GIS/IT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

		2013		2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Fees and fines	\$ -	\$ 3,355	\$ 3,355	\$ 5,131
Intergovernmental	47,281	47,282	1	77,871
Interest		205	205	98
Total revenues	47,281	50,842	3,561	83,100
Expenditures Current: Public safety:				
Contractual services	123,554	9,167	114,387	10,000
Materials and supplies	-	-	-	17,454
Other	1,598	1,290	308	1,598
Total expenditures	125,152	10,457	114,695	29,052
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(77,871)	40,385	118,256	54,048
Net change in fund balance	(77,871)	40,385	118,256	54,048
Fund balance at beginning of year	117,955	117,955	-	63,907
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 40,084	\$ 158,340	\$ 118,256	\$ 117,955

MULTI-COUNTY BUSINESS PARK ROLLBACK SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	<u></u>	2013		2012
Assets Pooled cash and investments Interest receivable	\$	527,320 209	\$	505,909 235
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	527,529	\$	506,144
Fund Balance Restricted for infrastructure and regulation	\$	527,529	\$	506,144
Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	-\$	527,529 527,529	\$	506,144 506,144
Total habilities and faile balance	_Ψ_	021,020	Ψ_	000,177

MULTI-COUNTY BUSINESS PARK ROLLBACK SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

			2013			2012
	B	Budget	Actual	Р	ariance ositive egative)	 Actual
Revenues Property taxes Interest Total revenues	\$	- - -	\$ 20,705 680 21,385	\$	20,705 680 21,385	\$ (872) (872)
Expenditures Current: Infrastructure and regulation: Construction contracts Total expenditures			<u>-</u> _		<u>-</u>	392,277 392,277
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-	21,385		21,385	 (393,149)
Net change in fund balance		-	21,385		21,385	(393,149)
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	506,144 506,144	\$ 506,144 527,529	\$	- 21,385	\$ 899,293 506,144

E-911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 3,202,298	\$ 204,064
Receivables, net:		
Fees	61,094	72,308
Due from other governments	146,383	1,322,869
Interest receivable	822	187
Total assets	\$ 3,410,597	\$ 1,599,428
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages Total liabilities	\$ 60,813 5,047 65,860	\$ 532 5,358 5,890
Fund Balance Restricted for public safety Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	3,344,737 3,344,737 \$ 3,410,597	1,593,538 1,593,538 \$ 1,599,428
Total habilities and faria balance	Ψ 0,+10,037	ψ 1,000, 4 20

E-911 SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

		2012		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues Intergovernmental Fees and fines Interest Total revenues	\$ 920,000 745,000 - 1,665,000	\$ 2,052,457 714,237 2,843 2,769,537	\$ 1,132,457 (30,763) 2,843 1,104,537	\$ 1,931,425 739,641 1,411 2,672,477
Expenditures Current: Public safety:				
Personal services	241,705	152,761	88,944	145,229
Contractual services	928,100	732,179	195,921	678,600
Supplies and materials	5,650	360	5,290	2,252
Business and transportation	14,650	10,755	3,895	2,681
Capital outlay	14,500	14,109	391	
Other	352,221		352,221	
Total expenditures	1,556,826	910,164	646,662	828,762
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	108,174	1,859,373	1,751,199	1,843,715
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(108,174)	(108,174)		(2,800,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	1,751,199	1,751,199	(956,285)
Fund balance at beginning of year	1,593,538	1,593,538		2,549,823
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 1,593,538	\$ 3,344,737	\$ 1,751,199	\$ 1,593,538

CDBG GRANT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012		
Assets		_		_	
Due from other governments	\$	466,934	\$	281,905	
Total assets	\$	466,934	\$	281,905	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable - trade	\$	159,772	\$	68,334	
Due to other funds		300,087		206,987	
Accrued salaries and wages		7,075		6,584	
Total liabilities		466,934		281,905	
Fund Balances					
Restricted for economic development		983,021		836,222	
Unassigned		(983,021)		(836,222)	
Total fund balances		-		-	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	466,934	\$	281,905	

CDBG GRANT PROGRAM SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

		2012		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	 Actual
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 3,068,237	\$ 2,039,458	\$ (1,028,779)	\$ 1,789,921
Total revenues	3,068,237	2,039,458	(1,028,779)	1,789,921
Expenditures Current: Economic development:				
Personal services	248,908	218,752	30,156	186,816
Contractual services	2,432,962	1,464,895	968,067	1,469,574
Supplies and materials	32,246	12,614	19,632	11,360
Business and transportation	23,629	12,705	10,924	9,858
Construction contracts	-	-	-	6,608
Indirect cost allocation	46,166	46,166	-	95,705
Capital outlay	20,020	20,020		
Total expenditures	2,803,931	1,775,152	1,028,779	1,779,921
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	264,306	264,306	_	10,000
, , .		<u> </u>		·
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers out	(264,306)	(264,306)	-	(10,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(264,306)	(264,306)		(10,000)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance at beginning of year	-	-	-	_
Fund balance at end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$

RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013	2012
Assets		
Cash	\$ 100	\$ 100
Pooled cash and investments	2,931,018	3,018,199
Receivables, net:		
Property taxes	143,876	160,427
Other	44,396	35,672
Interest receivable	1,359	1,556
Total assets	\$ 3,120,749	\$ 3,215,954
Liabilities Accounts payable - trade Accrued salaries and wages Unavailable revenue - property taxes Other Liabilities	\$ 73,614 82,247 117,942 13,186	\$ 93,018 84,031 126,214
Total liabilities	286,989	303,263
Fund Balance Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism Total fund balance Total liabilities and fund balance	2,833,760 2,833,760 \$ 3,120,749	2,912,691 2,912,691 \$ 3,215,954

RECREATION SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

For the Year ended June 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts For the Year ended June 30, 2012)

		2013		2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 2,986,300	\$ 2,964,116	\$ (22,184)	\$ 2,959,399
Personal property taxes	227,500	214,141	(13,359)	223,569
Vehicle taxes	210,000	240,329	30,329	238,993
Interest	4,000	4,158	158	2,197
Other	705,466	795,328	89,862	674,036
Total revenues	4,133,266	4,218,072	84,806	4,098,194
Expenditures Current:				
Culture, recreation and tourism:				
Personal services	1,978,318	1,853,111	125,207	1,794,793
Contractual services	379,411	369,539	9,872	341,065
Supplies and materials	149,134	146,489	2,645	229,872
Business and transportation	123,224	105,656	17,568	132,165
Construction contracts	279,983	100,432	179,551	196,652
Capital outlay	197,578	197,578	-	572,788
Indirect cost allocation	681,393	681,393	-	619,902
Distributions to municipalities	200,000	200,000	-	200,000
Programs	871,011	638,464	232,547	539,419
Other	83,907	47,035	36,872	38,711
Total expenditures	4,943,959	4,339,697	604,262	4,665,367
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(810,693)	(121,625)	689,068	(567,173)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of Assets	_	2,694	(2,694)	-
Transfers in	40,000	40,000	-	154,011
Total other financing sources (uses)	40,000	42,694	(2,694)	154,011
Net change in fund balance	(770,693)	(78,931)	686,374	(413,162)
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,912,691	2,912,691		3,325,853
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,141,998	\$ 2,833,760	\$ 686,374	\$ 2,912,691



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition and/or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds). The primary sources of money in this fund are the proceeds from general obligation bond issues, Federal and state grants and interest earnings.

General Improvement – accounts for financial resources and contribution of major capital facilities and equipment of the County.

Capital Project Sales Tax – accounts for the one cent sales tax increase that is to be used to upgrade specific roads over a seven year period beginning May 1, 2007.

Voluntary Developer Contributions – accounts for the monies donated by the developers to help offset the impact to the community because of increased housing and development in certain areas of the County. These contributions have designated uses as stated in the agreements. These designated uses can range from park developments/improvements, road improvements or support for fire protection in the developed area.

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2013

	Major Funds					
		General Improvement Capital Projects		Capital Projects Sales Tax		al Major Funds
Assets						
Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	7,136,957	\$	242,824,439	\$	249,961,396
Accounts and other		65,939		-		65,939
Interest receivable		22,761		7,793		30,554
Due from other governments		1,332,460		15,700,808		17,033,268
Restricted assets		751,808				751,808
Total assets	\$	9,309,925	\$	258,533,040	\$	267,842,965
Liabilities and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts payable - trade	\$	465,781	\$	2,015,707	\$	2,481,488
Retainage payable		91,089		68,774		159,863
Total liabilities		556,870		2,084,481		2,641,351
Fund balance :						
Restricted for capital projects		939,481		-		939,481
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		-		256,448,559		256,448,559
Committed to public safety		499,237		-		499,237
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		1,951,719		-		1,951,719
Committed to infrastructure and regulation		1,699,343		-		1,699,343
Committed to other capital projects		3,663,275		-		3,663,275
Total fund balance		8,753,055		256,448,559		265,201,614
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	9,309,925	\$	258,533,040	\$	267,842,965

Note: Separation is for presentation purposes only.

MAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Major Funds						
	lm	General Improvement Capital Projects		Capital Projects Sales Tax		Total Major Funds	
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	1,509,543	\$	-	\$	1,509,543	
Sales Tax		-		65,731,883		65,731,883	
Disposal fee		707,889		-		707,889	
Interest		84,261		515,872		600,133	
Other - donations		200,000		-		200,000	
Total revenues		2,501,693		66,247,755		68,749,448	
Expenditures							
Capital outlay:							
Supplies and materials		210		-		210	
Construction contracts		1,765,996		-		1,765,996	
Capital outlay		3,844,141		-		3,844,141	
Total economic development		5,610,347		-		5,610,347	
Infrastructure and regulation:							
Construction contracts		-		25,118,162		25,118,162	
Capital outlay		-		3,557,407		3,557,407	
Capital outlay - infrastructure		-		3,916,071		3,916,071	
Total infrastructure & regulation		-		32,591,640		32,591,640	
Total expenditures		5,610,347		32,591,640		38,201,987	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue							
over expenditures		(3,108,654)		33,656,115		30,547,461	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital lease		460,300		-		460,300	
Transfers in		2,626,999		-		2,626,999	
Transfers out		(1,670,186)				(1,670,186)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,417,113		-		1,417,113	
Net change in fund balance		(1,691,541)		33,656,115		31,964,574	
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,444,596		222,792,444		233,237,040	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,753,055	\$	256,448,559	\$	265,201,614	

Note: Separation is for presentation purposes only.

GENERAL IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	7,136,957	\$	10,157,609
Accounts and other		65,939		67,361
Interest receivable		22,761		37,209
Due from other governments		1,332,460		337,480
Restricted assets		751,808		645,753
Total assets	\$	9,309,925	\$	11,245,412
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	465,781	\$	712,989
Retainage payable		91,089		87,827
Total liabilities		556,870		800,816
Fund balance :				
Restricted for capital projects		939,481		1,724,121
Committed to public safety		499,237		848,779
Committed to culture, recreation and tourism		1,951,719		2,214,793
Committed to infrastructure and regulation		1,699,343		2,859,493
Committed to other capital projects		3,663,275		2,797,410
Total fund balance		8,753,055		10,444,596
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	9,309,925	\$	11,245,412

GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013		2012		
Revenues					
Disposal fee	\$	707,889	\$	681,639	
Intergovernmental		1,509,543		567,750	
Interest		84,261		135,228	
Other - donations		200,000		125,000	
Total revenues		2,501,693		1,509,617	
Expenditures					
Capital outlay:					
Supplies and materials		210		-	
Construction contracts		1,765,996		8,687,969	
Capital outlay		3,844,141		12,038,999	
Total expenditures		5,610,347		20,726,968	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	-	(3,108,654)		(19,217,351)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Capital lease		460,300		2,602,861	
Transfers in		2,626,999		5,245,836	
Transfers out		(1,670,186)		(1,139,368)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		1,417,113		6,709,329	
Net change in fund balance		(1,691,541)		(12,508,022)	
Fund balance at beginning of year		10,444,596		22,952,618	
Fund balance at end of year	\$	8,753,055	\$	10,444,596	

CAPITAL PROJECTS SALES TAX FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets			 _	
Pooled cash and investments	\$	242,824,439	\$ 208,423,237	
Interest receivable		7,793	-	
Due from other governments		15,700,808	 16,093,808	
Total assets	\$	258,533,040	\$ 224,517,045	
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	2,015,707	\$ 1,724,601	
Retainage payable		68,774	-	
Total liabilities		2,084,481	1,724,601	
Fund balance :				
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		256,448,559	 222,792,444	
Total fund balance		256,448,559	 222,792,444	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	258,533,040	\$ 224,517,045	

CAPITAL PROJECTS SALES TAX FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013		2012	
Revenues				
Intergovernmental:				
Sales tax	\$	65,731,883	\$	64,801,867
Other		-		15,000,000
Interest		515,872		679,052
Total revenues		66,247,755		80,480,919
Expenditures				
Infrastructure and regulation:				
Construction contracts		25,118,162		30,722,276
Capital outlay		3,557,407		9,880,494
Capital outlay - infrastructure		3,916,071		-
Total expenditures		32,591,640		40,602,770
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures		33,656,115		39,878,149
Net change in fund balance		33,656,115		39,878,149
Fund balance at beginning of year		222,792,444		182,914,295
Fund balance at end of year	\$	256,448,559	\$	222,792,444

VOLUNTARY DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets				
Pooled cash and investments	\$	238,418	\$	249,913
Interest receivable		91		117
Total assets	\$	238,509	\$	250,030
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable - trade	\$	-	\$	12,311
Total liabilities		-		12,311
Fund balance :				
Restricted for culture, recreation and tourism		43,316		46,779
Restricted for infrastructure and regulation		195,193		190,940
Total fund balance		238,509		237,719
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	238,509	\$	250,030

VOLUNTARY DEVELOPER CONTRIBUTIONS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013		2012		
Revenues Interest Other	\$	290 10,500	\$	230 9,500	
Total revenues		10,790		9,730	
Expenditures Culture, recreation and tourism: Construction contracts Capital outlay Total expenditures		- - -		29,499 12,312 41,811	
Excess of revenue over expenditures		10,790		(32,081)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out Total other financing sources (uses)		(10,000) (10,000)			
Net change in fund balance		790		(32,081)	
Fund balance at beginning of year Fund balance at end of year	\$	237,719 238,509	\$	269,800 237,719	



DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt service funds are used to account for fund accumulated for, and payment of, all general long-term debt principal, interest and fees, exclusive of those relating to propriety funds. The County currently has established the following debt service funds:

RIDE Program – accounts for the funds accumulated for, and payment of principal, insured and uninsured portions, interest, and fees on intergovernmental loan agreements with the South Carolina Transportation Infrastructure Bank for the Horry County Road Improvement Development Efforts (RIDE) projects.

General Debt – accounts for revenue collected from 5.0 mills levied on real and personal property and the funds accumulated for, and payment of, all general obligation long-term debt principal, interest and fees other than those accounted for in other funds.

Special Obligation Debt – accounts for the funds accumulated for, and payment of, all special obligation debt principal, interest and fees other than those accounted for in other funds.

Note: Higher Education and Horry-Georgetown Tech funds previously presented as a Debt Service Funds in fiscal year ended 2012 are presented as Special Revenue Funds for fiscal year ended 2013.

RIDE PROGRAM DEBT SERVICE FUND - MAJOR FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets		_		
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,906,502	\$	2,738,801
Receivables (net):				
Fees receivable		4,798,230		4,963,223
Interest Receivable		794		782
Funds held in trust (restricted):				
Loan reserve account		40,336,129		39,144,551
Total assets	\$	48,041,655	\$	46,847,357
Liabilities Due to other funds Unavailable revenue - fees and other Total liabilities	\$	47,208 - 47,208	\$	46,427 253,222 299,649
Fund Balance Restricted for debt service Total fund balance		47,994,447 47,994,447		46,547,708 46,547,708
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	48,041,655	\$	46,847,357

RIDE PROGRAM DEBT SERVICE FUND- MAJOR FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013					2012	
		Budget	Actual		Variance Positive Negative)		Actual
Revenues Hospitality Fees Interest	\$	32,048,500 893,500	\$ 32,646,978 857,140	\$	598,478 (36,360)	\$	32,283,711 929,976
Total revenues		32,942,000	33,504,118		562,118		33,213,687
Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Insured		12,914,956	12,914,956		_		12,503,609
Uninsured		11,403,711	11,403,711		-		9,875,466
Interest Insured Uninsured		2,085,044 5,334,419	2,085,044 5,334,419		-		2,496,391 5,641,966
Contingency		891,370	-		891,370		
Total debt service		32,629,500	31,738,130		891,370		30,517,432
Excess of revenue over expenditures		312,500	1,765,988		1,453,488		2,696,255
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers out		(312,500)	(319,249)		(6,749)		(315,240)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(312,500)	(319,249)		(6,749)	_	(315,240)
Net change in fund balance		-	1,446,739		1,446,739		2,381,015
Fund balance, beginning of year		46,547,708	46,547,708		-		44,166,693
Fund balance, end of year	\$	46,547,708	\$ 47,994,447	\$	1,446,739	\$	46,547,708

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

June 30, 2013

	Non-Major Funds					
		Special	Total			
	General	Obligation	Non-Major			
	Debt	Debt	Funds			
Assets						
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 10,929,897	\$ 1,883,738	\$ 12,813,635			
Receivables, net:						
Taxes	423,423	-	423,423			
Due from other funds	-	222,600	222,600			
Interest receivable	5,097	-	5,097			
Restricted assets		203,850	203,850			
Total Assets	\$ 11,358,417	\$ 2,310,188	\$ 13,668,605			
Liabilities						
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 337,163	\$ -	\$ 337,163			
Total liabilities	337,163		337,163			
Fund Balance						
Restricted for debt service	11,021,254	2,310,188	13,331,442			
Total Fund Balance	11,021,254	2,310,188	13,331,442			
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 11,358,417	\$ 2,310,188	\$ 13,668,605			

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Non- Major Funds					
	General Debt	Special Obligation Debt	Total Non-Major Funds			
Revenues						
Real property taxes	\$ 8,717,399	\$ -	\$ 8,717,399			
Personal property taxes	624,178	-	624,178			
Vehicle taxes	705,309	-	705,309			
Intergovernmental	35,026	-	35,026			
Hospitality fees	144 045	2,088,342	2,088,342			
Interest Total revenues	<u>144,845</u> 10,226,757	2,088,483	144,986 12,315,240			
Total revenues	10,220,737	2,000,403	12,315,240			
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Principal	9,194,414	1,986,632	11,181,046			
Interest	4,714,820	176,327	4,891,147			
Agents fees	3,410	525	3,935			
Total debt service	13,912,644	2,163,484	16,076,128			
Total expenditures	13,912,644	2,163,484	16,076,128			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	(3,685,887)	(75,001)	(3,760,888)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	2,144,678	<u> </u>	2,144,678			
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,144,678		2,144,678			
Net change in fund balance	(1,541,209)	(75,001)	(1,616,210)			
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,562,463	2,385,189	14,947,652			
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 11,021,254	\$ 2,310,188	\$ 13,331,442			

GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets Pooled cash and investments Receivables, net:	\$	10,929,897	\$ 12,455,411	
Property taxes		423,423	460,450	
Interest receivable		5,097	5,964	
Total assets	\$	11,358,417	\$ 12,921,825	
Liabilities Unavailable revenue-property taxes Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	337,163 337,163	\$ 359,362 359,362	
Fund Balance				
Restricted for debt service		11,021,254	12,562,463	
Total fund balance		11,021,254	12,562,463	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	11,358,417	\$ 12,921,825	

GENERAL DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013			2012
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Real property taxes	\$ 8,685,440	\$ 8,717,399	\$ 31,959	\$ 8,638,087
Personal property taxes	658,300	624,178	(34,122)	645,771
Vehicle taxes	609,000	705,309	96,309	609,032
Intergovernmental	35,026	35,026	-	35,026
Interest	9,825	144,845	135,020	169,695
Total revenues	9,997,591	10,226,757	229,166	10,097,611
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal	9,206,665	9,194,414	12,251	8,727,530
Interest	5,282,573	4,714,820	567,753	4,977,184
Agents fees	6,030	3,410	2,620	4,405
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	135,339
Other	-	-		1,572
Total expenditures	14,495,268	13,912,644	582,624	13,846,030
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(4,497,677)	(3,685,887)	811,790	(3,748,419)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	2,725,563	2,144,678	(580,885)	1,761,642
Issuance of refunding debt	-	-	-	6,640,000
Bond Premium	-	-	-	216,874
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	_	_	(6,752,219)
Total other financing sources	2,725,563	2,144,678	(580,885)	1,866,297
Net change in fund balance	(1,772,114)	(1,541,209)	230,905	(1,882,122)
Fund balance at beginning of year	12,562,463	12,562,463		14,444,585
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 10,790,349	\$ 11,021,254	\$ 230,905	\$ 12,562,463

SPECIAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUND BALANCE SHEETS

	2013		2012	
Assets				
Equity in pooled cash and investments	\$	1,883,738	\$	1,911,498
Due from other funds		222,600		248,680
Restricted assets		203,850		225,011
Total assets	\$	2,310,188	\$	2,385,189
Fund Balance				
Restricted for debt service	\$	2,310,188	\$	2,385,189
Total fund balance		2,310,188		2,385,189
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	2,310,188	\$	2,385,189

SPECIAL OBLIGATION DEBT SERVICE FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

		2012		
	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
Revenues				
Hospitality fees Interest Other	\$ 2,162,959 - -	\$ 2,088,342 141 	\$ (74,617) 141 	\$ 2,157,032 141 21,161
Total revenues	2,162,959	2,088,483	(74,476)	2,178,334
Expenditures Debt Service:				
Principal	1,986,500	1,986,632	(132)	1,917,500
Interest	176,459	176,327	132	239,532
Agents fees	-	525	(525)	525
Total debt service	2,162,959	2,163,484	(525)	2,157,557
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(75,001)	(75,001)	20,777
Net change in fund balance	-	(75,001)	(75,001)	20,777
Fund balance at beginning of year	2,385,189	2,385,189		2,364,412
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 2,385,189	\$ 2,310,188	\$ (75,001)	\$ 2,385,189



PROPRIETARY (ENTERPRISE) FUND

Proprietary (enterprise) funds account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises. In a proprietary fund the intent is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed primarily through user charges.

Department of Airports – accounts for revenue and expenses for the operations of the Conway, Loris, Grand Strand general aviation airports, and the Myrtle Beach International Airport.

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

		2013	2012
Assets		_	
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3	31,596,962	\$ 44,855,831
Investments	1	9,156,277	5,578,187
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of			
\$270,020 in 2013 and \$455,792 in 2012)		848,911	549,786
Accrued interest on investments		74,145	118,245
Due from other governments		5,789,146	2,682,778
Inventories		957,498	427,725
Prepaid items		69,231	63,940
Total current assets	5	8,492,170	54,276,492
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted assets:			00 040 404
Cash and cash equivalents	_	6,297,807	20,240,191
Investments	2	27,624,875	40,981,897
Receivables - PFC's and CFC's		1,025,051	812,766
Total restricted assets	3	34,947,733	62,034,854
Capital assets:			
Land, easements and infrastructure	3	32,455,493	32,474,793
Depreciable buildings, runways, taxiways,			, ,
aprons, machinery and equipment, net	19	5,077,396	83,723,983
Construction-in-progress		1,683,619	70,158,313
Total capital assets, net	22	29,216,508	186,357,089
Service concession arrangement (SCA)		4,792,038	6,229,595
Bond issuance costs, net		918,936	951,755
Total assets			
10141 400010	\$ 32	28,367,385	\$ 309,849,785

- CONTINUED -

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

- CONTINUED -

	2013	2012
Liabilities	_	
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 326,391	\$ 260,070
Construction accounts and retainage payable	10,900,728	10,521,498
Accrued salaries, wages and compensated absences	565,499	519,627
Other accrued expenses	648,445	880,743
Unearned revenue	107,153	240,975
Due to other funds	784,394	856,741
Capital leases payable - current portion	99,499	44,792
Amounts due to tenants, airlines, car rentals	478,168	586,709
	13,910,277	13,911,155
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets:		
Accrued interest payable	1,543,097	1,543,097
Total current liabilities payable from restricted assets	1,543,097	1,543,097
Total current liabilities	15,453,374	15,454,252
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Revenue bonds payable	60,396,745	60,389,843
Compensated absences - long term	905,253	900,288
Net other post-employment benefits obligation	681,155	631,051
Capital leases	585,979	135,624
Total non-current liabilities	62,569,132	62,056,806
Total liabilities	78,022,506	77,511,058
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue from		
Service Concession Arrangement	4,792,038	6,229,595
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	169,529,044	138,122,942
Restricted for:	40,000,040	44.007.500
Debt service	16,926,018	14,297,502
Capital projects	16,002,795	30,740,353
Unrestricted	43,094,984	42,948,335
Total net position	245,552,841	226,109,132
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 328,367,385	\$ 309,849,785

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Operating Revenues	_	_
Landing fees	\$ 1,425,463	\$ 1,341,027
Airline terminal rents	4,961,141	4,163,986
Concessions and rentals	6,920,652	6,835,508
Security fees	182,358	211,928
Leases	791,511	808,922
Fuel sales - FBO	3,754,998	3,912,198
Other airline services	540,066	580,038
Federal revenue- TSA LEO reimbursement program	119,007	113,906
Other	442,580	422,599
Total operating revenues	19,137,776	18,390,112
Less, signatory airline rebate and incentive fee waivers	(606,587)	(358,439)
Net operating revenues	18,531,189	18,031,673
Operating Expenses		
Salaries and benefits	6,766,679	6,204,976
Utilities	1,146,519	952,819
Receivables - PFC's and CFC's	951,361	889,242
Maintenance and supplies	772,028	744,036
Fuel cost of sales	2,884,229	2,987,205
Vehicle and equipment (non-capital) expense	454,085	401,698
Insurance	327,776	292,752
Dues, memberships, and travel	245,362	213,502
Office supplies	39,800	32,439
Horry County administrative costs	200,000	350,000
Depreciation and amortization	7,365,755	5,960,358
Bad debt expense		189,972
Total operating expenses	21,153,594	19,218,999
Operating income (loss)	(2,622,405)	(1,187,326)

- CONTINUED -

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	2013	2012
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		
Passenger Facility Charges (PFC's)	3,202,752	3,175,514
Contract Facility Charges (CFC's)	2,505,421	2,612,106
Intergovernmental revenues	1,873,612	3,889,880
Gain (loss) on disposal/sale of capital assets	193,775	2,021,946
Redevelopment Authority grant revenue	150,000	205,000
Revenue - Utility Companies for ITAP	400,000	625,000
Other expense	-	(71,612)
Tree removal	(9,200)	-
Interest income	198,082	282,184
Interest expense	(1,319,640)	(507,403)
Legal settlement	-	(36,000)
Interest subsidy on Recovery Zone Economic Bonds	306,584	320,527
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	7,501,386	12,517,142
Income before capital contributions	4,878,981	11,329,816
Capital Contributions		
State grants - capital projects	-	600,269
Federal grants - capital projects	14,564,728	12,348,927
Change in net position	19,443,709	24,279,012
Net position, beginning of year	226,109,132	201,830,120
Net position, end of year	\$ 245,552,841	\$ 226,109,132

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

(with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received for:		
Landing fees, terminal rents, and concessions leases	\$ 13,075,350	\$ 13,270,082
FBO sales and airline services	4,484,674	4,401,699
Other	429,675	420,881
Cash paid for:		
Salaries and benefits	(6,665,738)	(6,043,654)
Maintenance, supplies, fuel, utilities and equipment	(7,794,546)	(6,592,299)
Net cash provided by operating activities	3,529,415	5,456,709
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities		
Tree removal	(9,200)	-
Legal settlement		(36,000)
Net cash (used in) non-capital financing activities	(9,200)	(36,000)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Receipt of passenger and contract facility charges	5,495,888	5,804,969
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(50,253,665)	(53,897,948)
Sale of capital assets	193,775	1,950,334
Interest paid on bonds and notes	(313,549)	(366,617)
Receipt of Federal subsidy on Recovery Zone Economic Bonds	306,584	320,527
Principal payments on capital lease obligation	(53,589)	(43,275)
Receipt of intergovernmental and private grants	2,788,046	4,727,567
Proceeds from Airport Improvement Program and State grants	11,093,927	16,339,286
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(30,742,583)	(25,165,157)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment purchases	(46,781,152)	(46,560,085)
Investment sales	46,560,085	46,218,934
Interest on investments	242,182	341,188
Net cash provided by investing activities	21,115	37
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(27,201,253)	(19,744,411)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	(, - , ,	(-, , , ,
Unrestricted	44,855,831	39,610,679
Restricted	20,240,191	45,229,754
	65,096,022	84,840,433
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year		
Unrestricted	31,596,962	44,855,831
Restricted	6,297,807	20,240,191
	\$ 37,894,769	\$ 65,096,022

DEPARTMENT OF AIRPORTS ENTERPRISE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		2013	2012
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to	o ca	ısh	
flows from operating activities			
Operating loss	\$	(2,622,405)	\$ (1,187,326)
Adjustments to reconcile operating			
income to net cash provided by:			
Depreciation and amortization		7,365,755	5,960,358
Bad debt expense		-	189,972
(Increase) decrease in certain assets:			
Accounts receivable		(299,125)	309,744
Prepaid items		(5,291)	35,471
Inventories		(529,773)	(63,535)
(Decrease) increase in certain liabilities:			
Accounts payable		66,321	34,170
Accrued salaries, wages and			
compensated absences		50,837	105,525
Net other post-employment benefit			
obligation		50,104	55,797
Other accrued expenses		(232,298)	179,921
Due to other funds		(72,347)	85,367
Unearned Revenue		(133,822)	1,836
Receivables - PFC's and CFC's			
car rental companies		(108,541)	(250,591)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	3,529,415	\$ 5,456,709



INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Internal service funds account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department to other departments of the government and to other units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fleet Service – accounts for the maintenance and replacement of County vehicles including heavy and light equipment.

FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2013 (with comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Assets	_	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100	\$ 100
Pooled cash and investments	18,406,004	16,727,103
Interest receivable	7,531	20,185
Inventory	367,425	387,384
Total current assets	18,781,060	17,134,772
Non-current assets: Capital assets:		
Machinery and equipment	29,846,084	27,610,238
Less, accumulated depreciation	(16,398,018)	(15,083,827)
Net capital assets	13,448,066	12,526,411
Total assets	\$ 32,229,126	\$ 29,661,183
Liabilities and Net Position Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable-trade	\$ 938,231	\$ 135,151
Accrued salaries, wages and compensated absences	28,031	26,765
Total current liabilities	966,262	161,916
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	13,448,066	12,526,411
Restricted for capital	17,814,798	16,972,856
Total net position	31,262,864	29,499,267
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 32,229,126	\$ 29,661,183

FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012		
Operating Revenues	_		_	
Charges for services	\$ 5,878,736	\$	6,817,986	
Other	 207,835		121,242	
Total operating revenues	 6,086,571		6,939,228	
Operating Expenses				
Personal services	868,284		820,052	
Contractual services	33,974		33,640	
Supplies and materials	35,846		31,873	
Business and transportation	1,265,789		1,307,390	
Indirect cost allocation plan	4,947		1,830	
Depreciation	3,414,309		3,169,585	
Other	 226,003		21,534	
Total operating expenses	 5,849,152		5,385,904	
Operating income	 237,419		1,553,324	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)				
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	212,677		1,019,169	
Interest	24,905		16,948	
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	237,582		1,036,117	
Income before transfers	 475,001		2,589,441	
Transfers in	 1,288,596		1,026,000	
Change in net position	1,763,597		3,615,441	
Net position, beginning of year	 29,499,267		25,883,826	
Net position, end of year	\$ 31,262,864	\$	29,499,267	

FLEET SERVICE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from:		
Services	\$ 5,878,736	\$ 6,817,986
Miscellaneous charges	207,835	121,242
Cash paid for:		
Fleet maintenance	(1,574,692)	(2,110,454)
Other supplies and miscellaneous costs	(35,846)	(31,873)
Net cash provided by operating activities	4,476,033	4,796,901
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities		
Transfers in	1,288,596	1,026,000
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities	1,288,596	1,026,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Purchase of capital assets	(4,481,586)	(5,309,305)
Proceeds from disposition of capital assets	358,299	1,411,346
Net cash used in capital and other related financing activities	(4,123,287)	(3,897,959)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Interest income	37,559	11,982
Net cash provided by investing activities	37,559	11,982
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,678,901	1,936,924
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	16,727,203	14,790,279
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 18,406,104	\$ 16,727,203
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash		
provided (used) by operating activities		
Operating income	\$ 237,419	\$ 1,553,324
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net		
cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,414,309	3,169,585
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Inventories	19,959	(27,466)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:	000 000	22.22
Accounts payable	803,080	96,605
Accrued salaries, wages and compensated absences	1,266	4,853
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 4,476,033	\$ 4,796,901

FIDUCIARY (AGENCY) FUNDS

Fiduciary (agency) funds account for assets held by the County as an agent for other taxing units or other entities. Agency funds are custodial in nature; assets equal liabilities, and do not measure the results of operations. Interest earned on agency fund investments is credited and received by the General Fund unless an agreement provides otherwise.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ALL AGENCY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balance June 30,	A -1 -1141	De dontiere	Balance June 30,
	2012	Additions	Deductions	2013
Totals-Agency Funds				
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$ 15,060,858	\$ 22,261,325	\$ 21,257,960	\$ 16,064,223
Pooled cash and investments	207,350,329	507,984,297	505,268,241	210,066,385
Interest receivable	19,559	1,704	19,559	1,704
Taxes receivable	133,670,856	557,353,174	510,269,146	180,754,884
Total assets	\$ 356,101,602	\$ 1,087,600,500	\$ 1,036,814,906	\$ 406,887,196
Liabilities:				
Due to others	\$ 356,101,602	\$ 1,087,600,500	\$ 1,036,814,906	\$ 406,887,196
Total liabilities	\$ 356,101,602	\$ 1,087,600,500	\$ 1,036,814,906	\$ 406,887,196

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $\mathsf{ALL}\ \mathsf{AGENCY}\ \mathsf{FUNDS}$

		Balance June 30, 2012		Additions		eductions		Balance June 30, 2013
City of Conway								
Assets:	•	70.000	•	5 004 440	•	4 074 704	•	404.047
Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	72,202 1,250,026	\$	5,001,419 5,015,326	\$	4,971,704 5,001,419	\$	101,917 1,263,933
Total	\$	1,322,228	\$	10,016,745	\$	9,973,123	\$	1,365,850
		.,,		,,	<u> </u>	2,010,120	<u> </u>	1,000,000
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	1,322,228	\$	10,016,745	\$	9,973,123	\$	1,365,850
City of Myrtle Beach Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	290,009	\$	25,860,279	\$	25,697,553	\$	452,735
Taxes receivable		5,725,597		25,474,114		25,860,279		5,339,432
Total	\$	6,015,606	\$	51,334,393	\$	51,557,832	\$	5,792,167
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	6,015,606	\$	51,334,393	\$	51,557,832	\$	5,792,167
Town of Loris Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	14,864	\$	1,012,378	\$	1,010,202	\$	17,040
Taxes receivable		357,644		959,643		1,012,378		304,909
Total	\$	372,508	\$	1,972,021	\$	2,022,580	\$	321,949
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	372,508	\$	1,972,021	\$	2,022,580	\$	321,949
City of North Myrtla Basch								
City of North Myrtle Beach Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	96,535	\$	14,012,775	\$	14,017,023	\$	92,287
Taxes receivable		1,619,140		13,926,717		14,012,775		1,533,082
Total	\$	1,715,675	\$	27,939,492	\$	28,029,798	\$	1,625,369
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	1,715,675	\$	27,939,492	\$	28,029,798	\$	1,625,369
Town of Surfside								
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	11,187	\$	2,452,841	\$	2,447,549	\$	16,479
Taxes receivable	_	335,099		2,422,003	•	2,452,841	_	304,261
Total	\$	346,286	\$	4,874,844	\$	4,900,390	\$	320,740
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	346,286	\$	4,874,844	\$	4,900,390	\$	320,740
Town of Atlantic Beach Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,466	\$	248,062	\$	248,047	\$	2,481
Taxes receivable		54,774	_	234,620	_	248,062	_	41,332
Total	\$	57,240	\$	482,682	\$	496,109	\$	43,813
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	57,240	\$	482,682	\$	496,109	\$	43,813
		<u> </u>		·		<u> </u>		

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $\mathsf{ALL}\ \mathsf{AGENCY}\ \mathsf{FUNDS}$

		Balance June 30, 2012		Additions	D	eductions		Balance une 30, 2013
Town of Aynor								
Assets: Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	2,775	\$	168,404	\$	169,178	\$	2,001
Total	\$	50,625 53,400	\$	167,028 335,432	\$	168,404 337,582	\$	49,249 51,250
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	53,400	\$	335,432	\$	337,582	\$	51,250
Town of Briarcliff		<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>		
Assets:								
Pooled cash and investments	\$	2,558	\$	296,184	\$	295,462	\$	3,280
Taxes receivable		36,214		287,096		296,184		27,126
Total	\$	38,772	\$	583,280	\$	591,646	\$	30,406
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	38,772	\$	583,280	\$	591,646	\$	30,406
Horry County School District Operations/Debt								
Assets:	_		_					
Pooled cash and investments Taxes receivable	\$	205,401,737	\$	457,510,862		454,899,391 457,510,963		08,013,208
Taxes receivable Total	\$	123,871,558 329,273,295	\$	505,194,049 962,704,911	_	457,510,862 912,410,253		71,554,745 79,567,953
Total	Ψ	329,213,293	Ψ	902,704,911	Ψ	912,410,233	y 3	79,307,933
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	220 272 205	\$	062 704 011	œ i	012 410 252	£ 2	79,567,953
Due to others	Ψ	329,273,295	Φ	962,704,911	φ	912,410,253	\$ 3	79,567,955
Murrells Inlet-Garden City Operation/Debt Fire District								
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	19,535	\$	1,372,521	\$	1,371,614	\$	20,442
Taxes receivable	Ψ	135,092	Ψ	1,368,069	Ψ	1,371,514	Ψ	130,640
Total	\$	154,627	\$	2,740,590	\$	2,744,135	\$	151,082
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	154,627	\$	2,740,590	\$	2,744,135	\$	151,082
Grand Strand Water and Sewer Authority								
Assets: Pooled cash and investments	\$	375	\$	7,001	\$	7,161	\$	215
Front footage assessment	Φ	8,279	φ	7,001 7,715	φ	7,101	Ф	8,993
Total	\$	8,654	\$	14,716	\$	14,162	\$	9,208
	÷	5,55	<u> </u>	,	÷	,		-,
Liabilities:			_		_			
Due to others	\$	8,654	\$	14,716	\$	14,162	\$	9,208
Fireman's Fund Assets:								
Cash	\$	141,983	\$	1,419,307	\$	1,464,770	\$	96,520
Liabilities:								
Due to others	\$	141,983	\$	1,419,307	\$	1,464,770	\$	96,520

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $\mathsf{ALL}\ \mathsf{AGENCY}\ \mathsf{FUNDS}$

		Balance lune 30, 2012	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Deductions			Balance une 30, 2013
Police Asset Forfeiture Fund														
Assets: Cash	\$	73,998	\$	103,238	\$	72,668	\$	104,568						
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	73,998	\$	103,238	\$	72,668	\$	104,568						
Police Fund														
Assets: Cash	\$	30	\$	80,259	\$	75,146	\$	5,143						
Liabilities:				00.050		75.440								
Due to others	\$	30	\$	80,259	\$	75,146	\$	5,143						
Police Federal Forfeiture Fund Assets:														
Cash	\$	18,379	\$	28,770	\$	4,310		42,839						
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	18,379	\$	28,770	\$	4,310	\$	42,839						
Environmental Services			-											
Assets:														
Cash	\$	45,687	\$	137	\$		\$	45,824						
Liabilities:														
Due to others	\$	45,687	\$	137	\$	-	\$	45,824						
Library Endowment														
Assets: Cash	\$	42,492	\$	2,028	\$	2,522	\$	41,998						
Liabilities:		_		_										
Due to others	\$	42,492	\$	2,028	\$	2,522	\$	41,998						
Inmate Trust Assets:														
Cash	\$	118,361	\$	108,412	\$	118,361	\$	108,412						
Liabilities:	•	440.004	•	100 110	•	110.001	•	100 110						
Due to others	\$	118,361	\$	108,412	\$	118,361	<u>\$</u>	108,412						
Solicitor DEU Assets:														
Cash	\$	41,096	\$	163,915	\$	150,386	\$	54,625						
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	41,096	\$	163,915	\$	150,386	\$	54,625						
Solicitor DELL Forfaiture			-											
Solicitor DEU Forfeiture Assets:														
Cash	\$	87,704	\$	262,464	\$	234,457	\$	115,711						
Liabilities: Due to others	\$	87,704	\$	262,464	\$	234,457	\$	115,711						
_ 30 10 011010		0.,101						,,						

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES $\mathsf{ALL}\ \mathsf{AGENCY}\ \mathsf{FUNDS}$

	 Balance June 30, 2012 Additions		 Deductions	Balance June 30, 2013	
Police Flower Fund					
Assets:					
Cash	\$ 473	\$	2,312	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,369
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 473	\$	2,312	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,369
B&C MCBP- Infrastructure					
Assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ (1,603)	\$	25,161	\$ -	\$ 23,558
Cash	6,690,847		2,326,420	1,801,320	7,215,947
Taxes receivable	226,808		2,296,794	2,326,420	197,182
Total	\$ 6,916,052	\$	4,648,375	\$ 4,127,740	\$ 7,436,687
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 6,916,052	\$	4,648,375	\$ 4,127,740	\$ 7,436,687
Developer LOC					
Assets:					
Pooled cash and investments	\$ 1,437,689	\$	16,410	\$ 133,357	\$ 1,320,742
Total	\$ 1,437,689	\$	16,410	\$ 133,357	\$ 1,320,742
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 1,437,689	\$	16,410	\$ 133,357	\$ 1,320,742
Magistrates & Clerk of Court					
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 7,799,808	\$	17,764,063	\$ 17,332,604	\$ 8,231,267
Interest Receivable	 19,559		1,704	 19,559	 1,704
Total	\$ 7,819,367	\$	17,765,767	\$ 17,352,163	\$ 8,232,971
Liabilities:					
Due to others	\$ 7,819,367	\$	17,765,767	\$ 17,352,163	\$ 8,232,971

CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENT FUNDS

These schedules present only the capital asset balances (which include land, buildings, betterments, and equipment owned by the County) related to governmental-type funds. Accordingly, the capital assets reported in proprietary-type funds (enterprise and internal service funds) and excluded from these amounts. Infrastructure capital assets represent actual costs of construction, and/or estimated values of deeded properties by developers.

SCHEDULES OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY SOURCE

June 30, 2013

(With comparative amounts for June 30, 2012)

Governmental funds - capital assets	 2013	 2012
Land	\$ 29,656,534	\$ 28,270,943
Buildings	226,673,379	218,029,915
Furniture and equipment	56,980,544	54,601,102
Vehicles	24,802,273	25,217,551
Intangible assets	552,070	552,070
Infrastructure	462,133,714	451,269,079
Construction-in-progress	 22,544,329	 26,666,027
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 823,342,843	\$ 804,606,687
Investment in governmental funds - capital assets by source		
General Obligations Bonds	\$ 186,073,753	\$ 179,596,099
General Fund Revenue	105,913,260	104,103,619
Special Revenue Fund Revenue	41,634,980	37,929,045
Certificates of Participation	10,050,303	10,050,303
Capital Projects Fund	479,670,547	 472,927,621
Total investment in governmental funds capital assets	\$ 823,342,843	\$ 804,606,687

SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

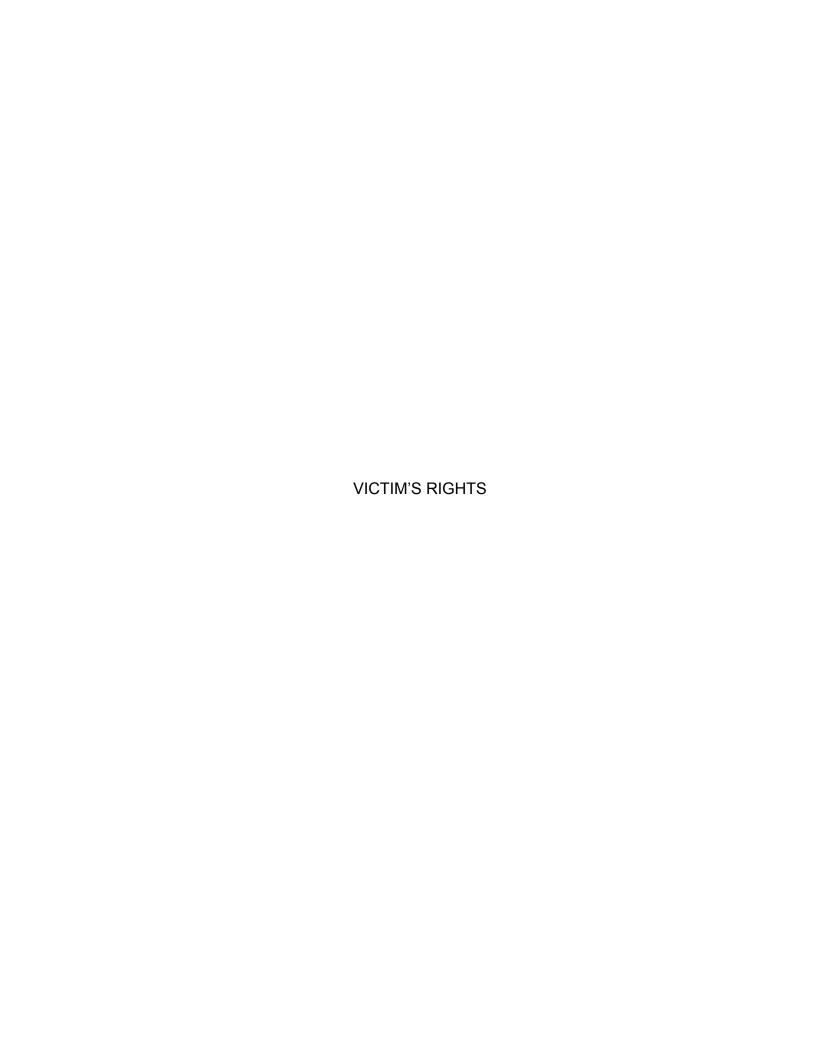
JUNE 30, 2013

		Furniture and						Construction Intangible in							
	 Land		Buildings		Equipment		Vehicles		Assets	li	nfrastructure		Progress		Totals
Function and Activity:															
General government	\$ 14,257,859	\$	72,238,257	\$	20,905,027	\$	422,186	\$	552,070	\$	-	\$	-	\$	108,375,399
Public safety	2,489,722		97,310,247		32,691,330		19,865,605		-		-		-		152,356,904
Infrastructure and regulation	1,517,942		4,529,838		688,793		4,123,592		-		462,133,714		-		472,993,879
Health and social services	90,000		8,240,378		20,910		-		-		-		-		8,351,288
Cultural, recreation and tourism	11,301,011		44,354,658		2,674,485		390,890		-		-		-		58,721,044
Construction-in-progress	 												22,544,329		22,544,329
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 29,656,534	\$	226,673,378	\$	56,980,545	\$	24,802,273	\$	552,070	\$	462,133,714	\$	22,544,329	\$	823,342,843

SCHEDULES OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Balances				Balances
				Deletions/	
	June 30, 201	2	Additions	Transfers	June 30, 2013
Functions and Activity:					
General government	\$ 107,327,15	59 \$	1,069,334	\$ (21,094)	\$ 108,375,399
Public safety	149,912,50)2	3,000,481	(556,079)	152,356,904
Infrastructure and regulation	462,801,61	17	11,960,147	(1,767,885)	472,993,879
Health and social services	8,351,28	38	-	-	8,351,288
Cultural, recreation and tourism	49,548,09	94	9,210,913	(37,963)	58,721,044
Construction-in-progress	26,666,02	27	11,466,446	(15,588,144)	22,544,329
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 804,606,68	37 \$	36,707,321	\$ (17,971,165)	\$ 823,342,843
Class:					
Land	\$ 28,270,94	13 \$	19,640	\$ 1,365,951	\$ 29,656,534
Buildings	218,029,91		65,136	8,578,327	226,673,378
Furniture and equipment	54,601,10		899,361	1,480,082	56,980,545
Vehicles	25,217,55		971,898	(1,387,176)	24,802,273
Intangible assets	552,07		-	-	552,070
Infrastructure	451,269,07		7,637,238	3,227,397	462,133,714
Construction-in-progress	26,666,02		11,545,426	(15,667,124)	22,544,329
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$ 804,606,68	37 \$	21,138,699	\$ (2,402,543)	\$ 823,342,843



HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA VICTIM'S RIGHTS SCHEDULE OF COURT FINES, ASSESSMENTS AND SURCHARGES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (with comparison for the year ended June 30, 2012)

	Clerk of Court	Magistrate	Probate	Total 2013	Total 2012
Fines collected	\$ 2,151,304	\$ 3,576,407	\$ 73,740	\$ 5,801,451	\$ 6,291,124
Assessments collected	93,991	512,474	-	606,465	607,840
Surcharges collect	111,564	968,624		1,080,188	1,133,332
Total fines and assessments collected	\$ 2,356,859	\$ 5,057,505	\$ 73,740	\$ 7,488,104	\$ 8,032,296
Fines retained by County	576,365	2,265,243	-	2,841,608	3,092,820
Assessments retained by County	32,901	170,458	-	203,359	213,027
Surcharges retained by County	87,799	84,898		172,697	163,517
Total fines and assessments retained by County	\$ 697,065	\$ 2,520,599	\$ -	\$ 3,217,664	\$ 3,469,364
Fines remitted to State Treasurer	1,574,939	1,311,164	73,740	2,959,843	3,198,304
Assessments remitted to State Treasurer	61,090	342,016	-	403,106	394,813
Surcharges remitted to State Treasurer	23,765	883,726		907,491	969,815
Total fines and assessments remitted to State Treasurer	\$ 1,659,794	\$ 2,536,906	\$ 73,740	\$ 4,270,440	\$ 4,562,932



BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES

CAPITAL PROJECTS SALES TAX

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Projects</u>	Project Title	Original Project <u>Budget</u>	Current Project <u>Budget</u>	Project <u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance</u>
Project #1	Pave 20 miles - DR	\$ 19,600,000	\$ 19,600,000	\$ 11,362,166	\$ 8,237,834
Project #2	Resurface 12 miles	945,000	945,000	839,421	105,579
Project #3	Backgate Interchange	49,500,000	121,700,000	70,243,077	51,456,923
Project #4	Widen 707	132,250,000	103,410,000	14,988,507	88,421,493
Project #5	Pave 25 miles - DR	25,750,000	25,750,000	10,536,367	15,213,633
Project #6	Resurface 12 miles	990,000	990,000	1,095,579	(105,579)
Project #7	Aynor Overpass	46,000,000	15,970,000	15,867,534	102,466
Project #8	Resurface 12 miles	1,035,000	1,035,000	1,421,055	(386,055)
Project #9	Widen Glenns Bay	76,000,000	80,100,000	5,789,521	74,310,479
Project #10	Resurface 12 miles	1,080,000	1,349,358	578,937	770,421
Project #11	Pave 25 miles - DR	27,750,000	20,942,123	6,158,478	14,783,645
Project #12	Resurface 12 miles	1,125,000	1,125,000	-	1,125,000
Project #13	International Dr	6,500,000	15,500,000	550,156	14,949,844
Project #14	Resurface 7 miles	682,500	682,500	-	682,500
Project #15	Pave 30 miles - DR	36,100,000	36,100,000		36,100,000
Total		\$ 425,307,500	\$ 445,198,981	\$ 139,430,798	\$ 305,768,183

¹ Includes SCDOT Funding of \$15,000,000 for Project #3.

DR = Dirt Road

Note: From inception through June 30, 2013.



GENERAL IMPROVEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 (With comparative actual amounts for the year ended June 30, 2012)

		2012			
	Ві	udget			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)	Actual
-					
Revenues	•	f 4 400 500	A 500 540	6 40.040	ф го д 7 го
Intergovernmental	\$ -	\$ 1,466,530	\$ 1,509,543	\$ 43,013	\$ 567,750
Disposal fee Interest	704,250	704,250	707,889	3,639	681,639
Other-donations	-	2 220 000	84,261	84,261	135,228
		2,230,000	200,000	(2,030,000)	125,000
Total revenues	704,250	4,400,780	2,501,693	(1,899,087)	1,509,617
Expenditures					
Capital outlay:					
Contractual Services	-	15,746	-	15,746	_
Supplies and materials	-	210	210	-	_
Construction contracts	1,735,375	8,437,744	1,765,996	6,671,748	8,687,969
Capital outlay	1,242,660	3,470,062	3,844,141	(374,079)	12,038,999
Other	-	2,669,424	, , <u>-</u>	2,669,424	, , , <u>-</u>
Total expenditures	2,978,035	14,593,186	5,610,347	8,982,839	20,726,968
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	(2,273,785)	(10,192,406)	(3,108,654)	7,083,752	(19,217,351)
·					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Capital lease	-	460,300	460,300	-	2,602,861
Transfers in	2,485,375	2,626,999	2,626,999	-	5,245,836
Transfers out	(1,670,186)	(1,670,186)	(1,670,186)		(1,139,368)
Total other financing sources (uses)	815,189	1,417,113	1,417,113		6,709,329
Net change in fund balance	(1,458,596)	(8,775,293)	(1,691,541)	7,083,752	(12,508,022)
Fund balance at beginning of year	10,444,596	10,444,596	10,444,596	-	22,952,618
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 8,986,000	\$ 1,669,303	\$ 8,753,055	\$ 7,083,752	\$ 10,444,596
	, -,,	, .,,	, -,:-:,300	, :,===,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of Horry County's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the government's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the government's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the government's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the government's financial activities take place.

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the government's financial report relates to the services the government provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2006 as restated	Fo <u>2007</u>	r the Fiscal Year 2008 as restated	r Ended June 30 <u>2009</u> as restated	2010	<u>2011</u>	2012	<u>2013</u>
Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total governmental activities net position	\$ 360,367	\$ 364,396	\$ 387,935	\$ 406,013	\$ 386,522	\$ 488,550	\$ 532,927	\$ 551,832	\$ 576,387	\$ 593,157
	41,368	27,465	38,317	64,674	186,578	206,516	231,335	309,063	348,119	343,178
	(346,365)	(298,109)	(264,451)	(251,630)	(241,001)	(255,722)	(218,404)	(256,844)	(240,372)	(162,379)
	\$ 55,370	\$ 93,752	\$ 161,801	\$ 219,057	\$ 332,099	\$ 439,344	\$ 545,858	\$ 604,051	\$ 684,134	\$ 773,956
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net position	\$ 73,877	\$ 81,247	\$ 84,760	\$ 72,687	\$ 80,109	\$ 87,137	\$ 104,452	\$ 116,287	\$ 138,123	\$ 169,529
	20,955	24,705	29,635	34,046	26,679	26,894	30,469	42,403	45,038	32,929
	27,395	33,920	36,054	32,682	41,020	45,253	41,989	43,140	42,948	43,095
	\$ 122,227	\$ 139,872	\$ 150,449	\$ 139,415	\$ 147,808	\$ 159,284	\$ 176,910	\$ 201,830	\$ 226,109	\$ 245,553
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted (deficit) Total primary government net position	\$ 434,244	\$ 445,643	\$ 472,695	\$ 478,700	\$ 466,631	\$ 575,687	\$ 637,378	\$ 668,119	\$ 714,510	\$ 762,686
	62,323	52,170	67,952	98,719	213,257	233,410	261,804	351,466	393,157	376,107
	(318,970)	(264,189)	(228,397)	(218,948)	(199,981)	(210,469)	(176,415)	(213,704)	(197,424)	(119,284)
	\$ 177,597	\$ 233,624	\$ 312,250	\$ 358,471	\$ 479,907	\$ 598,628	\$ 722,767	\$ 805,881	\$ 910,243	\$ 1,019,509

Source: Horry County Finance Department

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
_	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	
Expenses			as restated		as restated	as restated					
Governmental activies:											
General government	\$ 27,978	\$ 25,724	\$ 27,960	\$ 40,691	\$ 38,239	\$ 37,914	\$ 34,971	\$ 34,962	\$ 33,091	\$ 33,488	
Public safety	54,201	63,171	68,799	72,570	98,133	101,642	91,214	101,668	106,451	99,823	
Health and social services	1,987	2,089	920	980	2,542	2,432	2,354	2,504	2,659	2,753	
Infrastructure and regulation	23,631	25,797	30,145	14,126	18,910	23,492	31,037	34,998	28,236	27,786	
Improvements to state roadways	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	35,731	15,722	25,118	
Culture, recreation and tourism	6,497	8,211	8,534	9,133	10,836	9,426	4,629	9,307	10,523	11,376	
Economic development	209	58	843	312	383	2,292	2,019	1,366	3,555	2,882	
Conservation/natural resources	342	213	561	1	47	-	-	-	-	-	
Other	-	-	4,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt service	11,480	16,180	15,454	16,193	16,767	7,530	8,964	11,970	9,652	10,485	
Horry-Georgetown TECH	1,950	2,154	2,591	2,800	3,000	3,000	3,973	3,415	3,347	3,485	
Higher Education Commission	290	303	500	410	910	1,170	1,140	1,325	1,200	1,150	
Total governmental activities expenses	128,565	143,900	160,384	157,216	189,767	188,898	180,301	237,246	214,436	218,346	
Business-type activities:											
Airport	14,978	18,190	18,483	26,663	19,714	17,440	17,264	19,818	19,834	22,482	
Industrial Parks	612	1,400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Baseball Stadium	365	369	334	376	-	-	-	-	_	-	
Total business-type activities expenses	15,955	19,959	18,817	27,039	19,714	17,440	17,264	19,818	19,834	22,482	
Total primary government expenses	144,520	163,859	179,201	184,255	209,481	206,338	197,565	257,064	234,270	240,828	
Program Revenues											
Governmental activities:											
Charges for services:											
General government	7,702	7,822	20,635	2,206	12,295	10,203	11,899	12,346	12,595	20,979	
Public safety	4,733	4,807	4,002	12,559	15,687	16,918	17,875	17,988	16,787	12,811	
Health and social services	-	-	-	101	49	71	70	69	70	79	
Infrastructure and regulation	5,546	12,729	10,596	11,936	4,177	4,387	11,666	12,165	12,634	12,261	
Culture, recreation and tourism	-	-	-	97	593	99	108	91	93	88	
Economic Development	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69	
Operating grants and contributions	688	2,462	1,991	641	597	5,196	4,800	2,769	2,368	4,207	
Capital grants and contributions	1,384	1,344	2,400	358	666	317	1,908	10,702	6,726	4,899	
Total governmental activities program revenues	20,053	29,164	39,624	27,898	34,064	37,191	48,326	56,130	51,273	55,393	

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN NET POSITION (continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 Business-type activities: as restated as restated as restated Charges for services: Airport 14,790 21,394 23,403 26,539 24,634 19,726 18,902 24,661 25,841 24,433 Industrial Parks 174 265 Baseball Stadium 7 9 9 Operating grants and contributions 2,992 3,217 7,310 4,720 2,424 Capital grants and contributions 9,203 8,731 7,031 12,486 12,115 12,949 14,565 22,718 Total business-type activies program revenues 24,174 30.399 30,434 26.548 24,634 34,605 44,086 43,510 41.422 Total primary government program revenues 44,227 59,563 70,058 54,446 58,698 59,909 82,931 100,216 94,783 96,815 Net (Expense)/Revenues Governmental activities (108,512)(114,736)(120,760)(129,318)(155,703)(151,707)(131,975)(181,116)(163.163)(162,953)Business-type activities 8,219 10,440 11,617 (491)4,920 5,278 17,341 24,268 23,676 18,940 Total primary government program net expense (100,293)(104,296)(109, 143)(129,809)(150,783)(146,429)(114,634)(156,848)(139,487)(144,013)General Revenues and Other Changes in **Net Position** Governmental activities: Taxes 117.673 173.342 Property taxes and Fees-in-lieu of taxes 73.217 81.679 86.459 105.141 104.702 115.546 165.944 180.833 Investment earnings 1,847 2,945 5,676 8,030 7,880 6,717 4,656 2,382 2,014 1,770 68,756 145,733 Other 61,930 75,504 73,707 156,476 118,287 69,863 67,890 70,172 Transfers (237)(262)(313)(500)(305)(312)Extraordinary item 1,120 Total governmental activities 136,757 153,118 167,326 186,573 268,746 269,623 238,489 239,309 243,246 252,775 Business-type activities: Other 1,664 5,940 2,224 (14,474)4,091 (446)453 282 198 Investment earnings 591 1,003 2.350 3,626 3.161 1.607 731 321 306 199 237 262 500 Transfers 313 305 312 Total business-type activities 2,492 7,205 4,887 (10,543)3,473 6,198 285 652 603 504 Total primary government 139,249 160,323 172,213 176,030 272,219 275,821 238,774 239,961 243,849 253,279 Change in Net Position Governmental activities: 28,245 38,382 46,566 57,255 113,043 117,916 106,514 58,193 80,083 89,822 10,711 17,645 (11,034)8,393 11,476 17,626 24,920 24,279 19,444 Business-type activities: 16,504 Total primary government \$ 38,956 \$ 56,027 63,070 \$ 46,221 \$ 121,436 \$129,392 \$ 124,140 83,113 \$ 104,362 \$ 109,266

Source: Horry County Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ The Industrial Park and Baseball Stadium has been moved from a Business-type activity to a Governmental activity in the Special Revenue Funds.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30									
	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	2008 as restated	2009 as restated	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011*</u>	2012	2013
General fund										
Reserved	\$ 620	\$ 482	\$ 2,395	\$ 1,273	\$ 1,250	\$ 1,174	\$ 3,649	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved/designated	5,758	10,910	13,547	3,567	3,254	5,309	8,375	-	-	-
Unreserved/undesignated	19,832	18,962	19,102	22,089	24,579	24,341	24,739	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,532	169	1,975
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		1,000
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,392	29,082	28,282
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	343	343	473
Unassigned		- 	.					9,797	7,108	8,271
Total general fund	26,210	30,354	35,044	26,929	29,083	30,824	36,763	37,064	36,702	40,001
All other governmental funds										
Reserved	50,819	44,791	56,734	70,700	196,056	272,586	256,012	-	-	-
Unreserved for:										
Special revenue funds	22,970	22,985	23,092	33,671	33,327	3,721	38,972	-	-	-
Capital project funds (deficit)	-	6,347	7,944	19,080	12,415	(7,235)	2,016	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	857	20	19
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	291,148	321,734	363,678
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16,719	13,420	11,754
Unassigned								(1,199)	(1,134)	(1,132)
Total all other governmental funds	73,789	74,123	87,770	123,451	241,798	269,072	297,000	307,525	334,040	374,319
Total governmental fund balances	\$ 99,999	\$ 104,477	\$ 122,814	\$ 150,380	\$ 270,881	\$ 299,896	\$ 333,763	\$ 344,589	\$ 370,742	\$ 414,320

^{*}As of June 30, 2011, fund balance classifications changed with the implementation of GASB 54.

Source: Horry County Finance Department

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30																
	20	004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	2010	<u>)</u>	2011	2012	2013
_											a	s restated					
Revenues																	
Property Taxes	\$ 7	75,519	\$	78,844	\$	87,680	\$	93,557	\$	104,607	\$	114,821	\$ 118,	249	\$ 115,241	\$ 114,481	\$ 117,238
Licenses and permits		6,434		9,348		13,841		12,128		9,999		7,551		572	6,272	6,537	7,344
Intergovernmental	1	18,010		18,093		18,913		22,570		21,210		22,296	24,	025	19,701	34,545	22,391
Sales Tax Major Capital Projects (3)		-		-		-		-		63,537		63,549	,	070	61,477	64,802	65,732
Fees and fines	5	51,030		54,003		58,817		61,679		64,570		65,709	66,	446	34,081	33,301	36,178
Hospitality & Local Accommodations fees (4)		-		-		-		-		-		-		-	36,867	39,452	39,917
Charges for services		3,889		6,472		8,962		6,966		4,356		2,406		469	2,305	2,340	2,764
Interest on investments		1,847		2,945		5,650		8,030		7,880		7,834	,	658	2,383	2,015	1,770
Accomodation tax (1)		834		861		969		1,014		996		865		845	3,835	3,677	4,082
Cost allocation		2,115		1,142		1,697		1,426		1,685		2,100		077	3,055	3,167	2,787
Other		1,749		1,652		2,368		3,553		5,585		4,617		018	 3,864	 4,448	 4,900
Total revenues	16	61,427		173,360		198,897		210,923	_	284,425		291,748	288,	429	289,081	 308,765	 305,103
Expenditures																	
General government	2	20,102		20,866		23,570		27,254		30,143		30,810	28,	070	28,687	28,210	29,673
Public safety	5	56,573		60,478		67,878		73,533		79,117		84,810	87,	461	93,942	99,887	92,996
Public works		-		· -		· -		-		-		-		_	· -	· -	
Infrastructure and regulation (2)	2	23,631		28,367		29,028		31,078		32,898		29,208	31,	611	54,990	59,689	52,922
Economic development		208		58		774		312		383		2,292	2,	019	1,423	1,800	1,753
Health and social services		1,987		2,069		894		861		822		867	2,	232	2,382	2,436	2,532
Culture and recreation		6,497		7,825		8,033		8,387		8,699		8,821	9.	807	8,863	9,786	10,577
Capital outlay		8,780		20,563		13,544		11,175		28,822		50,118	56,	796	37,060	29,302	16,749
Conservation and natural resources		342		517		561				47		, -		-	· -	· -	, -
Horry-Georgetown Tech		1,950		2,153		2,591		2,800		3,000		3,000	3.	973	3,415	3,347	3,485
Higher Education		290		303		500		410		910		1,170	1.	140	1,325	1,200	1,150
Debt service:												,	•		,	,	,
Principal	3	30,391		18,798		20,150		19,455		21,704		28,130	27,	675	31,198	33,299	26,305
Interest and fees		4,680		16,597		15,659		15,377		14,477		16,075	17,	359	14,605	13,687	21,509
Other charges		1,356		1,371		1,457		6,419		10,925		5,008		025	44	1,906	1,194
Total expenditures	15	56,787		179,965		184,639		197,062		231,947		260,309	269,		277,934	284,549	260,845
Excess of revenues									·								
over (under) expenditures		4,640		(6,605)		14,258		13,861		52,478		31,439	10	261	11,147	24,216	44,258
ovor (ariable) experialitates		1,0-10		(0,000)		17,200		10,001		02,710		01,700	10,		11,171	 <u>_</u> ,_ 10	 77,200

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2004	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	2008	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	2013	
						as restated					
Transfers in	41,013	47,638	57,682	55,044	50,686	48,717	45,103	16,176	11,733	9,693	
Transfers out	(41,470)	(48,087)	(57,995)	(55,349)	(50,997)	(49,221)	(45,103)	(19,967)	(12,759)	(10,981)	
Refunding bonds issued	=	=	35,326	-	=	-	=	-	=	=	
Issuance of debt	14,000	-	-	11,000	62,000	8,155	26,040	-	8,740	-	
Premium on bonds issued	47	-	(439)	-	1,496	-	1,151	-	285	-	
Payments to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	(34,883)	-	-	(10,671)	(13,260)	-	(8,881)	-	
Capital leases	1,032	11,606	7,488	-	4,442	-	-	-	-	-	
Sale of assets	89	176	101	44	330	400	94	259	216	148	
Other		(250)	(3,111)				580	2,091	2,603	460	
Total other financing											
sources (uses)	14,711	11,083	4,169	10,739	67,957	(2,620)	14,605	(1,441)	1,937	(680)	
Extraordinary item								1,120			
Net change in fund balances (3)	\$ 19,351	\$ 4,478	\$ 18,427	\$ 24,600	\$ 120,435	\$ 28,819	\$ 33,866	\$ 10,826	\$ 26,153	\$ 43,578	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	23.7%	22.2%	20.9%	18.7%	17.6%	21.0%	21.2%	16.9%	20.0%	19.9%	

⁽¹⁾ Accommodation taxes are considered Special Assessments.

Source: Horry County Finance Department

⁽²⁾ Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2004, expenses for Infrastructure and Regulation were classified as Public Works.

⁽³⁾ Major Capital Projects Sales Tax added 2008.

⁽⁴⁾ Prior to fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, Hospitality and Local Accommodations fees were classified as Intergovernmental.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (IN THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS)

ASSESSED

	FOR THE FISCAL YEAR		PERTY (1) (2	2) (3)		 RSONAL PF	ROPE	RTY (2) (4)	 AL TAXABLE	TOTAL DIRECT	ESTIMATED ACTUAL	VALUE (2) AS A PERCENTAGE OF ESTIMATED ACTUAL
TAX YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30	 SIDENTIAL ROPERTY	 MMERCIAL ROPERTY		FARM	MOTOR EHICLES		OTHER	SSESSED LUE (2) (7)	TAX RATE (6) (7)	TAXABLE VALUE (5) (7)	TAXABLE VALUE (5)
			 	-					 . , , , ,			
2003	2004	\$ 238,038	\$ 663,391	\$	4,953	\$ 146,019	\$	115,338	\$ 1,167,739	50.9	\$ 19,882,193	5.87%
2004	2005	249,986	681,439		4,919	144,584		116,445	1,197,373	50.9	20,592,643	5.81%
2005	2006	309,446	888,857		5,068	146,222		132,501	1,482,094	46.3	25,877,845	5.73%
2006	2007	326,176	980,924		5,031	148,820		145,614	1,606,565	46.3	28,190,764	5.70%
2007	2008	354,361	1,107,275		5,167	142,105		160,068	1,768,976	47.3	31,163,189	5.68%
2008	2009	394,601	1,264,297		5,088	133,789		172,811	1,970,586	47.3	34,797,636	5.66%
2009	2010	419,503	1,278,502		5,162	128,942		174,070	2,006,179	47.3	35,591,828	5.64%
2010	2011	465,852	1,282,410		5,524	109,872		165,332	2,028,990	44.9	36,448,278	5.57%
2011	2012	478,287	1,283,108		5,552	120,615		157,156	2,044,718	45.2	36,851,012	5.55%
2012	2013	489 498	1 269 741		5 597	134 214		154 820	2 053 870	45.2	37 099 739	5 54%

Notes:

- (1) Property in the County is reassessed every five years.
- (2) Tax-exempt property has already been deducted.
- (3) The County assesses real property at either 4% or 6% of estimated market value at the time of reassessment.
- (4) The County assessed personal property at 6.0%, 6.75% or 10.5% of estimated taxable market value for FY2007.
- (5) Estimated actual taxable value = appraised value.
- (6) Direct tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.
- (7) Property that is exempt from the County portion of taxes have been subtracted from Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Taxable Value.
- (8) General Note: Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.

Source/s:

Horry County Finance Department

Horry County Assessor

Horry County Auditor

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

П	\sim	Year	111

					Tax TC	ai (1)				
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
County Direct Rates (2)										
General Fund	40.2	40.2	36.7	36.7	36.7	36.7	36.7	34.8	35.6	35.6
Debt Retirement	6.2	6.2	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.0	5.0	5.0
Senior Citizens Fund	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4
Horry Georgetown Tech	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8
Higher Education	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7
Recreation	1.5	1.5	1.3	1.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	1.7	1.7
Total Direct Rate	50.9	50.9	46.3	46.3	47.3	47.3	47.3	44.9	45.2	45.2
Unincorp. County Rates (2)										
Rural Fire	18.3	18.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	15.2	15.2	15.2
Waste Management	5.1	7.1	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.4	6.0	6.0	6.0
School District Rates (2)	130.4	130.4	129.7	135.3	143.3	143.3	139.3	132.2	130.2	130.2
Other Fire Districts Rates (2)										
Aynor Fire Contract	18.3	18.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	15.2	15.2	15.2
Atlantic Beach Fire Contract	18.3	18.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	16.3	15.2	15.2	15.2
Murrells Inlet /Garden City Contract	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
City Rates (2)										
Town of Atlantic Beach	90.0	90.0	90.0	90.0	94.5	94.5	94.5	94.5	84.5	84.5
Town of Aynor	90.0	90.0	70.8	70.8	72.2	72.2	72.2	60.8	60.8	60.8
Town of Briarcliff Acres	57.0	56.0	47.0	50.0	52.8	55.6	55.6	50.8	50.8	50.8
City of Conway	93.9	96.7	86.6	86.6	86.6	86.6	86.6	79.3	79.3	79.3
City of Loris	115.0	115.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	105.0	103.7	103.7	111.7
City of Myrtle Beach	63.2	63.2	61.4	61.4	61.4	64.4	62.9	66.1	66.1	66.1
City of N. Myrtle Beach	35.7	35.7	30.5	30.5	30.5	32.2	32.2	32.0	38.0	38.0
City of Surfide Beach	55.0	55.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	44.0	40.0	40.0	40.0

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Tax Year (1)

	Tax Tour (1)									
	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2006</u>	2007	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>
Special District Rates (2)										
Conway	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Crabtree	27.7	29.7	26.3	26.3	26.3	26.3	26.3	24.4	24.4	24.4
Loris	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Todd Swamp	27.7	29.7	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	26.2	24.3	24.3	24.3
Buck Creek	27.7	29.7	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	24.4	24.4	24.4
Simpson Creek	27.7	29.7	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.1	26.1	24.1	24.1	24.1
Green Sea	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Aynor	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Little River	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Socastee	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Mt Gilead	39.1	41.1	33.8	33.8	33.8	23.8	23.8	23.0	23.0	23.0
Socastee Rec	25.4	27.4	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.7	24.7	23.0	23.0	23.0
Murrells Inlet/G.C.	15.1	17.1	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.4	16.0	16.0	16.0
Floyds	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Cartwheel	27.7	29.7	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6	26.6	24.6	24.6	24.6
Gapway	27.7	29.7	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	26.5	24.3	24.3	24.3
Myrtle Beach	23.4	25.4	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	22.7	21.2	21.2	21.2
Arcadian Shores	58.4	60.4	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.7	57.7	53.5	53.5	53.5
Hidden Woods (Began in TY 2012)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84.6
River Grande (Began in TY 2012)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	21.2

Notes:

- (1) Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.
- (2) Rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.
- (3) A property reappraisal was performed in Tax Year 2005. This reappraisal was delayed by one (1) tax year.
- (4) A property reappraisal was performed in Tax Year 2010. This reappraisal was delayed by one (1) tax year.
- (5) A reappraisal is performed every five years. The County's next scheduled reappraisal date is Tax Year 2014 due to the prior one (1) year delay of reappraisal in Tax Year 2010.

Source/s: Horry County Assessor and Horry County Finance Department

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year 2013 (Tax Year 2012)			Fiscal Year 2004 (Tax Year 2003)			
			PERCENTAGE			PERCENTAGE		
	TAXABLE		OF TOTAL	TAXABLE		OF TOTAL		
	ASSESSED		ASSESSED	ASSESSED		ASSESSED		
TAXPAYER	VALUE	RANK	VALUE (1)	VALUE	RANK	VALUE (1)		
Durana la Obacia la Obacia la (0)/0)	0.00 504 404	4	4.400/	# 00 004 400	4	0.000/		
Burroughs & Chapin Inc. & Subsidiaries (2)(3)	\$ 22,531,164	1	1.10%	\$26,634,128	1	2.29%		
Horry Electric Co-operative	19,312,847	2	0.94%	10,285,790	2	0.89%		
Wal-Mart Real Estate Business Trust/Wal-Mart Stores East LP	6,788,178	3	0.33%	2,792,262	7	0.24%		
Lawyers Title Insurance Corp.	5,713,926	4	0.28%	2,784,450	8	0.24%		
Bluegreen Vacations Unlimited Inc.	5,165,830	5	0.25%					
100 North Beach Blvd LLC	4,766,875	6	0.23%					
Marriott Ownership Resorts Inc.	4,606,110	7	0.22%					
Frontier Communications of the Carolinas	4,366,530	8	0.21%					
HRP Myrtle Beach Operations LLC (4)	3,929,950	9	0.19%					
Time Warner Ent Advance/Newhouse	3,352,860	10	0.16%	2,636,900	10	0.23%		
Horry Telephone Coop./HTC Communications Inc.				7,394,143	3	0.64%		
Verizon South, Inc.				7,751,890	4	0.67%		
Broadway At The Beach (3)				4,212,904	5	0.36%		
AVX Corporation				4,545,182	6	0.39%		
Ocean Lakes Family Campground				2,526,317	9	0.22%		
Cocur Lakes Farmy Campyround				2,020,011	3	0.2270		
Totals	\$ 80,534,270		3.92%	\$71,563,966		6.13%		

Notes:

- (1) Property that is exempt from the County portion of taxes have been subtracted from Total Assessed Value.
- (2) 2013 data for Burroughs & Chapin Inc. & Subsidiaries includes Myrtle Beach Farms and Broadway At The Beach.
- (3) 2004 data for Burroughs & Chapin Inc. & Subsidiaries includes Myrtle Beach Farms but does not include Broadway at the Beach.
- (4) HRP Myrtle Beach Operatins LLC The Hard Rock Park property is currently under bankruptcy protection.

Source: Horry County Treasurer

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

COLLECTED WITHIN THE

	FOR THE	OR THE TOTAL TAX		FISCAL YEAR OF THE LEVY			COLLECTIONS IN		TAL COLLEC	TIONS TO DATE	
	FISCAL YEAR	LEVY FOR			PERCENTAGE	SUBSEQUENT				PERCENTAGE	
TAX YEAR	ENDED JUNE 30	FISCAL YEAR (2)	A	MOUNT	OF LEVY	YEAR	YEARS (2)		MOUNT	OF LEVY	
2002	2004	Ф 7E 07E	ď	71 564	OF 070/	œ	1 600	ď	72 107	07.220/	
2003	2004	\$ 75,275	\$	71,564	95.07%	\$	1,623	\$	73,187	97.23%	
2004	2005	78,218		74,822	95.66%		1,488		76,310	97.56%	
2005	2006	88,247		84,444	95.69%		1,462		85,906	97.35%	
2006	2007	94,430		90,362	95.69%		1,768		92,130	97.56%	
2007	2008	105,439		100,398	95.22%		2,155		102,553	97.26%	
2008	2009	116,989		109,276	93.41%		4,561		113,837	97.31%	
2009	2010	118,465		110,643	93.40%		4,670		115,313	97.34%	
2010	2011	114,725		108,446	94.53%		2,817		111,263	96.98%	
2011	2012	116,051		108,611	93.59%		3,365		111,976	96.49%	
2012	2013	116,926		110,447	94.46%		-		110,447	94.46%	

Notes:

Sources:

Horry County property tax database

⁽¹⁾ Taxes for each tax year are due and payable the following fiscal year.

⁽²⁾ Amounts for property tax collections of vehicle taxes, interest and penalty have been reclassified in prior years

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA AMOUNT)

FOR THE FISCAL				GOVER	NME	NTAL ACTIV	/ITIES	3			BU:	SINESS-T	YPE	ACTIV	TIES	-	RIMARY /ERNMENT			
YEAR	G	ENERAL	SF	PECIAL		RIDE			BAS	SEBALL							TOTAL	PERCENTAGE	Е	EBT
ENDED	OB	LIGATION	ASSE	ESSMENT		IGA	C	APITAL	STAD	IUM COPS	RE	EVENUE		CAPI	TAL	OUT	STANDING	OF PERSONAL	I	PER
JUNE 30		BONDS	B	ONDS		LOANS	L	EASES	B	ONDS	B	BONDS		LEAS	SES		DEBT	INCOME (1) (2)	CAPI	TA (1) (2)
2004	\$	81,950	\$	16,340	\$	387,234	\$	2,402	\$	2,546	\$	29,355		\$	30	\$	519,857	9.13%	\$	2,389
2005		76,435		15,190		376,159		10,872		2,423		27,765			9		508,853	8.37%		2,242
2006		72,920		13,985		364,791		14,722		2,295		26,080			426		495,219	7.47%		2,076
2007		80,120		12,725		350,132		12,027		2,162		24,300			383		481,849	6.39%		1,909
2008		137,920		11,405		334,103		13,115		2,024		11,140			345		510,052	6.53%		1,957
2009		129,840		10,035		315,760		9,828		1,880		10,620			306		478,269	6.41%		1,800
2010		134,670		7,105		297,308		6,726		1,570		10,075			266		457,720	5.93%		1,691
2011		125,967		5,410		276,765		4,908		1,405		60,590	(3)		224		475,269	5.90%		1,720
2012		117,794		3,665		254,386		5,264		1,233		60,590			180		443,112	not available		1,570
2013		108,095		1,860		234,017		3,869		1,051		60,590			685		410,167	not available	not a	available

Notes:

Source: Horry County Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ See the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

⁽²⁾ Percentage of Personal Income and Per Capita data have been updated based on new data for 2007, 2008 and 2009 from the U.S. Census Bureau and the Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ Series 1997 and Series 2000 Bonds were fully redeemed in FY2011 and Series 2010 Bonds were issued.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER CAPITA AMOUNT)

FOR THE FISCAL				LESS: IOUNTS			PERCENTAGE OF ESTIMATED		NET NDED
YEAR		ENERAL	AVA	AILABLE			ACTUAL TAXABLE	D	EBT
ENDED		LIGATION		I DEBT			VALUE OF		PER
JUNE 30	BC	NDS (4)	SERV	ICE FUND		ΓΟΤΑL	PROPERTY (2)	CAP	PITA (3)
2004	\$	81.950	\$	4,249	\$	77.701	0.39%	\$	370
2005	*	76,435	Ψ	4,417	*	72,018	0.35%	•	330
2006		72,920		6,107		66,813	0.26%		294
2007		63,915		9,306		54,609	0.19%		229
2008		122,890		15,441		107,449	0.34%		426
2009		116,050		14,129		101,921	0.29%		391
2010		122,175		13,226		108,949	0.31%		410
2011		114,797		12,310		102,487	0.28%		378
2012		104,999		10,647		94,352	0.26%		342
2013		95,340		8,978		86,362	0.23%		306

Notes:

- (1) The restricted for debt service principal column has not been inlcuded because there are no restricted assets for general obligation bonds.
- (2) Percentage Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property = Total Column (above) / the Estimated Actual Taxable Value (see the schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property for Est. Actual Taxable Value).
- (3) Net Bonded Debt per capita = Total column (above) / the prior year's (rounded) County Population (revised 2007-2011) (see the schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for population data).
- (4) General obligation bonds includes all general obligation bonds other than:
 - (a) Fire District G.O. Bonds of \$8,990 as they have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection)
 - (b) Higher Education G.O. Bonds of \$3,765 as they have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts)

Source: Horry County Finance Department

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2013 (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

ENTITY	<u> </u>	DEBT STANDING_	ESTIMATED PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE	Sł	TIMATED HARE OF RLAPPING DEBT
School District City of Myrtle Beach City of Conway City of North Myrtle Beach City of Loris Town of Surfside	\$	357,575 49,197 2,362 23,686 1,447 585	100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00% 100.00%	\$	357,575 49,197 2,362 23,686 1,447 585
Subtotal, overlapping debt					434,852
Horry County direct debt (1)(2)(3)		347,635	100.00%		347,635
Total direct and overlapping debt			100.00%	\$	782,487

Notes:

- (1) Horry County direct debt outstanding includes all general obligation long-term bonds including:
 - (a) Fire District G.O. Bonds of \$8,990 have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection, added beginning in FY 2013)
 - (b) Higher Education G.O. Bonds of \$3,765 have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts, added beginning in FY 2013)

(2) Horry County direct debt outstanding also includes:	Amounts
(a) All general obligation long-term bonds (excluding item # 1 above)	\$ 95,845
(b) 2009 Hospitality Bonds (added beginning in FY 2013)	1,860
(c) Certificates of Participation (added beginning in FY 2013)	1,051
(d) Ride IGA #1 & #2 (added beginning in FY 2013)	230,067
(e) Capitalized Leases (added beginning in FY 2012)	3,869
(f) Debt Outstanding includes the unamortized premiums (beginning in FY 2012)	2,188

Source: Finance Department of each entity.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)

	2004	<u>2005</u>	2006	For th 2007	ne Fiscal Year E 2008	nded June 30, 2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>
Debt limit	\$ 94,790	\$ 97,281	\$ 119,413	\$ 129,371 (2) \$	142,364	\$ 158,493 \$	161,340	\$ 163,165	\$ 164,423	\$ 165,155
Total net debt applicable to limit	63,315	58,178	55,565	63,915 (2)	122,890 (2)	116,050 (2)	122,175	114,797	104,999	95,845
Legal debt margin	\$ 31,475	\$ 39,103	\$ 63,848	\$ 65,456 (2)	19,474 (2)	\$ 42,443 (2) \$	39,165	\$ 48,368	\$ 59,424	\$ 69,310
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	66.80%	59.80%	46.53%	49.40%	86.32%	73.22%	75.73%	70.36%	63.86%	58.03%
					ı	Legal Debt Margi	n Calculatio	on for Fiscal Ye	ear 2013	
					L F	Assessed value (1) ess: Exempt indu Plus: Assessed val otal assessed val	istrial persor lue - Mercha		perty (1)	\$ 2,056,677 (2,807) 10,572 \$ 2,064,442
					С	Debt limit(8% of tol Debt application to General obligat Legal debt margin	limit:	,		\$ 165,155 95,845 \$ 69,310

Notes:

- (1) Assessed value includes exempt industrial personal and real property
- (2) Total net debt applicable to limit and Legal Debt Margin are restated for fiscal years 2007, 2008 and 2009 and the Debt Limit is restated for fiscal year 2007.
- (3) General obligation bonds includes all general obligation bonds other than:
 - (a) Fire District G.O. Bonds as they have their own designated millage (fire millage is assessed only to unincorporated areas of the County and municipalities with a contract for fire protection)
 - (b) Higher Education G.O. Bonds (beginning in FY 2012) as they have their own designated millage (Special Purpose Districts)

Source: Horry County Finance Department

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

FOR THE					AIRI	PORT REVE	NUE BC	NDS					HOSPITALI	TY FE	E SPECIA	L OBLIC	SATION E	ONDS
FISCAL			(.	AMOUNTS E	XPRE	SSED IN TH	OUSAN	DS)				(AN	(AMOUNTS EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS)					
YEAR	Α	IRPORT	ı	LESS:		NET						HOSPIT	ALITY FEE					
ENDED	CH	HARGES	OPE	ERATING	AV	AILABLE		DEBT S	ERVIC	E		ASSE	SSMENT		DEBT S	ERVICE	<u> </u>	
JUNE 30	AN	D OTHER	EX	PENSES	RI	EVENUE	PRI	NCIPAL	IN	rerest	COVERAGE	COLLE	CTIONS (1)	PRI	NCIPAL	INTE	REST	COVERAGE
2004	\$	17,279	\$	8,620	\$	8,659	\$	1,590	\$	1,773	2.57	\$	5,351	\$	1,100	\$	927	2.64
2005		19,596		9,968		9,628		1,685		1,678	2.86		5,642		1,150		876	2.78
2006		22,239		11,526		10,713		1,780		1,576	3.19		6,159		1,205		823	3.04
2007 (3)		22,219		9,748		12,471		1,890		380	5.49		6,638		1,260		766	3.28
2008 (2) (3)		21,363		10,186		11,177		520		816	8.36		6,632		1,320		707	3.27
2009 (3)		18,002		9,541		8,461		545		577	7.54		6,179		1,390		641	3.04
2010 (3)		16,678		9,316		7,362		575		551	6.54		5,847		1,050		230	4.57
2011(3)		18,557		10,680		7,878		-		41	192.51		6,101		1,695		223	3.18
2012		17,937		11,163		6,774		-		228	29.64		6,401		1,745		170	3.34
2013		20,300		11,249		9,051		-		1,790	5.06		6,495		1,805		115	3.38

Notes:

Source: Horry County Department of Airports and Horry County Finance Department

⁽¹⁾ Does not include interest, fund balance usage or transfers in.

⁽²⁾ On January 9, 2008, Horry County Redeemed \$11,270,000 of Airport Revenue Bonds

⁽³⁾ Calculations based on 2010 Airport Bond Ordinance (all Airport Revenue Bond numbers are restated for FY 2007 through FY 2010), Series 1997 and 2000 Bonds were redeemed in FY 2011.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

YEAR	COUNTY POPULATION (5B)	PERSO INCOM (AMOUNTS E IN THOU	ME (2A) EXPRESSED	C. PEF	PER APITA RSONAL COME	. <u>-</u>	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT (1A) (4B) (7B)	LABOR FORCE (6B)		EMPLOYMENT (2B) (6B)		COUNTY % UNEMP. (6B)		STATE % UNEMP. (5A) (6B)
2003	210,757	\$	5,324,986	\$	25,266	(2B)	31,018	111,541		105,203		5.7		6.7
2004	217,608		5,694,801		26,170	(3B)	32,840	115,957		109,090		5.9		6.8
2005	226,992		6,080,889		26,789	(3B)	34,480	120,996		113,984		5.8		6.8
2006	238,493		6,632,252		27,809	(3B)	36,068	127,974		120,985		5.5		6.4
2007	252,464		7,545,657		29,888	(3B)	36,068	130,490	Н	124,021	Н	5.0	Н	5.6
2008	260,609		7,816,768		29,994	(3B)	37,735	130,946	Н	121,733	Н	7.0	Н	6.8
2009	265,640		7,460,776		28,086	(3B)	37,421	130,177	Н	114,616	Н	12.0	Н	11.3
2010	270,644		7,721,872		28,531	(3B)	38,206	129,520	Ε	113,726	Ε	12.2	Ε	11.2
2011	276,340		8,054,854		29,148	(3B)	38,665	129,407	Ε	114,225	Ε	11.7	Ε	10.4
2012	282,285	not	available	not a	vailable	(3B)	not available	129,445	Ε	116,202	Ε	10.2	Ε	9.1

Notes (A):

- (1) Enrollment is as of Spring of that year.
- (2) Personal Income = County Population (above) x Per Capita Personal Income (above).
- (3) County Population, Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income have been revised to incorporate updated information (2007 2011) from the Bureau of Economic Analysis.
- (4) Labor Force, Employment and County Unemployment are averaged on a calendar year basis and have been revised to incorporate updated information.
- (5) State Unemployment Rates are an annual average and have been revised to incorporate updated population controls and re-estimation.

Sources (B):

- (1) S. C. Statistical Abstract
- (2) S. C. Employment Security Commission, Labor Market Research Division
- (3) Bureau of Economic Analysis
- (4) Horry County Schools website
- (5) U.S. Census Bureau
- (6) U.S. Department of Labor
 - H: Reflects controlling to new statewide totals
 - E: Reflects revised inputs, reestimation, and controlling to new statewide totals.
 - P: Preliminary
- (7) Horry County Schools

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS **CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO**

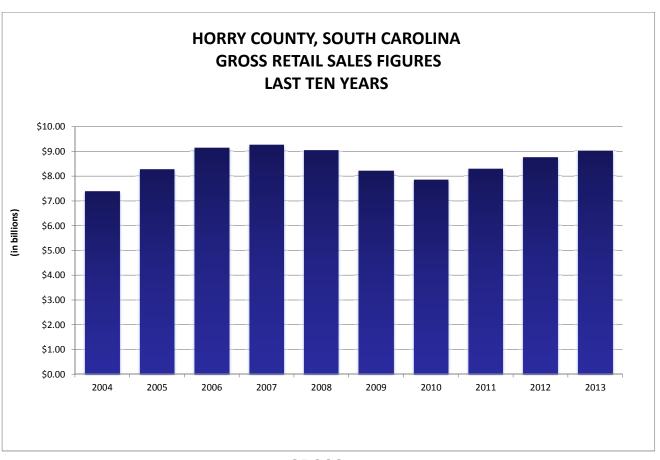
		2013 (A2)	l		2004 (B4)	
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES (B6)	RANK (B6)	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT (B3)	EMPLOYEES	RANK	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL EMPLOYMENT
Horry County School District	5,394	1	4.17%	4,000	1	3.62%
Wal-Mart	2,348	2	1.81%	1,885	2	1.71%
Horry County Government (B5)	2,069	3	1.60%	1,606	4	1.45%
Grand Strand Regional Medical Center	1,400	4	1.08%	970	9	0.88%
Coastal Carolina University	1,363	5	1.05%	909	10	0.82%
Conway Medical Center	1,250	6	0.97%	1,000	8	0.91%
Food Lion	919	7	0.71%			
McLeod Health (Loris & Seacoast)	900	8	0.70%			
Blue Cross Blue Sheild	826	9	0.64%	1,000	7	0.91%
City of Myrtle Beach	825	10	0.64%			
Burroughs & Chapin				1,824	3	1.65%
AVX Corporation				1,290	5	1.17%
Myrtle Beach National				1,000	6	0.91%
Totals	17,294		13.37%	15,484		14.03%

Notes (A):

- (1) The Total Employment is as of June of that year
- (2) Percentage of Total Employment = Total Employees (above) / prior year's Total Labor Force on an annual basis (see Demographic and Economic Statistics)

Sources (B):

- (1) Mytle Beach Regional Economic Development(2) SC Employment Security Commission
- (3) U.S Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics
- (4) 2004 Horry County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report
- (5) Horry County Human Resources Department
- (6) Myrtle Beach Chamber of Commerce January, 2013



YEAR	GROSS SALES (in Billions)	PERCENTAGE CHANGE
2003	\$6.18	1.0
2004	\$7.39	19.5
2005	\$8.28	12.0
2006	\$9.14	10.4
2007	\$9.26	1.3
2008	\$9.06	(2.2)
2009	\$8.21	(9.4)
2010	\$7.86	(4.3)
2011	\$8.29	5.5
2012	\$8.75	5.5
2013	\$9.01	3.0

Notes:

(1) Gross Sales information is reported on a Fiscal Year basis from 2008 forward due to accounting method, software and tracking changes at The Department of Revenue.

Sources:

S. C. Statistical Abstract

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION **LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

		Full-time Equivalent Employees as of June 30,												
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 (2)	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>				
Functions and Programs														
Governmental Activities:														
General government	831	865	921	940	964	354	341	340	307	309				
Public safety														
Police	299	320	337	342	347	263	261	262	226	236				
Fire (1)	273	272	279	291	288	136	151	151	150	147				
EMS (1)	-	-	-	-	-	171	185	182	179	179				
Sheriff & Detention Center	-	-	-	-	-	274	320	347	346	348				
Courts	-	-	-	-	-	196	203	201	205	211				
Other	-	-	-	-	-	98	100	110	143	155				
Health and social services	-	-	-	-	-	3	3	5	6	6				
Infrastructure and regulation														
Public Works	122	121	122	136	127	79	79	81	79	84				
Code Enforcement	-	-	-	-	-	47	44	42	41	39				
Fleet	17	17	17	17	15	16	15	14	16	17				
Other	-	-	-	-	-	79	68	62	61	59				
Culture, recreation and tourism														
Libraries	47	48	48	57	50	54	62	60	65	79				
Parks (3)	15	18	18	18	18	40	55	57	62	62				
Other	-	-	-	-	-	5	4	4	5	5				
Economic development														
CDBG	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	3	3				
Business-type Activities:														
Airports	132	131	132	133	118	112	105	104	109	130				
Total Primary Government	1,736	1,792	1,874	1,934	1,927	1,929	1,999	2,025	2,003	2,069				

Source: Horry County Human Resources Department

⁽¹⁾ Fire/EMS was combined prior to FY2009 for reporting only.
(2) Increased detail level of functional staffing; prior actual comparisons not available.
(3) FY 2013 - 40 of the 62 Full-time equivalent employees are Regular Part-time employees, total Regular Part-time employees equal 80.
(4) Regular Part-time employees are defined as working 20 hours or less or less than 6 months and are calculated at 0.5 of Full-time employee.

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Functions and Programs				For	the Fiscal Year	r Ended June 3	0,			
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013
Governmental Activities:										
General government										
Information Technology/GIS:										
# of GIS Parcels Maintained	187,924	199,653	210,710	218,282	227,572	231,344	232,551	233,563	234,576	236,046
# of Servers Maintained (7)	35	52	81	98	98	123	103	100	75	55
Register of Deeds:										
Total Documents Filed	176,586	196,108	209,675	184,043	177,261	150,260	130,657	128,533	142,085	153,410
Assessor:										
Assessments of Building Permits	9,235	11,314	13,561	16,630	15,294	12,854	10,228	9,835	8,506	7,269
Special Assessments	23,434	26,206	22,998	19,391	21,054	17,507	10,346	10,566	10,255	8,143
Real Property Parcels	184,466	189,956	203,304	207,221	226,799	237,276	241,974	244,624	248,050	246,240
Human Rosources:										
# of Applications Taken	6,456	5,637	7,500	8,735	7,392	8,322	4,777	12,209	14,701	15,170
Public safety										
Police:										
# of Calls for Service	100,389	114,269	117,079	132,328	139,302	134,514	129,909	130,532	129,109	120,796
# of Index Crimes (1) (6)	8,374	9,312	N/A	8,586	9,752	9,164	10,045	9,539	9,174	9,559
Index Crime Clearance Rate (1) (6)	22.30%	24.70%	N/A	16.85%	20.45%	19.00%	19.50%	19.75%	18.15%	23.98%
# of Call Responsive Officers Per Shift	17	17	18	18	18	20	20	16	18	23
Fire:										
# of Calls for Service	33,597	35,210	38,424	40,910	43,188	42,594	42,612	40,631	46,468	48,454
# of Structure Fires	620	617	667	654	721	674	651	581	586	436
# of Ambulance Transports	14,989	16,171	18,138	21,478	20,510	20,961	20,982	23,600	23,831	23,967
# of Career Fire Fighters Per Shift	61	73	73	81	85	93	97	93	93	96
Emergency 911:										
# of 911 Calls (8)	222,345	204,195	212,511	228,418	225,530	221,693	214,880	234,944	249,786	363,390
# of Radio Dispatches	162,576	173,537	177,758	170,482	189,244	190,962	187,323	189,471	224,520	223,386
# of Telecommunicators per shift	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	11	11
Sheriff's Office/Jail:	40.700	42.024	40.007	14.004	10 170	45.000	12 100	12 200	42.042	12 200
# of Bookings	12,782 525	13,934 550	13,867 619	14,804 650	16,172 632	15,880 632	13,400	13,380	13,013 635	13,290 629
Average daily population	525	550	619	050	032	032	641	579	635	629
Infrastructure and regulation										
Code Enforcement:										
# Building Permits	8,070	9,647	11,981	9,909	8,459	6,673	7,397	7,258	7,250	8,082
Public Works:		0.15	005	225	-05		=		205	
Miles of Dirt Road Scraped	843	843	900	880	793	779	748	701	682	667
Dirt Roads Paved	16.00	1.76	11.13	11.63	2.69	1.77	13.99	13.71	5.74	4.03
Signage Replaced/Installed (6)	N/A	802	849	968	1,364	1,421	1,500	1,887	1,324	1,186
Miles of Ditches Cleaned	2,660	2,666	2,666	2,666	2,700	1,123	268	252	240	219

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Functions and Programs				Fo	r the Fiscal Yea	r Ended June 3	30,			
•	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental Activities (Continued):								' 	· <u></u> -	
Engineering:										
Dirt Roads Paved	4.05	11.07	4.30	9.19	9.07	9.72	19.01	28.47	6.01	9.23
Fleet:										
# Vehicles Maintained	573	608	649	659	695	700	824	831	822	830
# Heavy Equipment Vehicles Maintained	223	223	306	310	259	270	229	266	272	310
# Vehicles Repaired or Work Orders	7,284	8,190	7,849	8,236	8,501	8,277	8,111	7,872	7,835	7,592
Culture, recreation and tourism										
Library:										
Circulation	824,341	903,583	943,501	969,542	1,041,436	1,141,871	1,095,571	1,182,823	939,393	973,605
Patron Traffic Count	561,870	653,643	652,584	662,494	758,719	772,354	749,652	716,092	656,379	785,768
New Patrons Registered	21,757	24,371	25,125	28,487	28,780	26,572	23,555	15,764	12,290	15,318
Parks & Recreation:										
# Programs	84	91	141	153	161	180	187	193	216	223
Baseball Stadium:										
Paid Tickets (2)	176,659	167,293	170,285	163,056	187,009	183,094	167,334	155,076	160,062	154,633
Business-type Activities:										
Airports										
Deplanements	748,225	777,936	719,744	783,241	835,496	740,602	772,733	901,080	818,477	777,998
Industrial parks - (Three Parks) (3) (4) (5) (6)										
Atlantic Business Center - Leased/Sold/Transferred (acres)	" "	" "	16.18	-	55.80	-	-	-	-	-
Atlantic Business Center - % of County owned acres	" "	" "	17.60%	0.00%	60.70%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Cool Springs Business Pk Sold/Transferred (acres)	" "	" "	-	12.98	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cool Springs Business Pk % of County owned acres	" "	" "	0.00%	14.81%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Pineridge Business Center - Sold/Transferred (acres)	" "	" "	4.63	2.00	4.00	17.80	-	-	-	-
Pineridge Business Center - % of County owned acres	" "	" "	6.71%	2.90%	5.79%	25.78%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Total Land Sold / Transferred (acres)	N/A	N/A	20.81	14.98	59.80	17.80			-	-
Total % of County owned acres in three parks	N/A	N/A	7.77%	5.59%	22.32%	6.64%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Notes:

- (1) # of Index Crimes & Clearance Rates not available due to software migration issues.
- (2) Fiscal Year is January through December. Revenue months are April through September.
- (3) Operating indicators are not available for the Industrial Parks prior to FY2006.
- (4) Operating indicators were changed and restated in FY2009 for FY2006 FY2009 to accommodate and illustrate Owners changing needs.
- (5) The beginning balance of total acreage owned by the County (used in the calculation of % of County owned acres) is as of July 1, 2005 and does not include unusable property such as roads.
- (6) Operating Indicators that are not available are indicated with N/A
- (7) The reduction of the "# of Servers maintained" is a direct result of the use of virtual technology; which is the configuration of one physical server into multiple "virtual" servers.

 This reduction in the number of physical servers has resulted in improved efficiencies in heating and cooling, electricity, and a greater utilization of the actual physical servers themselves.
- (8) The 45% increase in 911 calls, this fiscal year (2012-2013), is due primarily to the implementation of a new system that replaced an old system with less accuracy. This new system utilizes a different reporting mechanism thereby increasing the accuracy of tracking 911 calls. The County implemented this new system in March 2012.

Source: Various County Departments

HORRY COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30,								
	2005 (1)	2006	2007	2008	2009	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013
Functions and Programs									
Governmental Activities:									
General government									
Building Complexes	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public safety									
Police:	040	245	254	200	250	220	200	070	205
Patrol units	213	315	351	368	352	320	299	279	285
Sheriff/Detention Center(2):							100	07	106
Transport Vehicles							102	97	106
Fire/Rescue:	40	40	40	44	44	20	20	20	25
Stations	40	40	40	41	41	39	39	39	35
Trucks(Fire/Pumpers)	59	61	67	66	66	67	68	68	66
Ambulances	21	27	33	32	36	36	28	29	29
Health and social services	_							_	_
Health Departments (bldg)	3	3	3	4	4	3	3	3	3
Social Services (bldg)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Infrastructure and regulation									
Highways and streets:									
Roads (miles)	1,281	1,271	1,369	1,334	1,413	1,426	1,431	1,429	1,436
Heavy equipment:		•			•				
Motorgraders	23	23	25	25	25	24	21	15	17
Dump trucks	20	23	22	21	24	17	26	23	19
Other	87	92	133	139	206	173	155	109	148
Culture, recreation and tourism									
Museums	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2	2
Libraries	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	10
Bookmobile	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks:	·	•	•	•	•	•	•	·	·
Parks	20	20	20	20	35	35	35	35	35
Tennis Courts	15	15	15	15	7	7	13	13	13
Ball Fields	28	28	28	28	34	34	35	38	38
Soccer Fields	15	15	15	15	19	20	22	21	21
Recreation Centers/Headquarters	15	15	15	2	2	4	4	6	6
Conservation/Natural Resources									
Off Site Facilities:									
Boat Landings	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	27	28
Watersheds	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
Business-type Activities:									
Airports									
Locations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Runways	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Industrial parks									
Locations	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball stadium									
Baseball field (30% ownership)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes:

⁽¹⁾ Capital Asset data is not available prior to FY2005; however, ten years of data will be accumulated over time.

⁽²⁾ Added the Sheriff department vehicle count in FY11.